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Electronic Supplementary Information

A Metal-Organic Gel Based on Silver Salt and 2-Amino-5-Mercapto-1, 3, 4-Thiadiazole with High Antibacterial Activities and Excellent Dye Adsorption Performance

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Contents

- 1. Figure S1. Photographs showing the mechanical strength of the gel prepared at different temperature.
- 2. Figure S2. Comparative 1H NMR spectra of (a) Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG and (b) AMTD
- 3. Scheme S1. Possible structure proposed for Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG and Ag(I)-AMTD-Mⁿ⁺-MOG
- 4. Figure S3. EDX of Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG
- 5. Figure S4. SEM image of the xerogels in different mixed solvent
- 6. Table S1. Inhibition circle diameters of Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG against three microorganisms
- 7. Table S2. Minimum inhibitory concentration of Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG in $\mu g \cdot m L^{\text{-}1}$

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Figure S1 Photographs showing the compression in the height of the gel prepared at different temperature (a) 40°C (b) 80°C after carrying coins to compare the mechanical strength of the gel.



Figure S2 Comparative ¹H NMR spectra of (a) AMTD and (b) Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG (solvent: CDCl₃)





Scheme S1 Possible structure proposed for (A) Ag(I)-AMTD and (B) Ag(I)-AMTD-Mⁿ⁺ coordination polymer



Figure S3 EDX of the Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG



Figure S4 SEM image of the Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG in different mixed solvent (v/v 1:1) (a) CH_3CH_2OH/H_2O (b) C_3H_6O/H_2O (c) CH_3CN/H_2O (d) DMF/H_2O



Figure S5 (a) Effect of time on the removal of Acid fuchsin. (Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG dosage: $0.5 \text{ g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$; initial dye concentration: $10 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$; temperature: 298 K). (b) Effect of dosage of Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG on removal of Acid fuchsin. (c) Effect of initial Acid fuchsin concentration on the removal of dye on Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG (Initial concentration: $10 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$; temperature: 298 K; Ag(I)-AMTD-XMOG dosage: $0.5 \text{ g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$).

Compound/Material	Inhibition circle diameters (mm)		
	<i>E. coli</i> (gm -ve)	B. subtilis (gm +ve)	S. aureus(gm +ve)
AgNO ₃	9	8	9
AMTD	2	2	2
AgNO ₃ -AMTD	45	45	90
AgClO ₄ -AMTD	42	43	85
AgCF ₃ SO ₃ -AMTD	40	40.5	83

Table S1 Inhibition circle diameters of Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG against various microorganisms

Minimum inhibitory concentration				
Compound/Material	<i>E. coli</i> (gm -ve)	<i>B. subtilis</i> (gm +ve)	S. aureus (gm +ve)	
AgNO ₃	100	150	135	
Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG	30	30	20	

Table S2 Minimum inhibitory concentration of Ag(I)-AMTD-MOG in $\mu g \cdot m L^{\text{-}1}$