Electronic Supplementary Information

Tetravalent Cerium Pseudohalide Complexes Supported by the Kläui Tripodal Ligand [Co(η⁵-C₅H₅){P(O)(OEt)₂}₃]⁻

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	$2 \cdot 3 CH_2 Cl_2$	3	$6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} C_4 H_{10} O$	$9 \cdot C_6 H_{14}$
Formula	$C_{39}H_{76}CeCo_2N_2O_{18}P_6S_2Cl_6\\$	$C_{34}H_{70}CeCo_2N_6O_{18}P_6\\$	$C_{74}H_{105}B_2CeCo_2N_2O_{18.5}P_6$	$C_{72}H_{147}Ce_4Co_4N_{18}O_{39}P_{12}$
$F_{ m w}$	1580.63	1294.76	1784.02	3044.9
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	Monoclinic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic
Space group	Pnma	$P2_1/n$	$Pna2_1/n$	Pbcn
<i>a</i> (Å)	24.4099(3)	11.57(13)	53.8313(8)	23.9797(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	19.0973(18)	23.4809(3)	13.7543(14)	20.7737(2)
<i>c</i> (Å)	13.8324(15)	19.3336(2)	22.3077(2)	24.0697(3)
α, (°)	90	90	90	90
β, (°)	90	90.8133(12)	90	90
γ, (°)	90	90	90	90
$V(Å^3)$	6448.18(12)	5251.91(10)	16516.9(3)	11990.2(2)
Z	4	4	8	4
$\rho_{\text{calcd}} (\text{g cm}^{-1})$	1.628	1.638	1.435	1.687
$T(\mathbf{K})$	99.9(5)	100	99.9(5)	99.9(5)
<i>F</i> (000)	3212	2648	7384	6124.0
μ (mm ⁻¹)	14.177	13.815	8.939	2.265
No. of reflns	34924	23456	91912	67634
No. of indep reflns	5878	9243	26902	11701
R _{int}	0.1552	0.0605	0.0896	0.0533
GoF ^a	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.003
$R_1^{\rm b}$, w $R_2^{\rm c}(I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0543, 0.1181	0.0606, 0.1476	0.0576, 0.1204	0.0466, 0.1208
R_1 , w R_2 (all data)	0.0816, 0.1288	0.0826, 0.1596	0.0827, 0.1304	0.0649, 0.1309

Table S1. Crystallographic data and experimental details for complexes 2, 3, 6 and 9

 $\overline{a \text{ GoF} = [\Sigma w(|F_o| - |F_c|)^2 / (N_{obs} - N_{param})]^{1/2}, \ b \ R1 = \Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \Sigma |F_o|. \ c \ wR2 = [\Sigma w(|F_o^2| - |F_c^2|)^2 / \Sigma w|F_o^2|^2]^{1/2}.}$

Figure S1. Preliminary X-ray structure of **5** showing the repeating unit $\{Ce^{IV}(L_{OEt})_2\}$ { μ -Ag(CN)_2}(AgCl_2). The Ce atoms are linked together via the cyano groups of the $[Ag(CN)_2]^-$ unit. Hydrogen atoms of the L_{OEt}^- ligands are omitted for clarity. The ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level (R₁ = 6.33%)



Figure S2. Preliminary X-ray structure of **8**. Hydrogen atoms of the L_{OEt} ligands are omitted for clarity. The ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level ($R_1 = 6.35\%$)



	5	8
Formula	$Ag_4C_{78}Ce_2H_{152}Cl_{16}Co_4N_4O_{36}P_{12}$	$C_{70}H_{140}Ag_2Ce_2Cl_2Co_4N_4O_{42}P_{12}$
$F_{ m w}$	3608.31	2884.09
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/c$	$P2_1/c$
<i>a</i> (Å)	13.2536(3)	11.66174(11)
<i>b</i> (Å)	19.2946(3)	39.9468(3)
<i>c</i> (Å)	26.5988(7)	23.73426(18)
α, (°)	90	90
β, (°)	91.280(2)	96.7587(8)
γ, (°)	90	90
$V(Å^3)$	6800.2(3)	10979.76(16)
Z	2	4
$ ho_{ m calcd} ({ m g \ cm^{-1}})$	1.762	1.745
$T(\mathbf{K})$	293(2)	293(2)
<i>F</i> (000)	3600.0	5824.0
μ (mm ⁻¹)	2.214	16.477
No. of reflns	42452	48430
No. of indep reflns	15918	21809
$R_{\rm int}$	0.0439	0.0435
GoF ^a	1.056	1.020
$R_1^{\rm b}$, w $R_2^{\rm c}(I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0633, 0.1543	0.0635, 0.1601
R_1 , w R_2 (all data)	0.0984, 0.1741	0.0850, 0.1771

Table S2. Crystallographic data for the preliminary X-ray structures of 5 and 8



Figure S3. Full XPS spectrum of 9



Figure S4. The Ce region of the XPS spectrum of 9

The XPS spectrum was obtained on a Kratos Axis Ultra DLD instrument. The observed signal at ca. 916 eV is characteristic of Ce(IV) (cf. lit. 917 eV^a). No signal at ca. 880 eV that is characteristic of Ce(III) was observed, thus indicating all the Ce centers in **9** are Ce⁴⁺.

^aBeche et al., Surf. Interface Anal. 2008, 40, 264–267.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **2**.



Figure S6. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **2**.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **3**.



Figure S8. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **3**.



Figure S9. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K) of **4**.



Figure S10. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K) of 4.



Figure S11. ¹⁹F {¹H} NMR (376.4 MHz, $CDCl_{3}$, 25 °C) spectrum of 4.



Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **6**.



Figure S13. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of 6.



Figure S14. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of 6.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K) of 7.



Figure S16. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CDCl₃, 298K) of 7.



Figure S17. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **8**.



Figure S18. ³¹P $\{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CD₃CN, 298K) of 8.



Figure S19. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of **9**.



Figure S20. ³¹P {¹H} NMR spectrum (160 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of 9



Figure S21. IR (KBr) spectrum of 2.



Figure S22. IR (KBr) spectrum of 3.



Figure S23. IR (KBr) spectrum of 4.



Figure S24. IR (KBr) spectrum of 5.



Figure S25. IR (KBr) spectrum of 6.



Figure S26. IR (KBr) spectrum of 7.



Figure S27. IR (KBr) spectrum of 8.



Figure S28. IR (KBr) spectrum of 9.



Figure S29. UV/Vis spectrum of 1 in MeCN.



Figure S30. UV/Vis spectrum of 2 in MeCN.



Figure S31. UV/Vis spectra of 3 in MeCN and hexanes



Figure S32. UV/Vis spectrum of 4 in MeCN.



Figure S33. Cyclic voltammogram of $[Ce(L_{OEt})_2(NCS)_2]$ (2) in MeCN with 0.1 M $[^nBu_4N]PF_6$ (working electrode: glassy carbon electrode; scan rate = 100 mV s⁻¹).



Figure S34. Cyclic voltammogram of $[Ce(L_{OEt})_2(N_3)_2]$ (**3**) in MeCN with 0.1 M [*ⁿ*Bu₄N]PF₆ (working electrode: glassy carbon electrode; scan rate = 100 mVs⁻¹).