

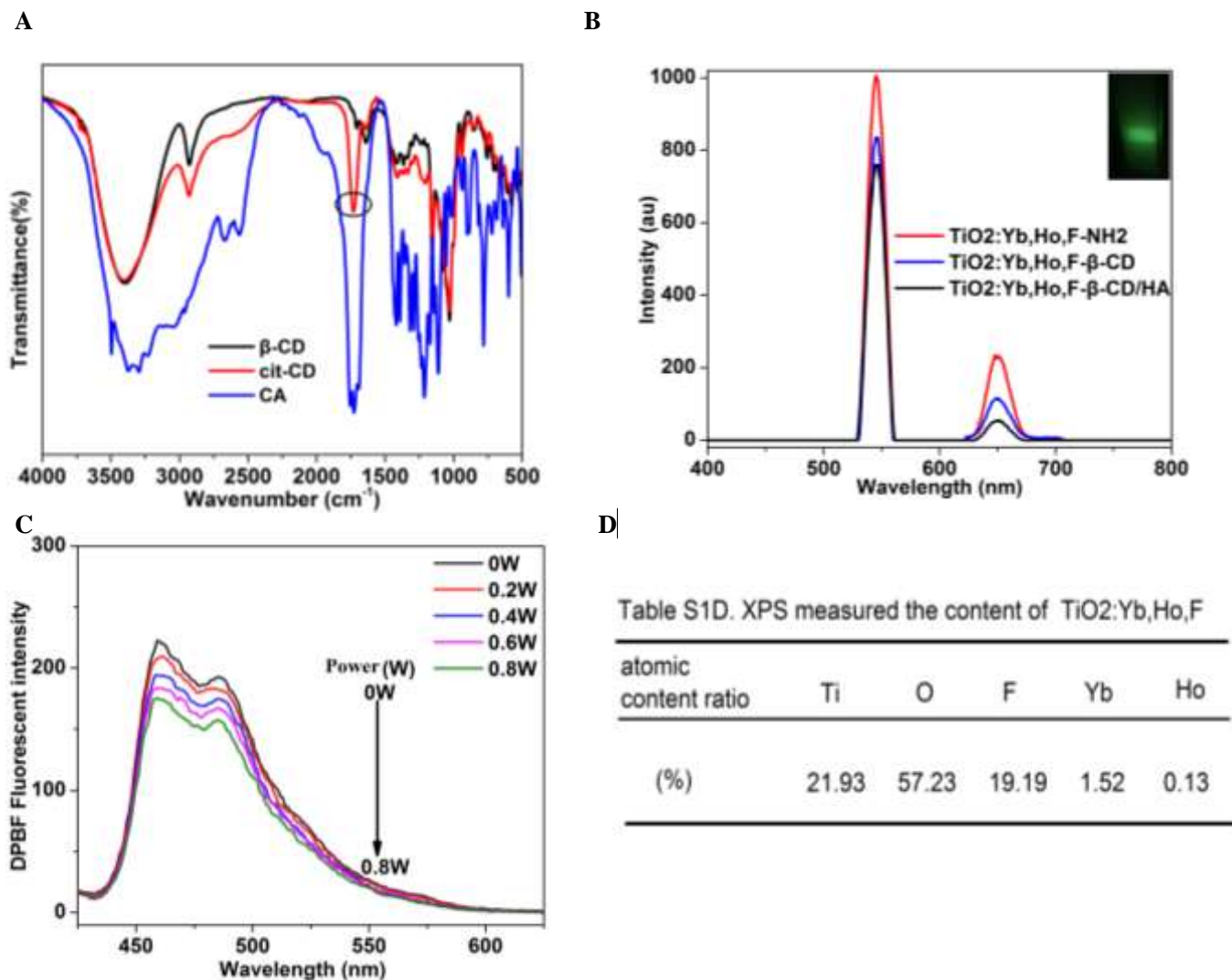
Supporting Information

A “win-win” TiO₂:Yb, Ho, F nanoplatform for NIR light-induced synergistic therapy and imaging

Jie Zhou^{a,b}, Pei Luo^a, Chong Sun^a, Shanshan Chen^a, Lingchang Meng^a, Hanchun Yao^{a,b}
and Bin Du^{a,b*}*

^a School of Pharmacy, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, Henan 450001, P.R. China

^b Collaborative Innovation Center of New Drug Research and Safety Evaluation , Henan Province 450001, P.R. China



FigureS1. (A) FTIR spectra of β -CD, CA, cit-CD; (B) Upconversion luminescence spectra of TiO₂:Yb, Ho, F after modifications, excited under the same test condition by 980 nm laser; (C) ¹O₂ generation by TiO₂:Yb, Ho, F under 808nm laser(0.8 W/cm²), different powers within 10min irradiation; (D) XPS measured the content of TiO₂:Yb, Ho, F

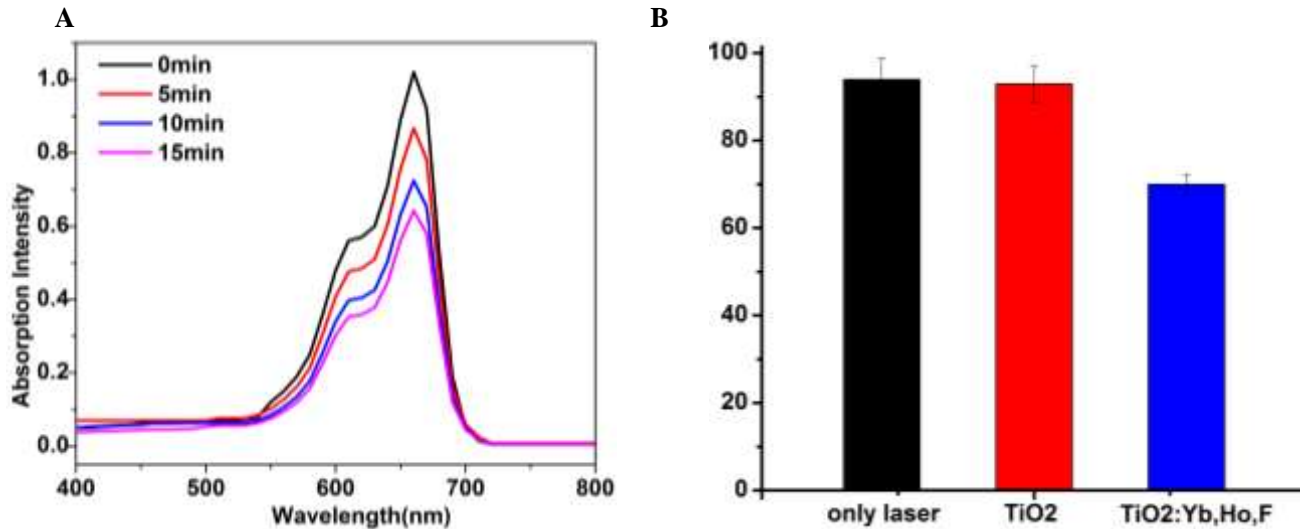


Figure S2. (A) Evaluation of OH• generation by TiO₂:Yb,Ho,F under 808nm laser(0.8 W/cm², different irradiation times) through the decay of MB absorption at λ = 664 nm; (B) the OH• comparison between TiO₂:Yb,Ho,F and undoped TiO₂ at the same conditions.

Combination Index: The combination index (CI) was calculated using the following equation: $CI = D_1/D_{m1} + D_2/D_{m2}$, where D_1 and D_2 are concentrations of DTX combination with TiO₂:Yb,Ho,F-β-CD @HA under irradiation at IC₅₀, respectively, while D_{m1} and D_{m2} are the concentrations of the drugs dosed individually to achieve that same drug effect level. CI values lower than 1, indicating the synergistic effects.

According to the cell cytotoxicity (Figure 4B and 4C.b) and SPSS IC₅₀.

$CI = D_1/D_{m1} + D_2/D_{m2} = 1.26/7.89 + 9.36/65.23 = 0.303$, CI values was lower than 1, indicating the good synergistic effects.(IC₅₀ of synergistic therapy group, free DTX group, only PDT group were 1.26ug mL⁻¹, 7.89 ug mL⁻¹, 65.23 ug mL⁻¹.)

S3. Combination index (CI) of TiO₂:Yb,Ho,F-β-CD/DTX@ HA vs. monotherapy on MCF-7 cancer cells.

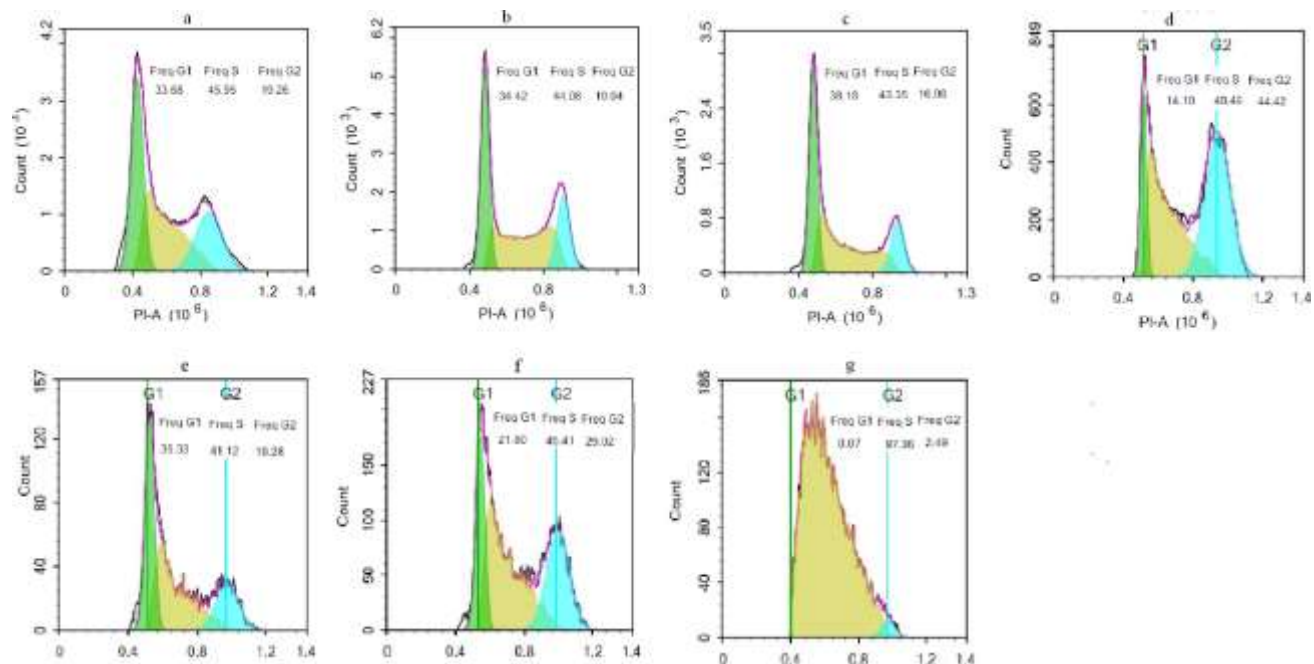


Figure S4. cell cycle arrest with the PI single staining assay by flow cytometry (a)

Control cells, (b) TiO₂:Yb, Ho,F-β-CD@HA (c) TiO₂:Yb, Ho,F-β-CD @HA +laser,(d)

DTX (e)TiO₂:Yb, Ho,F-β-CD/DTX; (f)TiO₂: Yb, Ho,F-β-CD/DTX@HA; and

(g)TiO₂:Yb, Ho,F-β-CD/DTX @HA+ laser Data were presented as mean ± standard

deviation.

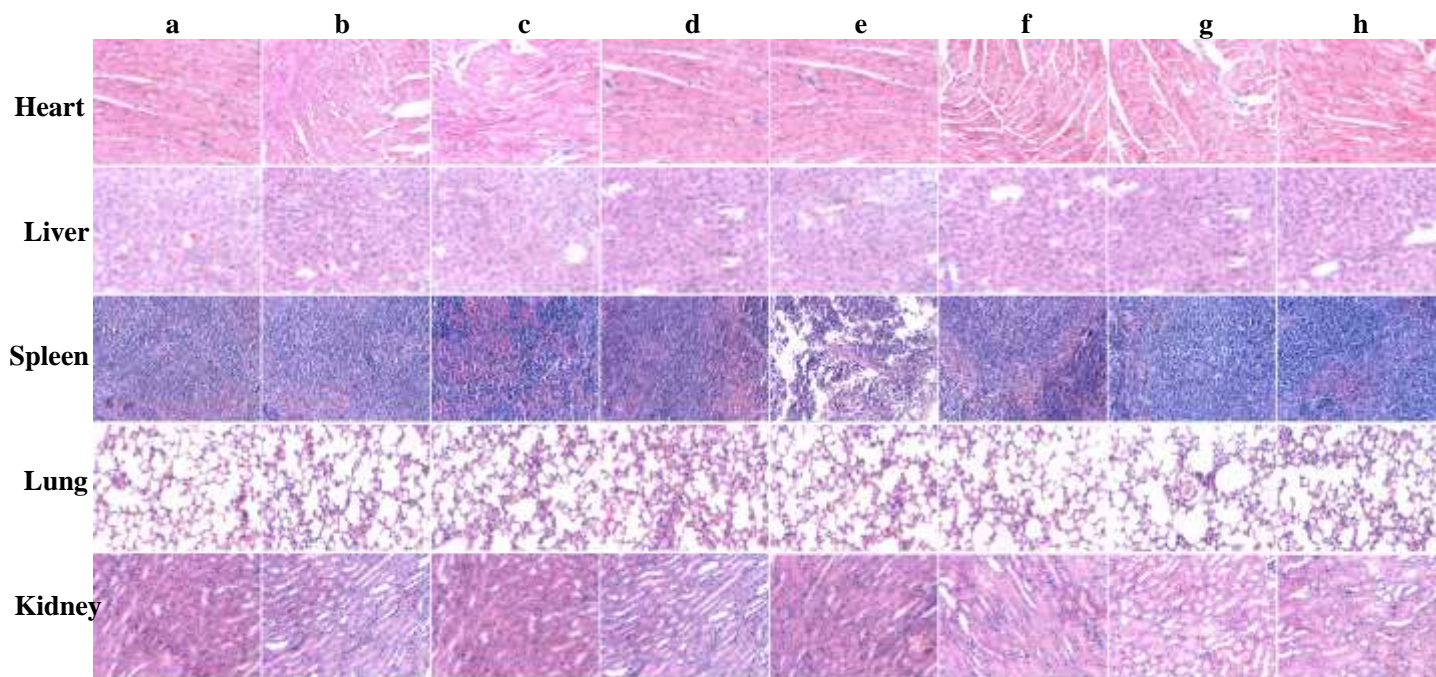


Figure S5. H&E stained organs with different treatments: saline a), null NPs b); only laser c); null NPs+laser d); DTX e); $\text{TiO}_2\text{:Yb,Ho,F-}\beta\text{-CD/DTX}$ f); $\text{TiO}_2\text{:Yb,Ho,F-}\beta\text{-CD/DTX@HA}$ g); $\text{TiO}_2\text{:Yb,Ho,F-}\beta\text{-CD/DTX@HA}$ +laser h). Data were presented as mean \pm standard deviation (n=6)