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Electronic Supplementary Information

Zr and Y co-doped perovskite as a stable, high performance cathode for solid oxide fuel cells operating below 500 °C

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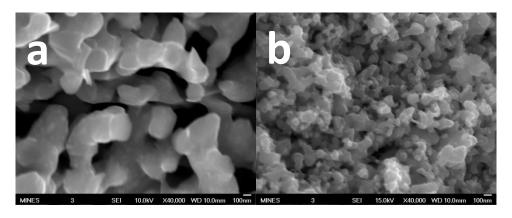


Figure S1 (a) SEM image of BSCF symmetric cell before testing (b) SEM image of BCFZY0.1 symmetric cell before testing

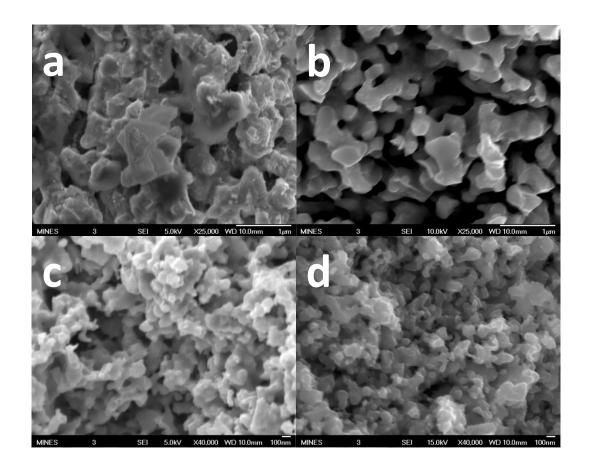


Figure S2 (a) SEM image of BSCF symmetric cell after 720 hours operation at 350 °C under air, (b) SEM image of BSCF symmetric cell before testing, (c) SEM image of BCFZY0.1 symmetric cell after 1000 hours operation t 350 °C under air, (d) SEM image of BCFZY0.1 symmetric cell before testing.

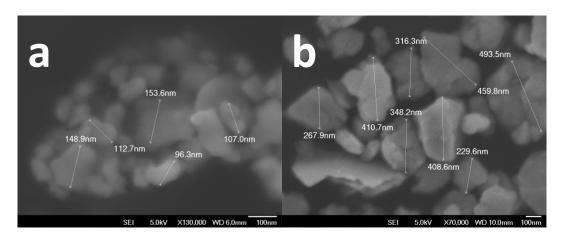


Figure S3 (a) SEM image of BCFZY0.1 powder calcined at 900 °C for 5 hours (b) SEM image of BSCF powder calcined at 900 °C for 5 hours.

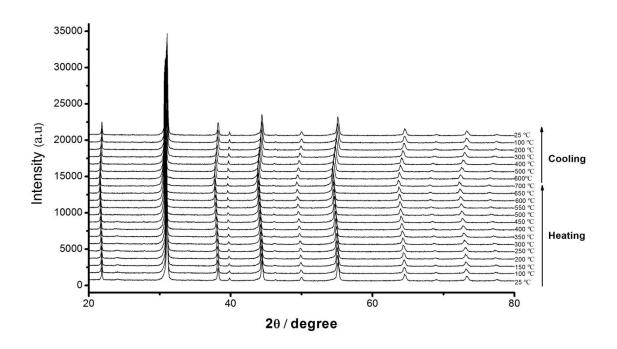


Figure S4 XRD patterns of BCFZ under study during heating and cooling.

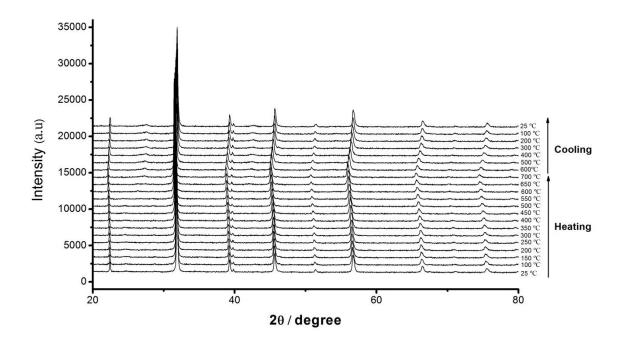
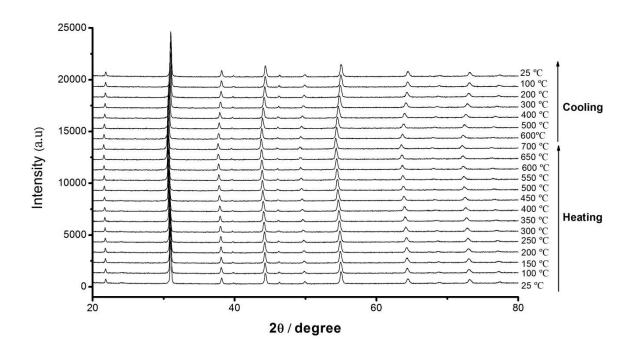
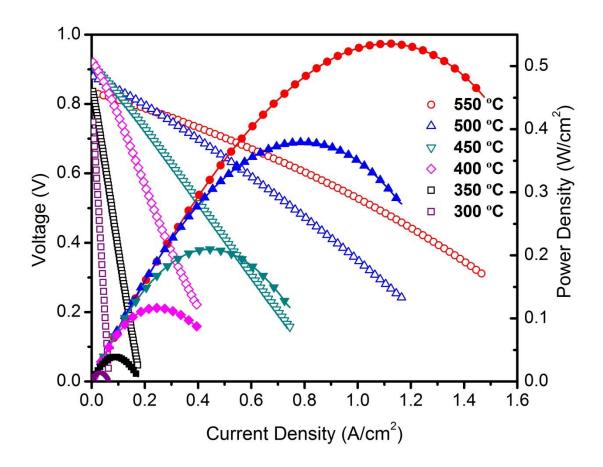


Figure S5 XRD patterns of BSCF under study during heating and cooling.



 $\textbf{Figure S6} \ \textbf{XRD} \ patterns \ of \ \textbf{BCFZY0.1} \ under \ study \ during \ heating \ and \ cooling \ .$



Figue S7 I-V and corresponding I-P curves of unoptimized cell #1 with BCFZY0.1 as cathode under H_2/Air at 550 °C to 300 °C.

The anode thickness of unoptmized cell #1 is 1.2mm while the thickness of cell #2 is 0.4 mm. The electrolyte and cathode thickness are the same.

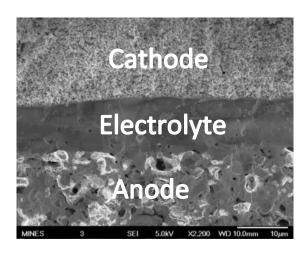


Figure \$8 Cross section SEM image of cell #2 after testing.

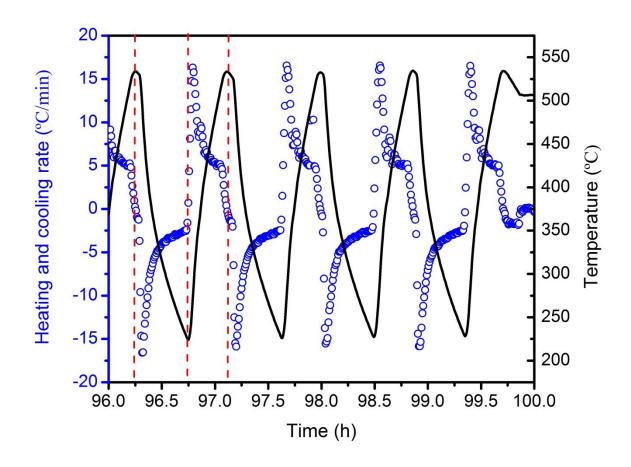


Figure S9 Amplified temperature profile and cooling/heating rate.

Table S1 Performance comparison for low temperature SOFCs

| Cell composition | Measurement condition | Temperature | Peak power density (W/cm²) | Ref. |
|---|---|-------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with BCFZY0.1 cathode | H₂(50mL/min) Air (150 mL/min) | 500 °C | 0.97 | This work |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with BCFZY0.1 cathode | H₂(50mL/min) Air (150 mL/min) | 450 °C | 0.64 | This work |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with BCFZY0.1 cathode | H₂(50mL/min) Air (150 mL/min) | 400 °C | 0.32 | This work |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with the core/shell-fibre- structured BSCF-GDC cathode | H ₂ (60mL/min) Air (250 mL/min) | 500 °C | 1.58 | 1 |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with the core/shell-fibre- structured BSCF-GDC cathode | H ₂ (60mL/min) Air (250 mL/min) | 450 °C | 0.84 | 1 |
| GDC-based SOFC with PBSCF05-GDC composite cathode | H_2 with 3 v% H_2 O (100 mL/min) Ambient air | 500 °C | 0.67 | 2 |
| SDC-based SOFC with SNC0 .95 cathode | H ₂ (80 mL/min) Ambient air | 500 °C | 1.02 | 3 |
| SDC-based SOFC with SNC0 .95 cathode | H ₂ (80 mL/min) Ambient air | 450 °C | 0.66 | 3 |
| SDC-based SOFC with SNCO .95 cathode | H ₂ (80 mL/min) Ambient air | 400 °C | 0.37 | 3 |
| GDC-based SOFC with LBSCF-40GDC composite cathode | H₂ (100 mL/min) air | 500 °C | 0.65 | 4 |
| GDC-based SOFC with B _{0.9} CFN cathode | H ₂ (80 mL/min) Ambient air | 500 °C | 0.42 | 5 |
| GDC-based SOFC with LSCF nanostructured cathode | H ₂ Oxygen | 500 °C | 0.297 | 6 |
| GDC-based SOFC with LSCF nanostructured cathode | H₂ Oxygen | 450 °C | 0.131 | 6 |
| GDC-based SOFC with PBSC hollow nano fiber cathode | H ₂ with 3 v% H ₂ O Ambient air | 500 °C | 0.62 | 7 |
| GDC-based SOFC with PBSC hollow nano fiber cathode | H ₂ with 3 v% H ₂ O Ambient air | 450 °C | 0.36 | 7 |

Table S2 Long-term durability comparison for BCFZY0.1 cell and other SOFCs

| Cell composition | Measurement | Temperature | Stability/degradation rate | Ref. |
|--|---|---------------|--|--------------|
| cen composition | condition | remperature | Stability acgradation rate | i.c.i. |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with BCFZY0.1 cathode | H₂(50mL/min) Air (150 mL/min) | 500 °C/400 °C | Current density=0.4A/cm ² Current density=0.16 A/cm ² Current density=0.3 A/cm ² Total 2500 hours operation without degradation | This work |
| GDC-based LT-SOFC with the core/shell- fibre-structured BSCF- GDC cathode | H₂(60mL/min) Air (250 mL/min) | 550 °C | Current density=1 A/cm ² Degradation rate=5.6% for 250 hours Current density=0.5 A/cm ² Degradation rate=0.6% for 50 hours | 1 |
| SOFC with nanoparticulate LSM infiltrated cathode | H ₂ with 3 v% H ₂ O air | 650 °C | Current density=0.15 A/cm ² 500 hours stable operation | 8 |
| YSZ-based SOFC with LSM-YSZ nano- composite | H ₂ with 3 v% H ₂ O (200 mL/min) Air (300 mL/min) | 800 °C | Current density=1 A/cm ² 550 hours stable operation | 9 |
| GDC-based SOFC with PBSCF05-GDC composite cathode | H₂ with 3 v% H₂O (100 mL/min) Ambient air | 550 °C | Constant Voltage 0.6V 150 hours stable operation | 2 |

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