Supplementary Materials for Mn₂C Monolayer: A 2D Antiferromagnetic Metal with High Néel Temperature and Large Spin-Orbit Coupling

Lin Hu[†], Xiaojun Wu^{†,‡,§}, and Jinlong Yang^{†,‡*}

[†]Hefei National Laboratory of Physical Sciences at the Microscale, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui 230026, China.

[‡] Synergetic Innovation Center of Quantum Information & Quantum Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui 230026, China

[§] CAS Key Laboratory of Materials for Energy Conversion, School of Chemistry of Materials, and CAS Center for Excellence in Nanoscience, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui 230026, China.

*E-mail: jlyang@ustc.edu.cn



Figure S1. Bonding structure of the Mn2C monolayer. (a-c) Individual 3c-2e σ bonds of both top view (top) and side view (bottom). Mn atom is purple, and C atom is gray, respectively.



Figure S2. (a) Geometric structure of Mn_2C -II monolayer of top view (top) and side view (bottom). Mn atom is purple, and C atom is blue, respectively. (b) Phonon spectrum of Mn_2C -II monolayer. X (1/2, 0.0, 0.0), G (0.0, 0.0, 0.0), Y (0.0, 1/2, 0.0), M (1/2, 1/2, 0.0) refer to the special points in the first Brillouin zone.



Figure S3. Nearest $(J_1, J_{i,j})$, next-nearest (J_2) and next-next-nearest (J_3) exchange interactions of the Ising model.

 $E(FM)=(6J_1+3J_3+J_2)M^2,$ $E(AFM-a)=(-2J_1+2J_3+J_2)M^2,$ $E(AFM-b)=(2J_1-2J_3+J_2)M^2$,

 $E(AFM-c)=(6J_1+2J_3-J_2)M^2.$

So, $J_1=J_{i,j}=3meV$, $J_2=0.56 meV$, $J_3=0.86 meV$.