### **Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

# **Copper(II)** hydrazone complexes with different nuclearities and geometries: synthetic methods and ligand substituent effects

Višnja Vrdoljak\*, Gordana Pavlović, Nadica Maltar-Strmečki, and Marina Cindrić

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Fig. S5 PXRD patterns for the polinuclear complex  $1py^*$  calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure, the dinuclear complex 1py obtained by the conventional solution-based method; 1py obtained upon an exposure of  $1\beta$  to pyridine vapours;  $1\beta$  obtained by the solid state thermally induced synthesis form 1py and  $1\beta$  calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure.

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Table S6 <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C chemical shifts (ppm) of compounds H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>H</sup>, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>30Me</sup>·H<sub>2</sub>O and H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>40Me</sup>·H<sub>2</sub>O.

### Powder X-ray diffraction patterns



Fig. S1 PXRD patterns of:  $1\alpha$  obtained upon reaction in methanol at room temperature (top);  $1\beta$  obtained upon thermally induced transformation in the solid state (middle); and  $1\beta$  calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure (bottom).



Fig. S2 Photos of single crystals of 2MeOH synthesized by (a) the solvothermal synthesis , (b) the conventional solution-based method at reflux temperature.



**Fig. S3** PXRD patterns of sample obtained upon standing of **2MeOH** at room temperature for 12 h (top); sample obtained upon standing of **2MeOH** at room temperature for 5 min (middle); and PXRD pattern of **2MeOH** calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure (bottom).



**Fig. S4** PXRD patterns of (a) **3** obtained by the solid state thermally induced synthesis, (b) **3** obtained by the solvothermal method in MeOH and (c) **3** obtained by the conventional solution-based method in EtOH; (e) PXRD patterns of **3MeOH** obtained by the electrochemical synthesis in MeOH. The black lines (d) and (f) indicate patterns of **3 and 3MeOH**, respectively, calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structures.



Fig. S5 PXRD patterns (form top to bottom) for: the polinuclear complex  $1py^*$  calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure; the dinuclear complex 1py obtained by the conventional solution-based method; 1py obtained upon an exposure of  $1\beta$  to pyridine vapours; the dinuclear complex  $1\beta$  obtained by the solid state thermally induced synthesis form 1py; and  $1\beta$  calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure.



**Fig. S6** PXRD patterns of: **3MeOH** obtained upon an exposure of the unsolvated complex  $[Cu_2(L^{4OMe})_2]$  to methanol vapours (top); **3MeOH** obtained by the electrochemical synthesis in MeOH (middle); and **3MeOH** calculated from the X-ray single-crystal structure (bottom).

## X-Ray Crystallography. Single crystal diffraction.

Complex	1β	1py*	2ру	3	ЗМеОН
Bond length					
Cu1–N1	1.9140 (18)	1.928 (3)	1.921 (3)	1.905(2)	1.9127 (16)
Cu1-O1	1.9226 (16)	1.943 (3)	1.927 (3)	1.918(2)	1.9469 (14)
Cu1–O2	1.9376 (16)	1.905 (3)	1.883 (3)	1.944(2)	1.9574 (13)
Cu1–N3		2.011 (3)	2.001 (3)		
Cu1–O2 <sup>i</sup>	1.9540 (15)	2.870(4)		1.968(2)	1.9724 (13)
Cu1–O5					2.501(2)
$Cu1\cdots Cu1^i$	2.9827 (11)			3.0052 (7)	3.0316 (5)
N1–C8	1.284 (3)	1.279 (5)	1.293 (5)	1.275(4)	1.281 (2)
N1-N2	1.404 (2)	1.397 (4)	1.401 (4)	1.397(3)	1.395 (2)
N2-C1	1.327 (3)	1.320 (5)	1.322 (5)	1.306(4)	1.314 (2)
01–C1	1.294 (2)	1.284 (4)	1.299 (4)	1.297(3)	1.296 (2)
O2–C10	1.362 (2)	1.316 (5)	1.305 (5)	1.352(3)	1.350 (2)
Bond angles					
N1–Cu1–O1	81.50 (7)	80.83 (11)	81.17 (13)	81.54(9)	81.37 (6)
N1–Cu1–O2	92.95 (7)	92.13 (12)	93.06 (13)	93.96(9)	93.10 (6)
O1–Cu1–O2	170.49 (6)	170.61 (13)	174.19 (12)	175.49(8)	173.81 (6)
N1–Cu1–O2 <sup>i</sup>	172.33 (7)	91.21(12)		172.66(9)	168.11 (6)
O1–Cu1–O2 <sup>i</sup>	105.94 (6)	87.08(12)		104.85(8)	105.98 (5)
O2–Cu1–O2 <sup>i</sup>	79.93 (7)	99.35(12)		79.62(8)	79.03 (6)
O2-Cu1-N3		93.70 (13)	92.38 (14)		
N1-Cu1-N3		173.86 (12)	174.39 (16)		
O1–Cu1–N3		93.16 (12)	93.41 (13)		
N1–Cu1–Cu1 <sup>i</sup>	133.06 (6)			133.97 (8)	132.19 (5)
O1–Cu1–Cu1 <sup>i</sup>	145.14 (5)			144.36 (6)	145.18 (4)
O2–Cu1–Cu1 <sup>i</sup>	40.17 (4)			40.11 (5)	39.70 (4)
O2 <sup>i</sup> -Cu1-Cu1 <sup>i</sup>	39.76 (5)			39.52 (5)	39.33 (4)

Table S1. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for complexes:  $1\beta$ ,  $1py^*$ , 2py, 3 and 3MeOH

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y, -z+2 for  $1\beta$ , x,-y, -1/2+z for  $1py^*$ , i=-x+1, -y, -z for 3, i=-x+1, -y, -z+1 for **3MeOH**.

Complex	Dihedral angle, ∠/° C1, C2, C3, C4 C5, C6, C7	Dihedral angle, ∠/° O1,C1,N2,N1 and
	and C9, C10, C11, C12, C13 and C14	N1,C8,C9,C10, O2
1β	9.29(12)	3.32(2)
1py*	7.48(21)	16.31(21)
2ру	4.79(20)	7.58(26)
3	25.77(12)	2.36(2)
3МеОН	27.59(8)	2.01(1)

Table S2.	Dihedral	angles (°)	and atoms	defining plan	es in complexe	es 1β, 1	py*, 2py.	3 and 3MeOH
		23 ( )					- / 2 - / 3	

		J(IIA)			C
<u>D-H···A</u>	а(D-H)	<b>a</b> ( <b>H</b> ···A)	d(D····A)	<(DHA)	Symmetry code
<u></u>	0.01 (1)		<b>a 1a (1a</b> )		
O3–H3O…N1	0.81 (1)	2.75(2)	3.450(4)	151(2)	x+1/2, -y+1/2, +z+1/2
O3–H3O…N2	0.81 (1)	1.95 (1)	2.758 (2)	179 (3)	x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2
С7–Н7…О3	0.93	2.82	3.472(3)	128	x-1/2, -y+1/2, +z-1/2
C8–H8⋯O3	0.93	2.93	3.469(3)	118	x-1/2,-y+1/2,+z-1/2
C11–H11…O1	0.93	2.21	3.031 (3)	147	-x+1, -y, -z+2
C4–H4⋯N1	0.93	2.91	3.619(3)	135	x+1/2,-y+1/2,+z+1/2
C4–H4…N2	0.93	2.78	3.434(3)	128	x+1/2, -y+1/2, +z+1/2
C13–H13…O3	0.93	2.57	3.316(3)	137	-x+1/2+2,+y-1/2,-z+3/2
1pv*					
<u>O3–H3O···N1</u>	0.80(4)	2 76(4)	3 450(4)	146(3)	-x+1/2 $-y-1/2+z-1/2$
03-H30N2	0.80(4)	1.93(4)	2.725(4)	172(3)	1/2 - x - 1/2 - y - 1/2 + z
C8_H8O3	0.03	2.76	3368(4)	172(5)	-x+1/2 $-x-1/2+z+1/2$
C16_H16O3	0.93	2.70	3.500(4) 3.594(5)	124	-x+1/2, $y=1/2$ , $z=1/2-x+1/2$ $-y+1/2$ $+z+1/2$
$C_{16} = H_{16} = 0.03$	0.93	2.97	3.374(3) 3.488(6)	120	x + 1/2, y + 1/2, + 2 + 1/2 -y+1/2 +y+1/2 +z
$C_{10} = 1110 + 0.05$	0.93	2.91	3.400(0)	121	x + 1/2, + y + 1/2, + z
	0.93	2.55	2.910(3) 2.570(4)	120	-
<u>C6-H6···N2</u>	0.93	2.96	3.5/9(4)	126	-x+1/2, -y-1/2, +z-1/2
<u>_2py</u>					
O3–H3O…N1	0.78(5)	2.90(5)	3.617(5)	155(4)	-x+1/2+1,+y+1/2,-z+5/2
O3−H13O…N2	0.78(5)	2.02(5)	2.800(5)	178(5)	-x+1/2+1,+y+1/2,-z+5/2
С3–Н3…О3	0.93	2.58	3.475(5)	162	-x+1/2+1,+y-1/2,-z+5/2
C4–H4···O4	0.93	2.94	3.750(5)	146	x-1/2, -y+1/2,+z+1/2
C4−H4…N2	0.93	2.75(1)	3.417(6)	130(1)	-x+1/2+1, +y+1/2, -z+5/2
C8–H8····O3	0.93	2.77	3.493(6)	136	-x+1/2+1,+y-1/2,-z+5/2
C16–H16…O1	0.93	2.33	2.908(5)	120	-
C20–H20···O2	0.93	2.33	2.882(5)	118	-
3					
03-H30···N1	0.80(3)	2.96(3)	3 618(3)	141(2)	-x+1/2+1 $-y+1/2+z+1/2$
03-H30N2	0.80(3)	1.97(3)	2.756(3)	165(4)	3/2 - x 1/2 - y 1/2 + z
$C7-H7\cdots O3$	0.00(5)	2 70	2.750(5) 3.466(4)	130	-x+1/2+1 $-x+1/2+z-1/2$
$C_{2}^{2} + H_{2}^{2} + C_{2}^{2}$	0.93	2.79	3.400(4) 3.518(4)	130	x + 1/2 + 1, $y + 1/2$ , $z = 1/2-x + 1/2 + 1$ $-x + 1/2 + z - 1/2$
$C_{11} H_{11} \dots C_{1}$	0.93	2.79	3.011(3)	148	x + 1/2 + 1, y + 1/2, + 2 - 1/2
$C_{15}$ $U_{15}$ $D_{15}$ $O_{15}$	0.95	2.160	3.011(3) 2.521(5)	140	1-x, -y, -z
<u>С13-П13Б…04</u> 2М-ОЦ	0.90	2.12	5.521(5)	142	-x, -y, -z-1
<u>3MeOH</u>	0.01(0)	0.1.4(0)	2 2 2 2 2 2	1(1(2)	. 1/2 1/2
05-H5003	0.81(2)	2.14(3)	2.907(2)	161(2)	x+1/2, -y+1/2, +z-1/2
O3−H3O…N1	0.82(2)	2.843(2)	3.532(2)	144(2)	x+1/2, -y+1/2, +z+1/2
O3–H3O…N2	0.83(2)	1.88(2)	2.685(2)	166(2)	x+1/2, -y+1/2, +z+1/2
С3–Н3…О3	0.93	2.94	3.766(3)	149	x+1/2, -y+1/2,+z-1/2
C4−H4···N2	0.93	2.93	3.540(3)	125	x+1/2, -y+1/2,+z-1/2
С7–Н7⋯О3	0.93	2.67	3.352(3)	131	x-1/2, -y+1/2, +z-1/2
C8–H8⋯O3	0.93	2.71	3.428(2)	135	x-1/2, -y+1/2,+z-1/2
C8–H8…O4	0.93	2.66	3.548(3)	159	x-1,+y,+z
C14–H14…O4	0.93	2.72	3.588(3)	156	x-1,+y,+z
C11–H11…O1	0.93	2.19	3.023(2)	149	-x+1, -y, -z+1
C15–H15B…O4	0.96	2.92	3.709(3)	141	-x+1, -y, -z
C16–H16B…O5	0.96	2.61	3.307(3)	130	-x, -y, -z
2MeOH					
034–H340…02W	0.84(1)	1.83(1)	2,660 (7)	170(1)	_
$044-H440\cdots05W$	0.84(1)	1.00(1)	2.000(7) 2.711(8)	162(1)	_
$054-H540\cdots01W$	0.84(1)	1.90(1) 1.82(1)	2.711(0) 2 641 (7)	167(1)	_
$O1W_H1WRN/1$	0.0+(1)	2.86(0)	2.071(7)	148(5)	_
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{W} = \mathbf{H} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{D}  \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{D}  \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{D}  \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{D}  \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{W} $	0.00(1)	2.00(9) 1 80(7)	2.017(7)	165(6)	
$\begin{array}{c} 01 \text{ w} - 111 \text{ w} D^{-1} \text{N42} \\ 02 \text{ w} - 12 \text{ w} A = 0.10 \text{ w} \end{array}$	0.00(1)	1.07(7)	2.132(1) 2.99(12)	105(0) 125(2)	-
$O_2 W = \Pi_2 W A \cdots O_1 U W$	0.80(1)	2.20(10)	2.00(13)	133(3) 142(6)	-
$O_3 W = H_3 W A \cdots N_0 Z$	0.80(1)	2.18(9)	2.910(7)	143(6)	-
$O4W-H4WA\cdots O10W$	0.86(1)	2.06(11)	2.8/(13)	15/(10)	-
014–H140···031	0.84(1)	1.897(4)	2.698(6)	159(1)	x, -y+1/2, +z+1/2
O24−H24O…N52	0.84(1)	1.960(5)	2.795(7)	172(1)	-x+1,+y-1/2,-z+1/2

Table S3. Hydrogen bonds and interactions for complexes: 1β, 1py\*, 2py, 3, 3MeOH, 2EtOH

O24–H24O…N51	0.84(1)	2.903(5)	3.664(7)	152(1)	-x+1,+y-1/2,-z+1/2
O64–H64O…O51	0.84(1)	1.822(4)	2.655(6)	172(1)	x,-y+1/2,+z-1/2
O4W-H4WB…O1W	0.86(7)	2.03(11)	2.809(8)	151(5)	x,-y+1/2,+z-1/2
O84–H84O…N31	0.84(1)	2.806(5)	3.642(6)	174(1)	-x, +y+1/2, -z+1/2
O1W-H1WA…N81	0.86(7)	2.75(7)	3.475(6)	143(6)	-x+1,+y+1/2,-z+1/2
O1W−H1WA…N82	0.86(7)	1.93(7)	2.773(6)	169(7)	-x+1,+y+1/2,-z+1/2
O2W-H2WB…N21	0.86(7)	2.73(7)	3.494(6)	150(5)	-x+1,+y+1/2,-z+1/2
O2W-H2WB…N22	0.86(7)	1.97(8)	2.801(7)	163(7)	-x+1,+y+1/2,-z+1/2
O7M−H7M…O5W	0.84(1)	1.957(6)	2.65(11)	139(1)	$x_{y}-y-1/2_{y}+z-1/2$
Contact distances formed b	y solvent mol	ecules of crystall	ization in 2MeOH c	omplex indica	ating possible hydrogen bonds
O1W···O4W			2.808(8)		
$O2W \cdots N72$			2.740(7)		
O2W…O34			2.660(6)		
O3W…O7W			2.641(9)		
O3W…N62			2.910(8)		
O3W···O4W			2.754(9)		
O4W···O3W			2.754(9)		
O5W⋯O44			2.711(9)		
O6W···O7M			2.598(14)		
O6W…O74			2.900(8)		
O6W…N12			2.885(8)		
O7M···O6W			2.598(14)		
O7M···O5W			2.653(11)		
O7W···O3W			2.641(9)		
O7W…O74			2.677(9)		
O9W···O8W			3.031(15)		
O10W···O2W			2.873(12)		
O34…O2W			2.660(6)		
O54…O10W			3.015(12)		
O74···O7W			2.677(9)		
074…06W			2.900(8)		
2EtOH					
014–H14O…014	0.83 (8)	1.93 (9)	2.663 (7)	148 (8)	1-x,y,3/2-z
O34–H34O…N12	0.84(1)	1.930(4)	2.769 (5)	176(1)	-x+1/2,+y-1/2,-z+3/2
O24–H24O…O31	0.84 (10)	1.95 (10)	2.757 (7)	161 (8)	x-1/2, -y+3/2, +z-1/2
Contact distances formed b	y solvent mol	ecules of crystall	ization in 2EtOH co	mplex indica	ting possible hydrogen bonds
O2E····O1W			2.96(3)		-
01E…014			2.570(8)		-

Table 54. Select	cu bonu lenguis [A] foi con			
	Bond length		Bond length	
Cu1-011	1.899 (5)	Cu5–O51	1.925 (4)	
Cu1–N11	1.913 (4)	Cu5–O52	1.932 (4)	
Cu1012	1.921 (4)	Cu5–O62	1.982 (4)	
Cu1-042	1.979 (4)	Cu5–O63	2.360 (4)	
Cu1–O43	2.306 (4)	Cu5–O72	2.539(4)	
Cu1-O22	2.745(4)	Cu6–O61	1.881 (4)	
Cu2-N21	1.898 (5)	Cu6–O62	1.916 (4)	
Cu2-O21	1.916 (4)	Cu6–N61	1.916 (5)	
Cu2–O22	1.947 (4)	Cu6–O72	1.994 (4)	
Cu2–O32	1.992 (4)	Cu6–O73	2.335 (4)	
Cu2-O33	2.276 (4)	Cu7–N71	1.910 (5)	
Cu2012	2.663(4)	Cu7–O71	1.927 (4)	
Cu3-N31	1.918 (5)	Cu7–O82	1.952 (4)	
Cu3-O31	1.920 (4)	Cu7–O72	1.965 (4)	
Cu3–O32	1.934 (4)	Cu7–O83	2.277 (4)	
Cu3-O12	1.983 (4)	Cu7–O52	2.701(4)	
Cu3-O13	2.329 (4)	Cu8–N81	1.912 (5)	
Cu3–O42	2.578(4)	Cu8–O81	1.936 (4)	
Cu4-N41	1.909 (4)	Cu8–O82	1.952 (4)	
Cu4-041	1.947 (4)	Cu8–O52	1.995 (4)	
Cu4–O22	1.961 (4)	Cu8–O53	2.245 (4)	
Cu4–O42	1.980 (4)	Cu8–O62	2.688(4)	
Cu4–O23	2.278 (4)			
Cu4–O32	2.683(4)			
Cu5–N51	1.915 (5)			

Table S4. Selected bond lengths [Å] for complex 2MeOH

Table S5. Selected bond lengths [Å] for complex 2EtOH

	Bond length
Cu1-011	1.911 (3)
Cu1-N11	1.921 (3)
Cu1012	1.929 (3)
Cu1-O32	1.981 (3)
Cu1-O33	2.361 (3)
Cu1–O22	2.734(3)
Cu2-N21	1.932(3)
Cu2-O21	1.916(3)
Cu2O22	1.941(3)
Cu2–O42	1.993(3)
Cu2–O43	2.343(3)
Cu2012	2.713(3)
Cu3-N31	1.918(3)
Cu3-O31	1.943(3)
Cu3–O32	1.964(3)
Cu3–O22	1.996(3)
Cu3–O23	2.350(3)
Cu3–O42	2.585(3)
Cu4-N41	1.906(3)
Cu4-041	1.926(3)
Cu4–O12	1.976(3)
Cu4–O42	1.991(3)
Cu4013	2.303(3)
Cu4–O32	2.641(3)



**Fig. S7** Fraction of crystal structure of complex (a) **1py\***, (b) **2py** and (c) **3MeOH** showing assembling of complex molecules *via* O3–H3O…N2 and O3–H3O…O5 (in **3MeOH**) intermolecular hydrogen bond (denoted as magenta dashed line) into *zig-zag* 1D infinite chain along *b* axis (a and b) and *a* axis (c).



Fig. S8 (a) Fraction of crystal structure of complex  $1\beta$  showing assembling of complex molecules *via* O3–H3O····N2 intermolecular hydrogen bond (denoted as magenta dashed line). (b) Fraction of crystal structure of complex 3 showing assembling of complex molecules *via* O3–H3O····N2 intermolecular hydrogen bond (denoted as magenta dashed line) into 3D network.

## Ligands

	$H_2L^H$		$H_2L^{30!}$	$H_2L^{3OMe.}H_2O$		$H_2L^{4OMe}$ · $H_2O$	
Atom	<i>δ</i> /ppm ( <sup>1</sup> H)	δ/ppm ( <sup>13</sup> C)	$\delta$ / ppm ( <sup>1</sup> H)	$\delta$ / ppm ( <sup>1</sup> H)	$\delta$ / ppm ( <sup>1</sup> H)	$\delta$ / ppm ( <sup>13</sup> C)	
α	8.63	147.72	8.64	8.55	8.55	148.21	
1	_	118.66	-	_	_	111.81	
2	_	157.45	-	_	_	159.41	
3	6.91	119.23	-	6.52	6.52	106.29	
4	7.30	131.08	7.12	_	_	161.88	
5	6.94	116.37	6.87	6.53	6.53	106.29	
6		131.08	7.02	7.39	7.39	131.17	
1'	11.94	-	11.92	11.81	11.81	_	
2'	_	162.48	-	_	_	162.31	
3'	_	123.21	-	_	_	123.33	
4', 8'	7.87	129.70	7.87	7.87	7.87	129.61	
5', 7'	6.91	115.11	6.92	6.92	6.92	115.09	
6'	10.18	160.91		_	_	160.81	
ОН-2	11.47	_	11.20	11.83	11.83	_	
OH-6'	7.51	-	10.19	10.16	10.16	_	
OMe			3.83	3.79	3.79	55.21	

Table S6.<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C chemical shifts (ppm) of compounds  $H_2L^H$ ,  $H_2L^{3OMe}$ .  $H_2O$  and  $H_2L^{4OMe}$ .  $H_2O$ 



Н	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> L <sup>4OMe.</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O
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Scheme S1 The structural formula of  $H_2L$  with the NMR numbering scheme

## Reaction conditions for solution based synthetic methods and yields

	solvent	<b>RT</b> <sup>a</sup>	$\mathbf{R}^{a}$	<b>ST</b> <sup>a</sup>	$\mathbf{E}^{a}$
1α					
	MeOH	✓ (82%)	*	*	✓ (23%)
	EtOH	✓ (70%)	<b>√</b> (89%)	*	<b>√</b> (17%)
	ACN	*	*	*	
1β					
	MeOH	×	*	*	×
	EtOH	×	×	*	×
	ACN	*	*	*	
1 <b>py</b>	MeOH	<b>√</b> (79%)	✓ (84%)	*	✓ (35%)
2MeOH	MeOH	✓ (35%)	✓ (65 %)	<b>√</b> (70%)	<b>√</b> (29%)
2EtOH	EtOH	✓ (41%)	<b>√</b> (47%)	<b>√</b> (52%)	<b>√</b> (18%)
2ру	MeOH	<b>√</b> (76%)	<b>√</b> (81%)	<b>√</b> (52%)	*
3					
	MeOH	×	×	<ul><li>✓ (88%)</li></ul>	×
	EtOH	×	<b>√</b> (88%)	✓ (94%)	
	ACN	✓ (76%)	<b>√</b> (88%)	✓ (88%)	
3MeOH	MeOH	<b>√</b> (79%)	✓ (84%)	×	✓ (22%)
3EtOH	EtOH	✓ (87%)	×	×	*
Зру	MeOH	✓ (81%)	<b>√</b> (90%)	<b>√</b> (90%)	<b>√</b> (36%)

Table S7. Reaction conditions and yields

<sup>*a*</sup> **RT** = Room Temperature; **R** = Reflux; **ST** = Solvothermal synthesis; **E** = Electrochemical synthesis; ✓ successful synthetic route; ◆ mixture of products; × compound was not obtainable *via* this method