Supporting Information

Asymmetric Silica Encapsulation toward Colloidal Janus Nanoparticles: Concave Nanoreactor for Templatesynthesis of Electocatalytic Hollow Pt Nanodendrite

Jung Hun Koo,¹Daun Kim,¹ Jin Goo Kim,¹ Hwakyeung Jeong,² Jongwon Kim,² and In Su Lee¹*

¹Department of Chemistry, Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH)

²Department of Chemistry, Chungbuk National University

Correspondence: Professor I. S. Lee. Chemistry building, 77 Cheongam-Ro, Nam-Gu, Pohang, Gyeongbuk, Korea.

Email: insulee97@postech.ac.kr



Figure S1. TEM images of the product from the silica encapulation reaction of the Fe_3O_4 nanocrystal with pure TSD as a sole silica precursor (a) before and (b) after the washing procedure



Figure S2. TEM images of the silica encapulation reaction of the Fe_3O_4 nanocrystal with mixtures of the TEOS with (a) C18TMS, (b) 3-mercaptopropyltriethoxysilane, (c) *N*-propylethylenediamine, (d) APTMS, (e) TESD, and (f) APTES.



Figure S3. TEM images of (a) the water-dispersible citrate-coated Fe_3O_4 nanocrystals and (b) the Janustype products from their silica encapsulation reaction with a mixture of TEOS and TSD.



Figure S4. TEM images of nanoparticles which were sampled during the formation of the concentric $Fe_3O_4@SiO_2$ in the suspension containing TEOS as a sole silica precursor at (a) 30 min, (b) 2 hr, (c) 4 hr, and (d) 9 hr of reaction time periods.



Figure S5. TEM images of the nanoparticles sampled, during the silica encapsulation reaction of the Fe_3O_4 nanocrystal through the subsequent addition of the TEOS and TSD at the interval of 2 hr, (a) just before the addition of the TSD and at (b) 10 min and (c) 18 hr after the addition of the TSD



Figure S6. TEM image of Au@ece-SiO₂ nanospheres.



Figure S7. TEM images of the products obtained after treating the $(Fe_3O_4/Au)@asy-SiO_2$ in a 1.9 mM NaBH₄ solution.



Figure S8. TEM images of the $Au@con-SiO_2$ nanoreactors. Red-arrows indicate Au nanocrystals settled on the concave surface.



Figure S9. TEM images of (a) the **Au@***h***-SiO**₂ nanoreactors and products of their Pt growth reaction at (b) 10 mM and (c) 50 mM of Na₂PtCl₄ concentration.



Figure S10. Cyclic voltammograms of Pt/C (red line) and h-PtND (black line) obtained in a 0.1 M HClO_4 solution saturated with N₂. Scan rate: 50 mV/s.

Catalyst	Catalyst loading (µg _{Pt} /cm ² _{disk})	$\frac{\text{ECSA}}{(\text{cm}^2_{\text{Pt}}/\text{cm}^2_{\text{disk}})}$	j (mA/cm ² _{disk})			Mass activity (mA/ug _b)	Specific Activity
			j (0.9 V)	$j_{ m d}$	$\dot{J}_{ m k}$	(IIII 1/ µ5Pt)	(mA/cm^2_{Pt})
h-PtND	15.3	19.9	2.53	5.26	4.86	0.318	0.24
Pt/C		17.5	1.53	5.87	2.08	0.136	0.12

Table S1. Evaluation of mass and specific activity