Supplementary Information

Shape-Memory Polymer Nanocomposites with a 3D Conductive Network for Bidirectional Actuation and Locomotion Application

Qingyu Peng^{1#}, Hongqiu Wei^{1#}, Yuyang Qin¹, Zaishan Lin¹, Xu Zhao¹, Fan Xu¹, Jinsong Leng^{1*}, Xiaodong He^{1*}, Anyuan Cao^{2*} and Yibin Li^{1*}.

¹ National Key Laboratory of Science and Technology on Advanced Composites in Special Environments, Center for Composite Materials and Structures, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150080, P. R. China

² Department of Materials Science and Engineering, College of Engineering, Peking University, Beijing 100871, P.
R. China

*Corresponding authors. Email: <u>liyibin@hit.edu.cn</u>, <u>hexd@hit.edu.cn</u>, <u>lengjs@hit.edu.cn</u>, <u>anyuan@pku.edu.cn</u>.

[#]These authors contributed equally to this work.

Supplementary Information:

Figure S1. Three shape memory cycles of Pure SMP.

Figure S2. The loss factor vs temperature curves for pure SMP and CNT sponge-SMP composite.

Figure S3. Photos of inchworm-type robot moving process when the cycle time is 40s.

Movie 1 CNT sponge-SMP composite shape recovery process from "n" like shape to flat shape under applied 17V DC.

Movie 2 CNT sponge-SMP composite shape recovery process from flat shape to "u"-like shape under applied 17V DC.

Movie 3 CNT sponge-SMP composite bidirectional shape memory recovery process under applied 8V DC and 2V DC, play speed $\times 100$.

Movie 4 The moving process of inchworm-type robots when cycle time is 120s, play speed \times 100.

Movie 5 The moving process of inchworm-type robots when cycle time is 40s, play speed \times 100.

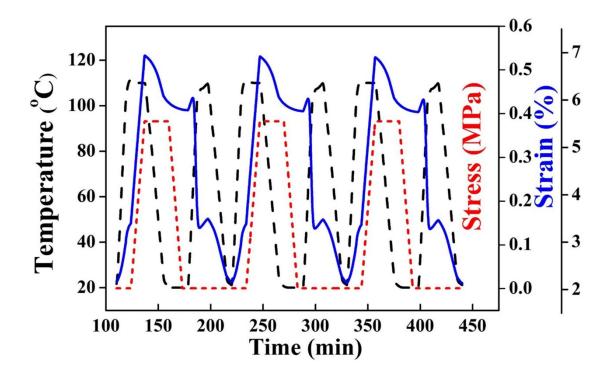


Figure S1. Three shape memory cycles of pure SMP.

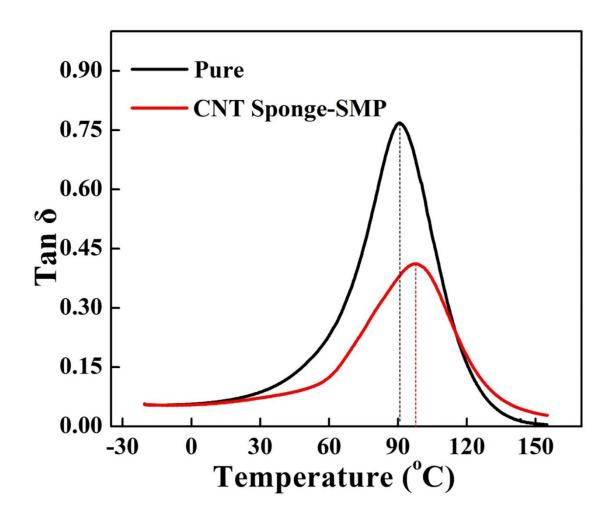


Figure S2. Loss factor vs. temperature curves for pure SMP and for the CNT sponge-SMP

composite.

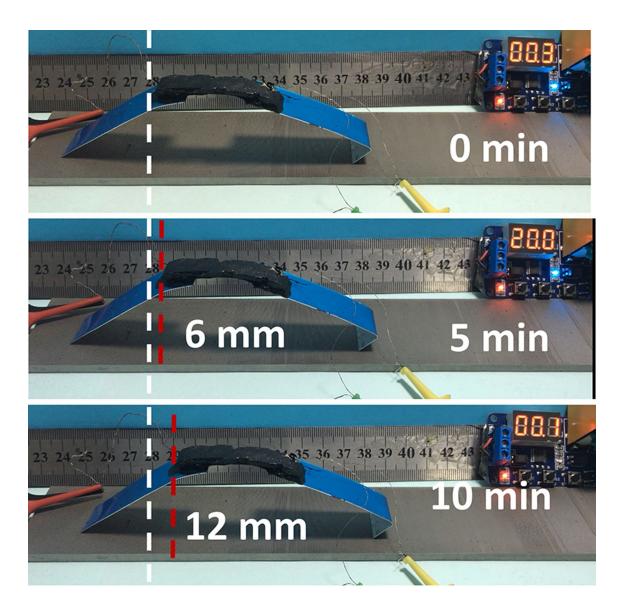


Figure S3. Photos of inchworm-type robot movement for a cycle time of 40 s.