

Design, structures and study of non-covalent interactions of mono-, di-, and tetranuclear complexes of a bifurcated quadridentate tripod ligand, *N*-(aminopropyl)-diethanolamine

Farasha Sama^a, Istikhar A. Ansari^a, Mukul Raizada^a, Musheer Ahmad^b, C. M. Nagaraja^c, M. Shahid^a, Abhinav

Kumar^d, Kulsum Khan^e, Zafar A. Siddiqi^{a†}

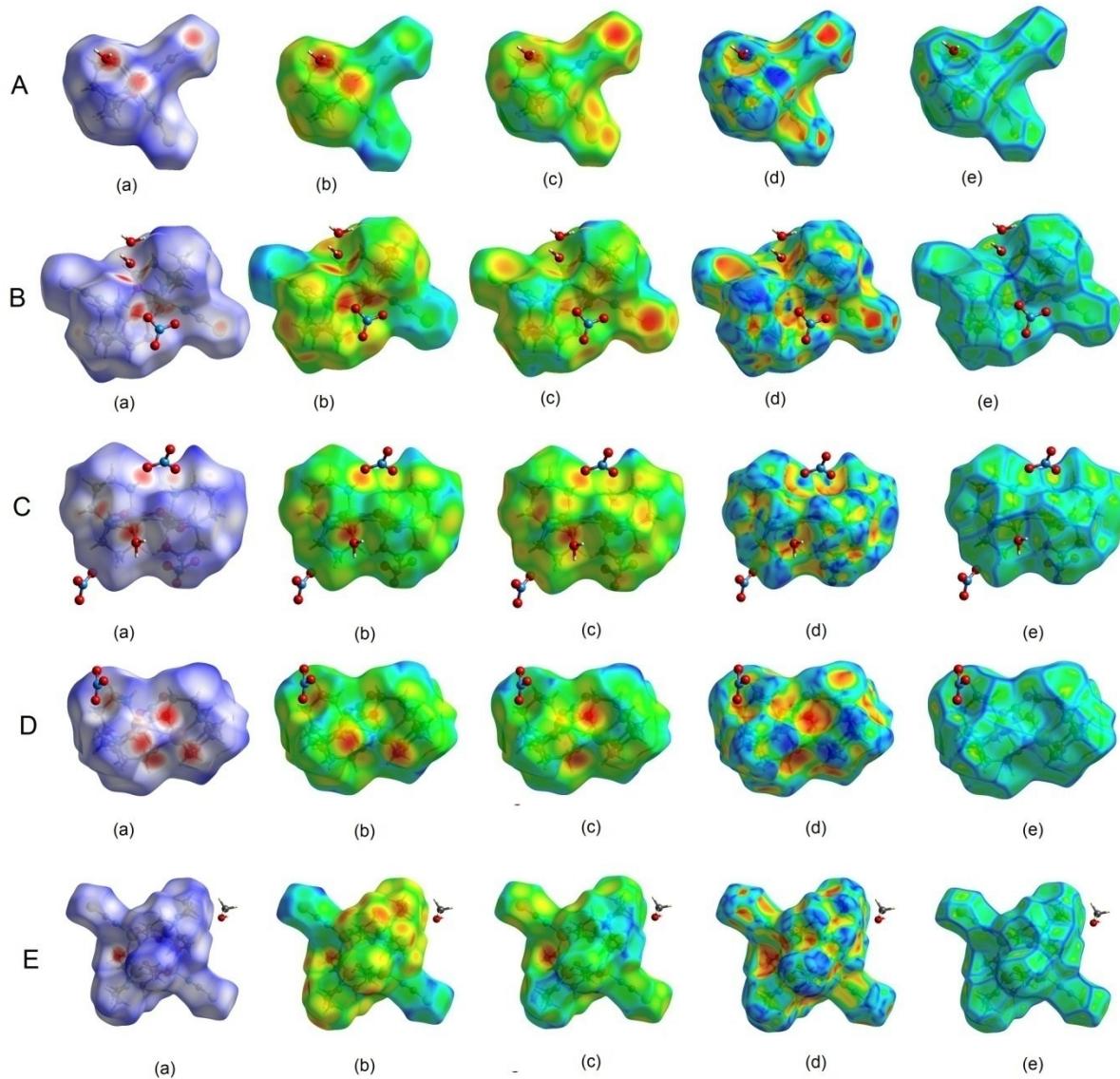


Fig. S1. Hirshfeld surfaces of **1** (A), **2** (B), **3** (C), **4** (D) and **5** (E) mapped with d_{norm} (a), d_i (b), d_e (c), shape index (d) and curvedness (e).

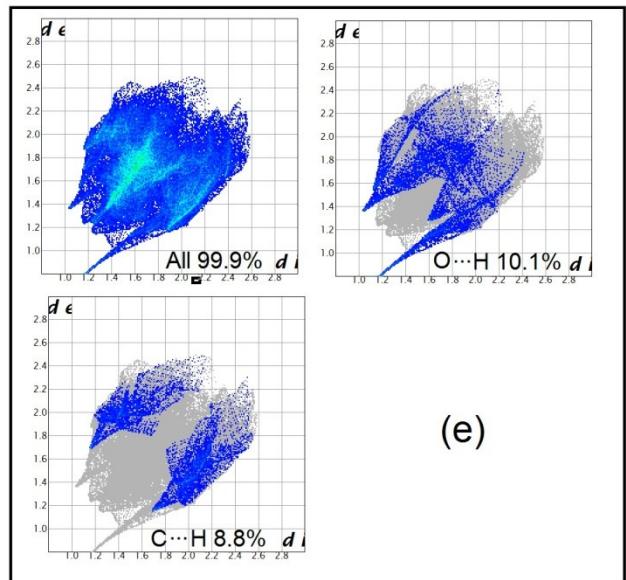
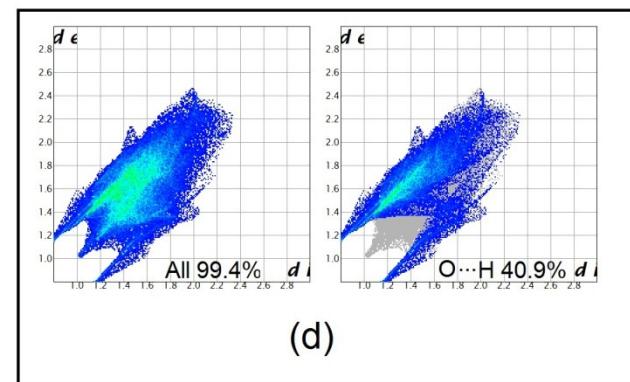
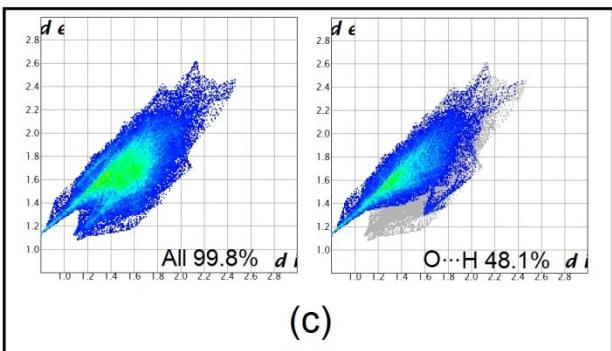
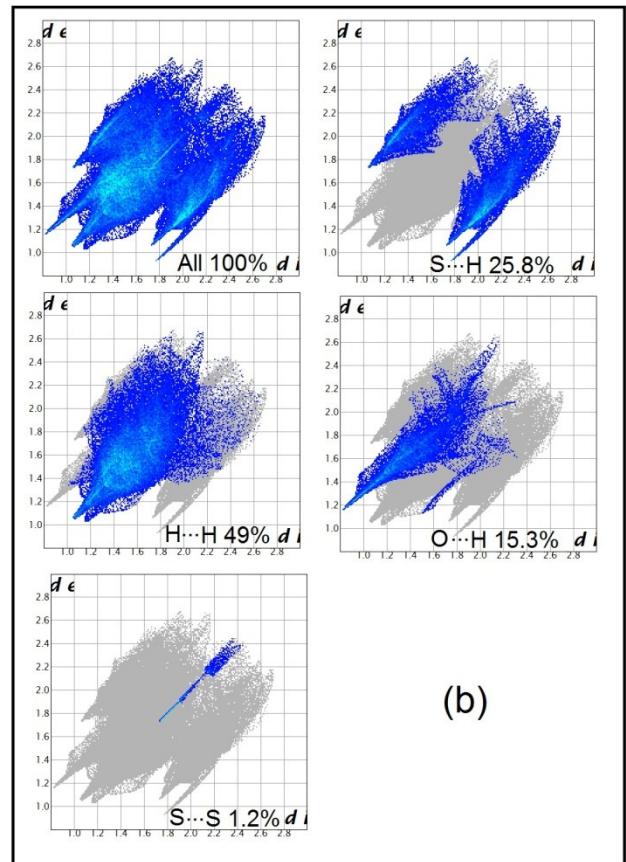
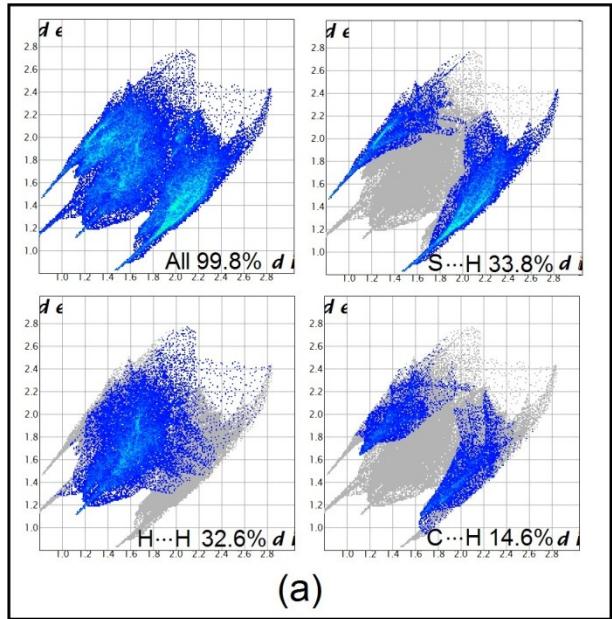


Fig.S2. The 2D-fingerprint plots of **1** (a), **2** (b), **3** (c), **4** (d) and **5** (e) showing different interactions.

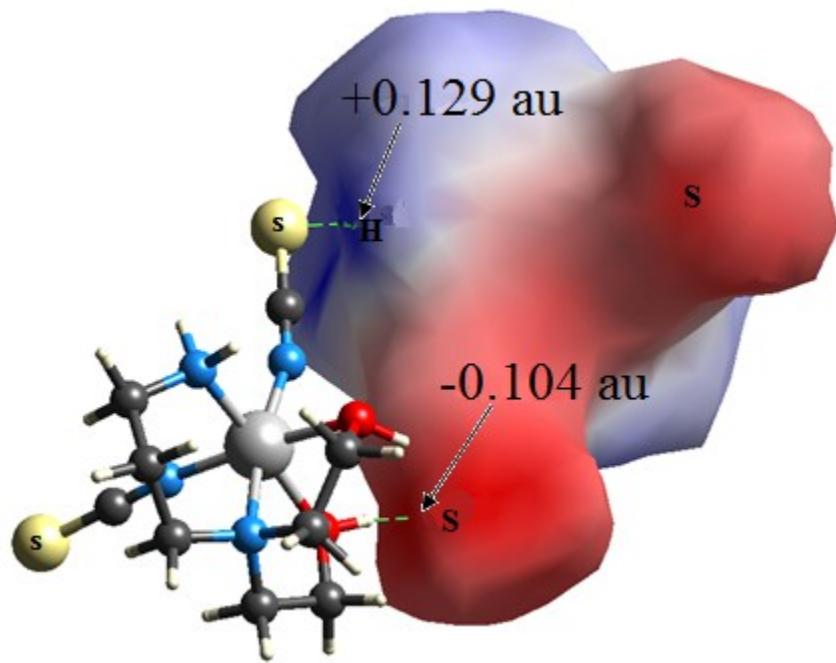


Fig. S3. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **1**, showing the σ -hole on the non-protonated H atom of H₂apdea with potential values at two different interacting sites for S···H contacts.

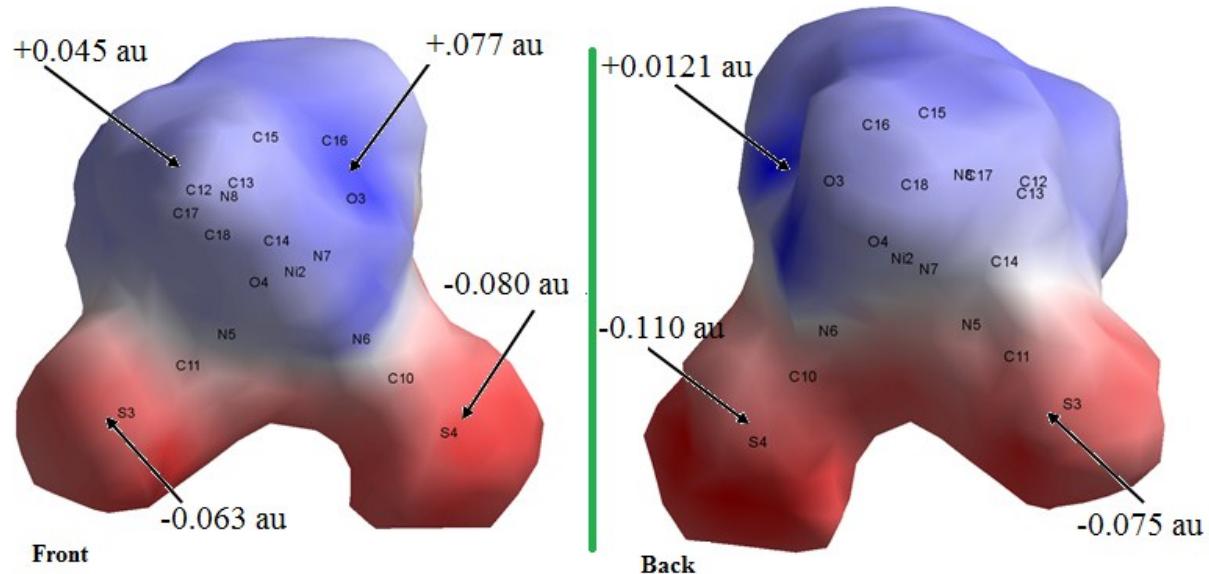


Fig. S4. Front and back views of the electrostatic potential (ESP) mapped over the Hirshfeld surface for **1** over the range -0.117 au (red) through 0.000 (white) to 0.159 au (blue).

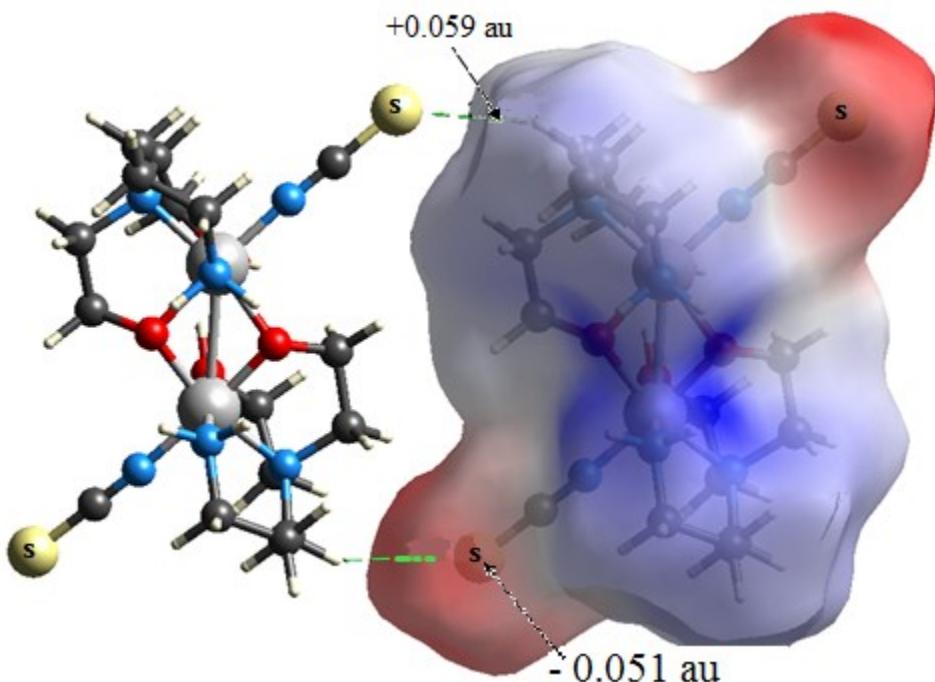


Fig. S5. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **2**, showing the σ -hole on the H atom of Hapdea⁻ with potential values at two different interacting sites for S···H contacts.

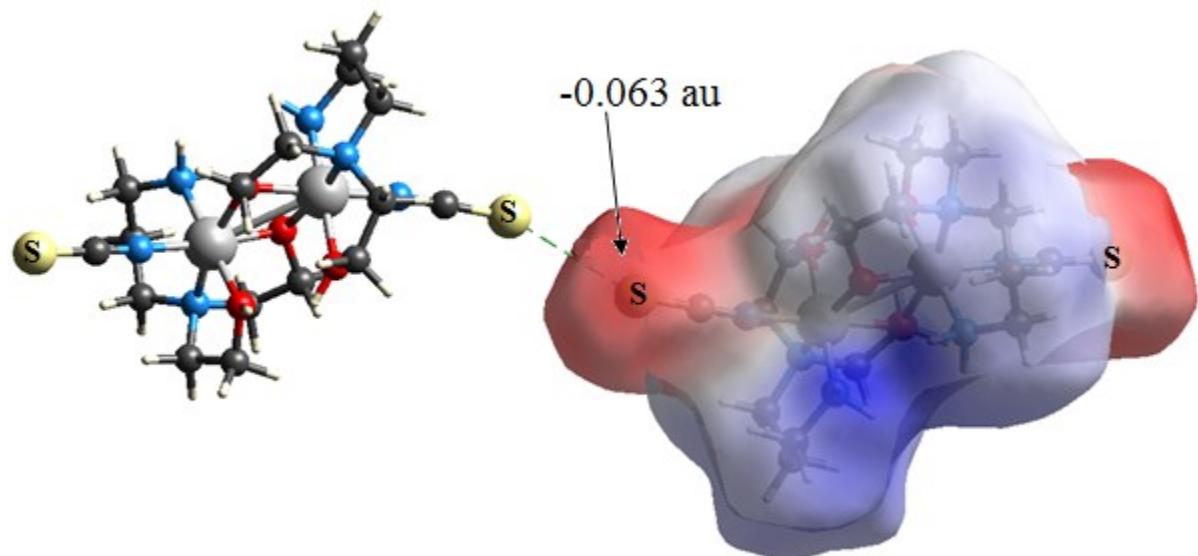


Fig. S6. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **2**, showing the σ -hole on the H atom of Hapdea⁻ with potential value at interacting site for S···S contacts.

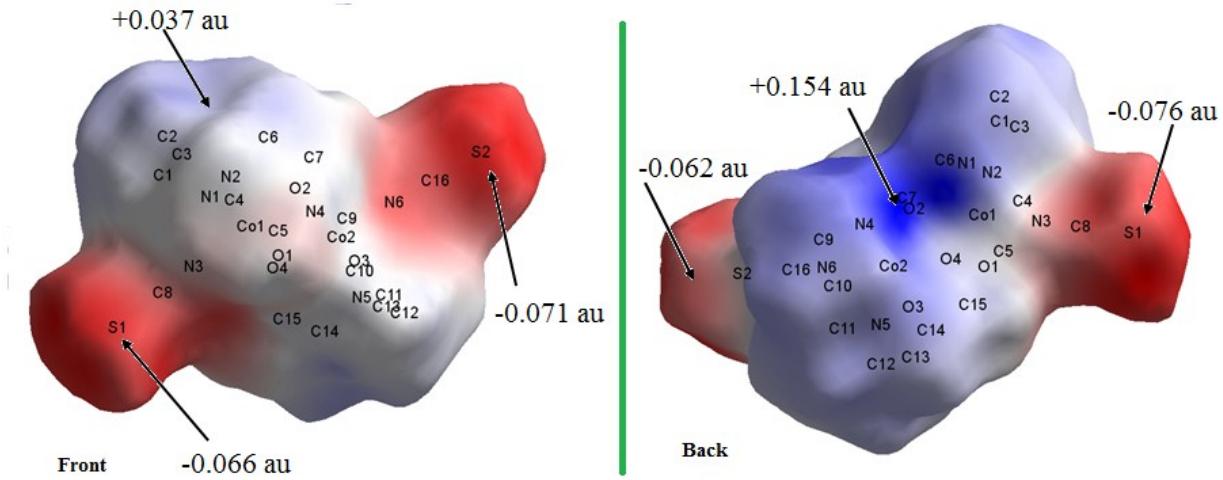


Fig. S7. Front and back views of the electrostatic potential (ESP) mapped over the Hirshfeld surface for **2** over the range -0.088 au (red) through 0.000 (white) to 0.163 au (blue).

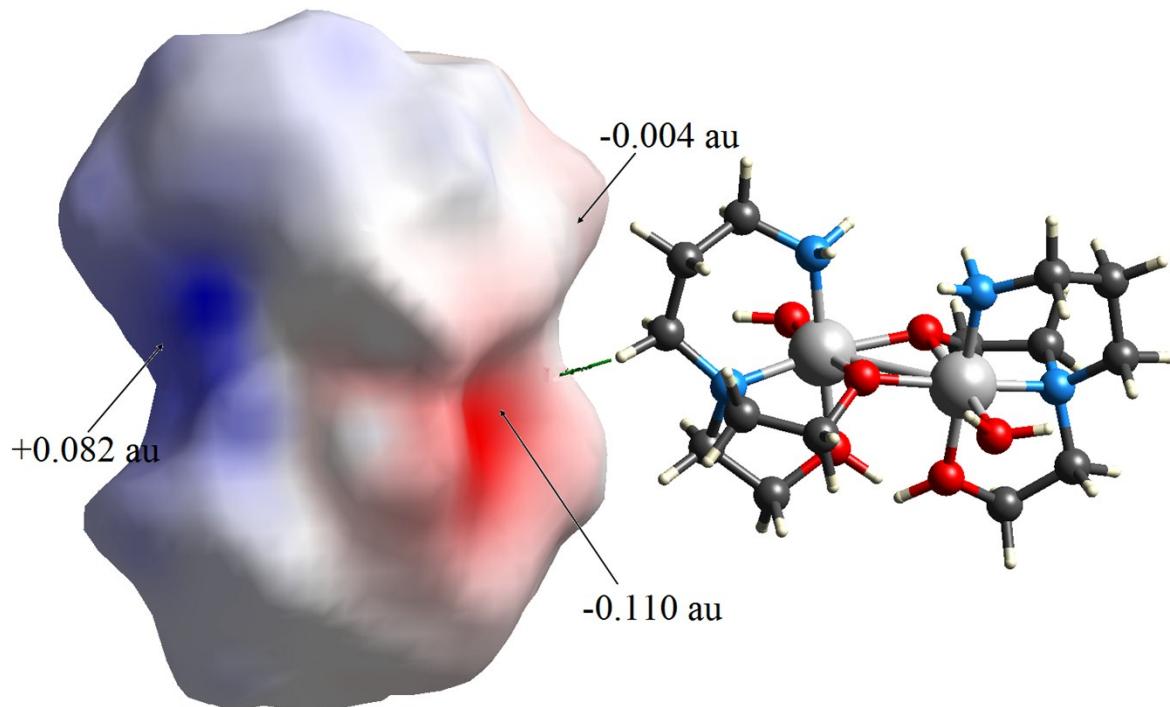


Fig. S8. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **3**, showing the σ -hole on the mono-protonated H atom of Hapdea^- with potential value at interacting sites for $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}$ contacts.

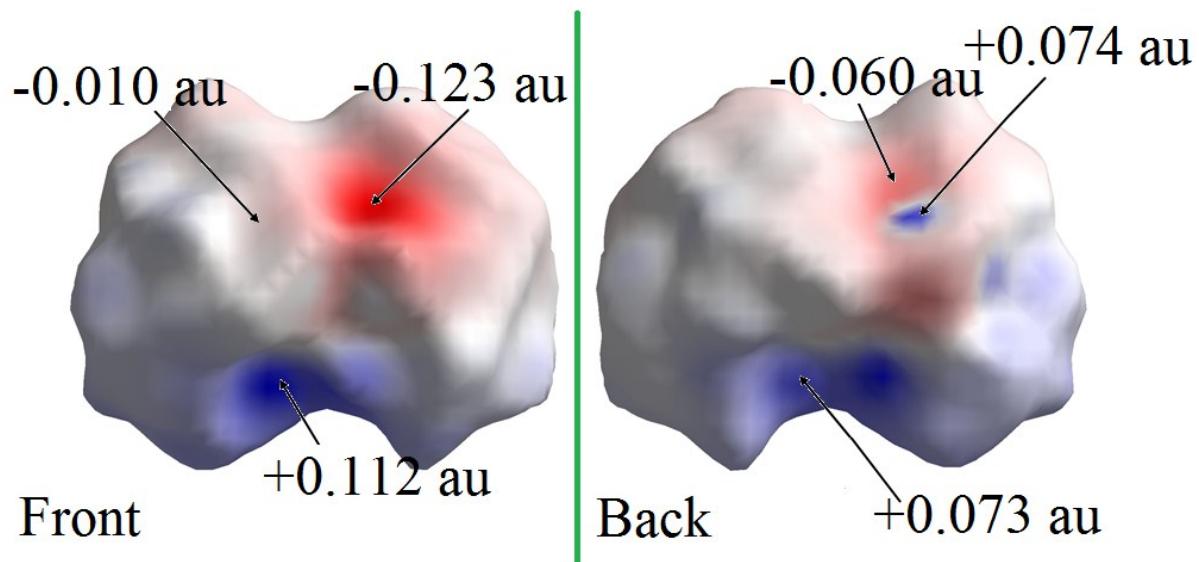


Fig. S9. Front and back views of the electrostatic potential (ESP) mapped over the Hirshfeld surface for **3** over the range -0.125 au (red) through 0.000 (white) to 0.120 au (blue).

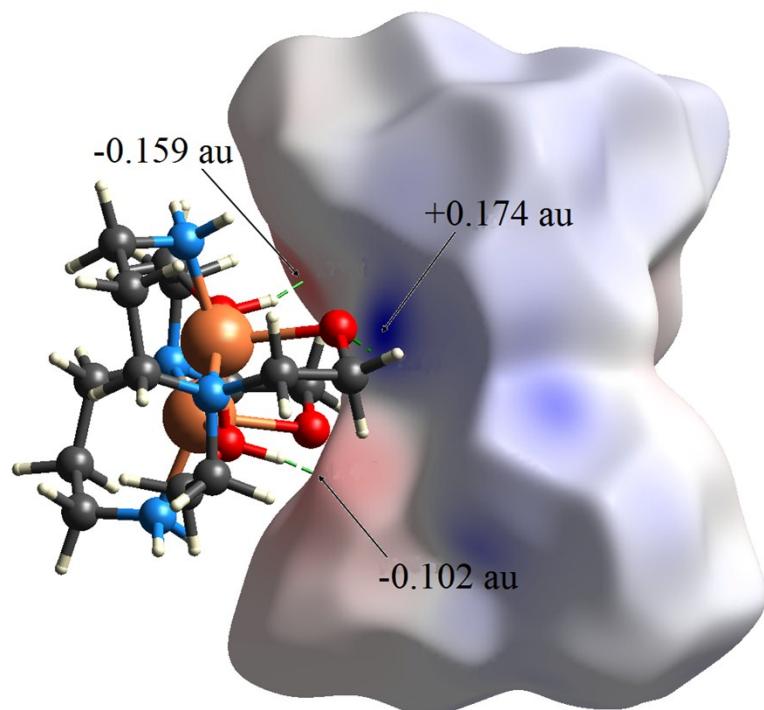


Fig. S10. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **4**, showing the σ -hole on the H atom of Hapdea⁻ with potential value at interacting sites for the O···H contacts.

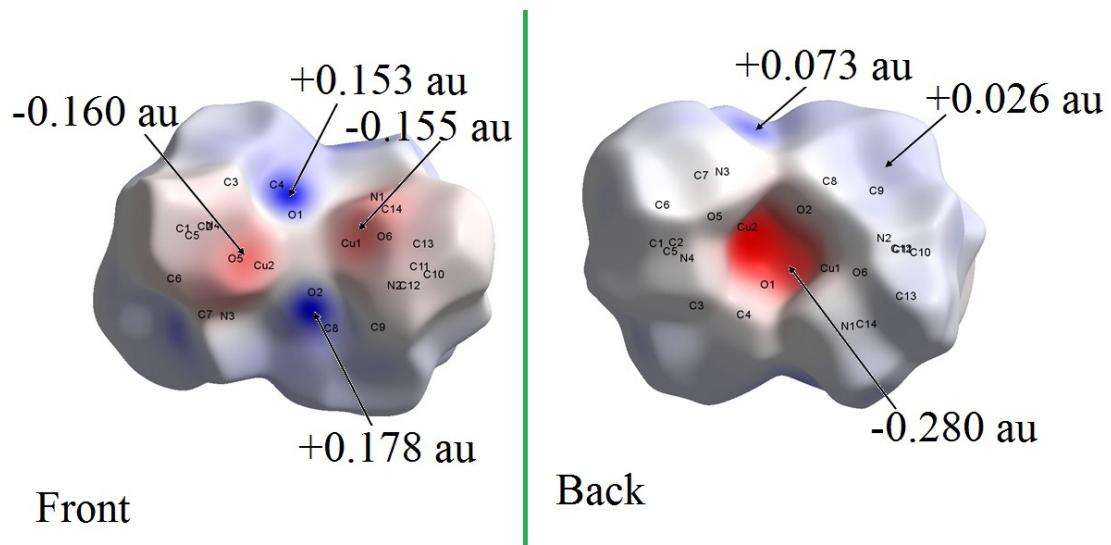


Fig. S11. Front and back views of the electrostatic potential (ESP) mapped over the Hirshfeld surface for **4** over the range -0.323 au (red) through 0.000 (white) to 0.179 au (blue).

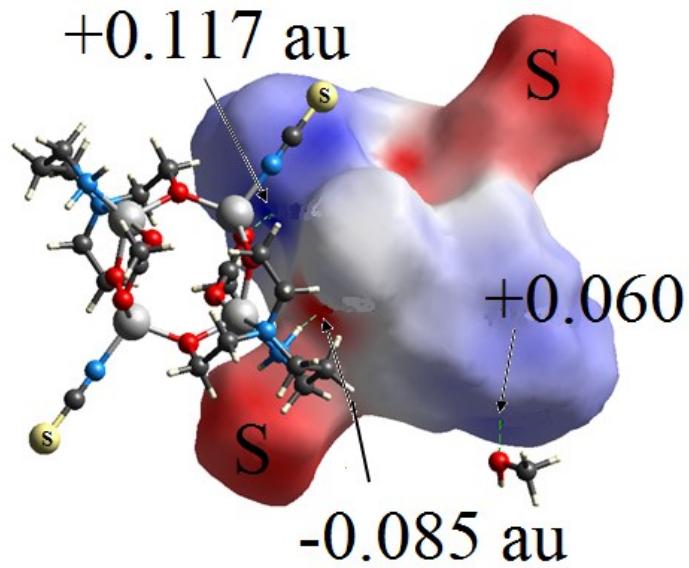


Fig. S12. Hirshfeld surface mapped with electrostatic potential (ESP) for **5**, showing the σ -hole on the non-protonated H atom of apdea^{2-} with potential value at interacting sites for O \cdots H contacts.

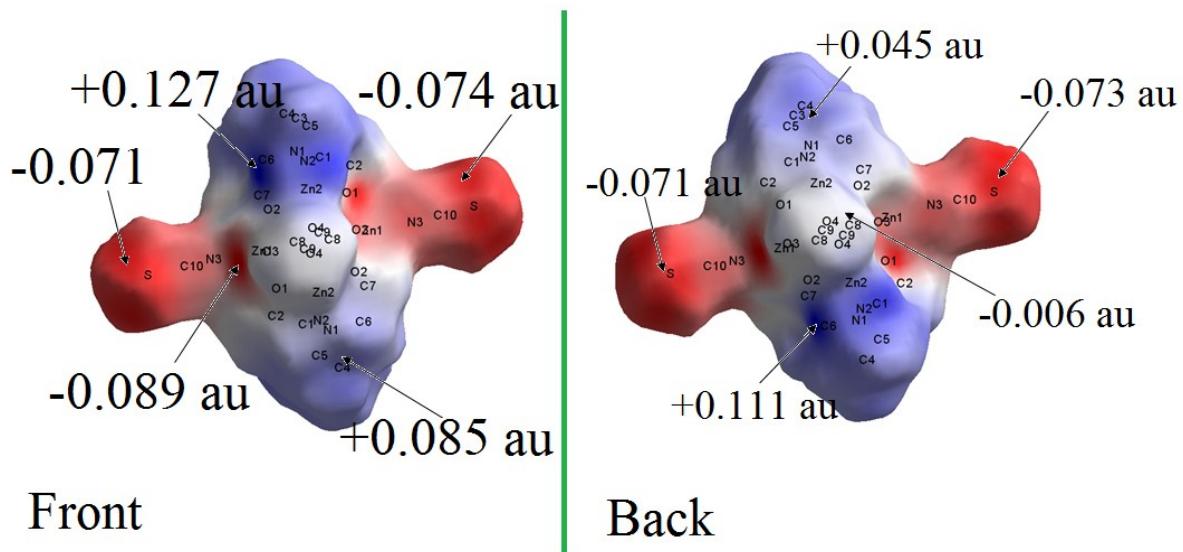


Fig. S13. Front and back views of the electrostatic potential (ESP) mapped over the Hirshfeld surface for **5** over the range -0.087 au (red) through 0.000 (white) to 0.120 au (blue).

Table S1. Selected bond lengths and angles for **1**.

Bond lengths		
N1 Ni1	2.015(4)	O1 Ni1 N3 81.25(14)
N4 Ni1	2.055(4)	O1 Ni1 O2 90.03(16)
N3 Ni1	2.110(4)	N2 Ni1 N1 93.41(15)
O2 Ni1	2.088(4)	N2 Ni1 N4 92.23(16)
O2 H2	0.76(5)	N2 Ni1 N3 93.67(15)
N5 Ni2	2.031(4)	N2 Ni1 O2 174.65(15)
N8 Ni2	2.052(5)	N2 Ni1 O1 87.56(16)
N7 Ni2	2.113(4)	N8 Ni2 N5 93.86(17)
O4 Ni2	2.116(4)	N7 Ni2 N5 92.77(16)
O4 H4	0.89(5)	N7 Ni2 N8 171.07(17)
O1 Ni1	2.146(4)	O4 Ni2 N5 87.43(16)
N2 Ni1	2.054(4)	O4 Ni2 N7 81.00(15)
O3 Ni2	2.132(4)	O3 Ni2 N5 174.10(16)
O3 H3	0.86(6)	O3 Ni2 N8 91.91(15)
N6 Ni2	2.046(4)	O3 Ni2 N7 81.36(15)
Bond angles		O3 Ni2 O4 90.99(16)
N4 Ni1 N1	92.70(16)	N6 Ni2 N5 92.05(17)
N3 Ni1 N1	170.15(15)	N6 Ni2 N8 91.47(16)
N3 Ni1 N4	93.86(15)	N6 Ni2 N7 94.27(15)
O2 Ni1 N1	91.46(16)	N6 Ni2 O4 175.20(15)
O2 Ni1 N4	89.77(15)	N6 Ni2 O3 89.04(16)
O2 Ni1 N3	81.23(15)	O1 Ni1 N4 175.08(15)
O1 Ni1 N1	92.22(15)	

Table S2. Selected bond lengths and angles for **2**.

Bond lengths		
Co1 Co2	2.9106(11)	N2 Co1 N3 96.4(2)
Co1 O4	1.932(3)	N1 Co1 Co2 97.06(14)
Co1 O2	1.890(3)	N1 Co1 O4 88.76(17)
Co1 O1	1.935(3)	N1 Co1 O2 86.56(17)
Co1 N3	1.890(4)	N1 Co1 O1 178.99(18)
Co1 N2	1.956(5)	N1 Co1 N3 90.3(2)
Co1 N1	1.947(4)	N1 Co1 N2 95.50(19)
Co2 O4	1.889(3)	O4 Co2 Co1 40.93(10)
Co2 O2	1.939(3)	O2 Co2 Co1 39.91(9)
Co2 O3	1.952(4)	O2 Co2 O4 78.73(14)
Co2 N5	1.954(4)	O3 Co2 Co1 82.91(11)
Co2 N4	1.929(5)	O3 Co2 O4 93.43(15)
Co2 N6	1.886(5)	O3 Co2 O2 91.14(15)
Bond angles		N5 Co2 Co1 125.86(13)
O4 Co1 Co2	39.82(9)	N5 Co2 O4 87.54(16)
O2 Co1 Co2	41.17(10)	N5 Co2 O2 165.77(16)
O2 Co1 O4	78.87(14)	N5 Co2 O3 85.89(17)
O1 Co1 Co2	82.19(12)	N4 Co2 Co1 96.68(16)
O1 Co1 O4	90.23(15)	N4 Co2 O4 87.2(2)
O1 Co1 O2	93.28(15)	N4 Co2 O2 87.6(2)
N3 Co1 Co2	135.29(16)	N4 Co2 O3 178.4(2)
N3 Co1 O4	96.76(18)	N4 Co2 N5 95.6(2)
N3 Co1 O2	174.68(19)	N6 Co2 Co1 135.81(16)
N3 Co1 O1	89.74(19)	N6 Co2 O4 175.36(18)
N2 Co1 Co2	126.33(13)	N6 Co2 O2 97.32(18)
N2 Co1 O4	166.10(16)	N6 Co2 O3 89.05(19)
N2 Co1 O2	88.16(17)	N6 Co2 N5 96.6(2)
N2 Co1 O1	85.49(17)	N6 Co2 N4 90.2(2)
		Co2 O4 Co1 99.24(15)

Table S3. Selected bond lengths and angles for **3**.

Bond lengths		
Co1 Co2	2.8853(5)	N2 Co1 O2 178.33(11)
Co1 O1	1.879(2)	N2 Co1 O3 90.35(11)
Co1 O2	1.917(2)	N2 Co1 O4 88.09(9)
Co1 O3	1.930(2)	N2 Co1 N1 95.14(11)
Co1 O4	1.927(2)	O1 Co2 Co1 40.17(6)
Co1 N1	1.954(3)	O4 Co2 Co1 41.32(6)
Co1 N2	1.939(2)	O4 Co2 O1 79.15(8)
Co2 O1	1.9455(19)	O5 Co2 Co1 82.89(6)
Co2 O4	1.878(2)	O5 Co2 O1 90.94(8)
Co2 O5	1.915(2)	O5 Co2 O4 94.47(9)
Co2 O6	1.944(2)	O6 Co2 Co1 132.84(7)
Co2 N3	1.953(2)	O6 Co2 O1 94.29(9)
Co2 N4	1.934(2)	O6 Co2 O4 173.13(9)
Bond angles		O6 Co2 O5 87.63(10)
O1 Co1 Co2	41.90(6)	N3 Co2 Co1 126.08(8)
O2 Co1 Co2	82.56(7)	N3 Co2 O1 166.24(10)
O2 Co1 O1	93.64(9)	N3 Co2 O4 87.78(10)
O3 Co1 Co2	134.14(7)	N3 Co2 O5 85.78(10)
O3 Co1 O1	175.15(9)	N3 Co2 O6 98.91(10)
O3 Co1 O2	88.14(10)	N4 Co2 Co1 97.94(8)
O4 Co1 Co2	40.06(6)	N4 Co2 O1 87.52(9)
O4 Co1 O1	79.61(8)	N4 Co2 O4 88.39(10)
O4 Co1 O2	91.38(9)	N4 Co2 O5 176.44(11)
O4 Co1 O3	95.85(9)	N4 Co2 O6 89.29(11)
N1 Co1 Co2	127.84(8)	N4 Co2 N3 96.46(11)
N1 Co1 O1	88.85(10)	Co2 O1 Co1 97.93(9)
N1 Co1 O2	85.70(10)	N1 Co1 O4 167.90(10)
N1 Co1 O3	95.78(11)	N2 Co1 Co2 98.02(7)
		N2 Co1 O1 87.82(10)

Table S4. Selected bond lengths and angles for **4**.

Bond lengths		
Cu1 Cu2	2.8893(5)	N1 Cu1 Cu2 124.12(7)
Cu1 O1	1.9694(19)	N1 Cu1 O1 85.36(8)
Cu1 O2	2.299(2)	N1 Cu1 O2 80.40(8)
Cu1 O3	1.9505(18)	N1 Cu1 O3 166.87(9)
Cu1 N2	1.987(2)	N1 Cu1 N2 94.11(10)
Cu1 N1	2.031(2)	O1 Cu2 Cu1 42.80(5)
Cu2 O1	1.9608(18)	O3 Cu2 Cu1 42.26(5)
Cu2 O3	1.9687(19)	O3 Cu2 O1 81.87(7)
Cu2 O4	2.324(2)	O4 Cu2 Cu1 111.73(5)
Cu2 N4	1.978(2)	O4 Cu2 O1 100.37(7)
Cu2 N3	2.026(2)	O4 Cu2 O3 93.38(8)
Bond angles		N4 Cu2 Cu1 134.83(8)
O1 Cu1 Cu2	42.57(5)	N4 Cu2 O1 98.52(9)
O2 Cu1 Cu2	117.38(6)	N4 Cu2 O3 171.54(10)
O2 Cu1 O1	97.12(8)	N4 Cu2 O4 94.85(10)
O3 Cu1 Cu2	42.75(5)	N3 Cu2 Cu1 124.80(7)
O3 Cu1 O1	82.11(7)	N3 Cu2 O1 167.19(9)
O3 Cu1 O2	104.99(8)	N3 Cu2 O3 85.34(9)
N2 Cu1 Cu2	132.09(7)	N3 Cu2 O4 80.96(9)
N2 Cu1 O1	168.01(9)	N3 Cu2 N4 94.04(10)
N2 Cu1 O2	94.59(9)	Cu2 O1 Cu1 94.64(8)
		N2 Cu1 O3 97.34(9)

Table S5. Selected bond lengths and angles for **5**.

Zn1 O1	1.945(3)	N3 Zn1 O1	105.94(15)
Zn1 O2	1.912(3)	N3 Zn1 O2	113.55(17)
Zn1 O3	2.004(3)	N3 Zn1 O3	103.93(17)
Zn1 N3	1.967(4)	O2 Zn2 O1	117.77(13)
Zn2 O1	1.987(3)	O4 Zn2 O1	97.20(13)
Zn2 O2	1.970(3)	O4 Zn2 O2	91.58(13)
Zn2 O4	2.147(3)	N1 Zn2 O1	84.78(13)
Zn2 N1	2.199(4)	N1 Zn2 O2	83.00(13)
Zn2 N2	2.031(4)	N1 Zn2 O4	174.53(13)
Bond angles		N2 Zn2 O1	117.45(14)
O2 Zn1 O1	121.50(13)	N2 Zn2 O2	124.52(15)
O3 Zn1 O1	104.98(14)	N2 Zn2 O4	86.67(15)
O3 Zn1 O2	105.26(14)	N2 Zn2 N1	96.97(15)
Zn2 O1 Zn1	128.63(15)		

Table S6. Selected geometries of non-covalent interactions in **1–5**.

D–H···A	d(D–H)	d(H···A)	d(D···A)	\angle (DHA)
(1)				
N2–H2···S4	0.899	2.727	3.340	126.30
O1–H1···S2	0.700	2.518	3.193	162.62
C5–H5···C2	0.970	2.690	3.647	168.93
(2)				
C3–H3···S1	0.971	2.894	3.790	153.85
C15–H15···O7	0.971	2.595	3.377	137.71
N4–H4···O6	0.801	2.403	3.159	157.92
N1–H1···O5	0.900	2.123	3.008	167.61
C15–H15···O7	0.970	2.595	3.377	137.71
(3)				
C12–H12···H9	0.970	2.541	3.471	160.63
O6–H6···O8	0.850	2.048	2.762	141.11
N4–H4···O8	0.900	2.111	2.964	157.84
N2–H2···O7	0.900	2.456	3.316	159.98
O6–H6···O16	0.850	1.786	2.619	168.91
(4)				
O4–H4···O5	0.865	1.865	2.725	172.99
O6–H6···O1	0.859	1.790	2.645	173.38
O8–H8···O3	0.857	1.855	2.706	171.61
C17–H17···O20	0.970	2.635	3.595	170.39
C24–H24···O19	0.970	2.576	3.512	162.22
C21–H21···O18	0.970	2.410	3.150	132.82
N4–H4···O12	0.900	2.207	3.093	167.93
N2–H2···O3W	0.900	2.349	3.119	143.53
(5)				
N2–H2···C10	0.900	2.795	3.390	124.70
N2–H2···O3	0.900	2.229	3.127	175.89
C3–H3···O5	0.971	2.496	3.382	151.61
O5–H5···O1	0.819	1.999	2.814	172.92
O5–H5···C2	0.819	2.742	3.451	145.82

Table S7. Bond valence summation (BVS) calculations for **2** and **3**.

Complex	Metal atom	BVS	
		Co(II)	Co(III)
(2)	Co1	3.316	2.959
	Co2	3.318	2.963
(3)	Co1	3.279	2.891
	Co2	3.246	2.864

Table S8. Magnetic data and calculations

Complex	Magnetic moments, μ_{eff} (B.M.)*	
	Observed**	Calculated***
1	2.84	2.82
2	8.90	8.94
3	8.88	8.94
4	2.83	2.82
5	0	0

*The data are collected using magnetic susceptibility balance which contains a pair of magnets mounted at opposite ends of a beam, initially in equilibrium and when sample is introduced into the balance, a disruption of the magnetic field results. A current through a coil situated between the poles of a second pair of magnets returns the beam to equilibrium. The current through the coil is measured and transformed into a numerical reading. Diamagnetic materials are weakly repelled by an external magnetic field, resulting in a negative reading. Paramagnetic materials are attracted to an external magnetic field and give a positive reading. The magnetic analysis supported the mixed valence states of the cobalt ions in the clusters. The magnetic moment of the complexes was calculated using the formula as follows:

$$\chi_g = LC_{\text{bal}}(R - R_0)/10^9(m)$$

L = height of sample in tube in units of centimeters, C_{bal} = balance calibration constant = 1.0, R = reading for tube plus sample

R_0 = reading for the empty tube, m = mass of the sample in units of grams

The molar magnetic susceptibility is then calculated from the gram magnetic susceptibility using the following equation:

$$\chi_m = \chi_g \times (\text{molar mass})$$

$\chi_A = \chi_m - \text{diamagnetic correction}$

The magnetic susceptibility for a particular substance is not particularly useful in itself. However, the effective magnetic moment for a particular substance can be calculated from the gram magnetic susceptibility using the following equation.

$$\mu_{\text{eff}} = 2.283\sqrt{\chi_A} T \text{ B.M.}$$

{ χ_g =magnetic susceptibility in $\text{erg.G}^{-2}.\text{gm}^{-1}$, χ_m =molar susceptibility in $\text{erg.G}^{-2}.\text{mol}^{-1}$, and μ_{eff} = effective magnetic moment in B. M.}.

$$**\mu_{\text{eff}} = \{n(n+2)\}^{1/2}, n = \text{no. of unpaired electron}$$