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Supporting Online Material

Mechanistic Studies on Intramolecular C-H Trifluoromethoxylation of (Hetero)arenes *via* OCF₃-Migration

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Materials and Methods

All air- and moisture-insensitive reactions were carried out under an ambient atmosphere, magnetically stirred, and monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using Agela Technologies TLC plates precoated with 250 µm thickness silica gel 60 F254 plates and visualized by fluorescence quenching under UV light. Flash chromatography was performed on SiliaFlash® Silica Gel 40-63µm 60Å particle size using a forced flow of eluent at 0.3–0.5 bar pressure.¹ All air- and moisture-sensitive manipulations were performed using oven-dried glassware, including standard Schlenk and glovebox techniques under an atmosphere of nitrogen. Diethyl ether and THF were distilled from deep purple sodium benzophenone ketyl. Methylene chloride, chloroform and acetonitrile were dried over CaH₂ and distilled. Nitromethane was dried over 4Å molecular sieves. All other chemicals were used as received. All deuterated solvents were purchased from Cambridge Isotope Laboratories. NMR spectra were recorded on either a Bruker Ascend 700 spectrometer operating at 700 MHz for ¹H acquisitions and 175 MHz for ¹³C acquisitions, a Bruker 500 Advance spectrometer operating at 500 MHz, 125 MHz, and 470 MHz for ¹H, ¹³C, and ¹⁹F acquisitions, respectively, a Bruker 400 Nanobay spectrometer operating at 400 MHz, 100 MHz, and 376 MHz for ¹H, ¹³C, and ¹⁹F acquisitions, respectively. Chemical shifts were referenced to the residual proton solvent peaks (¹H: CDCl₃, δ 7.26; (CD₃)₂SO, δ 2.50; CD₃OD, δ 3.31; CD₃CN, δ 1.94), solvent ¹³C signals (CDCl₃, δ 77.16; (CD₃)₂SO, δ 39.52; CD₃OD, δ 49.00),² dissolved or external neat PhCF₃ (¹⁹F, δ – 63.3 relative to CFCl₃).³ Signals are listed in ppm, and multiplicity identified as s = singlet, br = broad, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet; coupling constants in Hz; integration. High-resolution mass spectra were performed at Mass Spectrometry Services at the Univ. of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign and were obtained using Waters Q-TOF Ultima ESI mass spectrometer. Concentration under reduced pressure was performed by rotary evaporation at 25-30 °C at appropriate pressure. Purified compounds were further dried under high vacuum (0.01–0.05 Torr). Yields refer to purified and spectroscopically pure compounds.

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Experimental Data

Standard procedure for the synthesis of N-aryl-N-hydroxylamines

Under N_2 atmosphere, a suspension of aryl nitro compound (1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (5 mol%) in THF (0.20 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C until the TLC analysis indicated a complete consumption of the starting material. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was used directly for the next step without further purification unless otherwise stated.

Standard procedure for the synthesis of protected N-aryl-N-hydroxylamines

To a stirred suspension of *N*-aryl-*N*-hydroxylamine (1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (0.20 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of protecting group precursor (1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (0.24 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10 mL/h). The reaction was stirred at 0 °C until the TLC analysis indicated a complete consumption of the starting material. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel.

Standard procedure for *O*-trifluoromethylation of protected *N*-aryl-*N*-hydroxylamines

Under N_2 atmosphere, to a mixture of protected *N*-aryl-*N*-hydroxylamine (1.00 equiv) and Cs_2CO_3 (10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 14–23h. The reaction mixture was then washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃* and the organic layer was collected, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel.

*The wash with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ was not necessary in case of compounds of low polarity, which could be easily separated from 2-iodobenzoic acid by means column chromatography.

Standard procedure for the synthesis of *ortho*-OCF₃ aniline derivatives *via* OCF₃-migration

A solution of protected *N*-aryl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)amine (0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at an appropriate temperature (50 °C, 80 °C, 120 °C or 140 °C) under N₂ atmosphere for 11–48h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel.

Reaction procedures

Methyl 4-(hydroxyamino)benzoate (S1)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of methyl 4-nitrobenzoate (5.00 g, 27.6 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (159 mg, 1.38 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (300 mL, 0.0920 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (1.52 g, 30.4 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 5h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite, the celite was washed with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 4.62 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (quant yield).

 $R_f = 0.23$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.64 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.77(s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.2, 156.0, 130.4, 119.1, 111.2, 51.4. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₁₀NO₃ ([M + H]⁺), 168.0661, found, 168.0667.

Methyl 4-(N-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (S2)



To a stirred suspension of methyl 4-(hydroxyamino)benzoate (**S1**) (0.900 g, 5.38 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.540 g, 6.46 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.179 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.510 g, 6.46 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.215 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.910 g of the title compound as a light yellow solid (81% yield).

 R_f = 0.13 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.83 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.8, 165.7, 145.4, 129.8, 124.6, 118.4, 52.0, 22.9. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₂NO₄ ([M + H]⁺), 210.0766, found, 210.0766.

Methyl 4-(N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamido)benzoate (2a)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl 4-(*N*-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (**S2**) (335 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 16 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (7:3 to 0:1 (v/v)), to afford 428 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (97% yield).

 R_f = 0.44 (CH₂Cl₂). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.13–8.09 (m, 2H), 7.49–7.45 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.3, 166.2, 143.9, 130.6, 129.9, 124.0, 122.8 (q, *J* = 264.1 Hz), 52.5, 21.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -65.00 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 278.0640, found, 278.0637.

Methyl 4-acetamido-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (3a)



A solution of methyl 4-(*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamido)benzoate (**2a**) (111 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 to 7:3 (v/v)), to afford 97.1 mg of the title compound as a white solid (87% yield).

 R_f = 0.51 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.56 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.56 (br. s, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.5, 165.6, 137.2, 134.7, 129.3, 125.8, 121.5, 120.8, 120.6 (q, J = 258.9 Hz), 52.5, 25.2. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.1 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 278.0640, found, 278.0643.

N-Phenyl-N-hydroxylamine (S3)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of nitrobenzene (1.00 g, 8.10 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (40.5 mg, 0.352 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (25.0 mL, 0.324 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.487 g, 9.72 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and then slowly warmed up to rt and stirred at rt for 4 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from CH₂Cl₂/hexanes at -20 °C afforded 0.740 g of the title compound as a white solid (84% yield).

 R_f = 0.25 (hexanes/EtOAc 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 152.1, 128.4, 119.2, 112.9.

N-Hydroxy-N-phenylacetamide (S4)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-phenylhydroxylamine (**S3**) (0.500 g, 4.58 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.462 g, 5.50 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (15.0 mL, 0.305 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.432 g, 5.50 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (15.0 mL, 0.367 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water, dried with MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 3:2 (v/v)), to afford 0.59 g of the title compound as a white solid (86% yield).

 $R_f = 0.27$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.61 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 169.9, 141.7, 128.4, 124.7, 120.3, 22.5.

N-Phenyl-N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2b)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-hydroxy-*N*-phenylacetamide (**S4**) (400 mg, 2.65 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (86.2 mg, 0.265 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (26.5 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (1.00 g, 3.18 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 21 h. The reaction mixture concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (19:1 to 9:1 (v/v)), to afford 420 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (72% yield).

 R_f = 0.63 (hexanes/EtOAc 9:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.49– 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.31 (m, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.4, 140.4, 129.5, 129.4, 126.3, 122.9 (q, *J* = 263.0 Hz), 22.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -64.8 (s). 25 °C, δ): -64.8 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₉NO₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 220.0585, found, 220.0580.

N-(2-(Trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3b) and *N*-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3b-II)



A solution of *N*-phenyl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2b**) (128 mg, 100 μ L, 0.584 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.584 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 19 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford 105 mg of **3b** (82% yield) and 11.2 mg of **3b-II** (9% yield).

Data for **3b**: white solid; $R_f = 0.36$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.39 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (br. s, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.25–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.12–7.08 (m, 1 H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 138.1, 130.7, 127.7, 124.3, 122.1, 120.7 (q, J = 257.7 Hz), 120.4, 25.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.4 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₉NO₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 220.0585, found, 220.0583.

Data for **3b-II**: white solid; $R_f = 0.33$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.53 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (app d, J = 8.9 Hz, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 145.4, 136.6, 121.9, 121.1, 120.6 (q, J = 255.5 Hz), 24.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.8 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for

 $C_9H_9NO_2F_3([M + H]^+)$, 220.0585, found, 220.0583.

N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)hydroxylamine (S5)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-methoxy-3-nitrobenzene (1.00 g, 6.53 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (50 mg, mmol, 5 mmol%) in THF (25.0 mL, 0.261 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.360 g, 7.19 mmol, 1.10 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite, the celite was washed with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 0.89 g of the title compound as a white solid (98% yield).

 $R_f = 0.47$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): 8.26 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38-6.41 (m, 2H), 6.30 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): 159.8, 153.5, 129.1, 105.5, 104.6, 98.5, 54.6. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₇H₁₀NO₂ ([M + H]⁺), 140.0712, found, 140.0714.

N-Hydroxy-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetamide (S6)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(3-methoxyphenyl)hydroxylamine (**S5**) (0.900 g, 6.47 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.650 g, 7.76 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.216 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.610 g, 7.76 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.259 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (5:1 to 4:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.810 g of the title compound as a brown liquid (69% yield).

 $R_f = 0.26$ (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.61 (s, 1H), 7.30–7.20 (m, 3H), 6.74–6.71 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 169.9, 159.2, 142.8, 129.2, 112.3, 109.8, 106.0, 55.1, 22.6. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for $C_9H_{12}NO_3$ ([M + H]⁺), 182.0817, found, 182.0816.

N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2c)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-hydroxy-*N*-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetamide (**S6**) (290 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 19 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 to 3:7 (v/v)), to afford 290 mg of the title compound as a yellow oil (76% yield).

 $R_f = 0.34$ (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.35 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.99–6.96 (m, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.93–6.90 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.4, 160.4, 141.4, 130.2, 122.9 (q, J = 262.7 Hz), 118.5, 115.2, 112.0, 55.6, 22.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -64.8 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NO₃F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 250.0691, found, 250.0687.

N-(5-Methoxy-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3c) and *N*-(3-methoxy-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3c-II)



A solution of *N*-(3-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2c**) (99.7 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 15 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 (v/v)) for development (prep TLC was developed four times). The purification afforded 55.3 mg of **3c** and 14.9 mg of **3c-II** (70% overall yield).

Data for **3c**: white solid; $R_f = 0.77$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.02 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (br. s, 1H), 7.12 (dd, J = 9.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.5, 158.5, 131.8, 131.6, 121.7, 120.8 (q, J = 256.8 Hz), 109.9, 106.8, 55.8, 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): – 58.7 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NO₃F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 250.0691, found, 250.0690.

Data for **3c-II**: white solid; $R_f = 0.70$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (br. s, 1H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 8.2

Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 152.7, 132.9, 128.2, 127.6, 121.1 (q, *J* = 258.7 Hz), 113.8, 108.0, 56.3, 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –57.9 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NO₃F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 250.0691, found, 250.0692.

N-(4-Iodophenyl)hydroxylamine (S7)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-iodo-4-nitrobenzene (2.00 g, 8.03 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (46.1 mg, 0.400 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (30.0 mL, 0.268 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.482 g, 9.64 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from CH₂Cl₂/hexanes at -20 °C afforded 1.20 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (64% yield).

 $R_f = 0.26$ (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.41 (s, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 152.4, 137.3, 115.8, 81.1.

N-Hydroxy-N-(4-iodophenyl)acetamide (S8)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(4-iodophenyl)hydroxylamine (**S7**) (1.00 g, 4.25 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.430 g, 5.11 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.412 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.400 g, 5.11 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (20.0 mL, 0.256 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (4 × 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from Et₂O/hexanes afforded 0.980 g of the title compound as light brown solid (83% yield).

 R_f = 0.18 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.69 (s, 1H), 7.72–7.67 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.1, 141.4, 137.0, 121.8, 88.4, 22.6. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₉NO₂I ([M + H]⁺), 277.9678, found, 277.9684.

N-(4-Iodophenyl)-N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2d)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-hydroxy-*N*-(4-iodophenyl)acetamide (**S8**) (200 mg, 0.722 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (23.5 mg, 0.0720 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (7.20 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (274 mg, 0.867 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 18 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 (v/v)), to afford 205 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (82% yield).

 R_f = 0.48 (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.79–7.76 (m, 2H), 7.14–7.11 (m, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.5, 140.1, 138.6, 127.2, 122.8 (q, *J* = 263.5 Hz), 94.4, 21.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -64.9 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₃I ([M + H]⁺), 345.9552, found, 345.9549.

N-(4-Iodo-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3d)



A solution of *N*-(4-iodophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2d**) (138 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 13 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 2:3 (v/v)), to afford 108 mg of the title compound as a beige solid (78% yield).

 R_f = 0.46 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.19 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.36 (br. s, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.3, 138.0, 136.8, 130.7, 129.2, 123.4, 120.6 (q, *J* = 259.1 Hz), 85.6, 25.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.3 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₃I ([M + H]⁺), 345.9552, found, 345.9548.

N-(4-Bromophenyl)hydroxylamine (S9)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-bromo-4-nitrobenzene (3.00 g, 14.9 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (85.3 mg, 0.740 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (100 mL, 0.149 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.892 g, 16.2 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 2.78 g of the title compound as a brown solid (99% yield).

 R_f = 0.30 (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 151.4, 131.1, 114.8, 110.1. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₆H₇NOBr ([M + H]⁺), 187.9711, found, 187.9714.

N-(4-Bromophenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S10)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(4-bromophenyl)hydroxylamine (**S9**) (1.00 g, 5.32 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.540 g, 6.38 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (25.0 mL, 0.213 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.500 g, 6.38 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.213 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1.23 g of the title compound as a brown solid (quant yield).

 $R_f = 0.14$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.72 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.2, 140.9, 131.2, 121.6, 116.2, 22.5. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₉NO₂Br ([M + H]⁺), 229.9817, found, 229.9818.

N-(4-Bromophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2e)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-(4-bromophenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S10**) (368 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 18 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 to 1:3 (v/v)), to afford 384 mg of the title

compound a slightly yellow oil (81% yield).

 $R_f = 0.47$ (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.59–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.28 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.5, 139.3, 132.6, 127.2, 122.9, 122.8 (q, *J* = 263.3 Hz), 21.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -64.9 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₃Br ([M + H]⁺), 297.9690, found, 297.9694.

N-(4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3e)



A solution of *N*-(4-bromophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2e**) (119 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 14 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (17:1 to 7:3 (v/v)), to afford 107 mg of the title compound as a beige solid (90% yield).

 R_f = 0.42 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.32 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42–7.41 (m, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.37 (br. s, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.3, 138.2, 130.8, 129.9, 123.6, 123.1, 120.6 (q, J = 259.2 Hz), 115.9, 25.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –58.2 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₃Br ([M + H]⁺), 297.9690, found, 297.9692.

N-(3-Fluorophenyl)hydroxylamine (S11)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-fluoro-3-nitrobenzene (1.00 g, 7.09 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (50.0 mg, 0.435 mmol, 6 mol%) in THF (25.0 mL, 0.284 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.390 g, 7.80 mmol, 1.10 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite. The celite was washed with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 0.87 g of the title compound as a white solid (97% yield).

R_f = 0.28 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.17–7.14 (m, 1H), 6.61–6.58 (m, 2H), 6.50–6,48 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 163.0 (d, J = 238.8 Hz), 154.4 (d, J = 10.2 Hz), 130.0 (d, J = 9.6 Hz), 108.7 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 105.1 (d, J = 21.4 Hz), 99.3 (d, J = 25.5 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): -117.3 (s). Mass Spectrometry:

HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₆H₇NOF ([M + H]⁺), 128.0512, found, 128.0513.

N-(3-Fluorophenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S12)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(3-fluorophenyl)hydroxylamine (**S11**) (0.800 g, 6.29 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.634 g, 7.55 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (35.0 mL, 0.180 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.593 g, 7.55 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.252 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.830 g of the title compound as a yellow liquid (78% yield).

R_f = 0.52 (hexanes/EtOAc 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.77 (s, 1H), 7.54–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.37 (m, 1H), 7.00–7.6.94 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.4, 161.80 (d, J = 240.2 Hz), 143.1 (d, J = 10.7 Hz), 130.1 (d, J = 9.2 Hz), 115.0, 110.7 (d, J = 20.9 Hz), 106.3 (d, J = 27.7 Hz), 22.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): –114.5 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₉NO₂F ([M + H]⁺), 170.0617, found, 170.0617.

N-(3-Fluorophenyl)-N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2f)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-(3-fluorophenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S12**) (243 mg, 1.44 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (46.9 mg, 0.144 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (14.4 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (546 mg, 1.73 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 22 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 to 1:3 (v/v)), to afford 287 mg of the title compound as a slightly yellow oil (76% yield).

 R_f = 0.55 (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.41 (td, *J* = 8.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dt, *J* = 9.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (td, *J* = 8.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.5, 162.7 (d, *J* = 246.8 Hz), 141.6 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 122.8 (q, *J* = 263.4 Hz), 121.0, 115.9 (d, *J* = 20.9 Hz), 112.9 (d, *J* = 24.0 Hz),

21.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -65.0 (s), -111.2 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (EI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₇NO₂F₄ ([M]⁺), 237.0413, found, 237.0417.

N-(5-Fluoro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide(3f)andN-(3-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3f-II)



A solution of *N*-(3-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2f**) (95.9 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (7:3 (v/v)) for development. The purification afforded 51.2 mg of **3f** and 31.5 mg of **3f-II** (87% overall yield).

Data for **3f**: white solid; $R_f = 0.67$ (hexanes/EtOAc 7:3 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.25 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (br. s, 1H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 1H), 6.83–6.73 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 161.0 (d, J = 243.9 Hz), 133.7, 132.2 (d, J = 12.1 Hz), 121.8 (d, J = 9.7 Hz), 120.7 (q, J = 258.0 Hz), 110.6 (d, J = 24.1 Hz), 109.1 (d, J = 29.6 Hz), 25.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –58.5 (s), –111.9 (q). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₄ ([M + H]⁺), 238.0491, found, 238.0492.

Data for **3f-II**: white solid; $R_f = 0.56$ (hexanes/EtOAc 7:3 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.15 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (br. s, 1 H), 7.29–7.23 (m, 1 H), 6.93 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 155.2 (d, J = 250.3 Hz), 133.5, 128.6 (d, J = 8.5 Hz), 126.3 (d, J = 13.8 Hz), 121.0 (q, J = 259.9 Hz), 117.3, 111.9 (d, J = 18.3 Hz), 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –58.9 (d), –127.3 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₈NO₂F₄ ([M + H]⁺), 238.0491, found, 238.0490.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyamino)benzoate (S13)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of methyl 3-nitrobenzoate (2.00 g, 11.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (63.0 mg, 0.550 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (40.0 mL, 0.275 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.663 g, 13.3 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite, the celite was washed with EtOAc and the

combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1.82 g of the title compound as a light yellow solid (99% yield).

 $R_f = 0.19$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.35–7.28 (m, 2H), 7.07–7.04 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.6, 152.4, 130.0, 128.9, 119.9, 117.5, 113.2, 52.1. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₁₀NO₃ ([M + H]⁺), 168.0661, found, 168.0666.

Methyl 3-(N-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (S14)



To a stirred suspension of methyl 3-(hydroxyamino)benzoate (**S13**) (1.00 g, 5.98 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.600 g, 7.18 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.199 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.560 g, 7.18 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.239 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1.25 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (quant yield).

 R_f = 0.10 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.80 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.95–7.90 (m, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.4, 166.0, 141.9, 129.8, 128.9, 124.9, 124.2, 120.1, 52.3, 22.5. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₂NO₄ ([M + H]⁺), 210.0766, found, 210.0764.

Methyl 3-(N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamido)benzoate (2g)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl 3-(*N*-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (**S14**) (335 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 15 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:3 to 0:1 (v/v)), to afford 298 mg of the title compound as a slightly yellow oil (67% yield).

 R_f = 0.50 (CH₂Cl₂). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.07–8.04 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.55–7.50 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.7, 166.0, 140.6, 131.7, 130.0, 129.9, 129.5, 126.5, 122.8 (q, *J* = 263.7 Hz), 52.6, 21.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –64.9 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 278.0640, found, 278.0640.

Methyl 3-acetamido-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (3g) and methyl 3-acetamido-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (3g-II)



A solution of methyl 3-(*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamido)benzoate (**2g**) (111 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using Et₂O for development. The purification afforded 90.4 mg of a 1.14:1 mixture of **3g** and **3g-II** (81% overall yield).

Compounds **3g** and **3g-II** were further separated for characterization by preparative TLC (eluting twenty times with hexanes:Et₂O (7:3 (v/v)).

Data for **3g**: white solid; $R_f = 0.59$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 9.02 (br. s, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (br. s, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.4, 166.0, 141.2, 130.3, 129.4, 125.9, 123.4, 120.5 (q, J = 259.1 Hz), 119.5, 52.6, 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): – 57.8 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 278.0640, found, 278.0640.

Data for **3g-II**: white solid; $R_f = 0.56$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.56 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (br. s, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.5, 165.0, 136.5, 132.8, 128.1, 126.6, 126.2, 126.1, 120.8 (q, J = 258.6 Hz), 52.7, 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -57.5 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 278.0640, found, 278.0639.

N-(3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (S15)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (1.00 g, 5.21 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (50 mg, 0.225 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (25.0 mL, 0.208 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.314 g, 5.73 mmol, 1.10 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite, the celite was washed with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 0.88 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (95% yield).

 R_f = 0.30 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.07–7.03 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 152.7, 129.4 (q, *J* = 30.6 Hz), 124.4 (q, *J* = 270.6 Hz), 116.3, 115.2 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 111.9, 108.5 (q, *J* = 4.0 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): -63.4 (s).

N-Hydroxy-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (S16)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (**S15**) (0.720 g, 4.06 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.410 g, 4.88 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (20.0 mL, 0.203 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.380 g, 4.88 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (25.0 mL, 0.192 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.760 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (85% yield).

 R_f = 0.19 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.88 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.7, 142.2, 129.8, 129.1 (q, *J* = 31.6 Hz), 126.2 (d, *J* = 270.9 Hz), 122.9 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 120.6 (d, *J* = 29.7 Hz), 115.5, 22.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): – 63.1 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₉NO₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 220.0585, found, 220.0589.

N-(Trifluoromethoxy)-*N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (2h)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-hydroxy-*N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (**S16**) (351 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 15 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 to 0:1 (v/v)), to afford 378 mg of the title compound as a slightly yellow oil (82% yield).

 R_f = 0.50 (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.64–7.60 (m, 1H), 7.60–7.56 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.8, 140.8, 132.0 (q, *J* = 33.0 Hz), 129.9, 128.3, 125.4 (q, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 123.5 (q, *J* = 271.1 Hz), 122.8 (q, *J* = 264.0 Hz), 121.7, 21.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -63.3 (s), -65.0 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (EI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₇NO₂F₆ ([M]⁺), 287.0381, found, 287.0389.

N-(2-(Trifluoromethoxy)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (3h) and *N*-(2-(trifluoromethoxy)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (3h-II)



A solution of *N*-(trifluoromethoxy)-*N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (**2h**) (115 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 140 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 (v/v)) for development (prep TLC was developed twice). The purification afforded 53.5 mg of **3h** and 37.4 mg of **3h-II** (80% overall yield). Data for **3h**: white solid; $R_f = 0.66$ (hexanes/EtOAc 7:3 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.79 (br. s, 1H), 7.55 (br. s, 1H), 7.32–7.39 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.6, 139.9, 131.1, 129.9 (q, *J* = 33.1 Hz), 123.5 (q, *J* = 270.8 Hz), 121.1, 120.5 (q, *J* = 259.6 Hz), 120.1, 119.2, 24.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –58.0 (s), –63.2 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈NO₂F₆ ([M + H]⁺), 288.0459, found, 288.0457. Data for **3h-II**: white solid; $R_f = 0.43$ (hexanes/EtOAc 7:3 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.52 (br. s, 1H), 7.50 (br. s, 1H), 7.39–7.46 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H).

MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.5, 135.7, 133.1, 128.3, 126.7, 125.2 (q, *J* = 32.0 Hz), 122.6 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz), 122.5 (q, *J* = 271.6 Hz), 120.7 (q, *J* = 260.3 Hz), 24.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -55.7 (d), - 61.1 (q). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈NO₂F₆ ([M + H]⁺), 288.0459, found, 288.0463.

1-(4-(Hydroxyamino)phenyl)ethan-1-one (S17)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-(4-nitrophenyl)ethan-1-one (3.00 g, 18.2 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (104 mg, 0.908 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (90.0 mL, 0.202 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (1.09 g, 21.8 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 3.5 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 2.80 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (quant yield).

 $R_f = 0.27$ (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 195.6, 155.9, 129.8, 127.7, 110.9, 26.1.

N-(4-Acetylphenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S18)



To a stirred suspension of 1-(4-(hydroxyamino)phenyl)ethan-1-one (**S17**) (0.200 g, 1.32 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.130 g, 1.59 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (10.0 mL, 0.132 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.130 g, 1.59 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (5.00 mL, 0.318 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (2:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.230 g of the title compound as a white solid (91% yield).

 $R_f = 0.13$ (hexanes/EtOAc 2:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.84 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 196.6, 170.8, 145.3, 132.2, 128.9, 118.3, 26.5, 22.9. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₂NO₃ ([M + H]⁺), 194.0817, found, 194.0820.

N-(4-Acetylphenyl)-N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2i)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl *N*-(4-acetylphenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S18**) (309 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 16 h. The reaction mixture was then washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (30 mL) and the layers were separated. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 to 7:3 (v/v)), to afford 314 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (75% yield).

 $R_f = 0.62$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.03– 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.48 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 196.9, 172.3, 143.9, 136.5, 129.3, 124.0, 122.7 (q, *J* = 264.2 Hz), 26.8, 21.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -65.00 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₃F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 262.0691, found, 262.0691.

N-(4-Acetyl-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3i)



A solution of *N*-(4-acetylphenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2i**) (104 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 to 3:2 (v/v)), to afford 93.6 mg of the title compound as a white solid (90% yield).

 R_f = 0.46 (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.59 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89–7.86 (m, 2H), 7.58 (br. s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 195.7, 168.6, 137.6, 134.8, 132.9, 128.4, 120.8, 120.6 (q, J = 259.1 Hz), 119.8, 26.5, 25.1. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.0 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₃F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 262.0691, found, 262.0692.

4-(Hydroxyamino)benzonitrile (S19)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 4-nitrobenzonitrile (2.00 g, 13.5 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (77.6 mg, 0.680 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (40.0 mL, 0.338 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.810 g, 16.2 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and then slowly warmed up to rt and stirred at rt for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1.80 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (99% yield).

 $R_f = 0.14$ (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 9.10 (s, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 7.57–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 155.4, 133.1, 120.1, 111.8, 90.1.

N-(4-Cyanophenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S20)



To a stirred suspension of 4-(hydroxyamino)benzonitrile (**S19**) (0.500 g, 3.73 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.380 g, 4.47 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (25.0 mL, 0.149 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.350 g, 4.47 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (10.0 mL, 0.447 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined, concentrated *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from Et₂O/hexanes afforded 0.510 g of the title compound as a light pink solid (78% yield).

 $R_f = 0.32$ (hexanes/EtOAc 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.92 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 171.1, 145.1, 132.9, 118.9, 118.8, 105.7, 22.9. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₉N₂O₂ ([M + H]⁺), 177.0664, found, 177.0665.

N-(4-Cyanophenyl)-N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2j)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-(4-cyanophenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S20**) (200 mg, 1.14 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (37.0 mg, 0.114 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (11.4 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (432 mg, 1.37 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 23 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:2 to 0:1 (v/v)), to afford 234 mg of the title compound an off-white solid (84% yield).

 $R_f = 0.66 (CH_2Cl_2)$. NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.74–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.55–7.51 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.4, 143.6, 133.1, 123.8, 122.7 (q, *J* = 265.2 Hz), 118.1, 111.6, 21.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -65.2 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈N₂O₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 245.0538, found, 245.0541.

N-(4-Cyano-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3j)



A solution of *N*-(4-cyanophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2j**) (97.7 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 48 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (7:3 (v/v)) for development. The purification afforded 61.4 mg of the title compound as a white crystalline solid (63% yield). 20.0 mg (20%) of the starting material was recovered.

Data for **3j:** $R_f = 0.64$ (hexanes/EtOAc 3:2 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.66 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (br. s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.6, 137.1, 135.0, 132.0, 123.7, 121.8, 120.5 (q, J = 260.2 Hz), 117.6, 107.2, 25.2. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.4 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈N₂O₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 245.0538, found, 245.0539.

N-(3,5-bis(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (S21)



Under N_2 atmosphere, a suspension of 1-nitro-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzene (1.00 g, 3.86 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (30.00 mg, 0.261 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (25 mL, 0.154 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.232 g, 4.63 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite, the celite was

washed with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 0.940 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (quant yield).

 $R_f = 0.48$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.94 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 153.5, 130.7 (q, *J* = 25.7 Hz), 123.5 (q, *J* = 216.9 Hz), 111.8, 111.0 (q, *J* = 3.0 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C, δ): -63.8 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₆NOF₆ ([M + H]⁺), 246.0354, found, 246.0363.

N-(3,5-bis(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S22)



To a stirred suspension of methyl N-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (**S21**) (1.00 g, 4.08 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.411 g, 4.90 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (20.0 mL, 0.204 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.384 g, 4.09 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (25.0 mL, 0.196 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 3:1 (v/v)), to afford 0.890 g of the title compound as a light white long needle solid (76% yield).

 R_f = 0.36 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 11.17 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 2H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 171.6, 143.0, 130.6 (q, *J* = 26.5 Hz), 123.2 (q, *J* = 217.0 Hz), 118.5, 116.9, 22.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -63.6 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈NO₂F₆ ([M + H]+), 288.0459, found, 288.0457.

N-(3,5-bis(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2k)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S22**) (459 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs_2CO_3 (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 g, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred

at rt for 19 h. The reaction mixture was then washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (30 mL) and the layers were separated. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (19:1 to 9:1 (v/v)), to afford 454 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (80% yield).

R_f = 0.61 (hexanes/EtOAc 10:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.86 (s, 2H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.8, 141.4, 132.8 (q, J = 34.0 Hz), 123.8 (d, J = 3.2 Hz), 122.8 (q, J = 270.8 Hz), 122.7 (q, J = 265.4 Hz), 121.7 (m), 21.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -63.5 (s), -65.1 (s).

N-(*p*-Tolyl)hydroxylamine (S23)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-methyl-4-nitrobenzene (2.50 g, 18.3 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (104.8 mg, 0.910 mmol, 0.30 mol%) in THF (91.0 mL, 0.200 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (1.11 g, 21.9 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h, filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 2.25 g of the title compound as a brown solid (quant yield).

 $R_f = 0.20$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.20 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 149.7, 128.8, 127.8, 113.3, 20.2. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₇H₁₀NO ([M + H]⁺), 124.0762, found, 124.0761.

N-Hydroxy-N-(p-tolyl)acetamide (S24)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(*p*-tolyl)hydroxylamine (**S23**) (0.200 g, 1.62 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (164 mg, 1.95 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (10.0 mL, 0.162 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (153 mg, 1.95 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (5.00 mL, 0.390 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 to 2:1 (v/v), to afford 0.156 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (58% yield).

 $R_f = 0.27$ (hexanes/EtOAc 2:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.51 (s,

1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 169.5, 139.3, 133.8, 128.8, 120.3, 22.3, 20.4. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₉H₁₂NO₂ ([M + H]⁺), 166.0868, found, 166.0867.

N-(4-Methyl-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (3l)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-hydroxy-*N*-(p-tolyl)acetamide (**S24**) (78.2 mg, 0.473 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaH (13.6 mg, 0.568 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (4.73 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (179 mg, 0.568 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 23 h. The reaction mixture diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) and washed with water (30 mL). The layers were separated, the organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 (v/v)) for development (prep TLC was developed twice). The purification afforded 76.8 mg of the title compound as a white solid (70% yield).

 $R_f = 0.42$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (br. s, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (br. s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.3, 138.2, 134.7, 128.2, 128.0, 122.2, 120.9, 120.7 (q, J = 257.4 Hz), 24.8, 21.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.0 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NO₂F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 234.0742, found, 234.0737.

Methyl 4-(N-hydroxybenzamido)benzoate (S25)



To a stirred suspension of methyl 4-(hydroxyamino)benzoate (**S1**) (1.00 g, 5.98 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.603 g, 7.18 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.199 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (1.01 g, 7.18 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (30.0 mL, 0.239 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (4:1 (v/v)), to afford 1.47 g of the title compound as a light yellow solid (91% yield).

 $R_f = 0.20$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.93 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52–7.44 (m, 3 H), 3.85

(s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 168.6, 165.7, 145.9, 135.2, 130.6, 129.8, 128.4, 127.9, 125.5, 120.0, 52.1. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₅H₁₄NO₄ ([M + H]⁺), 272.0923, found, 272.0925.

Methyl 4-(N-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamido)benzoate (2m)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl 4-(*N*-hydroxybenzamido)benzoate (**S25**) (434 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (52.1 mg, 0.160 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (16.0 mL, 0.100 M) was added Togni reagent II (607 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 19 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1 to 0:1 (v/v)), to afford 521 mg of the title compound a slightly yellow oil (96% yield).

R_f = 0.67 (CH₂Cl₂). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.03 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.65–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.47–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 170.7, 165.9, 145.2, 132.5, 132.1, 131.1, 131.0, 129.2, 128.6, 127.2, 122.8 (q, J = 265.8 Hz), 52.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -64.4 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₁₃NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 340.0797, found, 340.0801.

Methyl 4-benzamido-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (3m)



A solution of methyl 4-(*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamido)benzoate (**2m**) (136 mg, 0.400 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.400 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 120 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 20 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 to 7:3 (v/v)), to afford 107 mg of the title compound as a white solid (79% yield). The reaction also afforded methyl methyl 2-phenylbenzo[*d*]oxazole-6-carboxylate (**3m**') as a white solid (4% yield).

Data for **3m**: $R_f = 0.72$ (hexanes/EtOAc 7:3 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.74 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (br. s, 1H), 8.04 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.90–7.84 (m, 2H), 7.63–7.58 (m, 1H), 7.56–7.51 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ):

165.6, 165.5, 137.7, 135.0, 134.2, 132.8, 129.5, 129.3, 127.2, 126.0, 121.7, 120.8, 120.7 (q, J = 259.1 Hz), 52.5. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -58.1 (s). Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₁₃NO₄F₃ ([M + H]⁺), 340.0797, found, 340.0793.

Data for **3m**': $R_f = 0.73$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.36–8.25 (m, 3H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.49 (m, 3H), 3.97 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 166.8, 165.7, 150.6, 146.2, 132.4, 129.2, 128.1, 127.3, 126.8, 126.6, 119.7, 112.4, 52.5. These spectroscopic data correspond to previously reported data.⁴

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)hydroxylamine (S26)



Under N₂ atmosphere, a suspension of 1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene (2.00 g, 12.7 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Rh/C (72.9 mg, 0.635 mmol, 5 mol%) in THF (40.0 mL, 0.318 M) was cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine monohydrate (0.762 g, 15.2 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1.72 g of the title compound as a yellow solid (95% yield).

 $R_f = 0.27$ (hexanes/EtOAc 5:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.43 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87–6.83 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 151.0, 128.3, 122.6, 114.4.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide (S27)



To a stirred suspension of *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)hydroxylamine (**S26**) (1.00 g, 6.97 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and NaHCO₃ (0.700 g, 8.36 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (20.0 mL, 0.349 M) at 0 °C under N₂ was slowly added a solution of acetyl chloride (0.660 g, 8.36 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in Et₂O (20.0 mL, 0.418 M) via a syringe pump (at a rate of 10.0 mL/h). After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined and concentrated *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from Et₂O/hexanes afforded 1.15 g of the title compound

⁴ Ueda, S., Nagasawa, H. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2008, 47, 6411-6413.

as a yellow solid (89% yield).

 R_f = 0.13 (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.72 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.44–7.38 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.1, 140.5, 128.3, 128.1, 121.4, 22.5. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₈H₉NO₂Cl ([M + H]⁺), 186.0322, found, 186.0321.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-(perfluoroethoxy)acetamide (6)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*-hydroxyacetamide (**S27**) (177 mg, 0.956 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (31.1 mg, 0.0956 mmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (9.56 mL, 0.100 M) was added 1-(perfluoroethyl)- $1\lambda^3$ -benzo[*d*][1,2]iodaoxol-3(1*H*)-one⁵ (700 mg, 1.91 mmol, 2.00 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with hexanes:CH₂Cl₂ (19:1 to 1:1 (v/v)), to afford the title compound a yellow oil (173 mg, 0.570 mmol, 60% yield).

R_f = 0.51 (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 7.45– 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.28 (m, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 172.8, 139.3, 135.0, 129.7, 127.0, 116.4 (qt, J = 283.5, 40.3 Hz), 116.2 (tq, J = 276.6, 40.8 Hz), 21.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): -85.0, -93.5. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈ClF₅NO₂ ([M + H]⁺), 304.0164, found, 304.0151.

N-(4-Chloro-2-(perfluoroethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (8)



A solution of *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*-(perfluoroethoxy)acetamide (**6**) (50.0 mg, 0.165 mmol) in MeNO₂ (0.165 mL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 17 h. The reaction mixture was purified by preparative TLC using hexanes:EtOAc (9:1 (v/v)) for development (the PLC was developed twice). The purification afforded the title compound as a beige solid (86.2 mg, 0.340 mmol, 85% yield).

 $R_f = 0.30$ (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 (v/v)). NMR Spectroscopy: ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 8.33 (d,

⁵ The reagent was prepared according to the procedure described in Li, Y.; Studer, A. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2012, 51, (33), 8221-8224.

J = 9.54 Hz, 1H), 7.32–7.26 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): 168.2, 137.3, 129.9, 129.1, 128.2, 123.0, 122.0, 116.7 (qt, J = 283.2, 43.1 Hz), 114.4 (tq, J = 278.3, 43.0 Hz), 24.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C, δ): –86.4, –88.7. Mass Spectrometry: HRMS (ESI-TOF) (m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈ClF₅NO₂ ([M + H]⁺), 304.0164, found, 304.0151.

Mechanistic studies

O-trifluoromethylation in the presence of a radical trap (TEMPO)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl 4-(*N*-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (**1a**) (10.5 mg, 0.0502 mmol, 1.00 equiv), TEMPO (7.8 mg, 0.0500 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (1.60 mg, 5.00 µmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (0.500 mL) was added Togni reagent II (19.0 mg, 0.0600 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 15 h. Trifluorotoluene (6.14 µL, 0.0500 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and CDCl₃ (0.250 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹⁹F NMR. The ¹⁹F NMR analysis indicated that the yield of *O*-trifluoromethylation of **1a** in the presence of TEMPO (37%) was much lower than in the absence of the radical trap (97%). In addition, the formation of 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-(trifluoromethoxy)piperidine (80%) resulting from recombination of TEMPO and CF₃· was observed (Figure S1).



Figure S1. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the reaction mixture.

O-trifluoromethylation in the presence of a radical trap (BHT)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to a mixture of methyl 4-(*N*-hydroxyacetamido)benzoate (**1a**) (10.5 mg, 0.0502 mmol, 1.00 equiv), BHT (11.0 mg, 0.0500 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and Cs₂CO₃ (1.60 mg, 5.00 µmol, 10 mol%) in CHCl₃ (0.500 mL) was added Togni reagent II (19.0 mg, 0.0600 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 15 h. Trifluorotoluene (6.14 µL, 0.0500 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and CDCl₃ (0.250 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹⁹F NMR. The ¹⁹F NMR analysis indicated that the yield of *O*-trifluoromethylation of **1a** in the presence of BHT (28%) was much lower than in the absence of the radical trap (97%). In addition, the formation of 2,6-di-*tert*-butyl-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)phenol (56%) resulting from benzylic trifluoromethylation of BHT was observed. (Figure S2).





Figure S2. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the reaction mixture.

O-CF3 migration in the presence of a radical trap



Reaction without BHT: Under N₂ atmosphere, a solution of *N*-phenyl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (11.0 mg, 50.2 µmol) (**2b**) in MeNO₂ (50.0 µL, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C for 12 h. Trifluorotoluene (6.14 µL, 50.0 µmol, 1.00 equiv) and CDCl₃ (0.350 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹⁹F NMR (Figure S3).



Figure S3. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the reaction mixture w/o BHT.
Reaction with BHT: Under N₂ atmosphere, a solution of *N*-phenyl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2b**) (11.0 mg, 50.2 μ mol, 1.00 equiv) and BHT (11.0 mg, 50.0 μ mol, 1.00 equiv) in MeNO₂ (50.0 μ L, 1.00 M) was heated at 80 °C for 12 h. Trifluorotoluene (6.14 μ L, 50.0 μ mol, 1.00 equiv) and CDCl₃ (0.350 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹⁹F NMR (Figure S4).



Figure S4. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the reaction mixture with BHT.

Crossover experiments



A mixture of *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*-(perfluoroethoxy)acetamide (**6**) (7.6 mg, 0.025 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and *N*-(4-bromophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (**2e**) (7.5 mg, 0.025 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was heated at 80 °C for 6h (i) in MeNO₂ (25 μ L); (ii) neat. Trifluorotoluene (3.1 μ L, 0.025 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and CDCl₃ (0.400 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹⁹F NMR and GCMS. No crossover products were observed (Figure S5 and S6).



Figure S5. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the crossover experiment (i) in MeNO₂.



Figure S6. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the crossover experiment (ii) neat.

Decomposition of trifluoromethoxide

While running the rearrangement reactions, in certain cases we observed that trifluoromethoxide was underwent decomposition as evidenced by detection of fluorophosgene and BF_4^- by ¹⁹F NMR (Figure S7).



Figure S7. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the rearrangement reaction showing the decomposition of trifluoromethoxide.

Possible mechanisms for the OCF₃-migration reaction

a. Intramolecular mechanism: tight ion pair





Figure S8. Possible OCF₃-migration mechanisms.

Kinetic Experiments

Sample Preparation

All samples were prepared inside a glovebox under nitrogen atmosphere. *N*-Aryl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamides were weighed into in a 5 mm thin wall precision screw-cap NMR tube (purchased from Wilmad-labglass) and dissolved in degassed anhydrous nitromethane (0.7 mL, at 0.01 – 0.1 M). PhCF₃ (4 μ L) was used as internal standard which was added into NMR tubes with a 10 μ L micro-syringe outside of glovebox. PhCF₃ (4 μ L) in deuterium MeNO₂-d₃ (0.7 mL) was prepared for pre-shimming the ¹⁹F probe.

General methods for data acquisition

All kinetic experiments (¹⁹F NMR) were performed on a Bruker 400 Nanobay spectrometer (400 MHz without proton decoupling). The ¹⁹F probe was pre-shimmed with the standard sample prior to data acquisition. Raw data from the spectra were processed using TopSpin 3.1 and plots for kinetic were generated and analyzed with SigmaPlot 12.0. All kinetic experiments were performed in triplicate.



Method A (substrates with fast-kinetic)

The sample was inserted into the pre-shimmed NMR spectrometer at 25 °C and the signal collected was named as the initial concentration. Then, the NMR spectrometer was warmed up to 80 °C, tuned and shimmed with the standard sample at 80 °C. The sample was inserted into the spectrometer and at the same time a digital stopwatch was used to record the time. Data was acquired right after the sample was inserted into the NMR spectrometer, each data point was collected manually with an interval time between 15 s up to 5 minutes and the reaction was monitored for at least three half-lives.

The data were fitted with the equation:

(1) $\ln [S] = \text{constant} - \text{kt}$, whereas the [S] is the concentration of the substrates at different time, k is the rate constant, t is the time.

Method B (substrates with slow-kinetic)

The sample was inserted into the pre-shimmed NMR spectrometer at 25 °C and the signal collected was named as the initial concentration. Then, the sample was heated in an oil bath at 80 °C. Every 0.5-3 hours, the reaction was cooled in an ice-bath and ¹⁹F NMR data was acquired. This procedure was repeated for at least 6 times until 10-15 % of the substrate was converted.

The data were fitted with the equation:

(2) $[P] = k[S]_{o}t$, whereas the [P] is the concentration of products, $[S]_{o}$ is the concentration of the

substrate before the reaction begins, k is the rate constant, t is time.

Substrates and Data collected with Method A

Trial	Concentration mole/L	k s ⁻¹
1	0.084	0.0013
2	0.074	0.0013
3	0.061	0.0013
average		0.0013



Trial 1: ln[S] = -2.7065 - 0.0013 t $R^2 = 0.9969$

Trial 2:
$$\ln[S] = -2.8432 - 0.0013$$
 t
R² = 0.9955

Trial 3: $\ln[S] = -3.0350 - 0.0013 \text{ t}$ $R^2 = 0.9947$

•	0.084 M
0	0.074 M
•	0.061 M
	0.084 M
	0.074 M
	0.061 M

	Trial 1,	0.084 M			Trial 2, 0.074 M			Trial 3, 0.061 M			
Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]
0	1.8036	0.0839962	-2.47698	0	1.5851	0.0735939	-2.60919	0	1.3109	0.06105049	-2.79605
16.2	1.5565	0.0724884	-2.62433	36.27	1.3535	0.0628411	-2.76715	15.7	1.191	0.05546657	-2.89197
32.8	1.4856	0.0691865	-2.67095	65.39	1.2738	0.0591407	-2.82784	49.7	1.0929	0.05089791	-2.97793
72.3	1.4573	0.0678685	-2.69018	110.87	1.1314	0.0525293	-2.94638	94.1	0.9631	0.04485294	-3.10437
108.5	1.2416	0.0578231	-2.85037	153.17	1.0209	0.0473989	-3.04916	132.5	0.9156	0.0426408	-3.15494
185.3	1.1177	0.0520529	-2.9555	241.01	0.9194	0.0426864	-3.15387	180	0.8124	0.03783463	-3.27453
267.5	0.9908	0.046143	-3.07601	329.25	0.8029	0.0372775	-3.28937	240	0.746	0.03474229	-3.3598
343.9	0.9098	0.0423707	-3.1613	403.12	0.752	0.0349143	-3.35486	278.3	0.7032	0.03274903	-3.41888
427.6	0.8065	0.0375599	-3.28182	465.11	0.6574	0.0305221	-3.4893	364.5	0.6515	0.03034129	-3.49525
527.3	0.7147	0.0332846	-3.40266	556.14	0.6027	0.0279825	-3.57618	427.9	0.5879	0.02737934	-3.59797
609.9	0.6563	0.0305648	-3.48791	645.93	0.5506	0.0255636	-3.66659	480.5	0.5421	0.02524637	-3.67907
698.2	0.5921	0.0275749	-3.59085	710.36	0.5108	0.0237157	-3.74162	553	0.4781	0.0222658	-3.8047
779.4	0.5479	0.0255165	-3.66843	824.28	0.3965	0.0184089	-3.99492	632.7	0.4596	0.02140423	-3.84417
870.5	0.4724	0.0220003	-3.8167	887.02	0.3868	0.0179586	-4.01969	769.1	0.3625	0.01688214	-4.0815
1008.8	0.3956	0.0184237	-3.99412	1008.58	0.3423	0.0158925	-4.14191	898.5	0.3183	0.01482369	-4.21153
1130.8	0.3344	0.0155735	-4.16219	1147.7	0.3417	0.0158646	-4.14366	991.7	0.2713	0.01263483	-4.3713
1252.1	0.2882	0.0134219	-4.31087	1281.94	0.2747	0.0127539	-4.36192	1125.7	0.2378	0.01107469	-4.50309
1417.5	0.2546	0.0118571	-4.43483	1426.27	0.2365	0.0109804	-4.51165	1302.7	0.1928	0.00897897	-4.71287
1563.8	0.1926	0.0089697	-4.71391	1564.93	0.1691	0.0078511	-4.84711	1580.6	0.1249	0.00581677	-5.14701
1736.6	0.155	0.0072186	-4.9311	1709.13	0.1404	0.0065186	-5.0331	1855.5	0.0924	0.0043032	-5.4484
1911.9	0.1378	0.0064175	-5.04872	1890.46	0.1117	0.0051861	-5.26178	2192.5	0.0714	0.0033252	-5.70623
2157.3	0.1008	0.0046944	-5.36138	2082.8	0.0839	0.0038954	-5.54797				
				2288.81	0.08002	0.0037152	-5.59532				
				2590.01	0.0465	0.0021589	-6.13814				
				2904.08	0.032	0.0014857	-6.51186				



N-(4-Bromophenyl)-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2e)

		Trial 1,	0.051 M			Trial 2,	0.049 M		Trial 3, 0.025 M			
Т	īme,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]
	0	1.0633	0.0494863	-3.00606	0	1.0536	0.0490677	-3.01456	0	0.5431	0.02529294	-3.67723
	71.96	0.8495	0.039536	-3.23054	15.4	0.9623	0.0448157	-3.1052	16.4	0.478	0.02226114	-3.80491
	153.76	0.6711	0.0312332	-3.46627	46.7	0.8886	0.0413834	-3.18488	42.9	0.441	0.020538	-3.88548
	219.96	0.5817	0.0270725	-3.60924	90.6	0.7825	0.0364421	-3.31203	87	0.3968	0.01847954	-3.99109
1 3	316.35	0.4698	0.0218646	-3.82289	154.6	0.6412	0.0298616	-3.51118	144.6	0.3566	0.01660737	-4.09791
1	387.18	0.4098	0.0190722	-3.95952	223.2	0.5488	0.0255584	-3.66679	205.6	0.2817	0.01311917	-4.33368
4	455.16	0.3468	0.0161402	-4.12644	296.2	0.4783	0.0222751	-3.80429	268.8	0.256	0.01192229	-4.42935
5	562.69	0.271	0.0126124	-4.37307	370.1	0.4067	0.0189406	-3.96645	360.6	0.2134	0.00993834	-4.61135
(574.62	0.2179	0.0101411	-4.59116	462.7	0.3248	0.0151264	-4.19131	456	0.1652	0.0076936	-4.86737
	760.22	0.1843	0.0085774	-4.75863	514.7	0.2833	0.0131937	-4.32802	503.8	0.1548	0.00720926	-4.93239
8	838.64	0.1442	0.0067111	-5.00399	592.6	0.2591	0.0120667	-4.41731	615.3	0.1306	0.00608223	-5.10238
9	980.45	0.1173	0.0054592	-5.21046	668.3	0.2007	0.0093469	-4.67271	724.6	0.1055	0.00491329	-5.31581
1	.058.62	0.0873	0.004063	-5.50584	728	0.1822	0.0084853	-4.76942	793.1	0.0765	0.00356271	-5.63723
1	.152.71	0.0805	0.0037465	-5.58694	832.1	0.1392	0.0064827	-5.03861	958.4	0.0593	0.00276169	-5.89191
1	.302.66	0.0474	0.002206	-6.11657	925.7	0.1153	0.0053697	-5.22699	1059.2	0.0496	0.00230994	-6.07053
1	470.46	0.0413	0.0019221	-6.25433	1006.8	0.1046	0.0048714	-5.32438	1174.8	0.0315	0.001467	-6.52454
1	.621.58	0.0334	0.0015544	-6.46664	1122.7	0.0807	0.0037583	-5.58378	1252.3	0.0295	0.00137386	-6.59013
1	915.66	0.0159	0.00074	-7.20887	1244.9	0.0583	0.0027151	-5.90892	1507.4	0.0139	0.00064734	-7.34263
					1399	0.0376	0.0017511	-6.34752				

Trial	Concentration	k
	mole/L	S ⁻¹
1	0.052	0.0045
2	0.047	0.0046
3	0.011	0.0042
average		0.0044



Trial 1: $\ln[S] = -2.9864 - 0.0045 \text{ t}$ $R^2 = 0.9986$ Trial 2: $\ln[S] = -3.1016 - 0.0046 \text{ t}$

 $R^2 = 0.9941$

Trial 3: ln[S] = -4.4443 - 0.0042 t $R^2 = 0.9891$

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0

T

0.052 M

0.047 M

0.011 M

0.052 M

0.047 M

- 0.011 M



	Trial 1,	0.052 M			Trial 2, 0.047 M			Trial 3, 0.011 M			
Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]
0	1.1102	0.0517036	-2.96223	0	1.0052	0.0468136	-3.06158	0	0.1956	0.00910328	-4.69912
17.3	0.9824	0.0457518	-3.08452	13.3	0.8442	0.0393156	-3.23613	19.16	0.1744	0.00811662	-4.81384
37	0.9243	0.043046	-3.14549	31.4	0.7809	0.0363676	-3.31408	77.3	0.1513	0.00704154	-4.95593
53.9	0.8512	0.0396416	-3.22788	57.7	0.7237	0.0337037	-3.39015	219.36	0.1035	0.00481692	-5.33562
71.8	0.7938	0.0369684	-3.29769	95	0.6421	0.0299035	-3.50978	308.03	0.0769	0.00357895	-5.63269
88.3	0.7262	0.0338202	-3.3867	151.1	0.5943	0.0276774	-3.58714	359.25	0.0624	0.00290411	-5.84163
105.2	0.6651	0.0309747	-3.47459	209.8	0.3425	0.0159507	-4.13825	402.42	0.0453	0.00210827	-6.16189
131	0.5947	0.027696	-3.58647	282.8	0.2611	0.0121598	-4.40962	447.15	0.0384	0.00178715	-6.32713
185.8	0.4535	0.0211201	-3.85753	350	0.1916	0.0089231	-4.71911	482.16	0.0343	0.00159633	-6.44005
202.5	0.4154	0.0193458	-3.94528	372.5	0.1704	0.0079358	-4.83637	520.49	0.0291	0.00135432	-6.60445
241.4	0.3588	0.0167098	-4.09176	400.5	0.16	0.0074514	-4.89935	563.11	0.0234	0.00108904	-6.82246
281.4	0.3295	0.0153453	-4.17695	451.2	0.1333	0.006208	-5.08192	597.77	0.0202	0.00094011	-6.96951
341.7	0.2352	0.0109536	-4.51409	504.2	0.0968	0.0045081	-5.40188	672.32	0.0134	0.00062364	-7.37994
403.6	0.1681	0.0078287	-4.84996	547.3	0.0811	0.0037769	-5.57884	747.69	0.0101	0.00047006	-7.66266
447.3	0.1477	0.0068786	-4.97934	633.3	0.0494	0.0023006	-6.07457				
518	0.1073	0.0049971	-5.29889	718.4	0.0323	0.0015043	-6.49946				
573	0.0934	0.0043498	-5.43763	844.7	0.0235	0.0010944	-6.81752				
653.4	0.0608	0.0028315	-5.86693								
727	0.0426	0.0019839	-6.22267								
806.2	0.0313	0.0014577	-6.53091								
927.2	0.0178	0.000829	-7.09532								
1106.1	0.0067	0.000312	-8.07242								





	Trial 1,	0.063 M			Trial 2, 0.061 M				Trial 3, 0.059 M			
Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	Time,s	Integrals	[S], mol/L	Ln [S]	
0	1.3477	0.0627643	-2.76837	0	1.3056	0.0608037	-2.80011	0	1.2665	0.05894291	-2.83119	
13.2	1.2172	0.0566867	-2.87021	14.4	1.1567	0.0538692	-2.9212	25.26	1.156	0.05380024	-2.92248	
45.6	1.0793	0.0502645	-2.99046	38.9	1.0667	0.0496777	-3.0022	34.18	1.042	0.04849468	-3.0263	
76.4	1.0052	0.0468136	-3.06158	81.7	0.9602	0.0447179	-3.10738	74.56	0.7422	0.03454199	-3.36558	
117.6	0.8386	0.0390548	-3.24279	183.3	0.6408	0.029843	-3.51181	135.74	0.6299	0.02931555	-3.52964	
159	0.7194	0.0335035	-3.39611	213.7	0.6066	0.0282502	-3.56665	190.93	0.5108	0.02377263	-3.73922	
200	0.6811	0.0317198	-3.45081	260.8	0.5341	0.0248738	-3.69394	287.89	0.3941	0.01834141	-3.99859	
265.4	0.5674	0.0264246	-3.63346	337.5	0.4107	0.0191269	-3.95666	393.02	0.2752	0.01280781	-4.3577	
328.3	0.44	0.0204914	-3.88775	421.7	0.3243	0.0151031	-4.19285	558.15	0.1894	0.00881468	-4.73134	
378.6	0.4107	0.0191269	-3.95666	518.4	0.2434	0.0113355	-4.47982	719.92	0.1242	0.00578027	-5.15331	
456.3	0.3105	0.0144604	-4.23634	576.3	0.2021	0.0094121	-4.66576	902.86	0.0773	0.00359754	-5.6275	
524	0.2656	0.0123694	-4.39253	652.5	0.1631	0.0075958	-4.88016	1110.03	0.0509	0.00236889	-6.04534	
638	0.1825	0.0084993	-4.76777	724.5	0.1312	0.0061102	-5.0978	1356.2	0.0284	0.00132174	-6.62881	
775.4	0.1324	0.0061661	-5.0887	802	0.1136	0.0052905	-5.24184					
891.6	0.1092	0.0050856	-5.28134	891.1	0.0901	0.0041961	-5.4736					
991.2	0.0759	0.0035348	-5.64511	1068.2	0.0518	0.0024124	-6.02713					
				1174.6	0.0446	0.0020771	-6.17679					

Substrates and Data collected with Method B



0.064 M

0.058 M

0.052 M

0.064 M

0.058 M 0.052 M



Tr	ial 1, 0.064	Μ	Tr	Trial 2, 0.058 M			ial 3, 0.052	Μ	Trial 4, 0.029 M		
Time, s	Integrals	[P] <i>,</i> mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5755.52	0.0722	0.003362	1591.08	0.0187	0.000871	1591.08	0.0164	0.000764	5913	0.031	0.001444
9237.92	0.1428	0.00665	5064.33	0.067	0.00312	5064.33	0.0576	0.002683	9956.26	0.037	0.001723
10819.75	0.1634	0.00761	6646.19	0.087	0.004052	6646.19	0.0715	0.00333	12819.04	0.0462	0.002152
14586.48	0.2316	0.010786	10412.92	0.124	0.005775	10412.92	0.1091	0.005081	15571.47	0.0588	0.002738
19771.26	0.3178	0.0148	15597.7	0.1907	0.008881	15597.7	0.1612	0.007507	19914.97	0.0722	0.003362
22715.86	0.3439	0.016016	18542.3	0.2151	0.010018	18542.3	0.185	0.008616	28506.87	0.0981	0.004569



N-(Trifluoromethoxy)-N-(3-	-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (2	2h)
- · ·		(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	,

Tr	ial 1, 0.066	M	Trial 2, 0.063 M			Trial 3, 0.052 M			
Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4043.26	0.0078	0.000363	9928.54	0.0101	0.0004704	9928.54	0.0051	0.000238	
17625.88	0.016	0.000745	58082.14	0.0468	0.0021795	58082.14	0.0419	0.001951	
83294.9	0.0846	0.00394	81401.94	0.0803	0.0037397	81401.94	0.0614	0.002859	
167843.4	0.1678	0.007815	127444.6	0.1309	0.0060962	127444.6	0.099	0.004611	
			149657.9	0.1448	0.0067435	149657.9	0.1209	0.00563	
			206043.3	0.2129	0.0099151	206043.3	0.1766	0.008225	

Trial	Concentration	k[S ₀]	k
	mole/L	mole·L ⁻¹ s ⁻¹	s ⁻¹
1	0.036	3.63×10 ⁻⁷	9.33×10 ⁻⁶
2	0.035	3.43×10 ⁻⁷	9.80×10 ⁻⁶
3	0.029	2.41×10 ⁻⁷	8.30×10 ⁻⁶
average			9.1×10 ⁻⁶

Methyl 3-(N-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamido)benzoate (2g)

Trial 1: [P] = $3.6334 \times 10^{-7} t$ R² = 0.9902

Trial 2:
$$[P] = 3.4299 \times 10^{-7} t$$

 $R^2 = 0.9898$

Trial 3: [P] =
$$2.4121 \times 10^{-7} \text{ t}$$

R² = 0.9838



•	0.036M
0	0.035 M
•	0.029 M
	0.036 M
	0.035 M
	0.029 M

Tr	Trial 1, 0.036 M		Trial 2, 0.035 M		Tr	ial 3, 0.029	M	
Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3668.98	0.0362	0.001686	3668.98	0.0409	0.0019048	5913	0.041	0.001909
8476.46	0.0628	0.002925	8476.46	0.0697	0.003246	9956.26	0.057	0.002655
13657.94	0.1158	0.005393	13657.94	0.1164	0.0054209	12819.04	0.0665	0.003097
17385.47	0.1254	0.00584	17385.47	0.1336	0.0062219	15571.47	0.0778	0.003623
21424.71	0.1609	0.007493	21424.71	0.1733	0.0080708	19914.97	0.0957	0.004457
25524.67	0.1838	0.00856	25524.67	0.1985	0.0092444	28506.87	0.1385	0.00645
28759.45	0.2063	0.009608	28759.45	0.2143	0.0099803			

The Hammett Plot

substituent ⁶	$\log (k_{\rm R}/k_{\rm H})$	σ_p^+ or σ_m
<i>m</i> -MeO	0.333214679	0.12
p-I	0.529509324	0.14
<i>p</i> -Br	0.247784484	0.15
<i>m</i> -F	-2.129866318	0.34
<i>m</i> -COOMe	-2.15490196	0.37
<i>m</i> -CF ₃	-3.253006732	0.43



⁶ Hansch, C.; Leo, A.; Taft, R. W. Chem. Rev. 1991, 91, 165.

Activation Energy of OCF₃ Migration of 2b

0.030

Trial	Concentration mole/L	$\frac{k[S_o]}{mole \cdot L^{-1}s^{-1}}$	k s ⁻¹	Trial 1: [P] = 1.02×10^{-5} t
1	0.104	1.02×10^{-5}	1.08×10-4	$R^2 = 0.9971$
2	0.08	7.05×10^{-6}	8.81×10 ⁻⁵	Trial 2: [P] = 7.05×10^{-6} t
3	0.0545	5.05×10^{-6}	9.27×10 ⁻⁵	$R^2 = 0.9954$
average			9.30×10 ⁻⁵	Trial 3: $[P] = 5.05 \times 10^{-6}$

N-Phenyl-*N*-(trifluoromethoxy)acetamide (2b) at 60 °C

$R^2 = 0.99$	54	
[P] = 5.05 $R^2 = 0.99$	5×10 ⁻⁶ t 963	
	•	0.10



Tr	Trial 1, 0.104 M		Trial 2, 0.080 M		Т	rial 3, 0.054	45	
Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L	Time, s	Integrals	[P], mol/L
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0.0185	0.000859	185.7	0.0316	0.0014671	215	0.0197	0.000915
79.5	0.0368	0.001709	394.4	0.0589	0.0027346	453.1	0.0499	0.002317
206.8	0.0501	0.002326	614.8	0.1004	0.0046614	678.5	0.0793	0.003682
515.8	0.1122	0.005209	847.4	0.1295	0.0060125	880.3	0.0895	0.004155
784.6	0.1753	0.008139	1017.4	0.1536	0.0071314	1130.3	0.1291	0.005994
1133.2	0.2443	0.011343	1225.3	0.1909	0.0088632	1328.4	0.1503	0.006978
1583.2	0.3419	0.015874	1402.2	0.223	0.0103536	1523.1	0.1636	0.007596
2336.3	0.5173	0.024018	1674	0.2559	0.0118811	1764.3	0.1901	0.008826
			1946.1	0.2818	0.0130836	1955.6	0.2096	0.009731

The experimental activation energy for the OCF₃-migration process of substrate **2b** was calculated using Arrhenius equation and based on the kinetic data of substrate **2b** at 80 °C and 60 °C.

Arrhenius equation:

$$k = A e^{-Ea/(RT)}$$

Where k is the rate constant of the reaction, R is the universal gas constant, 1.987 cal K^{-1} mol⁻¹, T is the absolute temperature, A is constant.

 $k_1 = 0.0013 \text{ s}^{-1}$ at $T_1 = 353 \text{ K}$

 $k_2=9.3\ x\ 10^{\text{-5}}\ s^{\text{-1}}$ at $T_2=333\ K$

 $E_a = [RT_1T_2/(T_1-T_2)]x[ln(k_1/k_2)] = 30.8 \text{ kcal/mol}$

Computational Details

All DFT calculations were performed with the Gaussian 09 software package. Geometries were optimized using the M06-2X functional and the 6-31+G(d) basis set in solution. The SMD solvation model and MeNO₂ solvent were used in the calculations. Single point energies were calculated using M06-2X and 6-311++G(d,p) and the SMD solvation model in MeNO₂. Reported Gibbs free energies and enthalpies in solution include thermal corrections computed at 298 K.

Complete Reference of Gaussian 09

Gaussian 09, Revision D.01, M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H. P. Hratchian, A. F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J. L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, J. E. Knox, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V. G. Zakrzewski, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, Ö. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski, and D. J. Fox, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2009.

Reaction Energy Profile of the OCF₃ Migration of 2a

a. Reaction energy profile of the OCF₃-migration of **2a**



b. Optimized geometries of the ion-pair intermediate **13** and the transition states of N–O cleavage (**TS3**) and C–O formation (**TS4**)



Reaction Energy Profile of the OCF₃ Migration of 2b

a. Reaction energy profile of the OCF₃-migration of **2b**



b. Optimized geometries of the ion-pair intermediate **10** and the transition states of N–O cleavage (**TS1**) and C–O formation (**TS2**)



Potential Energy Surface of OCF₃ Migration of 2b

The concerted OCF₃ migration transition state that directly connects **2b** and the dearomatized intermediate **11** cannot be located in the geometry optimization. To evaluate if such concerted pathway exists and competes with the stepwise process, the potential energy surface of the OCF₃ migration was constructed at the M06-2X/6-31+G(d)/SMD(MeNO₂) level of theory and is shown in Fig. S9. The stationary points in the stepwise pathway (**2b**, **TS1**, **10**, **TS2**, and **11**) are labeled on the surface. The potential energy surface clearly indicates that the concerted reaction pathway, in which the C-O bond formation and the N-O bond cleavage take place simultaneously, requires a much higher barrier than the stepwise pathway (**TS1** and **TS2**). The stepwise pathway described in Fig. 4 in the main text is thus more favorable than the concerted process.



Figure S9. Potential Energy Surface of OCF₃ Migration from 2b to Form 11.

Cartesian Coordinates and Energies of Optimized Structures

2b	
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:	-852.18829646 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:	-852.009108 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:	-852.065810 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy	-852.41585217 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy.	-852 236664 a 11
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy	-852,230001,4.4.
$\operatorname{Hot} 2X = \operatorname{Sii} + \operatorname{G}(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{p}) = \operatorname{Het} \mathbf{g}$	y. 052.295500 a.u.
Cartesian coordinates	
	7
C $2 646906 - 0 969527$	-0.055226
C = 3.040090 - 0.0000000000000000000000000000000	1 1 5 5 7 2 2
2.972674 -0.713078	1.155733
	1.16/219
C 1.036398 0.058465	-0.038/97
C 1.701196 -0.086011	-1.257021
C 3.010097 -0.561059	-1.260261
Н 4.671127 -1.230156	-0.062009
Н 3.467409 -0.954449	2.091971
Н 1.105459 -0.142302	2.097959
Н 1.195085 0.170087	-2.184427
Н 3.536430 -0.681837	-2.202562
N -0.317482 0.546043	-0.009626
C -0.651716 1.907299	-0.060949
0 -1.731831 2.269954	-0.477471
C 0.402594 2.826343	0.492107
H = 0.015399 = 3.832444	0 537010
н 0.716081 2.511314	1 /91203
11 0.710001 2.011014 11 28/032 2.82/161	-0 156273
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-0 795025
	-0.785055
-1.902919 -0.990113	0.020351
F -1.285364 -1.8/819/	0.746058
F -2.69/608 -0.261490	0.8/2/31
F -2.810491 -1.661468	-0.777053
TS1	
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:	-852.13763527 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:	-851.962090 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:	-852.019775 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy	-852.36722909 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:	-852.191684 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy	y: -852.249369 a.u.
Imaginary frequency:	-225.7874 cm-1
Cartesian coordinates	
ATOM X Y	Z
C -3.444921 -1.229497	0.328566

011	21	-	
	-3.444921	-1.229497	0.328566

С	-3.131397	-0.082139	1.089244
С	-1.994629	0.628233	0.803742
С	-1.141259	0.188581	-0.272022
С	-1.476823	-0.994288	-1.017966
С	-2.629921	-1.682239	-0.722284
Н	-4.348544	-1.783419	0.568946
Η	-3.786420	0.222074	1.898304
Н	-1.717307	1.502866	1.385227
Н	-0.810730	-1.299166	-1.818646
Н	-2.909714	-2.566377	-1.284220
Ν	-0.028519	0.802586	-0.611846
С	0.196386	2.176149	-0.290704
0	-0.641682	2.945256	-0.715538
С	1.468343	2.583154	0.372144
Н	1.563647	3.666187	0.280532
Н	1.442726	2.291648	1.425434
Н	2.317786	2.074099	-0.087685
0	1.337846	-0.125083	0.867953
С	2.027562	-0.944773	0.216953
F	2.899470	-1.704535	0.986380
F	1.314711	-1.909789	-0.490562
F	2.856800	-0.401951	-0.756967

M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:	-852.14798139 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:	-851.971486 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:	-852.032054 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy:	-852.37577142 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:	-852.199276 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy:	-852.259844 a.u.

Cartesian coordinates

ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	0.849207	2.392008	0.414323
С	0.846976	2.007452	-0.938146
С	-0.084560	1.098806	-1.357941
С	-1.102835	0.600925	-0.426210
С	-1.019380	0.992958	0.985960
С	-0.068534	1.881251	1.374712
Н	1.597455	3.105000	0.751672
Н	1.590287	2.406895	-1.618364
Н	-0.136326	0.740970	-2.382360
Н	-1.736366	0.583565	1.692749
Н	0.009789	2.203785	2.406919
N	-2.031879	-0.129614	-0.921551
С	-3.086468	-0.654256	-0.134934
0	-4.106353	-0.017249	0.002453
С	-2.822255	-2.034706	0.383035
Н	-3.748422	-2.457995	0.774971

Н	-2.412598	-2.669095	-0.408525
Н	-2.071936	-1.970654	1.180384
0	0.872239	-1.098867	-0.023196
С	2.095844	-0.961814	0.044631
F	2.566862	0.030699	0.927444
F	2.827669	-2.085896	0.460053
F	2.756159	-0.616134	-1.148966

TS2

M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:-852.14696982 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:-851.971587 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:-852.030645 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy:-852.37715583 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:-852.201773 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy:-852.260831 a.u.Imaginary frequency:-91.6548 cm-1

Cartes	ian coordinat	tes	
ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	-0.323001	3.115790	0.261881
С	0.296440	2.539901	-0.843265
С	0.053946	1.208021	-1.106580
С	-0.968482	0.478361	-0.342795
С	-1.510148	1.102814	0.870294
С	-1.191271	2.390873	1.142523
Н	-0.127806	4.161204	0.487506
Н	0.984887	3.113555	-1.452904
Н	0.506939	0.686403	-1.945036
Н	-2.186443	0.534563	1.503313
Н	-1.597015	2.895979	2.012288
N	-1.369890	-0.631640	-0.839347
С	-2.393326	-1.403642	-0.239699
0	-3.555528	-1.157520	-0.475546
С	-1.877528	-2.554058	0.570082
Н	-2.720597	-3.109438	0.984204
Н	-1.271134	-3.207392	-0.065736
Н	-1.234416	-2.180464	1.374474
0	1.449421	0.252981	0.666837
С	2.176497	-0.629438	0.183205
F	2.938808	-0.258055	-0.934497
F	3.145381	-1.153057	1.042396
F	1.527468	-1.780928	-0.277553

11M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:-852.19432148 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:-852.015340 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:-852.074457 a.u.

M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p)SCF energy:-852.42276525 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p)enthalpy:-852.243784 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p)free energy:-852.302901 a.u.

Cartesian coordinates

ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	-0.277127	3.164504	0.094759
С	0.744412	2.304385	0.182349
С	0.546848	0.855555	-0.153046
С	-0.890656	0.367678	-0.047676
С	-1.926542	1.378090	-0.296398
С	-1.626113	2.689721	-0.222839
Н	-0.126765	4.226341	0.263247
Н	1.759844	2.618881	0.408448
Н	0.828187	0.729152	-1.211428
Н	-2.948432	1.044587	-0.456091
Н	-2.410872	3.428894	-0.358462
N	-1.099074	-0.865248	0.200616
С	-2.388909	-1.409566	0.263878
0	-3.040779	-1.376540	1.290753
С	-2.825640	-2.114254	-0.990670
Н	-3.814599	-2.552573	-0.848932
Н	-2.845611	-1.400709	-1.822247
Н	-2.102283	-2.895994	-1.244506
0	1.403831	0.046149	0.669352
С	2.283371	-0.732641	0.035567
F	3.198236	-0.024585	-0.656620
F	2.932627	-1.459294	0.943693
F	1.714889	-1.573850	-0.843822

12a

M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:	-852.63294428 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:	-852.440587 a.u.
M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:	-852.497443 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy:	-852.86314667 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:	-852.670789 a.u.
M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy:	-852.727645 a.u.

Cartesian coordinates

ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	-0.128249	3.200069	-0.227776
С	-1.002109	2.181641	-0.297340
С	-0.559150	0.806221	0.071660
С	0.925753	0.551033	0.025809
С	1.783308	1.664371	0.196986
С	1.256091	2.924428	0.067752
Н	-0.436513	4.223632	-0.408979
Н	-2.058735	2.317488	-0.509816
Н	-0.770576	0.732408	1.159940

Н	2.845910	1.524020	0.326551
Н	1.937924	3.767471	0.142376
Ν	1.302461	-0.712485	-0.103683
С	2.628332	-1.260018	-0.012249
0	3.568137	-0.559691	0.263562
С	2.663735	-2.728828	-0.282981
Н	3.690684	-3.083435	-0.202562
Н	2.027335	-3.252531	0.438784
Н	2.272565	-2.929840	-1.286196
0	-1.261539	-0.210995	-0.639850
С	-2.238863	-0.861720	0.031866
F	-3.167770	-0.028470	0.510916
F	-2.814786	-1.707002	-0.809319
F	-1.753285	-1.555161	1.070451
Н	0.570867	-1.393799	-0.314817

12bM06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:-851.76611029 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:-851.599994 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:-851.655866 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy:-851.99322525 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:-851.827109 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy:-851.882981 a.u.

Cartesian coordinates

ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	-0.634780	3.117565	-0.019463
С	-1.326889	1.953884	-0.350914
С	-0.633596	0.759066	-0.475538
С	0.763375	0.629647	-0.304115
С	1.428888	1.834935	0.033537
С	0.747333	3.041166	0.168159
Н	-1.163715	4.059915	0.084806
Н	-2.400309	1.961347	-0.519382
Н	2.500796	1.799814	0.183513
Н	1.307777	3.938276	0.420609
N	1.355759	-0.591291	-0.560046
С	2.510326	-0.918448	0.035438
0	3.119297	-0.298175	0.940042
С	3.117855	-2.230928	-0.441087
Н	4.127821	-2.043812	-0.823531
Н	3.215661	-2.918379	0.406880
Н	2.522424	-2.708294	-1.222619
0	-1.367533	-0.381356	-0.872036
С	-1.923031	-1.098033	0.106089
F	-2.927977	-0.445228	0.728386
F	-2.441956	-2.207714	-0.427427
F	-1.064707	-1.463358	1.069414

3b-852.25509523 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) SCF energy:-852.074635 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) enthalpy:-852.074635 a.u.M06-2X/6-31+G(d) free energy:-852.132194 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) SCF energy:-852.48453400 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) enthalpy:-852.304074 a.u.M06-2X/6-311++G(d,p) free energy:-852.361633 a.u.

Cartesi	an coordinat	ces	
ATOM	Х	Y	Z
С	-0.721261	3.104587	0.045951
С	-1.378913	1.925372	0.391698
С	-0.653880	0.747892	0.459427
С	0.727722	0.689781	0.223169
С	1.375497	1.885578	-0.116459
С	0.648489	3.071838	-0.207289
Н	-1.275416	4.035601	-0.016893
Н	-2.442429	1.908833	0.610296
Н	2.439663	1.879278	-0.306372
Н	1.172635	3.985574	-0.472028
N	1.364949	-0.548887	0.366987
С	2.634426	-0.892194	-0.022943
0	3.399112	-0.111700	-0.575892
С	3.031888	-2.312903	0.292271
H	3.431447	-2.772958	-0.615247
H	3.832203	-2.289196	1.038865
H	2.206880	-2.917506	0.674622
0	-1.297910	-0.439841	0.854044
С	-1.946501	-1.115059	-0.116433
F	-1.135300	-1.464953	-1.125620
F	-2.448514	-2.222968	0.420838
F	-2.954635	-0.414029	-0.650033
Н	0.811998	-1.286890	0.789624

Spectroscopic Data

 ^1H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S1



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S1**



S1



¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S2**





¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S2**



S66

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2a**



67

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2a**

MeO Me

2a

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of 2a

0 MeO 0 ∐ N ÓCF₃ Me

2a



S69

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3a**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3a**




¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3a**





¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S3**



S3



73

¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S3**

NHOH

S3

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S4





¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S4**

0 Мe όн

S4



0

2b

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2b**



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2b**



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2b**

0 `N´ `N OCF₃

2b



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b**



3b



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b**

Me ĊCF 3b

81

mdd

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b**

0 Me ÓCF₃

3b



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b-II**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b-II**

F₃CO o ∐ Me N





84

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3b-II**

F₃CO∖ N N H Me

3b-ll



¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S5**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S5**







¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S6**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S6**



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2c**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2c**



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2c**

ĢМе Мe ÓCF₃

2c



bpm

-78

-68

-66

-64

-62

-60

-58

-56

-54

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c**



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c**

QМе Me н ÓCF₃ 3c



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c**

QМе C Me OCF₃^H

3c



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c-II**



3c-ll



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c-II**



3c-ll

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3c-II**

OMe OCF₃ M M H





¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S7**

лнон

S7



S99

¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S7**



S7

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S8**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S8**



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2d**

0 Me ŇŹ Ň OCF₃





13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2d**

Мe OCF3

2d

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2d**

ö Me ocF₃

2d



bpm

-78

-76

-74

-72

-70

-68

-66

-64

-62

-60

-58

-56

-54

-52

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3d**

0 OCF3 Me





106

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3d**

Me OCF₃

3d

Ē
¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3d**

0 Me 3d



¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S9**



-0 -- 0 - m - 4 - 10 - 0 10.1 66.0 ω _____L - o 10 - -

mdd

¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S9**

Br∖ NHOH

S9

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S10**







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S10**



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2e**

Br√ 0 Me Ń Ń OCF₃

2e



Br∖

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2e**



115

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2e**







mdd

-78

-76

-74

-72

-70

-68

-66

-64

-62

-60

-58

-56

-54

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3e**

Br⊾ 0 Me OCF3 3e



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3e**

Br∙ 0 Ме OCF₃H 3e



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3e**

Br∖ 0 Me OCF3 3e



S119

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S11**



S11

¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S11**



¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S12**







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S12**







¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2f**

N∕N OCF₃

2f



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2f**





¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2f**

Me 2f



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f**

Me ÓCF 3f

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f**

C Me όcf; 3f



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f-II**



3f-ll



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f-II**

OCF Me

3f-ll



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3f-II**

OCF Me

3f-ll

bpm -120 -110 -100 -90 -80 -70 - 90

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S13**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S13**





¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S14



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S14**



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2g**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2g**



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2g**

O_≫OMe Me oce3 2g



bpm

-78

-76

-72

-68

-66

-64

-62

-60

-58

-56

-54

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3g**

3g


¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3g**



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3g**

3g





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3g-II**



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3g-II**

O_{∕∕}OMe .OCF₃ Me Ĥ

3g-ll



1 H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S15**







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S15**

ÇF₃ NHOH

S15

¹⁹F NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S15







¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S16**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S16**



153

¹⁹F NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S16**





¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2h**

ÇF₃

2h

O

N Me OCF₃



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2h**

ÇF₃ N I OCF₃ Мe 2h



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2h**

 CF_3 Мe OCF3 2h

bpm -78 -76 -74 -72 -70 -68 -66 -64 -62 -60 -58 -56 -54 -52

157

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h**

ÇF₃ Me ÓCF 3h



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h**

ÇF₃ Me ÓCF 3h



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h-II**







¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h-II**





¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3h-II**

ÇF₃ .OCF Me

3h-ll



1 H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S17**







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S17**



S17



¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S18**



S18



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S18**



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2i**





168

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2i**

Me 0″ Me OCF3





0 ppm

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2i**

Мe 0⁄⁄ Me 2i



S170

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3i**





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3i**

Ме 0⁄⁄ Me όcf₃Η 3i

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3i**

Me 0⁄⁄ Me OCF3 3i



173

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S19**



S19



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S19**





¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S20**

NC 0 `Ń ОН Me





176

¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S20**

NC Me όн

S20

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2**j

NC 0 Ň́ŃŃN OCF₃ Me

2j



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2**j

NC Мe \dot{N}

2j
¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2**j

NC Me

2j



bpm

-68

-64

-62

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**j

NC 0 OCF_3 Me 3j



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**j

NC Me ÓCF 3j



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**j

NC 0 Me OCF3 3j



183

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S21







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S21**

ÇF₃ F₃C NHOH

S21

¹⁹F NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S21**





¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of S22







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S22**

ÇF₃ F₃C Me όн





¹⁹F NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S22**

ÇF₃ С F₃C Me Ň OH





¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2k**

ÇF₃ 0 F₃C Me





¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2k**

ÇF₃ F₃C Me `N´ `I ÓCF₃

2k

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2k**

ÇF₃ 0 Me F₃C

2k



Me

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S23**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S23**



S23



1 H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S24**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S24**

Me 0 Me όн S24



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**l

Me Ме ocf3 31



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**l

Me 0 Me 31



¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3**l

Me Ме ÓCF₃ 31



1 H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S25**







¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S25**





205

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of 2m

o ∐ MeO´ Ph



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2m**

MeO N´ OCF₃ ٦h

2	m
~	

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **2m**

MeO MeO N OCF3 Ph

2	n	n
_		•



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of 3m

0 MeO 0 Ph

3m



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3m**

MeO $\operatorname{OCF_3^{h}}^{N}$ Ph

3m

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3m**

0 || MeO´ Ph Ĥ 3m



211

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3m'**

MeO 3m'



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **3m**'



3m'

=

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S26**

S26


¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S26**



S26

¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S27**



¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, 25 °C) of **S27**

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **6**





¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **6**

CI~ \cap N Me OCF₂CF₃

6

bpm -115 -110 -105 -100 -95 - 6--85 - 89 -75 - 20 -65 - 09--22

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of **8**

CI~



¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of 8

CI~ Ο Иe ÓCF2ĈF3

mdd

¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 25 °C) of 8

CI Me ÓCF₂CF₃ 8

