

Supplementary Information

Counterbalancing of Morphology and Conductivity for Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) Polystyrene Sulfonate based Flexible Devices

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Table S1 The sheet resistance of PEDOT:PSS electrode with DMSO 5vol.% and different concentration of Zonyl with 0, 0.1, 0.2 and 1 wt.%, respectively.

| PEDOT:PSS with DMSO 5 vol.% | Zonyl 0 wt.% | Zonyl 0.1 wt.% | Zonyl 0.2 wt.% | Zonyl 1 wt.% |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Sheet resistance ^a [$\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$] | 209.8 | 88.5 | 51.5 | 153.1 |

^a Average values from 10 samples per condition

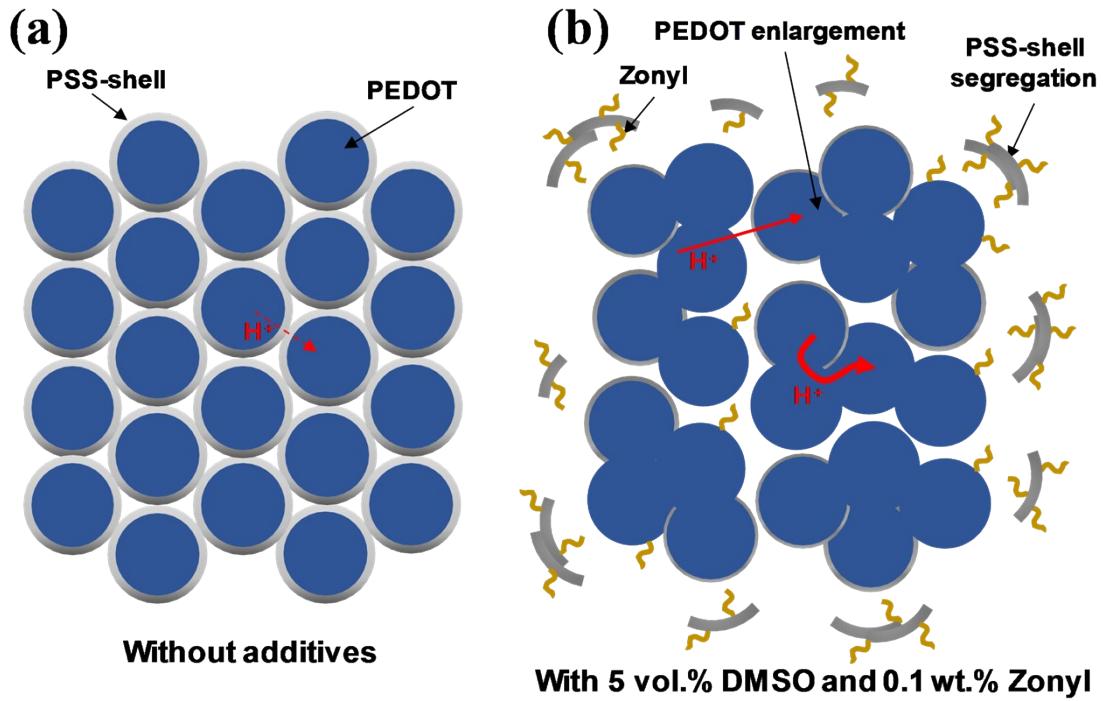
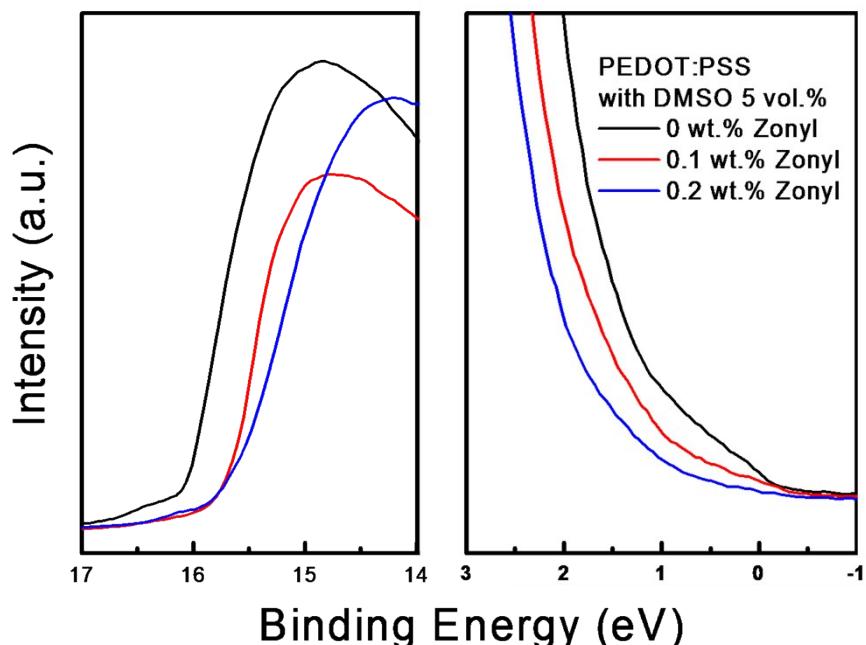


Fig. S1 Schematics of the PEDOT:PSS electrode (a) without additives, and (b) with 5 vol.% DMSO and 0.1 wt.% Zonyl.

(a)



(b)

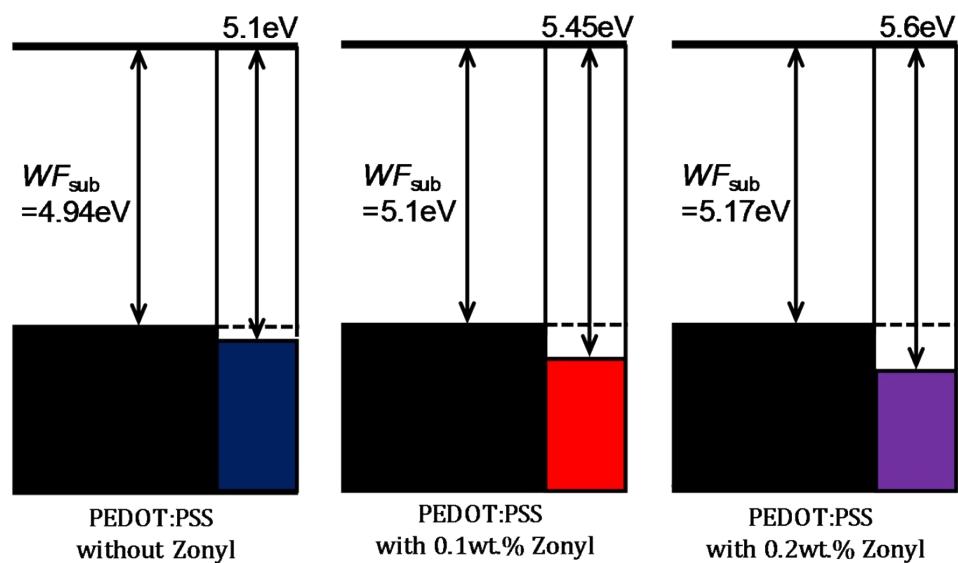


Fig. S2 (a) Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy of PEDOT:PSS electrode as a function of the concentration of Zonyl (0, 0.1 and 0.2 wt.%). The 5 vol.% DMSO was added to all the PEDOT:PSS solutions. (b) Scheme of energy level of PEDOT:PSS without Zonyl and with Zonyl of 1wt.% and 2wt.%, respectively.

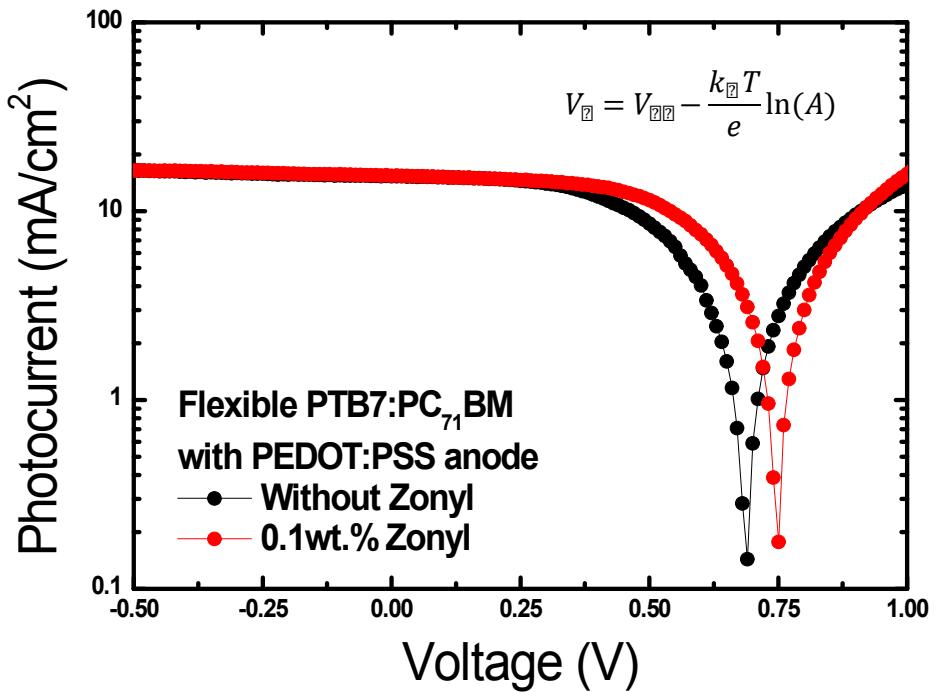


Fig. S3 The photocurrent density (J_{ph}) versus voltage for the devices based on PTB7:PC₇₁BM BHJ with PEDOT:PSS electrode without and with Zonyl (0.1 wt.%).

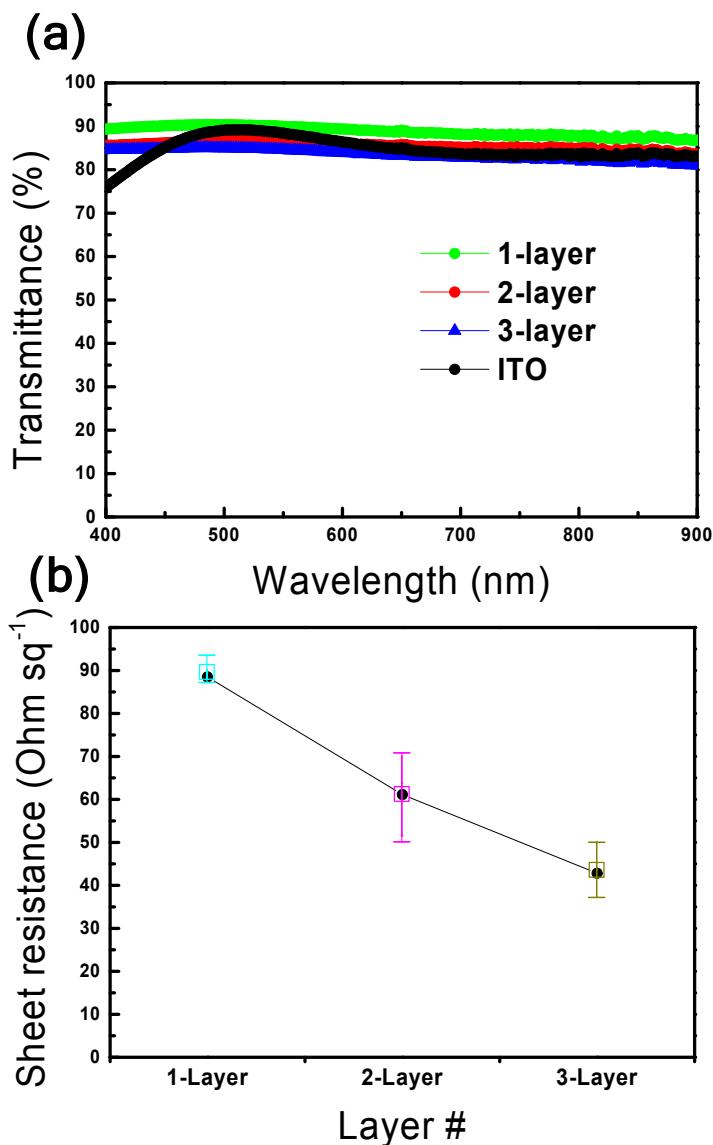


Fig. S4 (a) Transparency of PEDOT:PSS films with increasing numbers of anode layers, and an ITO electrode. (b) The sheet resistance of PEDOT:PSS films versus number of anode layers. All the PEDOT:PSS solutions included 5 vol.% DMSO and 0.1 wt.% Zonyl.

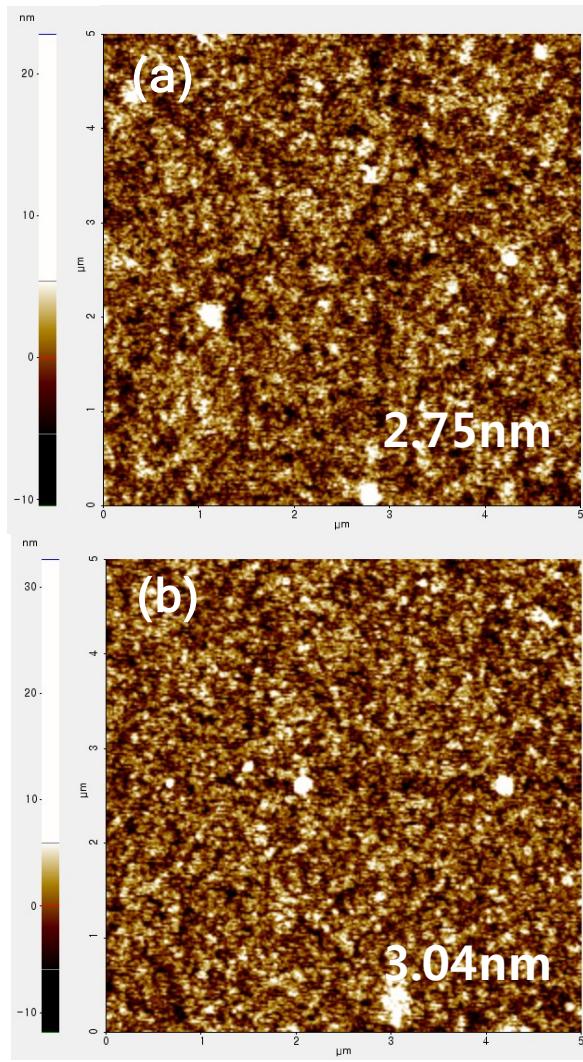


Fig. S5 Non-contact mode AFM 3D surface images of PEDOT:PSS films with (a) 2 layers and (b) 3 layers (inset values show the RMS). All the samples were fabricated by 5 vol.% DMSO and 0.1 wt.% Zonyl.

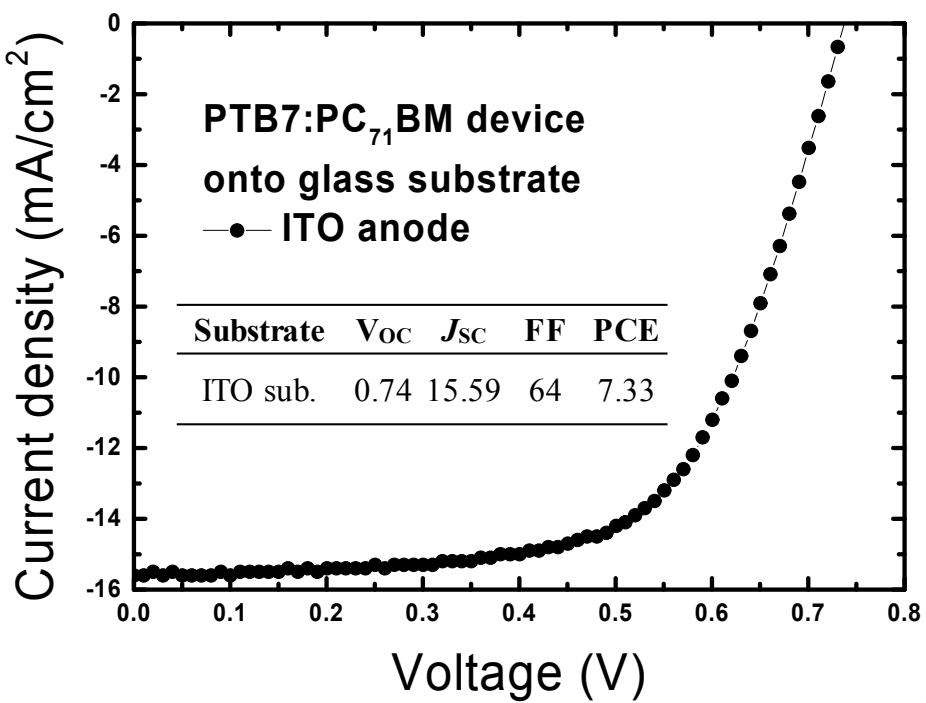


Fig. S6 The J-V characteristics of the device fabricated with a rigid conventional ITO anode based on PTB7:PC₇₁BM BHJ; the inset shows the photovoltaic parameters.