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# Supporting Information for

## Fluorine-Directed 1,2-trans Glycosylation of Rare Sugars

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#### Methods and materials:

All chemicals were purchased as reagent grade and used without further purification. Solvents for extractions and flash column chromatography were technical grade and distilled prior to use. Solvents for reactions were dried by a Grubbs purification system including columns packed with molecular sieve and aluminium oxide. If necessary the reactions were performed under an argon atmosphere using schlenk-technique and dry glassware. For analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC,) pre-coated Merck SiO<sub>2</sub>-60 F<sub>254</sub> plates (0.25 mm) were used and visualised with a UV-lamp (254 nm) and CAM-stain (Cerium ammonium molybdate). Column chromatography was carried out on Fluka SiO<sub>2</sub>-60 (230-400 mesh particle size) as stationary phase. NMR-spectra were recorded on Bruker's AVANCE 300 MHz, AVANCE 400 MHz, DRX 400 MHz and Agilent DD2 600 MHz spectrometers. The measurements were performed in deuterated chloroform or deuterated methylene chloride at 298 K at rt. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$  values) in parts per million (ppm) are reported relative to the residual solvent peak (CDCl<sub>3</sub>:  $\delta_H$  7.26,  $\delta_C$  77.16,  $CD_2Cl_2$ :  $\delta_H$  5.32,  $\delta_C$  54.0). For description of the splitting pattern, the following abbreviations are used: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, sept = septuplet, m = multiplet, br = broad. Obtained coupling constants (J) are given in Hertz (Hz). High-resolution mass spectra (HR ESI) were measured by the MS service of the Organisch-Chemisches Institut, Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität Münster. Melting Points were measured on a Büchi B540 melting-point apparatus. Optical rotations were obtained using a JASCO P-2000 polarimeter. IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 100 FT-IR spectrometer, selected adsorption bands are reported in wavenumbers ( $cm^{-1}$ ) and intensities are reported as: w = weak, m = medium, s = strong and br = broad.

Experimental section:



2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-L-manno/glucopyranose (S1)



SelectFluor<sup>M</sup> (2.7 g, 7.8 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added at to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-L-glucal (1.0 mL, 5.2 mmol, 1.0 eq) in acetone (25 mL) and water (5 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvents were then evaporated and the residue dissolved in DCM and a sat. aq. solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM and the combined organic phases dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The crude was filtered through silica using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (3:1), to afford an inseparable mixture of the gluco- and manno-configured products (1.14 g, 88%), that was used directly in the next step.

<u>1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6 -dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl- $\alpha$ -L-glucopyranose (S2) and </u>

1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-β-L-mannopyranose (S3)



Under Ar, TBSCI (452 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added to a solution of 2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-L-manno/glucopyranose (500 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 eq), imidazole (408 mg, 3 mmol, 1.5 eq), and DMAP (24 mg, 0.2 mmol, 0.1 eq) in 10 mL of anhydrous DCM. The mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature overnight. Water was added, and the organic phases were separated. The aq. phase was further extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by silica gel chromatography using a 20:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, affording **S2** as a white solid (300 mg, 41%) and **S3** as a white solid (370 mg, 51%).

**S2:** White solid; m.p. 61-62°C; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 387.1605 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>SiNa requires 387.1610]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = -44 (*c* 0.92 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2933m, 2859m, 1745s, 1377m, 1362m, 1215s, 1027s, 837s.<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 0.13 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0,14 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0,91 (s, 9H, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 2.03 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.07 (s, 3H, Ac), 3.57 (dq, *J* = 9.7, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.19 (ddd, *J* = 50.8, 9.3, 7.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.77 (m, 2H, H-C1, H-C4), 5.24 (dt, *J* = 14.1, 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-C3) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -5.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 18.2 (C), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.7 (3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 70.1 (CH, C5), 73.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 19.6 Hz, CH, C3), 73.4 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 7.2 Hz, CH, C4), 91.8 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 190.1 Hz, CH, C2), 95.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 22.6 Hz, CH, C1), 169.9 (C), 170.4 (C)ppm.<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -198.67 (ddd, *J* = 50.8, 14.1, 2.9 Hz) ppm.

**S3:** White solid; m.p. 85-86°C; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 387.1609 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>SiNa requires 387.1610]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = +20 (*c* 0.97 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2936m, 2859m, 1744s, 1371m, 1240s, 1218s, 1200s, 1077s, 1051s, 839s.<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 0.13 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0,15 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0,90 (s, 9H, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 2.05 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.06 (s, 3H, Ac), 3.51 (dq, *J* = 9.6, 6.5 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.68 (dd, *J* = 51.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.84 (d, *J* = 18.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.94 (ddd, *J* = 27.5, 10.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 5.10 (m, 1H, H-C4) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -4.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 18.2 (C), 20.9 (2xCH<sub>3</sub>), 25.8 (3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 70.5 (CH, C5), 70.6 (CH, C4), 72.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.2 Hz, CH, C3), 88.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 190.2 Hz, CH, C2), 93.9 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.2 Hz, CH, C1), 169.9 (C), 170.4 (C) ppm.<sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -220.59 (ddd, *J* = 51.3, 27.5, 18.1 Hz) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-glucopyranose (S4)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.56 mL, 0.56 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S2** (70 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1 eq) in 0.8mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1h at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (52 mg, 75%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 2:1).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 273.0744 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>15</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 273.0745];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -112$  (*c* 2.30 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3460br, 2986w, 2944w, 1749s, 1370m, 1239s, 1216s, 1024s, 912m, 731m.<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.17$  (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6 $\alpha$ ), 1.24 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1.5H, H-C6 $\beta$ ), 2.04 (s, 1.5H, Ac $\beta$ ), 2.05 (s, 3H, Ac $\alpha$ ), 2.07 (s, 3H, Ac $\alpha$ ) 2.08 (s, 1.5H, Ac $\beta$ ), 3.64 (dq, J = 9.8, 6.2 Hz, 0.5H, H-C5 $\beta$ ), 4.17 (dq, J = 9.9, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-C5 $\alpha$ ), 4.25 (ddd, J = 51.0, 9.2, 7.7 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 4.49 (ddd, J = 49.7, 9.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 4.75 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-C4 $\alpha$ ), 4.78 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 0.5H, H-C4 $\beta$ ), 4.87 (dd, J = 7.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\beta$ ), 5.28 (dt, J = 14.1, 9.3 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 5.41 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\alpha$ ), 5.55 (dt, J = 12.2, 9.5

Hz, 1H, H-C3α) ppm.<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 17.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, β), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac β, 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 65.1 (CH, C5α), 70.2 (CH, C5β), 70.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 19.1 Hz, CH, C3α), 72.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 19.4 Hz, CH, C3β), 73.1 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 7.1 Hz, CH, C4β), 73.2 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 7.1 Hz, CH, C4α), 88.3 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 192.7 Hz, CH, C2α), 90.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 21.1 Hz, CH, C1α), 91.0 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 190.6 Hz, CH, C2β), 94.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 22.7 Hz, CH, C1β), 169.8 (C, Acβ), 170.0 (C, Acα), 170.1 (C, Acβ), 170.2 (C, Acα) ppm.<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -199.28 (ddd, J = 51.0, 14.1, 2.8 Hz, β-anomer), -199.81 (dd, J = 49.8, 12.1 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S5)



DBU (2.0  $\mu$ L, 12  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.12 mL, 1.2 mmol, 10 eq) and **S4** (30 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (1.5 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 45 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S5** as a colourless oil (36 mg, 77%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 6:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 2.00 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.02 (s, 3H, Ac), 3.42 (m, 0.5H), 4.05 (m, 1.5H), 4.64 (ddd, *J* = 48.3, 9.6, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dt, *J* = 12.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1β), 6.48 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 8.35 (s, 1H, NHβ), 8.68 (s, 1H, NHα) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -202.21 (ddd, *J* = 48.4, 12.1, 0.7 Hz, α-anomer), -204.49 (m, β-anomer) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-L-glucopyranose (S6) - Table 2, entry 9



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.04 mL, 4  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S5** (16 mg, 0.04 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.03 mL, 0.40 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 6:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S6** as a colourless oil (6 mg, 55%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:16).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 315.1213 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 315.1220];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -18$  (*c* 0.60 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2922m, 2853m, 1751s, 1456w, 1372m, 1236s, 1215s, 1071s, 1043s, 1024s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.21$  (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.23 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 2.04 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.07 (s, 3H, Ac), 3.57 (dq, *J* = 9.7, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.01 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.23 (ddd, *J* = 50.7, 9.2, 7.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.59 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.75 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 5.26 (dt, *J* = 14.5, 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-C3) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 17.3$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 69.9 (CH, C5), 72.5 (CH, C7), 73.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 19.6 Hz, CH, C3), 73.2 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 7.2 Hz, CH, C4), 89.76 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 190.3 Hz, CH, C2), 98.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 22.1 Hz, CH, C1), 169.7

(C, Ac), 170.1 (C, Ac) ppm.<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -199.34 (ddd, *J* = 50.7, 14.5, 2.8 Hz, β-anomer), -200.73 (dd, *J* = 49.9, 11.8 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-mannopyranose (S7)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.56 mL, 0.56 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S3** (102 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1 eq) in 0.8mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1h at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (63 mg, 90%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 5:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 273.0743 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>15</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 273.0745]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -44 (*c* 0.95 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3429br, 2984w, 2919w, 1734s, 1371m, 1220s, 1048s, 909s, 728s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.17 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 0.6H, H-C6β), 1.96 (s, 3H, Acα), 1.97 (s, 3H, Acβ), 2.00 (s, 3H, Acα), 2.01 (s, 3H, Acβ), 3.47 (m, 0.2H, H-C5β), 4.02 (m, 1H, H-C5α), 4.69 (dt, *J* = 50.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 4.90 (ddd, *J* = 34.0, 6.0, 2.1 Hz, H-C2β), 5.02 (td, *J* = 9.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 5.15 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.6 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3α) 5.22-5.25 (m, 1.5H, H-C1α, H-C3α) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 17.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 66.4 (CH, C5α), 69.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.7 Hz, CH, C3α), 70.1 (CH, C4β), 70.4 (CH, C5β), 70.9 (CH, C4α), 71.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.0 Hz, CH, C3β), 86.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 178.1 Hz, CH, C2α), 88.6 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 184.4 Hz, CH, C2β), 91.6 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 29.6 Hz, CH, C1α), 92.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.4 Hz, CH, C1β), 169.7 (C, Acβ), 169.9 (C, Acα), 170.3 (C, Acα), 171.3 (C, Acβ) ppm.<sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -204.31 (dddt, *J* = 50.0, 28.8, 7.2, 1.0 Hz, α-anomer, -223.21 (m, β-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S8)



DBU (40  $\mu$ L, 25  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.25 mL, 2.5 mmol, 10 eq) and **S7** (63 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (5 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 1h and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S8** as a colourless oil (87 mg, 88%,  $\alpha$  only).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 2.01 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.05 (s, 3H, Ac), 4.04 (m, 1H), 4.88 (dt, *J* = 48.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.11-5.28 (m, 2H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 8.70 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -204.49 (m) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-L-mannopyranose (S9) – Table 2, entry 10



A 0.2M solution of TMSOTF (0.10 mL, 20  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S8** (80 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.15 mL, 2.00 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (4 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at 0°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at 0°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 6:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S9** as a colourless oil (38 mg, 66%,  $\alpha$  only).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 315.1221 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 315.1220];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -69$  (*c* 3.80 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2978w, 2938w, 1743s, 1371m, 1235s, 1217s, 1133m, 1072m, 1046s, 981m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.15$  (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 2.04 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.08 (s, 3H, Ac), 3.88-3.96 (m, 2H, H-C5, H-C7), 4.66 (dt, *J* = 50.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.99 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 5.08 (td, *J* = 9.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 5.22 (ddd, *J* = 29.0, 10.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H-C3) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 17.3$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 70.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.6 Hz, CH, C3), 70.2 (CH, C4), 87.9 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 178.8 Hz, CH, C2), 95.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 29.0 Hz, CH, C1), 169.8 (C, Ac), 170.2 (C, Ac) ppm.<sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -203.16 (dddt, *J* = 50.3, 29.0, 7.6, 1.1 Hz) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-glucopyranose (S10)



3,4-Di-O-acetyl-6-deoxy-L-glucal (100 mg, 0.47 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 1.5 mL of THF, and HBr•PPh<sub>3</sub> (16 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.10 eq) was added as a solid. The mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature, and H<sub>2</sub>O (0.01 mL, 0.71 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added. The reaction was allowed to progress overnight at r.t., and the following day it was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S10** as a colourless oil (81 mg, 74%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 2:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (**ESI**) found: 255.0839 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Na requires 255.0840]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -27 (*c* 4.10 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3434br, 3983w, 2941w, 1826w, 1738s, 1368m, 1224s, 1125m, 1046s, 1002m, 730s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1.5H, H-C6β), 1.66 (ddd, *J* = 12.4, 11.8, 9.7 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2β), 1.77 (ddd, *J* = 12.9, 11.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 2.00 (s, 3H, Acα), 2.02 (s, 1.5H, Acβ), 2.04 (s, 1.5H, Acβ), 2.05 (s, 3H, Acα), 2.26 (ddd, *J* = 12.8, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 2.38 (ddd, *J* = 12.4, 5.2, 2.1 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2β), 3.53 (dq, *J* = 9.6, 6.2 Hz, 0.5H, H-C5β), 4.11 (dq, *J* = 9.8, 6.3 Hz, 1H, H-C5α), 4.74 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1.5H, H-C4α, H-C4β), 4.89 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 0.5H, H-C1β), 4.98 (ddd, *J* = 11.8, 9.4, 5.3 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3β), 5.31 (m, 1H, H-C3α), 5.34 (m, 1H, H-C1α) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 20.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 21.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 35.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2α), 37.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2β), 65.7 (CH, C5α), 68.2 (CH, C3α), 70.1 (CH, C5β), 70.5 (CH, C3β), 70.4 (CH, C4β), 74.8 (CH, C4α), 94.5 (CH,C1α), 93.5 (CH, C1β), 170.0 (C, Acβ), 170.2 (C, Acα), 170.3 (C, Acα), 170.4 (C, Acβ) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-acetyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S11)



**\$10** (40 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 1.5 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cs_2CO_3$  (10 mg, 0.03 mmol, 0.2 eq) was added in one portion, followed by  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.09 mL, 0.85 mmol, 5 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2h, filtered through a celite pad and used in the following reaction with no further purification.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy -3,4-di-O-acetyl-L-glucopyranose (S12) – Table 2, entry 12



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTF (0.17 mL, 0.17 mmol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S11** (64 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.13 mL, 1.70 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (3.5 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S12** as a colourless oil (45 mg, 96%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:1).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (**ESI**) found: 297.1333 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>,  $C_{13}H_{22}O_6$ Na requires 297.1309];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -24$  (*c* 4.50 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 29975w, 2938w, 1743s, 1368m, 1242s, 1222s, 1047s, 1007s, 921m, 731m. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.05$ -1.17 (m, 18H, H-C6 $\alpha$ , H-C6 $\beta$ , H-C8 $\alpha$ , H-C8 $\beta$ ), 1.64 (td, *J* = 12.1, 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 1.72 (ddd, *J* = 12.9, 11.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 1.93 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.95 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.97 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.98 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.08 (ddd, *J* = 12.7, 5.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 2.18 (ddd, *J* = 12.5, 5.3, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 3.75-3.95 (m, 3H, H-C5 $\alpha$ , H-C7 $\alpha$ , H-C7 $\beta$ ), 4.55 (dd, *J* = 9.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\beta$ ), 4.66 (td, *J* = 9.6, 4.6 Hz, 2H, H-C4 $\alpha$ , H-C4 $\beta$ ), 4.87-4.93 (m, 2H, H-C1 $\alpha$ , H-C3 $\beta$ ), 5.22 (ddd, *J* = 11.7, 9.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H, H-C3 $\alpha$ ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 17.5$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 20.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 21.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 21.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 35.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\alpha$ ), 37.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\beta$ ), 65.5 (CH, C5 $\alpha$ ), 68.8 (CH, C7), 69.2 (CH, C3 $\alpha$ ), 69.9 (CH, C5 $\beta$ ), 70.9 (CH, C3 $\beta$ ), 71.0 (CH, C7), 74.2 (CH, C4), 75.1 (CH, C7), 94.5 (CH, C1 $\alpha$ ), 97.2 (CH, C1 $\beta$ ), 170.0 (C, Ac), 170.2 (C, Ac), 170.3 (C, Ac), 170.4 (C, Ac) ppm.



2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-D-galactopyranose (S13)



SelectFluor<sup>M</sup> (250 mg, 0.71 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added at to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-D-fucal (100 mg, 0.47 mmol, 1.0 eq) in acetone (2 mL) and water (0.4 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvents were then evaporated and the residue dissolved in DCM and a sat. aq. solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM and the combined organic phases dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The crude was filtered through silica using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (7:1), to afford **S13** as a white solid (92 mg, 79%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 2:1).

White solid; m.p. 128-130°C; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 273.0745 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>15</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 273.0745]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>*p*</sub> = +12 (*c* 0.45 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3399br, 1740s, 1716s, 1371m, 1249m, 1219m, 1044m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.5H, H-C6β), 2.05 (s, 3H, Acα), 2.06 (s, 1.5H, Acβ), 2.16 (s, 3H, Acα), 2.17 (s, 1.5H, Acβ), 3.11 (brs, 1H, OHα), 3.57 (brs, 0.5H, OHβ), 3.89 (qd, *J* = 6.5, 1.2 Hz, 0.5H, H-C5β), 4.38-4.46 (m, 1.25H, H-C5α, H-C2β), 4.53 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 7.6 Hz, 0.25H, H-C2β), 4.71 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 3.8 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2α), 4.82-4.89 (m, 1H, H-C2α, H-C1β), 5.11 (ddd, *J* = 13.2, 9.8, 3.5 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3β), 5.27 (ddd, *J* = 3.8, 2.7, 1.1 Hz, 0.5H, H-C4β), 5.34 (td, *J* = 3.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 5.43-5.49 (m, 2H, H-C1α, H-C3α) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 15.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 15.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 20.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acβ), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Acα), 64.7 (CH, C5α), 68.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 18.5 Hz, CH, C3α), 69.5 (CH, C5β), 70.9 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.2 Hz, CH, C4β), 71.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 18.5 Hz, CH, C3β), 71.7 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 7.7 Hz, CH, C4α), 85.9 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 188.5 Hz, CH, C2α), 89.3 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 186.3 Hz, CH, C2β), 90.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 21.3 Hz, CH, C1α), 94.8 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 23.1 Hz, CH, C1β), 170.1 (2xC, Ac), 170.5 (2xC, Ac) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -207.51 (dddd, *J* = 51.8, 13.0, 3.9, 2.7 Hz,  $\beta$ -anomer), -207.80 (ddd, *J* = 50.3, 11.3, 3.4 Hz,  $\alpha$ -anomer) ppm.

2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-D-galactopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S14)



DBU (60 µL, 40 µmol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.36 mL, 3.6 mmol, 10 eq) and **X** (90 mg, 0.36 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (3.0 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 45 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S14** as a colourless oil (85 mg, 60%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 8:1). Only the  $\alpha$  anomer was obtained pure after the filtration and used directly in the following reaction.

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 2.08 (s, 3H, Ac), 2.19 (s, 3H, Ac), 4.39 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.98 (ddd, *J* = 49.0, 10.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.42-5.47 (m, 1H), 5.51 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 8.73 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -208.41 (dddd, *J* = 51.9, 13.1, 4.0, 2.7 Hz, β-anomer), -209.77 (ddd, *J* = 49.0, 10.9, 3.6 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-acetyl-D-glucopyranose (S15) – Table 2, entry 11



TMSOTf (4.0  $\mu$ L, 20  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S14** (73 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.15 mL, 1.90 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (4 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S15** as a white solid (49 mg, 86%,  $\beta$  only).

White solid; m.p. 97-99°C; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 315.1214 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>Na requires 315.1214]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -33 (*c* 0.45 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>1714s, 1604s, 1454m, 1251m, 1072m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 2.04 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>-Ac), 2.14 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>-Ac), 3.80 (qd, *J* = 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.01 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.44 (ddd, *J* = 51.3, 9.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 5.09 (ddd, *J* = 13.4, 9.7, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 5.24 (ddd, *J* = 3.7, 2.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 26.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Ac), 21.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 69.0 (CH, C5), 70.9 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.3 Hz, CH, C4), 71.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 18.8 Hz, CH, C3), 88.0 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 186.2 Hz, CH, C2), 99.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 22.3 Hz, CH, C1), 170.1 (C, Ac), 170.5 (C, Ac) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -207.20 (dddd, *J* = 51.1, 13.3, 4.3, 2.6 Hz) ppm.



1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6 -dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-α-L-glucopyranose (S16)



NaOMe (7 mg, 0.12 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of **S2** (112 mg, 0.31 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (3 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (1.5 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (56 mg, 1.40 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. BnBr (0.17 mL, 1.40 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S16** as a colourless oil (141 mg, 99%).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (**ESI**) found: 483.2336 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>37</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>SiNa requires 483.2337];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 0$  (*c* 1.40 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2927w, 2857w, 1454w, 1070s, 1027m, 838m, 733s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 0.14$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.93 (s, 9H, 3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.21 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.41 (dq, *J* = 9.6, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.71 (dt, *J* = 14.8, 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 4.24 (ddd, *J* = 51.0, 8.8, 7.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.63 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.68 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.73 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.89 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 5.9 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 7.28-7.37 (m, 10H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -5.2$  (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 18.1 (C), 25.6 (3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 71.3 (CH, C5), 74.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 82.6 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.4 Hz, CH, C4), 83.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.2 Hz, CH, C3), 95.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 23.3 Hz, CH, C1), 95.5 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 186.8 Hz, CH, C2), 127.6 (CH, Ar), 127.8 (CH, Ar), 127.9 (CH, Ar), 128.0 (CH, Ar), 128.3 (CH, Ar), 128.4

(CH, Ar), 138.1 (C, Ar), 138.3 (C, Ar) ppm. 14.6, 2.7 Hz) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-glucopyranose (S17)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.56 mL, 0.56 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S16** (120 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 eq) in 0.8mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 45 min at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (47 mg, 52%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1.2:1).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z **(ESI)** found: 369.1470 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 369.1473];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -10$  (*c* 0.78 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3400br, 2936w, 1454w, 1063s, 1024s, 737s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.26$  (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6β), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 3.15 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5β), 3.22 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5α), 3.48 (dq, *J* = 9.4, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 3.75 (dt, *J* = 14.8, 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-C3α), 4.02-4.11 (m, 2H, H-C3β, H-C4β), 4.27 (ddd, *J* = 51.3, 8.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 4.50 (ddd, *J* = 49.7, 9.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2β), 4.64 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnα, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnβ), 4.74-4.78 (m, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnα, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnβ, H-C1α), 4.88-4.92 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnα, CH<sub>2</sub>Bnβ), 5.35 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1β) 7.28-7.38 (m, 10H, Arα, Arβ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 17.7$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 66.8 (CH, C4β), 71.6 (CH, C4α), 74.9 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 2.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.1 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 2.0 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 80.0 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 15.9 Hz, CH, C3β), 82.4 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 7.4 Hz, CH, C5α), 82.7 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 8.1 Hz, CH, C5β), 82.9 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 16.0 Hz, CH, C3α), 90.5 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 21.6 Hz, CH, C1β), 92.0 (d, <sup>1</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 190.0 Hz, CH, C2β), 94.3 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 12.6 Hz, CH, C1α), 95.0 (d, <sup>1</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 197.7 Hz, CH, C2α), 127.7 (CH, Ar), 127.7 (CH, Ar), 127.8 (CH, Ar), 127.8 (CH, Ar), 137.9 (C, Ar), 138.0 (C, Ar), 138.1 (C, Ar), 138.3 (C, Ar) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -195.63$  (ddd, *J* = 51.0, 14.9, 2.8 Hz, β anomer), -197.44 (dd, *J* = 49.7, 12.5 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S18)



DBU (2  $\mu$ L, 0.8  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.08 mL, 0.80 mmol, 10 eq) and **S17** (26 mg, 0.08 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 1h and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S18** as a colourless oil (33 mg, 89%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 7:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 0.6H, H-C6β), 3.24 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-C5α), 3.29 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 0.2H, H-C5β), 3.97 (dq, *J* = 10.1, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 3.9 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2α), 4.65 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.74-4.82 (m, 1.5H, H-C2α, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.92 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 1.6 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.86 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 3.4 Hz, 0.2H, H-C1β), 6.46 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 7.29-7.41 (m, 10H, Ar), 8.66 (s, 1H, NHα), 8.69 (s, 1H, NHβ) ppm.<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -196.42 (ddd, *J* = 51.7, 15.5, 3.8 Hz, β-anomer), -199.74 (dd, *J* = 48.5, 12.0 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-L-glucopyranose (\$19) - Table 2, entry 1



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.05 mL, 5  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S18** (26 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.04 mL, 0.50 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S19** as a colourless oil (16 mg, 84%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:16).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 411.1935 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 411.1935]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +14 (*c* 0.70 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2969w , 2896w, 1453m, 1355m, 1097s, 1058s, 1019s, 982s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.20 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.40 (dq, *J* = 9.5, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.73 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 8.7 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 3.99 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.30 (dt, *J* = 50.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.63 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.90 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 3.4 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 7.29-7.38 (m, 10H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 17.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 71.2 (CH, C5), 72.1 (CH, C7), 74.7 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 1.0 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 82.56 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.5 Hz, CH, C4), 83.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.3 Hz, CH, C3), 93.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 187.0 Hz, CH, C2), 98.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 23.0 Hz, CH, C1), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.3 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 138.0 (C, Ph), 138.2 (C, Ph) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -195.07 (ddd, *J* = 50.8, 15.2, 3.2 Hz, β-anomer), -198.37 (dd, *J* = 49.9, 12.1 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.



<u>1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6 -dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-α-L-mannopyranose (S20)</u>



NaOMe (7 mg, 0.12 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of **S3** (110 mg, 0.31 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (3 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (5 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (56 mg, 1.40 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 45 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. BnBr (0.17 mL, 1.40 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S20** as a colourless oil (141 mg, 99%).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z **(ESI)** found: 483.2336 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>37</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>SiNa requires 483.2337];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +6$  (*c* 1.80 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2929w, 2856w, 1454w, 1207w, 1077s, 873s, 781m, 733s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 0.12$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.15 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.92 (s, 9H, 3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.35 (dq, *J* = 8.6, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.49-3.59 (m, 2H, H-C3, H-C4), 4.65 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H-C2), 4.67 (dd, *J* = 51.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.71 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.79 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.94 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 7.30-7.38 (m, 10H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -5.0$  (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 25.8 (3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 35.5 (C), 71.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 71.7 (CH, C5), 75.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 79.6 (CH, C4), 80.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 17.6 Hz, CH, C3), 88.2 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 188.3 Hz, CH, C1), 94.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 16.1 Hz, CH, C2), 127.6 (CH, Ph), 127.7

(CH, Ph), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 128.1 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.5 (CH, Ph), 137.8 (C, Ph), 138.3 (C, Ph) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (546 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -220.54 (ddd, *J* = 50.8, 30.8, 18.2 Hz) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-mannopyranose (S21)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.51 mL, 0.51 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S20** (120 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 eq) in 1 mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 35 min at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (58 mg, 64%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 3:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 369.1480 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 369.1473]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -18 (*c* 0.90 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3377br, 2934w, 1454m, 1057s, 977m, 735s, 696s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.28 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H, H-C6β), 3.45 (td, *J* = 9.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.5 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3α), 3.93 – 3.84 (m, 1.5H, H-C5α, H-C3α), 4.58 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.62 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2α), 4.75 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2H, Bn), 4.85 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2α), 4.94 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 5.30 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 7.29-7.41 (m, 13H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 17.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 68.1 (CH, C5α), 71.7 (CH, C5β), 72.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnβ), 72.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 75.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 77.9 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.1 Hz, CH, C3α), 79.3 (CH, C4β), 79.9 (CH, C4α), 87.3 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 175.3 Hz, C2α), 88.4 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 182.0 Hz, C2β), 92.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 30.0 Hz, C2α), 92.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.2 Hz, C2β), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 138.8 (C, Phα), 138.1 (C, Phβ), 138.3 (C, Phα) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -204.35 (ddd, *J* = 49.7, 30.0, 7.4 Hz, α-anomer), -223.31 (ddd, *J* = 48.7, 29.7, 18.1 Hz, β-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S22)



DBU (10  $\mu$ L, 0.01 mmol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.10 mL, 1.00 mmol, 10 eq) and **S21** (35 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 40 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S22** as a colourless oil (45 mg, 91%,  $\alpha$  only).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.61 (td, *J* = 9.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83-3.96 (m, 2H), 4.66-4.69 (m, 1.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H-C2), 4.77 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.83 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 0.5H, H-C1), 4.95

(d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 6.31 (dd, J = 6.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 7.29-7.41 (m, 10H, Ph), 8.64 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -204.63$  (ddd, J = 48.9, 29.3, 6.2 Hz) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-L-mannopyranose (S23) – Table 2, entry 2



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.06 mL, 6  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S22** (32 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.05 mL, 0.60 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at 0°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at 0°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S23** as a colourless oil ( $\alpha$ -anomer: 12 mg,  $\beta$ -anomer: 11mg, 92% global yield).

**α-anomer**: **Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (**ESI**) found: 411.1933 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 411.1942]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -33 (*c* 1.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2973w, 2915w, 1455w, 1115m, 1057s, 1028m, 981m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.17 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.51 (td, *J* = 9.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.76-3.85 (m, 1.5H, H-C3, H-C5), 3.86-3.94 (m, 1.5H, H-C3, H-C7), 4.61-4.65 (m, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.69-4.78 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.92 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.99 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 7.27-7.41 (m, 10H, Ph) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 67.8 (CH, C5), 69.7 (CH, C7), 72.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 78.8 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.2 Hz, CH, C3), 80.3 (CH, C4), 87.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 176.0 Hz, CH, C2), 95.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 29.0 Hz, CH, C1), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.6 (CH, Ph), 138.3 (C, Ph), 138.5 (C, Ph) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -203.18 (ddd, *J* = 50.2, 30.2, 7.7 Hz) ppm.

**β-anomer:** Colourless oil; [m/z (ESI) found: 411.1933 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 411.1942]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = +15 (*c* 1.10 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2974w, 2871w, 1455w, 1369w, 1189w, 1103s, 1070s, 907w, 734s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.10 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.27 (dq, *J* = 8.6, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.41-3.52 (m, 2H, H-C3, H-C4), 3.94 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.39 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.557-4.63 (m, 2.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H-C2), 4.71 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.74 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2), 4.87 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 7.21-7.32 (m, 10H, Ph) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 71.4 (CH, C7), 71.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 71.6 (CH, C7), 75.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 79.7 (CH, C4), 80.5 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.7 Hz, CH, C3), 87.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 187.1 Hz, CH, C2), 96.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 15.5 Hz, CH, C1), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.1 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.5 (CH, Ph), 137.7 (C, Ph), 138.2 (C, Ph) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -219.31 (m) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-glucal (S24)



NaOMe (51 mg, 0.94 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-L-glucal (500 mg, 2.34 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (20 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (10 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (421 mg, 10.53 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. BnBr (1.25 mL, 10.53 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$  and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S24** as a colourless oil (717 mg, 99%), the spectroscopical data of which coincided with previous literature reports (*Org. Lett.*, **2013**, *15* (*13*), 3428-31).



**S24** (44 mg, 0.14 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 0.5 mL of THF, and HBr•PPh<sub>3</sub> (2 mg, 7  $\mu$ mol, 0.05 eq) was added as a solid. The mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature, and H<sub>2</sub>O (4  $\mu$ L, 0.21 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added. The reaction was allowed to progress overnight at r.t., and the following day it was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S25** as a white solid (22 mg, 48%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1.7:1), the spectroscopical data of which coincided with previous literature reports (*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2007**, 46, 2505-7).

2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-benzyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S26)



**S25** (19 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 0.5 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cs_2CO_3$  (4 mg, 1.2 µmol, 0.2 eq) was added in one portion, followed by  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.03 mL, 0.30 mmol, 5 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2h, filtered through a celite pad and used in the following reaction with no further purification.

### 1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-3,4-di-O-benzyl-L-glucopyranose (S27) – Table 2, entry 4



A 0.2M solution of TMSOTf (0.03 mL, 6  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S26** (28 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.05 mL, 0.60 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S27** as a colourless oil (15 mg, 68%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 3.1:1).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 393.2029 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>35</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na requires 393.2036];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -25$  (*c* 1.50 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\mathbf{v}_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2971w, 2932w, 1451w, 1380w, 1366w, 1092s, 1064s, 999s, 911w. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.12$  (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8 $\alpha$ ), 1.15 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 0.9H, H-C8 $\beta$ ), 1.17 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6 $\alpha$ ), 1.24 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C6 $\beta$ ), 1.28 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8 $\alpha$ ), 1.32 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C8 $\beta$ ), 1.63 (m, 0.3H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 1.69 (ddd, J = 13.2, 11.5, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 2.25 (ddd, J = 12.8, 5.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 2.30 (ddd, J = 12.6, 5.2, 1.9 Hz, 0.3H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 3.13 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 1.3H, H-C5 $\alpha$ , H-C5 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9Hz, 0.3H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.32 (dq, J = 5.2 Hz, 0.9Hz, 0.3Hz, 0.3Hz

9.2, 6.1 Hz, 0.3H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.63 (ddd, *J* = 12.2, 8.8, 5.4 Hz, 0.3H, H-C4 $\beta$ ), 3.79 (dq, *J* = 9.7, 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-C3 $\alpha$ ), 3.86 (h, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1.3H, H-C7 $\alpha$ , H-C7 $\beta$ ), 3.98 (ddd, *J* = 11.5, 8.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-C4 $\alpha$ ), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 2.0 Hz, 0.3H, H-C1 $\beta$ ), 4.59-4.70 (m, 4H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph $\alpha$ , CH<sub>2</sub>Ph $\beta$ ), 4.95 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1.3H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph $\alpha$ , CH<sub>2</sub>Ph $\beta$ ), 4.97 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\alpha$ ), 7.27-7.36 (m, 13H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 18.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8 $\alpha$ ), 18.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8 $\beta$ ), 21.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8 $\alpha$ ), 21.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8 $\beta$ ), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6 $\alpha$ ), 23.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6 $\beta$ ), 36.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\alpha$ ), 37.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\beta$ ), 67.1 (CH, C3 $\alpha$ ), 68.0 (CH, C7 $\alpha$ , C7 $\beta$ ), 71.3 (CH, C3 $\beta$ ), 71.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn $\beta$ ), 71.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn $\alpha$ ), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn $\beta$ ), 75.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn $\alpha$ ), 77.6 (CH, C4 $\alpha$ ), 79.4 (C4 $\beta$ ), 83.7 (CH, C5 $\beta$ ), 84.5 (CH, C5 $\alpha$ ), 94.7 (CH, C1 $\alpha$ ), 97.5 (CH, C1 $\beta$ ), 127.5 (CH, Ar $\alpha$ ), 127.6 (CH, Ar $\alpha$ ), 127.6 (CH, Ar $\beta$ ), 138.5 (C, Ar $\beta$ ), 138.6 (C, Ar $\alpha$ ), 138.8 (C, Ar $\alpha$ ) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-benzyl- D-fucal (S28)



NaOMe (20 mg, 0.37 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-D-fucal (200 mg, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (1.8 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (2.5 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (171 mg, 4.19 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. BnBr (0.54 mL, 4.19 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$  and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and

filtered, and the solvent removed. Filtration through silica gel using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S28** as a colourless oil that was directly used in the following step.

2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-D-galactopyranose (S29)



SelectFluor<sup>M</sup> (149 mg, 0.42 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added at to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-benzyl-6-deoxy-D-fucal (87 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1.0 eq) in acetone (1 mL) and water (0.2 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvents were then evaporated and the residue dissolved in DCM and a sat. aq. solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM and the combined organic phases dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The crude was filtered through silica using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (7:1), to afford **S29** as a colourless oil (51 mg, 53%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 2:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 369.1471 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 369.1473]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +57 (*c* 1.00 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3410br, 2882w, 1454w, 1132m, 1063s, 1025s, 732s, 696s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.5H, H-C6β), 3.58 (m, 0.5H, H-C5β), 3.60-3.66 (m, 1H, H-C3β, H-C4β), 3.70 (ddd, *J* = 4.3, 3.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 4.04 (ddd, *J* = 10.7, 9.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-C3α), 4.15 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H, H-C5α), 4.59 (ddd, *J* = 10.3, 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 0.25H, H-C2β), 4.64-4.76 (m, 4H, CH<sub>2</sub>Phα, CH<sub>2</sub>Phβ, H-C1β, H-C2β), 4.82 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Phα), 4.85 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 0.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Phβ), 4.98 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Phα, CH<sub>2</sub>Phβ), 4.98 (ddd, *J* = 50.4, 9.8, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 5.44 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 7.28-7.42 (m, 15H, Arα, Arβ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 16.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 66.8 (CH, C5α), 71.3 (CH, C5β), 72.9 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 2.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnβ), 73.1 (d, <sup>4</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 2.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 74.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnβ), 74.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 76.9 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 14.2 Hz, CH, C3α), 77.2 (CH, C4β), 78.2 (d, <sup>3</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 8.5 Hz, CH, C4α), 80.4 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 15.7 Hz, CH, C3β), 89.8 (d, <sup>1</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 185.5 Hz, CH, C2α), 91.1 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 21.5 Hz, CH, C1α), 93.6 (d, <sup>1</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 182.9 Hz, CH, C2β), 95.2 (d, <sup>2</sup><sub>J<sub>CF</sub></sub> = 24.1 Hz, CH, C1β), 127.5 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (2xC, Phβ), 138.2 (C, Phα), 138.3 (c, Phα) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -205.81 (m, β-anomer), -207.49 (ddd, *J* = 50.4, 10.8, 4.1 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-D-galactopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S30)



DBU (10  $\mu$ L, 10  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.10 mL, 1.00 mmol, 10 eq) and **S29** (34 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (2.0 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 30 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S30** as a colourless oil (41 mg, 85%,  $\alpha$  only).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.68 (m, 1H), 4.00-4.07 (m, 2H), 4.63 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 11.7 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.79 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (ddd, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 5.10 (dddd

49.4, 9.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 6.47 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 7.21-7.35 (m, 10H, Ar), 8.54 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -209.59 (ddd, J = 49.4, 10.1, 4.3 Hz) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-D-glucopyranose (S31) – Table 2, entry 3



TMSOTf (4.0  $\mu$ L, 20  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S30** (100 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.15 mL, 1.90 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (4 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S31** as a colourless oil (72 mg, 91%,  $\beta$  only).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z **(ESI)** found: 411.1945 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 411.1942];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -23$  (*c* 0.50 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2975m, 2874m, 1454m, 1364s, 1117s, 1065m, 1026s, 730s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.20$  (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.21 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.28 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 3.49 (qd, J = 6.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.60-3.64 (m, 2H, H-C3, H-C4), 4.01 (hept, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.46 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.2 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.64 (ddt, J = 9.6, 7.6, 1.9 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2), 4.70-4.74 (m, 2.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph,H-C2), 4.83 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.97 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 7.26-7.41 (m, 10H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 16.7$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 70.6 (CH, C5), 71.5 (CH, C7), 72.9 (d, <sup>4</sup> $J_{CF} = 2.4$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>-Bn), 74.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>-Bn), 76.9 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF} = 8.9$  Hz, CH, C4), 80.9 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} = 15.6$  Hz, CH, C3), 91.9 (d, <sup>1</sup> $J_{CF} = 182.7$  Hz, CH, C2), 99.1 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} = 22.9$  Hz, CH, C1), 127.5 (CH Ar), 127.6 (CH Ar), 127.7 (CH Ar), 128.2 (CH Ar), 128.4 (CH Ar), 128.6 (CH Ar), 138.2 (C Ar), 138.3 (C Ar) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -205.65$  (ddt, J = 51.9, 11.3, 4.1 Hz) ppm.



<u>1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6 -dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-L-glucopyranose (S32)</u>



NaOMe (9 mg, 0.17 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of **S2** (158 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (4 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (1.5 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (52 mg, 1.29 mmol, 3.0 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. AllylBr (0.11 mL, 1.29 mmol, 3.0 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S32** as a colourless oil (125 mg, 80%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:3).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z **(ESI)** found: 383.2017 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>33</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>SiNa requires 383.2024];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -11$  (*c* 0.84 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\mathbf{v}_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2929w, 2858w, 1254w, 1072s, 1028m, 923m, 838s, 782s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 0.12$  (s, 4H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.13 (s, 4H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.91 (s, 12H, 3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6 $\beta$ ), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C6 $\alpha$ ), 3.03 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-C4 $\beta$ ), 3.02 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 0.3H, H-C4 $\alpha$ ), 3.34 (dtd, *J* = 12.4, 6.2, 3.3 Hz, 1.3H, H-C5 $\beta$ , H-C5 $\alpha$ ), 3.51 (ddt, *J* = 21.7, 15.0, 8.8 Hz, 1.3H, H-C3 $\beta$ , H-C3 $\alpha$ ), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 7.4 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 4.11 – 4.22 (m, 2.3H, Allyl), 4.26 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 7.8 Hz, 0.15H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 4.30-4.37 (m, 2.3H, Allyl), 4.45 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.8 Hz, 0.3H, H-C1 $\alpha$ ), 4.63 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\beta$ ), 5.15-5.35 (m, 5.2H, Allyl), 5.87-5.97 (m, 2.6H, Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -5.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>),

C6α, C6β), 25.6 (3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 31.9 (C), 71.2 (CH, C5α, C5β), 73.6 (d,  ${}^{4}J_{CF}$  =2.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 73.7 (d,  ${}^{4}J_{CF}$  =2.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 74.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 74.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 82.3 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{CF}$  = 8.5 Hz, CH, C4α), 82.4 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{CF}$  = 8.3 Hz, CH, C4β), 82.6 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 16.2 Hz, CH, C3β), 82.7 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 16.2 Hz, CH, C3α), 93.1 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 187.7 Hz, CH, C2α), 95.0 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 23.2 Hz, CH, C1β), 95.1 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 186.8 Hz, CH, C2β), 99.1 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 22.8 Hz, CH, C1α), 116.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 117.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 117.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 117.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 134.6 (CH, Allylα), 134.7 (CH, Allylβ), 134.8 (CH, Allylα), 134.9 (CH, Allylβ) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -195.40 (ddd, *J* = 51.0, 15.0, 3.1 Hz, β-anomer), -196.37 (m, α-anomer) ppm.

#### 2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-glucopyranose (S33)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.53 mL, 0.53 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S32** (95 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 eq) in 1mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 45 min at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (31 mg, 48%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1.3:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m*/*z* (**ESI**) found: 269.1160 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 269.1172]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -37 (*c* 1.00 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3378br, 2935w, 1062s, 1024m, 923m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6β), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2.3H, H-C6α), 2.97 (t, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-C4β), 3.04 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 0.8H, H-C4α), 3.41 (dq, *J* = 9.5, 6.1 Hz, 0.8H, H-C5α), 3.54 (dt, *J* = 14.9, 8.8 Hz, 0.8H, H-C3α), 3.86 (dt, *J* = 12.7, 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C3β), 3.96 (dq, *J* = 9.7, 6.3 Hz, 1H, H-C5β), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 7.7 Hz, 0.4H, H-C2α), 4.11-4.25 (m, 4.4H, Allyl, H-C2α), 4.29-4.37 (m, 3.5H, Allyl, H-C2β), 4.43 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 3.9 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2β), 4.72 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 2.9 Hz, 0.8H, H-C1α), 5.16-5.32 (m, 8.2H, Allyl, H-C1β), 5.86-6.00 (m, 3.6H, Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.7 (2xCH<sub>3</sub>, C6α, C6β), 65.6 (CH, C5β), 70.5 (CH, C5α), 72.7 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 2.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 72.8 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 2.1 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 73.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 78.5 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.1 Hz, CH, C3β), 81.3 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.3 Hz, CH, C4α), 81.5 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.4 Hz, CH, C3α), 81.6 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.2 Hz, CH, C4β), 89.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 21.4 Hz, CH, C1α), 90.5 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 190.2 Hz, CH, C2β), 93.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 23.4 Hz, CH, C1β), 93.4 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 187.3 Hz, CH, C2α), 115.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 116.1 (2xCH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 116.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 133.6 (CH, Allyl), 133.7 (2xCH, Allyl), 138.9 (CH, Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -196.47 (ddd, *J* = 51.3, 15.0, 2.9 Hz, β-anomer), -197.99 (dd, *J* = 49.6, 12.8 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S34)



DBU (1  $\mu$ L, 0.8  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.08 mL, 0.80 mmol, 10 eq) and **S33** (20 mg, 0.08 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (1.5 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 30 min and the solvents

evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S34** as a colourless oil (27 mg, 88%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 10:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.07 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.87-3.98 (m, 2H), 4.13-4.28 (m, 2H, Allyl), 4.32-4.41 (m, 2H, Allyl), 4.56 (ddd, *J* = 48.5, 9.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.20 (ddt, *J* = 10.3, 2.8, 1.3 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.30 (ddq, *J* = 17.2, 4.7, 1.6 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.86-6.02 (m, 2H, Allyl), 6.42 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 8.65 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F** NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -197.25 (ddd, *J* = 51.5, 15.7, 3.4 Hz, β-anomer), -200.35 (dd, *J* = 48.5, 12.2 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-L-glucopyranose (S35) – Table 2, entry 5



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.06 mL, 6  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S34**(23 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.05 mL, 0.60 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S35** as a colourless oil (13 mg, 76%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:16).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (**ESI**) found: 311.1639 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>25</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 311.1629]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -4 (*c* 1.80 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2977w, 2876w, 1383w, 1125m, 1102s, 1065s, 1026s, 921s, 832w. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.02 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 3.34 (dq, *J* = 9.4, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.52 (dt, *J* = 15.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.97 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.07-4.24 (m, 3H, Allyl, H-C2), 4.33 (dddt, *J* = 11.1, 5.5, 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 4.46 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 5.17 (dp, *J* = 10.3, 1.4 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.28 (ddq, *J* = 17.2, 10.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.99 – 5.85 (m, 2H, Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 20.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 70.2 (CH, C5), 71.0 (CH, C7), 72.6 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 2.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 73.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 81.3 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.4 Hz, CH, C4), 81.8 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 16.3 Hz, CH, C3), 92.2 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 187.1 Hz, CH, C2), 97.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 22.9 Hz, CH, C1), 116.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 116.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 133.7 (CH, Allyl), 133.9 (CH, Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -196.00 (ddd, *J* = 51.0, 15.4, 3.0 Hz, β-anomer) ppm.



1-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-2, 6 -dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-β-L-mannopyranose (S36)



NaOMe (7mg, 0.13 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of **S3** (119 mg, 0.33 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (3 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (1 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (60 mg, 1.49 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 45 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. AllylBr (0.13 mL, 1.49 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$  and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S36** as a colourless oil (96 mg, 81%).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 383.2030 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>,  $C_{18}H_{33}FO_4SiNa$  requires 383.2024];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12$  (*c* 1.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2928m, 2856m, 1129m, 1079s, 924m, 837s, 781s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 0.12$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.91 (s, 9H, 3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.34 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.285-3.35 (m, 2.5H, H-C5, H-C4, 0.5H-C3), 3.41 (dd, J = 9.2, 2.3 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3), 4.13 (ddq, J = 12.4, 6.0, 1.4 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 4.21 (ddt, J = 12.9, 5.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 4.35 (ddt, J = 12.4, 5.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 4.57 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 0.5H, H-C2), 4.66-4.73 (m, 1.5H, H-C1, 0.5H-C2), 5.16 (dq, J = 10.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 5.20 (dq, J = 10.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 5.26 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 5.32 (dq, J = 17.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allyl), 5.85-6.00 (m, 2H, CHAllyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -4.9$  (CH<sub>3</sub>), -3.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.91

(3xCH<sub>3</sub>), 29.9 (C), 71.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 71.8 (CH, C5), 74.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 79.4 (CH, C4), 80.4 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 17.5 Hz, CH, C3), 88.7 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 187.9 Hz, CH, C2), 94.2 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 16.1 Hz, CH, C1), 117.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 117.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 134.7 (CH, Allyl), 135.0 (CH, Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -220.37 (m) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-mannopyranose (S37)



A 1M solution of TBAF in THF (0.44 mL, 0.44 mmol, 2 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of **S36** (78 mg, 0.22 mmol, 1 eq) in 1mL of THF at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 45 min at low temperature, and water was then added. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM, and the combined organic layers once washed with water to be then dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated. The crude was filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent. The final product was isolated as a colourless oil (36 mg, 68%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 3.5:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 269.1158 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 269.1160]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -19 (*c* 1.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3378br, 2935w, 1129m, 1060s, 989m, 925m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.35 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 0.90H, H-C6β), 3.28 (m, 0.29H, H-C4β), 3.34 (m, 1H, H-C4α), 3.43 (ddd, *J* = 30.3, 9.2, 2.5 Hz, 0.29H, H-C3β), 3.73 (ddd, *J* = 30.3, 9.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-C3α), 3.91 (dq, *J* = 9.5, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-C5α), 4.11-4.24 (m, 4.5H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylα, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylβ), 4.33-4.39 (m, 1.29H, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylα, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylβ), 4.74 (dt, *J* = 49.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 5.15-5.36 (m, 6.3H, H-C1α, H-C1β, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylα, CH<sub>2</sub>Allylβ), 5.87-6.01 (m, 2.6H, CHAllylα, CHAllylβ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α, C6β), 68.0 (CH, C5α), 71.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 71.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 74.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 74.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 77.34 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 28.4 Hz, CH, C3α), 79.0 (CH, C4β), 79.75 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 1.2 Hz, CH, C4α), 87.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 174.9 Hz, CH, C2α), 88.8 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 181.5 Hz, C2α), 92.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 30.1 Hz, C1α), 92.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.3 Hz, C1β), 117.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 117.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 134.9 (CH, Allylβ) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -204.24 (ddd, *J* = 49.7, 30.3, 7.4 Hz, α-anomer), -223.19 (ddd, *J* = 50.9, 30.0, 17.9 Hz, β-anomer) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S38)



DBU (1  $\mu$ L, 1  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.11 mL, 1.10 mmol, 10 eq) and **S37** (27 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (2 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 45 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S38** as a colourless oil (39 mg, 91%,  $\alpha$  only).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.35 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.44 (td, *J* = 9.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.77 (ddd, *J* = 29.6, 9.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 3.90 (dq, *J* = 10.3, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.13-4.24 (m, 3H, Allyl), 4.38 (ddt, *J* = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.85 (dt, *J* = 48.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H, 1H, H-C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H, 1H, 1H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.85 (dt, *J* = 48.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H, 1H, 1H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H, 1H, 1H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H, 1H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-6.05 (m, 2H) = 12.2, 5.7, 1H, 1H + C2), 5.10-5.47 (m, 4H, 5H) = 12.2, 5.7, 5H + C2

Allyl), 6.34 (dd, J = 6.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 8.68 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -204.44$  (ddd, J = 48.8, 29.6, 6.3 Hz) ppm.

1-O-Isopropyl-2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-L-mannopyranose (S39) – Table 2, entry 6



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTF (0.08 mL, 8  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S38** (32 mg, 0.08 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.06 mL, 0.80 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1.5 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at 0°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at 0°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S39** as a colourless oil ( $\alpha$ -anomer: 8 mg,  $\beta$ -anomer: 9 mg, 74% global yield).

**α-anomer: Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 311.1641 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>25</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 311.1629]; [*α*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -64 (*c* 0.80 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2975m, 2917w, 1457w, 1382w, 1056s, 979m, 924m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.32 (td, *J* = 9.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.6 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3), 3.70-3.76 (m, 1.5H, H-C3, H-C5), 3.91 (hept, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.11-4.24 (m, 3H, Allyl), 4.36 (ddt, *J* = 12.2, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.63 (dt, *J* = 50.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.18 (dddd, *J* = 10.0, 8.7, 2.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.30 (ddq, *J* = 18.8, 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.89-6.00 (m, 2H, Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 67.7 (CH, C5), 69.3 (CH, C7), 71.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 74.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 78.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.1 Hz, CH, C3), 88.0 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 175.5 Hz, CH, C2), 95.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 29.2 Hz, CH, C1), 117.1 (2xCH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 134.7 (CH, Allyl), 134.9 (CH, Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -203.11 (ddd, *J* = 50.2, 30.5, 7.8 Hz) ppm.

**β-anomer:** Colourless oil; [m/z (ESI) found: 311.1631 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>25</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 311.1629]; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = +32 (*c* 0.90 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2975w, 2868w, 1104s, 1070s, 987m, 922m, 785m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H-C8), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.29 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.22-3.30 (m, 2.5H, H-C5, H-C4, H-C3), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 0.5H, H-C3), 3.95 (hept, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7), 4.07 (ddt, *J* = 12.4, 6.0, 1.4 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 4.15 (ddt, *J* = 12.8, 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.30 (ddt, *J* = 12.3, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.41 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.65 (dd, *J* = 51.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.08-5.28 (m, 4H, Allyl), 5.81-5.92 (m, 2H, Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 17.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 70.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 71.4 (CH, C7), 71.6 (CH, C5), 74.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 79.4 (CH, C4), 80.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 17.6 Hz, CH, C3), 88.0 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 186.7 Hz, CH, C2), 96.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 15.5 Hz, CH, C1), 117.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 117.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 134.5 (CH, Allyl), 134.8 (CH, Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -219.26 (m) ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-glucal (S40)



NaOMe (20 mg, 0.37 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-L-glucal (200 mg, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (10 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (5 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (167 mg, 4.19 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. AllylBr (0.36 mL, 4.19 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S40** as a colourless oil (195 mg, 99%).

**Colourless oil**;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +25$  (*c* 0.98 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\mathbf{v}_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>2924m, 2855m, 1646m, 1243m, 1089s, 1056s, 920s, 739m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>)  $\delta = 1.34$  (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.29 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.88 (dq, *J* = 8.8, 6.5 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 3.99-4.04 (m, 2H, Allyl, H-C3), 4.08-4.19 (m, 2H, Allyl), 4.30 (ddt, *J* = 12.7, 5.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.79 (dd, *J* = 6.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.15 (m, 1H, Allyl), 5.27 (ddq, *J* = 17.2, 5.3, 1.7 Hz, 2H, Allyl), 5.88-5.98 (m, 2H, Allyl), 6.31 (dd, *J* = 6.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-C1) ppm.<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100

MHz,  $CD_2Cl_2$ )  $\delta$  = 17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 69.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 73.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 74.5 (CH, C5), 76.6 (CH, C3), 80.0 (CH, C4), 100.9 (CH, C2), 116.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 116.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl), 135.8 (CH, Allyl), 135.9 (CH, Allyl), 145.0 (CH, C1) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-glucopyranose (S41)



**\$40** (140 mg, 0.67 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 2 mL of THF, and HBr•PPh<sub>3</sub> (23 mg, 60 µmol, 0.10 eq) was added as a solid. The mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature, and H<sub>2</sub>O (20 µL, 1.0 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at r.t., and it was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and the solvent removed. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **\$41** as a colourless oil (90 mg, 59%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1.7:1).

**Colourless oil**; [m/z (ESI) found: 251.1251 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na requires 251.1254];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -30$  (*c* 3.00 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3409br, 2976w, 2934w, 1080s, 897s, 918s, 733m. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.26$  (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6 $\alpha$ ), 1.31 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1.8H, H-C6 $\beta$ ), 1.47 (ddd, J = 12.5, 11.6, 9.7 Hz, 0.6H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 1.59 (ddd, J = 13.1, 11.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 2.21 (ddd, J = 13.1, 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-C2 $\alpha$ ), 2.33 (ddd, J = 12.5, 5.0, 2.0 Hz, 0.6H, H-C2 $\beta$ ), 2.94 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4 $\alpha$ ), 2.95 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 0.6H, H-C4 $\beta$ ), 3.34 (dq, J = 9.3, 6.2 Hz, 0.6H, H-C5 $\beta$ ), 3.45 (ddd, J = 11.6, 8.6, 5.0 Hz, 0.6H, H-C3 $\beta$ ), 3.80 (ddd, J = 11.5, 8.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-C3 $\alpha$ ), 3.91 (dq, J = 9.5, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5 $\alpha$ ), 4.03-4.16 (m, 4.8H, Allyl $\alpha$ , Allyl $\beta$ ), 4.33-4.39 (m, 1.6H, Allyl $\alpha$ , Allyl $\beta$ ), 4.76 (dd, J = 9.7, 2.1 Hz, 0.6H, H-C1 $\beta$ ), 5.13-5.18 (m, 3.2H, Allyl $\alpha$ , Allyl $\beta$ ), 5.23-5.31 (m, 4.2H, Allyl $\alpha$ , Allyl $\beta$ , H-C1 $\alpha$ ), 5.86-5.98 (m, 3.2H, Allyl $\alpha$ , Allyl $\beta$ ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 18.1$  (2xCH<sub>3</sub>, C6 $\alpha$ , C6 $\beta$ ), 35.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\alpha$ ), 38.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2 $\beta$ ), 67.4 (CH, C5 $\alpha$ ), 70.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\beta$ ), 70.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\alpha$ ), 71.5 (CH, C3 $\beta$ ), 74.0 (2xCH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\beta$ ), 76.3 (CH, C3 $\alpha$ ), 78.7 (CH, C5 $\beta$ ), 83.2 (CH, C4 $\beta$ ), 84.2 (CH, C4 $\alpha$ ), 91.9 (CH, C1 $\alpha$ ), 93.9 (CH, C1 $\beta$ ), 116.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\alpha$ ), 116.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\alpha$ ), 116.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\beta$ ), 116.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allyl $\beta$ ), 136.1 (2xCH, Allyl $\alpha$ ) ppm.

2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-allyl- L-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S42)



**S41** (57 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 2.5 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cs_2CO_3$  (16 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.2 eq) was added in one portion, followed by  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.12 mL, 1.25 mmol, 5 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2h, filtered through a celite pad and used in the following reaction with no further purification.



A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.25 mL, 25  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S42** (93 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.19 mL, 2.50 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (5 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S43** as a colourless oil (62 mg, 93%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 4:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 293.1724 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na requires 293.1723]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = -22 (*c* 6.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2972w, 2933w, 1122s, 1092s, 1064s, 1000s, 919s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.10 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8α), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C8α), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 0.75H, H-C8β), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 0.75H, H-C6β), 1.53 (m, 0.25H, H-C2β), 1.59 (ddd, *J* = 13.0, 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 2.13 (ddd, *J* = 12.9, 5.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 2.20 (ddd, *J* = 12.5, 5.1, 2.0 Hz, 0.25H, H-C2β), 2.93 (m, 1.25H, H-C4α, H-C4β), 3.26 (dq, *J* = 9.3, 6.2 Hz, 0.25H, H-C5β), 3.44 (ddd, *J* = 11.7, 8.7, 5.1 Hz, 0.25H, H-C3β), 3.67-3.78 (m, 2H, H-C3α, H-C5α), 3.84 (h, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C7α), 3.97 (h, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 0.25H, H-C7β), 4.01-4.16 (m, 3.75H, Allylα, Allylβ), 4.33-4.39 (m, 1.25H, Allylα, Allylβ), 4.48 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 2.0 Hz, 0.25H, H-C1β), 5.86-5.99 (m, 2.5H, Allylα, Allylβ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 18.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 18.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 21.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8α), 21.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8β), 23.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8α), 23.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8β), 36.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2α), 37.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2β), 67.1 (CH, C5α), 67.9 (CH, C7α), 70.4 (CH, C7β), 70.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 70.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 71.3 (CH, C5β), 74.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 135.2 (CH, Allylβ), 135.3 (CH, Allylβ), ppm.



2, 6 -Dideoxy-3,4-di-O-allyl- D-fucal (S44)



NaOMe (11 mg, 0.20 mmol, 0.4 eq) was added to a solution of 3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-deoxy-D-fucal (108 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1.0 eq) in MeOH (3.0 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was neutralized (~pH 7) with amberlite IR120 (prewashed with MeOH), filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMF (5.0 mL), cooled to 0 °C and put under an Ar atmosphere. NaH (90 mg, 2.25 mmol, 4.5 eq., 60% in oil) was slowly added in portions, and the suspension stirred for 30 min while allowing it to reach room temperature. AllylBr (0.19 mL, 2.25 mmol, 4.5 eq.) was added dropwise, and the reaction allowed to progress overnight. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and the crude extracted with DCM. The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent removed. Filtration through silica gel using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S44** as a colourless oil that was directly used in the following step.

2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-D-galactopyranose (S45)



SelectFluor<sup>™</sup> (260mg, 0.74 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added at to a solution of 3,4-Di-*O*-allyl-6-deoxy-D-fucal (102 mg, 0.49 mmol, 1.0 eq) in acetone (2 mL) and water (0.5 mL). The solution was stirred at room

temperature for 20 h. The solvents were then evaporated and the residue dissolved in DCM and a sat. aq. solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aq. phase was extracted with DCM and the combined organic phases dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The crude was filtered through silica using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (3:1), to afford **S45** as a colourless oil (60 mg, 51%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 2:1).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 269.1157 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FO<sub>4</sub>Na requires 269.1160]; [*α*]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = +30 (*c* 2.00 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3378br, 1933w, 1169w, 1129m, 1108m, 1048s, 1028s, 999s, 924s, 813m. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.5H, H-C6β), 2.78 (brs, 1H, OHα), 3.22 (brs, 0.5H, OHβ), 3.49-3.58 (m, 1H, H-C3β, H-C4β), 3.60-3.65 (m, 1.5H, H-C5β, H-C4α), 3.90 (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 9.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-C3α), 4.10-4.27 (m, 5.5H, H-C5α, 3xAllylβ, 3xAllylα), 4.38-4.46 (m, 1.75H, H-C2β, Allylα, Allylβ), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 7.4 Hz, 0.25H, H-C2β), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 5.0 Hz, 0.5H, H-C1β), 4.85 (ddd, *J* = 50.3, 9.8, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 5.16-5.36 (m, 6H, 4xAllylα, 4xAllylβ), 5.43 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1α), 5.88-5.99 (m, 3H, 2xAllylα, 2xAllylβ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6α), 16.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6β), 66.6 (CH, C5α), 71.0 (CH, C5β), 71.6 (d, <sup>*d*</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 1.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 71.7 (d, <sup>*d*</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 1.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 74.3 (2xCH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα, Allylβ), 76.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 15.9 Hz, CH, C3α), 76.9 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 9.0 Hz, CH, C4α), 77.9 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 8.5 Hz, CH, C4β), 80.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 15.9 Hz, CH, C3α), 89.4 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 185.4 Hz, CH, C2α), 91.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 21.6 Hz, CH, C1α), 93.2 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 183.0 Hz, CH, C2β), 95.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24.2 Hz, CH, C1β), 116.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 117.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 117.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylα), 117.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Allylβ), 134.5 (CH, Allylβ), 134.6 (CH, Allylα), 135.0 (CH, Allylβ), 135.1 (CH, Allylα) ppm.

2,6-Dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-O-allyl-D-galactopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (S46)



DBU (30  $\mu$ L, 20  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of Cl<sub>3</sub>CCN (0.21 mL, 2.10 mmol, 10 eq) and **S45** (52 mg, 0.21 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dry DCM (4.0 mL) at 0 °C under an atmosphere of Ar. Upon completion of the addition, the solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 30 min and the solvents evaporated. Purification by silica gel chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>/NEt<sub>3</sub>) using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S46** as a colourless oil (67 mg, 82%,  $\alpha$  only).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.70 (ddd, *J* = 4.3, 3.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (td, *J* = 10.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10-4.20 (m, 3H, Allyl), 4.27 (ddt, *J* = 13.0, 5.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 4.43 (ddt, *J* = 12.6, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 5.04 (ddd, *J* = 49.3, 9.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 5.17-5.26 (m, 2H, Allyl), 5.33 (dq, *J* = 17.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H, Allyl), 5.87-6.00 (m, 2H, Allyl), 6.53 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, C1), 8.62 (s, 1H, NH) ppm. <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -209.99 (ddd, *J* = 49.3, 10.3, 4.3 Hz) ppm.



TMSOTf (3.0  $\mu$ L, 6  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of **S46** (22 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1 eq) and isopropanol (0.05 mL, 0.60 mmol, 10 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then slowly warmed up to room temperature. NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction, and the solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 3:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S47** as a colourless oil (14 mg, 88%,  $\beta$  only).

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 311.1628 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>,  $C_{15}H_{25}FO_4Na$  requires 311.1629]; [*a*]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -4 (*c* 1.40 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2976w, 2875w, 1182m, 1065s, 1029s, 921m, 827w. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-C8), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.44-3.56 (m, 3H, H-C3, H-C4, H-C5), 3.99 (hept, *J* = 6.1 Hz, H-C7), 4.10-4.17 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 4.22 (ddt, *J* = 13.1, 5.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 4.38 (ddt, *J* = 12.7, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 4.41-4.47 (m, 1.5H, H-C1, H-C2), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 7.6, Hz, 0.5H, H-C2), 5.16 (ddt, *J* = 10.3, 2.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 5.20 (dq, *J* = 10.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 5.23 (dq, J = 18.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 5.31 (dq, *J* = 17.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 5.87-5.97 (m, 2H, CH-Allyl) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 16.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 21.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 23.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C8), 70.4 (CH, C5), 71.4 (CH, C7), 71.6 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J<sub>CF</sub>* = 1.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 74.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 76.8 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J<sub>CF</sub>* = 9.0 Hz, CH, C4), 80.5 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J<sub>CF</sub>* = 15.8 Hz, CH, C3), 91.5 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J<sub>CF</sub>* = 182.6 Hz, CH, C2), 99.0 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J<sub>CF</sub>* = 22.9 Hz, CH, C1), 117.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 117.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>-Allyl), 134.7 (CH-Allyl), 135.4 (CH-Allyl) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -206.27 (m) ppm.







**S25** (30 mg, 0.09 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 1 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cs_2CO_3$  (6 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 eq) was added in one portion, followed by  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.05 mL, 0.45 mmol, 5 eq). The

mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2h, filtered through a celite pad and used in the following step with no further purification.

A 0.1M solution of TMSOTF (0.09 mL, 9  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of the previously prepared trichloroacetimidate donor and 1-Methoxy-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-benzylidene- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (29 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.2 eq) in dry DCM (2 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction. The solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S48** as a colorless oil (39 mg, 75%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 3:1). Further separation of the anomers by preparative TLC using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent afforded a pure fraction of the  $\alpha$  anomer, which was fully characterized.

**Colourless oil**; [m/z **(ESI)** found: 599.2602 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>, C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>Na requires 599.2621];  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -50$  (*c* 0.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>).  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2929m, 1855w, 1365m, 1208m, 1124s, 1094s, 1028s, 982s, 910s, 733s, 696s. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 1.04$  (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.66-1.72 (m, 2H, H-C2, H-C2'), 2.22 (dtd, J = 13.2, 5.0, 1.1 Hz, 2H, H-C2, H-C2'), 3.08 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, H-C4), 3.33 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.55 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-C4'), 3.76 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H, H-C6'), 3.81 (dd, J = 9.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H, H-C5'), 3.95 (ddd, J = 11.4, 8.7, 5.1 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 4.10 (dq, J = 9.6, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-C5), 4.18 (ddd, J = 11.1, 9.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, H-C3'), 4.26 (dd, J = 9.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H, H-C6'), 4.60 (dd, J = 11.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.63 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.80 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-C1'), 4.88 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.95 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 5.58 (s, 1H, H-C7), 7.22-7.35 (m, 13H, Ph), 7.47-7.49 (m, 2H, Ph) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 17.8$  (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 35.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2'), 36.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2), 54.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OMe), 63.2 (CH, C5'), 66.9 (CH, C5), 68.9 (CH, C3'), 69.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C6'), 71.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 74.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 77.3 (CH, C3), 81.3 (CH, C4'), 84.5 (CH, C4), 94.2 (CH, C1), 99.0 (CH, C1'), 101.4 (CH, C7), 127.3 (CH, Ph), 137.5 (C, Ph), 137.9 (C, Ph), 139.0 (C, Ph) ppm.



<u>Methyl</u> (2,6-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-L-glucopyranosyl)- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ - 2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-benzylidene- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (**S49**) – Table 3, entry 1



**S17** (19 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 1 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.05 mL, 0.50 mmol, 10 eq) was added, followed by DBU (0.7  $\mu$ L, 5  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 45 min, filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent and used directly in the following step.

A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.04 mL, 4 µmol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of the previously prepared trichloroacetimidate donor and 1-Methoxy-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-benzylidene- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (13 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1.2 eq) in dry DCM (1 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2h at -78°C, and then NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction. The solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent, afforded **S49** as a colourless oil (17 mg, 68%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:3.3). NOTE: the reaction was repeated for characterization purposes, and the purification was carried out with a 4:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent in silica/NEt<sub>3</sub>. This quicker purification method afforded the final product as a mixture of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  anomers, enriched in  $\alpha$  product with regard to the crude.

**Colourless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 617.2511 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>,  $C_{34}H_{39}O_8FNa$  requires 617.2521]; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +10 (*c* 0.20 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>). **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3372w, 3244w, 1694s, 1610w, 1454m, 1384m, 1358m, 1092s, 1072s, 1026s, 833s, 733s, 694s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) δ = 1.00 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6α), 1.28 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6β), 1.78 (ddd, J = 13.3, 11.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2'α), 1.84 (ddd, J = 13.5, 11.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2'β), 2.25 (dddd, J = 18.9, 13.3, 5.3, 1.2 Hz, 2H, H-C2'α, β), 3.09 (dd, J = 9.7, 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-C4α), 3.16 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4β), 3.34 (s, 3H, OMeα, β), 3.35-3.38 (m, 1H, H-C5β), 3.62-3.70 (m, 2H, H-C3β, H-C3'α, β), 3.74-3.83 (m, 3H, H-C6', H-C5', H-C4'α, β), 4.00 (dt, J = 12.4, 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C3α), 4.11-4.16 (m, 1H, H-C5α), 4.18-4.28 (m, 2H, H-C2β, H-C6'α, β), 4.44 (ddd, J = 49.9, 9.3, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C2α), 4.57 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.61 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.73 (dd, J = 11.2, 2.4 Hz, 2H, Bn), 4.79-4.87 (m, 2H, H-C1β, H-C1'α, β), 4.98 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1 $\alpha$ ), 5.60 (s, 1H, H-C7 $\alpha$ ), 5.61 (s, 1H, H-C7 $\beta$ ), 7.24-7.49 (m, 15H, Ar $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ) ppm.<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (150 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6 $\alpha$ ), 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6 $\beta$ ), 35.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2' $\alpha$ ), 37.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2' $\beta$ ), 54.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OMeα, β), 62.7 (CH, C4'β), 63.2 (CH, C4'α), 66.3 (CH, C5α), 69.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C6'α, β), 70.4 (CH, C5'α, β), 71.1 (CH, C5β), 74.6 (d, <sup>4</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 2.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnβ), 74.7 (d, <sup>4</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 2.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 74.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bnα), 75.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn $\beta$ ), 80.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 16.1 Hz, CH, C3 $\alpha$ ), 81.2 (CH, C3' $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ), 82.6 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 8.1 Hz, CH, C4 $\beta$ ), 83.1 (m, 2xCH, C3β, C4α), 91.4 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 191.3 Hz, CH, C2α), 93.7 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 187.7 Hz, CH, C2β), 93.7 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 20.6 Hz, CH, C1α), 98.9 (CH, C1'α, β), 100.3 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 22.6 Hz, CH, C1β), 101.1 (CH, C7β), 101.4 (CH, C7α), 125.9 (CH, Ph), 126.0 (CH, Ph), 127.4 (CH, Ph), 127.5 (CH, Ph), 127.6(CH, Ph), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.1 (CH, Ph), 128.2 (CH, Ph), 128.2 (CH, Ph), 128.2 (CH, Ph), 137.8 (C, Phα), 137.8 (C, Phβ), 138.3 (C, Phβ), 138.4(C, Phβ), 138.6 (C, Phα), 138.8 (C, Phα) ppm. . <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (564 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -195.64 (ddd, J = 51.0, 15.0, 1.9 Hz) β-anomer), -198.90 (dd, J = 49.8, 12.4 Hz,  $\alpha$ -anomer) ppm.




**S25** (50 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 3 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cs_2CO_3$  (10 mg, 0.03 mmol, 0.2 eq) was added in one portion, followed by  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.08 mL, 0.75 mmol, 5 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5h, filtered through a celite pad and used in the following step with no further purification.

A 0.1M solution of TMSOTF (0.15 mL, 15  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of the previously prepared trichloroacetimidate donor and 1-Methoxy-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (105 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1.5 eq) in dry DCM (3 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 2.5h at -78°C, and then allowed to reach room temperature and quenched with NEt<sub>3</sub>. The solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (9:1 $\rightarrow$ 3:1), afforded **S50** as a colorless oil (71 mg, 61%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 3.4:1). Further separation of the anomers by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent afforded a pure fraction of the  $\alpha$  anomer, which was fully characterized.

**Colorless oil**; [*m/z* (ESI) found: 797.3639 (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>,  $C_{48}H_{54}O_9Na$  requires 797.3660];  $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -5$  (*c* 0.50 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>) v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup>3035w, 2908w, 2854w, 1454w, 1396w, 1134w, 1064s, 1020, 740s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 1.24 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 1.61 (m, 1H, H-C2), 2.19 (ddd, J = 12.9, 5.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 2.39 (ddd, J = 12.5, 5.1, 1.9 Hz, 0.3H, H-C2β), 3.11 (td, J = 9.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.34 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.36 (s, 1H, OMeβ), 3.43 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H, H-C6'), 3.45 (m, 1H, H-C4'), 3.51 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-C2'), 3.58-3.65 (m, 0.6H, H-C4β, H-C5β), 3.70-3.74 (m, 2H, H-C5, H-C5'), 3.79 (dd, J = 10.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-C6'), 3.90 (ddd, J = 11.4, 8.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-C3), 3.97 (td, J = 9.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H, H-C3'), 4.20 (dd, J = 11.1, 3.5 Hz, 0.3H, H-C3β), 4.47 (dd, J = 9.8, 1.9 Hz, 0.3H, H-C1β), 4.53 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.59 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-C1'), 4.62 (s, 2H, Bn), 4.65 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.68 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.73 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.80 (t, J = 10.5 Hz, 2H, Bn), 4.87 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.93 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.98 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, Bn), 7.24-7.38 (m, 25H, Ar) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 18.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 35.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C2), 55.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OMe), 65.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C6'), 67.2 (CH, C5'), 69.9 (CH, C5), 71.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 73.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 74.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 77.8 (CH, C4'), 80.0 (CH, C2'), 82.1 (CH, C3'), 84.3 (CH, C4), 97.3 (CH, C1), 97.8 (CH, C1), 127.5 (CH, Ph), 127.6 (CH, Ph), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.1 (CH, Ph), 128.3 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.5 (CH, Ph), 138.1 (C, Ph), 138.2 (C, Ph), 138.5 (C, Ph), 138.6 (C, Ph), 138.7 (C, Ph) ppm.





**S17** (90 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in 5 mL of anh. DCM under an atmosphere of Ar.  $Cl_3CCN$  (0.26 mL, 2.60 mmol, 10 eq) was added, followed by DBU (4  $\mu$ L, 26  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 45 min, filtered through silica/NEt<sub>3</sub> using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent and used directly in the following step.

A 0.1M solution of TMSOTf (0.12 mL, 12  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq) was added to a solution of the previously prepared trichloroacetimidate donor and 1-Methoxy-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (84 mg, 0.18 mmol, 1.5 eq) in dry DCM (2.5 mL) under an Ar atmosphere at -78°C. The reaction was allowed to progress for 1h at -78°C, and then NEt<sub>3</sub> was added to quench the reaction. The solvent was removed under vacuum. Purification by silica gel chromatography using a mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent (7:1 $\rightarrow$ 3:1), afforded **X** as a colourless oil (65 mg, 68%,  $\alpha$ : $\beta$  = 1:3.2). Further separation of the anomers by silica gel chromatography using a 7:1 mixture of cyclohexane and ethyl acetate as eluent afforded a pure fraction of the  $\beta$  anomer, which was fully characterized.

**Colorless oil;**  $[m/z \text{ (ESI)} \text{ found: } 815.3599 \text{ (M+Na)}^+, C_{48}H_{53}O_9\text{FNa requires } 815.3566]; [\alpha]_D^{25} = +13 (c \ 0.40 \text{ in})^{-1}$ CHCl<sub>3</sub>). **v**<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3032w, 2909w, 1497w, 1358w, 1065s, 1011s, 910w, 737s, 694s. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 1.26 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-C6), 3.18 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-C4), 3.38 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.38-3.41 (m, 2H, H-C5), 3.55 (dd, J = 9.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-C2'), 3.62 (dd, J = 9.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-C4'), 3.70-3.76 (m, 2H, H-C3, H-C5'), 3.78 (m, 1H, H-C6'), 3.99 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-C3'), 4.10 (dd, J = 11.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H, H-C6'), 4.33 (ddd, J = 51.0, 8.6, 7.8 Hz, 1H, H-C2), 4.54 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.62 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.63 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-C1), 4.67 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.69 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.73 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.80 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.84 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, Bn), 4.86-4.90 (m, 3H, Bn), 4.98 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, Bn), 7.27-7.37 (m, 20H, Ar) ppm.<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, C6), 55.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OMe), 67.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, C6'), 70.0 (CH, C5'), 71.3 (CH, C5), 73.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 74.8 (d, <sup>4</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 2.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 75.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Bn), 77.5 (CH, C4'), 79.9 (CH, C2'), 82.0 (CH, C3'), 82.5 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>CF</sub> = 8.3 Hz, CH, C4), 83.2 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 16.1 Hz, CH, C3), 93.5 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF}$  = 187.6 Hz, CH, C2), 98.1 (CH, C1'), 99.9 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 23.2 Hz, CH, C1), 127.5 (CH, Ph), 127.6 (CH, Ph), 127.7 (CH, Ph), 127.8 (CH, Ph), 127.9 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.0 (CH, Ph), 128.1 (CH, Ph), 128.3 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 128.4 (CH, Ph), 137.9 (C, Ph), 138.1 (CH, Ph), 138.2 (CH, Ph), 138.4 (CH, Ph), 138.8 (CH, Ph) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (564 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = -194.76 (ddd, J = 51.4, 15.7, 2.6 Hz, β-anomer), -198.33 (dd, J = 49.7, 12.0 Hz, α-anomer) ppm.

## **Computational section:**

Methods and References:

To visualize the ESP maps and compute the Mulliken atomic charges, first the energetic minima conformers of the molecules had to be identified. Conformational searches were performed using the OPLS-2005 force field in MacroModel 10.0.<sup>S1</sup> All structures within 5 kcal/mol of the energetic minimum were subsequently optimized using Gaussian09<sup>S2</sup> at the M062X<sup>S3</sup>/6-31+G(d,p) level of theory. Solvation by dichloromethane was taken into account using the integral equation formalism polarizable continuum model (IEF-PCM)<sup>S4</sup> using Truhlar's SMD solvation model.<sup>S5</sup> All optimized geometries were verified by frequency calculations as minima (zero imaginary frequency). Entropic corrections to the free energies were calculated using Truhlar's quasi-harmonic approximation (vibrational frequencies lower than 100 cm<sup>-1</sup> are set equal to 100 cm<sup>-1</sup> to correct for the breakdown of the harmonic oscillator approximation for low frequencies).<sup>S6</sup> GaussView 5.0<sup>S7</sup> was used to generate input and visualize output structures and to render the ESP maps. CYLview<sup>S8</sup> was used to render the computed structures.

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M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H. P. Hratchian, A. F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J. L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J. A. Jr. Montgomery, J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, T. Keith, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, J. E. Knox, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V. G. Zakrzewski, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, Ö. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski and D. J. Fox, *Gaussian 09*, revision D.01; Gaussian, Inc.: Wallingford, CT, **2013**.

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(S6) (a) R. F. Ribeiro, A. V. Marenich, C. J. Cramer, and D. G. Truhlar, *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2011**, *115*, 14556. (b) Y. Zhao, and D. G. Truhlar, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **2008**, *10*, 2813.

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(S8) C. Y. Legault, CYLview, version 1.0b, Université de Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke, Québec, Canada, 2009.

Coordinates and energies of conformers in Figure 2:

Upper Left:

| С  | -1.79370 | -0.66349 | 0.54286  |
|----|----------|----------|----------|
| С  | -0.63196 | -1.64759 | 0.63606  |
| С  | -0.78768 | 0.20763  | -1.56222 |
| С  | -1.37537 | 0.59668  | -0.22140 |
| Н  | 0.15218  | -1.17451 | 1.24223  |
| Н  | -2.13197 | -0.39555 | 1.54700  |
| Н  | -1.54619 | -0.22979 | -2.21789 |
| Н  | -0.63665 | 1.15294  | 0.36482  |
| С  | 0.33865  | -0.80447 | -1.37266 |
| 0  | -0.10207 | -1.92171 | -0.67631 |
| С  | -1.02139 | -2.97942 | 1.23819  |
| Н  | -1.42389 | -2.82861 | 2.24371  |
| Н  | -0.14267 | -3.62509 | 1.30702  |
| 0  | -2.85784 | -1.29636 | -0.17757 |
| 0  | -2.50994 | 1.41815  | -0.48531 |
| F  | -0.27526 | 1.33255  | -2.19223 |
| Н  | 0.72711  | -1.14721 | -2.33667 |
| Н  | -1.77842 | -3.47142 | 0.62260  |
| С  | -4.12764 | -1.02473 | 0.19383  |
| 0  | -4.40597 | -0.29563 | 1.11904  |
| С  | -5.10836 | -1.73580 | -0.68738 |
| Н  | -6.11651 | -1.59601 | -0.30016 |
| н  | -5.03874 | -1.32622 | -1.69950 |
| Н  | -4.86317 | -2.79945 | -0.73718 |
| С  | -2.93692 | 2.20631  | 0.53138  |
| 0  | -2.34874 | 2.28364  | 1.58448  |
| С  | -4.19465 | 2.92816  | 0.16312  |
| Н  | -4.06153 | 3.45545  | -0.78452 |
| Н  | -4.99438 | 2.19272  | 0.03507  |
| Н  | -4.45937 | 3.62792  | 0.95439  |
| 0  | 1.36747  | -0.11117 | -0.66365 |
| С  | 2.53962  | -0.74557 | -0.46765 |
| С  | 3.50708  | 0.23191  | 0.22035  |
| Cl | 2.77046  | 0.75421  | 1.76336  |
| Cl | 3.73830  | 1.65065  | -0.83828 |
| Cl | 5.07161  | -0.51924 | 0.54430  |
| Ν  | 2.88652  | -1.92135 | -0.74578 |
| н  | 2.13022  | -2.46724 | -1.16226 |

SCF energy: -2452.409083 hartree zero-point correction: +0.279918 hartree enthalpy correction: +0.304899 hartree free energy correction: +0.223193 hartree quasiharmonic free energy correction: +0.229334 hartree Upper right:

| С  | -1.81631 | -0.54519 | 0.50264  |
|----|----------|----------|----------|
| С  | -0.63683 | -1.49108 | 0.70826  |
| С  | -0.79998 | 0.13560  | -1.68040 |
| С  | -1.39471 | 0.63308  | -0.37323 |
| н  | 0.13013  | -0.93737 | 1.26795  |
| Н  | -2.17895 | -0.19368 | 1.47162  |
| Н  | -1.56759 | -0.37844 | -2.26634 |
| Н  | -0.67232 | 1.23918  | 0.18253  |
| С  | 0.30988  | -0.85957 | -1.39432 |
| 0  | -0.08578 | -1.89836 | -0.55605 |
| С  | -1.00789 | -2.75420 | 1.45369  |
| н  | -1.43260 | -2.49808 | 2.42860  |
| н  | -0.11809 | -3.36846 | 1.61205  |
| 0  | -2.85657 | -1.27111 | -0.16690 |
| 0  | -2.53261 | 1.43595  | -0.70523 |
| н  | 0.68874  | -1.32362 | -2.31027 |
| Н  | -1.74322 | -3.33114 | 0.88701  |
| С  | -4.13488 | -0.98460 | 0.14806  |
| 0  | -4.44809 | -0.17072 | 0.98885  |
| С  | -5.08894 | -1.79126 | -0.68015 |
| Н  | -4.79870 | -2.84418 | -0.67546 |
| н  | -6.10020 | -1.67197 | -0.29377 |
| Н  | -5.04582 | -1.43425 | -1.71374 |
| С  | -2.97906 | 2.28695  | 0.24480  |
| 0  | -2.41268 | 2.44534  | 1.30239  |
| С  | -4.23072 | 2.98174  | -0.19472 |
| н  | -4.07401 | 3.45990  | -1.16485 |
| н  | -5.02517 | 2.23821  | -0.30621 |
| Н  | -4.51930 | 3.72214  | 0.54999  |
| 0  | 1.37630  | -0.09912 | -0.79043 |
| С  | 2.53018  | -0.72951 | -0.51598 |
| С  | 3.50537  | 0.28919  | 0.10079  |
| Cl | 5.08093  | -0.43256 | 0.44143  |
| Cl | 2.78170  | 0.87966  | 1.62671  |
| Cl | 3.71762  | 1.66072  | -1.02146 |
| Ν  | 2.86259  | -1.93380 | -0.66584 |
| н  | 2.09818  | -2.50418 | -1.02977 |
| н  | -0.40477 | 0.96675  | -2.26962 |

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| С  | 1.82388  | 0.90857  | -0.57107 |
|----|----------|----------|----------|
| С  | 0.56917  | 1.77140  | -0.74586 |
| С  | 0.61409  | -0.92523 | -1.75382 |
| С  | 1.47462  | -0.58210 | -0.55046 |
| Н  | -0.06631 | 1.64903  | 0.14186  |
| Н  | 2.54051  | 1.10936  | -1.37559 |
| Н  | 1.19707  | -0.85436 | -2.67732 |
| Н  | 0.94968  | -0.83276 | 0.37793  |
| С  | -0.58082 | 0.01089  | -1.86553 |
| 0  | -0.15390 | 1.33288  | -1.90812 |
| С  | 0.89510  | 3.23278  | -0.95820 |
| Н  | 1.44422  | 3.62203  | -0.09748 |
| н  | -0.02791 | 3.80697  | -1.07028 |
| 0  | 2.37846  | 1.29911  | 0.68601  |
| 0  | 2.64795  | -1.38632 | -0.68074 |
| F  | 0.16047  | -2.23020 | -1.63549 |
| н  | -1.15342 | -0.18002 | -2.77863 |
| н  | 1.50544  | 3.35907  | -1.85776 |
| С  | 3.71762  | 1.25218  | 0.85367  |
| 0  | 4.48145  | 0.90807  | -0.01945 |
| С  | 4.09613  | 1.66844  | 2.24096  |
| Н  | 3.66406  | 2.64628  | 2.46795  |
| н  | 3.68520  | 0.94423  | 2.95037  |
| Н  | 5.18083  | 1.70255  | 2.33047  |
| С  | 3.27454  | -1.80752 | 0.43941  |
| 0  | 2.88419  | -1.54297 | 1.55368  |
| С  | 4.49029  | -2.61333 | 0.10138  |
| Н  | 4.22007  | -3.43677 | -0.56437 |
| Н  | 5.20384  | -1.97273 | -0.42487 |
| н  | 4.93925  | -2.99791 | 1.01598  |
| 0  | -1.39753 | -0.25233 | -0.72690 |
| С  | -2.58430 | 0.38095  | -0.63885 |
| С  | -3.33880 | -0.17399 | 0.58133  |
| Cl | -4.88441 | 0.64767  | 0.81620  |
| Cl | -2.32035 | 0.05660  | 2.03019  |
| Cl | -3.62542 | -1.91680 | 0.32495  |
| Ν  | -3.08408 | 1.27761  | -1.36406 |
| н  | -2.45921 | 1.57086  | -2.11671 |

SCF energy: -2452.406541 hartree zero-point correction: +0.279741 hartree enthalpy correction: +0.304827 hartree free energy correction: +0.221966 hartree quasiharmonic free energy correction: +0.229095 hartree Lower right:

| С  | -1.83638 | -0.92311 | -0.43733 |
|----|----------|----------|----------|
| С  | -0.58294 | -1.80343 | -0.36747 |
| С  | -0.60743 | 0.56826  | -2.01964 |
| С  | -1.47088 | 0.52174  | -0.76568 |
| Н  | 0.03287  | -1.46290 | 0.47745  |
| н  | -2.53507 | -1.31095 | -1.18738 |
| Н  | -1.20001 | 0.24951  | -2.88348 |
| Н  | -0.96120 | 0.97309  | 0.09166  |
| С  | 0.56805  | -0.37982 | -1.89788 |
| 0  | 0.17237  | -1.67790 | -1.57954 |
| С  | -0.91446 | -3.27131 | -0.20885 |
| Н  | -1.48613 | -3.43066 | 0.70852  |
| н  | 0.00668  | -3.85672 | -0.14957 |
| 0  | -2.42032 | -1.00848 | 0.86714  |
| 0  | -2.64874 | 1.28295  | -1.07147 |
| н  | 1.14031  | -0.44798 | -2.82789 |
| н  | -1.50405 | -3.62115 | -1.06201 |
| С  | -3.75921 | -0.92955 | 0.99466  |
| 0  | -4.51164 | -0.81585 | 0.05260  |
| С  | -4.16330 | -0.99959 | 2.43555  |
| Н  | -5.24869 | -0.96036 | 2.51533  |
| н  | -3.78462 | -1.92336 | 2.88103  |
| Н  | -3.71544 | -0.15813 | 2.97144  |
| С  | -3.28523 | 1.93282  | -0.07794 |
| 0  | -2.89728 | 1.94101  | 1.06963  |
| С  | -4.51710 | 2.61699  | -0.58713 |
| Н  | -4.95915 | 3.21606  | 0.20779  |
| н  | -4.27040 | 3.24511  | -1.44636 |
| н  | -5.22897 | 1.85530  | -0.91870 |
| 0  | 1.41847  | 0.16473  | -0.87227 |
| С  | 2.58140  | -0.45680 | -0.61122 |
| С  | 3.34891  | 0.36795  | 0.43697  |
| Cl | 2.31427  | 0.56622  | 1.88015  |
| Cl | 3.70797  | 1.97412  | -0.25794 |
| Cl | 4.86092  | -0.41608 | 0.90797  |
| Ν  | 3.06393  | -1.52085 | -1.07795 |
| н  | 2.43206  | -1.97539 | -1.73878 |
| н  | -0.25088 | 1.58562  | -2.19934 |

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-194.0 -194.5 -195.0 -195.5 -196.0 -196.5 -197.0 -197.5 -198.0 -198.5 -199.0 -199.5 -200.0 -201.5 -201.0 -201.5 -202.0 -203.5 -203.0 -203.5 -204.0 -204.5 -205.0 -205.5 -206.1 f1 (ppm)



-215.5 -216.0 -216.5 -217.0 -217.5 -218.0 -218.5 -219.0 -219.5 -220.0 -220.5 -221.0 -221.5 -222.0 -222.5 -223.0 -223.5 -224.0 -224.5 -225.0 -225.5 f1 (ppm)



<sup>-201 -202 -203 -204 -205 -206 -207 -208 -209 -210 -211 -212 -213 -214 -215 -216 -217 -218 -219 -220 -221 -222 -223 -224 -225 -226</sup> f1 (ppm)



-201.0 -201.2 -201.4 -201.6 -201.8 -202.0 -202.2 -202.4 -202.6 -202.8 -203.0 -203.2 -203.4 -203.6 -203.8 -204.0 -204.2 -204.4 -204.6 -204.8 -205.0 -205.2 -205 fl (ppm)







-202.5 -203.0 -203.5 -204.0 -204.5 -205.0 -205.5 -206.0 -206.5 -207.0 -207.5 -208.0 -208.5 -209.0 -209.5 -210.0 -210.5 -211.0 -211.5 -212.0 -212.5 -213. f1 (ppm)





-189.5 -190.0 -190.5 -191.0 -191.5 -192.0 -192.5 -193.0 -193.5 -194.0 -194.5 -195.0 -195.0 -196.5 -196.0 -196.5 -197.0 -197.5 -198.0 -198.5 -199.0 -199.5 -200.0 -200.5 f1 (ppm)



-193.0 -193.5 -194.0 -194.5 -195.0 -195.5 -196.0 -196.5 -197.0 -197.5 -198.0 -198.5 -199.0 -199.5 -200.0 f1 (ppm)



-196.6 f1 (ppm) 193.4 -193.8 -194.2 -195.0 -195.8 -196.2 -197.0 -197.4 -197.8 -199.8 -194.6 -195.4 -198.2 -198.6 -199.0 -199.4



<sup>-215.5 -216.0 -216.5 -217.0 -217.5 -218.0 -218.5 -219.0 -219.5 -220.5 -221.0 -221.5 -222.0 -222.5 -223.0 -223.5 -224.0 -224.5 -225.0 -225.5</sup> f1 (ppm)



-198 -199 -200 -201 -202 -203 -204 -205 -206 -207 -208 -209 -210 -211 -212 -213 -214 -215 -216 -217 -218 -219 -220 -221 -222 -223 -224 -225 -226 -227 -228 -229 f1 (ppm)



-199.0 -199.5 -200.0 -200.5 -201.0 -201.5 -202.0 -202.5 -203.0 -203.5 -204.0 -204.5 -205.0 -205.5 -206.0 -206.5 -207.0 -207.5 -208. f1 (ppm)



214.0 -214.5 -215.0 -215.5 -216.0 -216.5 -217.0 -217.5 -218.0 -218.5 -219.0 -219.5 -220.0 -220.5 -221.0 -221.5 -222.0 -222.5 -223.0 -223.5 -224.0 -224.5 f1 (ppm)





-200.5 -201.0 -201.5 -202.0 -202.5 -203.0 -203.5 -204.0 -204.5 -205.0 -205.5 -206.0 -205.5 -207.0 -207.5 -208.0 -208.5 -209.0 -209.5 -210.0 -210.5 -211.0 -211.5 -212.0 -212.5 f1 (ppm)







-191.5 -192.0 -192.5 -193.0 -193.5 -194.0 -194.5 -195.0 -195.5 -196.0 -196.5 -197.0 -197.5 -198.0 -198.5 -199.0 -199.5 -200.0 -200.5 -201.0 -201.5 -202.0 -202.5 -203.0 fl (ppm)
















-205.0 -205.2 -205.4 -205.6 -205.8 -206.0 -206.2 -206.4 -206.6 -206.8 -207.0 -207.2 -207.4 -207.6 -207.8 -208.0 -208.2 -208.4 -208.6 -208.8 -209.0 -2/ f1 (ppm)









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-192.6 -192.8 -193.0 -193.2 -193.4 -193.6 -193.8 -194.0 -194.2 -194.4 -194.6 -194.8 -195.0 -195.2 -195.4 -195.6 -195.8 -196.0 -196.2 -196.4 -196.6 -196.8 -197.0 -197.2 f1 (ppm)

## Selected <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>19</sup>F-NMR of glycosylation crudes





Table 2, entry 11



-205.4 -205.6 -205.8 -206.0 -206.2 -206.4 -206.6 -206.8 -207.0 -207.2 -207.4 -207.6 -207.8 -208.0 -208.2 -208.4 -208.6 -208.8 -209.0 -209.2 -209.4 f1 (ppm)





Table 2, entry 4





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Table 2, entry 5



Table 2, entry 6













