## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Facile and One-pot Synthesis of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@chitosan Nanospheres for MRI and Fluorescence Imaging Guided Chemo-photothermal Combinational Therapy of Cancer

Zhifang Gao, ‡<sup>a</sup> Xijian Liu,\*‡<sup>a</sup> Yeying Wang,<sup>a</sup> Guoying Deng,<sup>b</sup> Feng Zhou,<sup>b,c</sup> Qian Wang,<sup>b</sup> Lijuan Zhang<sup>a</sup> and Jie Lu\*<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shanghai University of Engineering Science, Shanghai 201620, P. R. China. E-mail: liuxijian@sues.edu.cn; E-mail: dr.lujie@foxmail.com
<sup>b</sup>Orthopedic Traumatology, Trauma Center, Shanghai First People's Hospital, Shanghai Jiao Tong University School of Medicine, 100 Haining Road, Shanghai 200080, P. R. China
<sup>c</sup>First School of Clinical Medicine, Nanjing Medical University, Nanjing, 211166, P. R. China

## **Supplementary Figures**

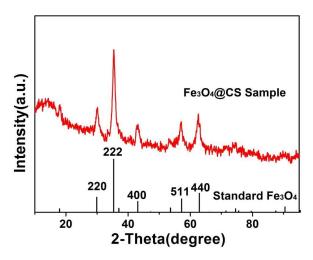


Fig.S1 XRD pattern of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@CS nanospheres.

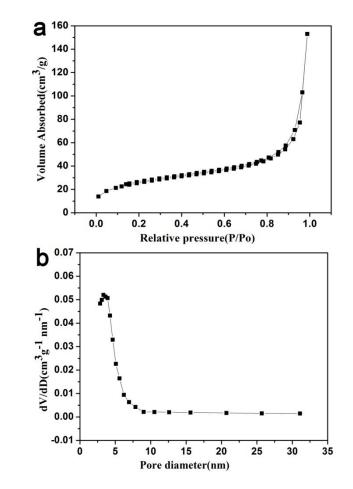


Fig.S2 (a)  $N_2$  adsorption-desorption isotherms and (b) pore size diameter distribution of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@CS nanospheres.

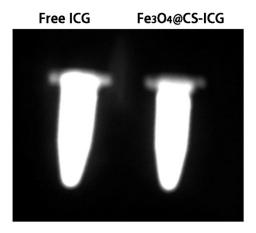


Fig.S3 NIR fluorescence images of free ICG and Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@CS-ICG nanocomposites solution.

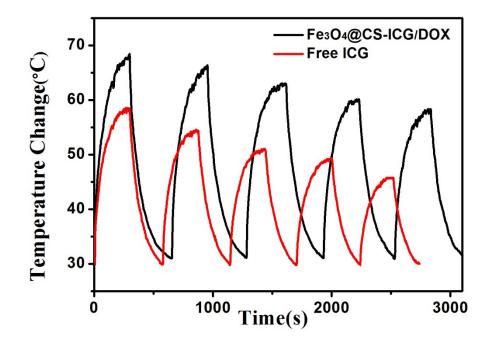
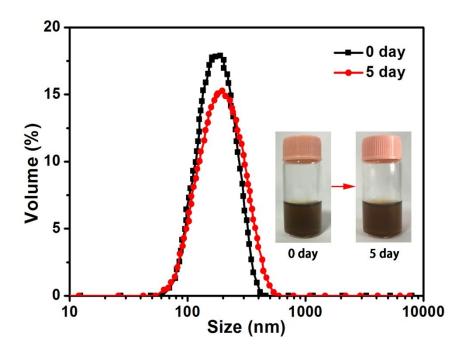


Fig.S4 The temperature changes of  $Fe_3O_4@CS-ICG/DOX$  nanocomposites and free ICG solution over five ON/OFF cycles of 808 nm laser irradiation.



**Fig.S5** Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@CS-ICG/DOX nanocomposites size distribution after placed for 0 and 5 days. (Inset: Photographs of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@CS-ICG/DOX nanocomposites solution).

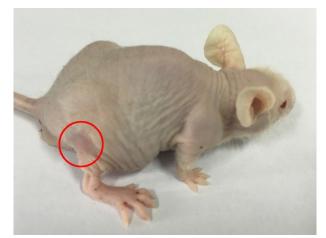


Fig.S6 Photo of  $Fe_3O_4@CS-ICG/DOX+NIR$  group mice after 30 d treatments, the tumor location was marked with red circle.