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Synthesis of the 2-Formylpyrrole Spiroketal Pollenopyrroside A and Structural Elucidation of Xylapyrroside A, Shensongine A and Capparisine B

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Contents

Experimental procedures	S2
¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra	S20
Comparison of previously reported ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra for compounds	S38
(+)-1, (-)-2 and (+)-2	

General Experimental

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were performed under an oxygen-free atmosphere of nitrogen using standard techniques. All reagents were used as received unless otherwise noted. Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically (¹H NMR) homogeneous materials, unless otherwise stated. Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) carried out on silica gel plates using UV light as visualizing agent, followed by staining with vanillin, potassium permanganate or ninhydrin. Silica gel (60, 230-400 mesh) was used for flash column chromatography. Melting points are uncorrected. Optical rotations were measured with an Autopol® IV automatic polarimeter, using the Na-D line (589 nm) with the concentration of the solution measured in g/100 mL. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded using a Perkin Elmer Spectrum 100 FT-IR spectrometer on a film ATR sampling accessory. Absorption maxima are expressed in wavenumbers (cm⁻¹) and recorded using a range of 450-4000 cm⁻¹. NMR spectra were recorded at room temperature in CDCl₃, on a spectrometer operating at 400 MHz for ¹H nuclei and 100 MHz for ¹³C nuclei. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) on the δ scale and coupling constants, J, are in hertz (Hz). Multiplicities are reported as "s" (singlet), "br s" (broad singlet), "d" (doublet), "dd" (doublet of doublets), "t" (triplet), "m" (multiplet), "ABq" (AB quartet), and ABX. ¹H and ¹³C NMR resonances were assigned using a combination of DEPT 135, COSY, HSQC, and HMBC spectra. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained using a Bruker microTOF-Q II mass spectrometer operating at a nominal accelerating voltage of 70 eV.



5-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-furan-2-carbaldehyde (18)

A stirred solution of p-fructose (21.6 g, 120 mmol) and oxalic acid dihydrate (1.5 g, 11.9 mmol) in DMSO (60 mL) was heated at 150 °C for 6 h, then cooled to room temperature. The reaction was diluted with water (150 mL) and then extracted with EtOAc (4×150 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2×75 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude extract was passed through a plug of silica, washing with EtOAc-petroleum ether (3:1) and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude 5-hydroxymethyl furfural (**S1**) which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of 5-hydroxymethyl furfural (**S1**) in CH₂Cl₂ (240 mL) was added imidazole (9.1 g, 134 mmol) and the mixture cooled to 0 °C. TBSCl (19.7 g, 131 mmol) was added portionwise and the reaction stirred for 18 h at r.t. The reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (120 mL) and the layers separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (120 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 20:1) afforded the *title compound* **18** (26.4 g, 110 mmol, 92 % over two steps) as a colourless oil. R_f 0.45 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 7:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 6.46 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 4.73 (s, 2H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.7 (CH), 161.6 (C), 152.4 (C), 122.5 (CH), 109.5 (CH), 58.7 (CH₂), 25.9 (3 × CH₃), 18.5 (C), -5.2 (2 × CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.¹

¹ McNelis, B. J.; Sternbach, D. D.; MacPhail, A. T. Tetrahedron 1994, 50 (23), 6767-6782



2-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-5-hydroxymethyl-furan (17)

To a stirred solution of aldehyde **18** (11.4 g, 48 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) at 0 °C was added NaBH₄ (3.5 g, 93 mmol) portionwise. After stirring at 0 °C for 15 min, the reaction was quenched by the addition of H₂O (10 mL) and MeOH was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned with H₂O (100 mL) and EtOAc (150 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer further extracted with EtOAc (2 × 150 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the *title compound* **17** (11.2 g, 46 mmol, 98%) as a colourless oil that was used in the next step without further purification. R_f 0.33 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 7:1) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.22 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 6.17 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 4.62 (s, 2H), 4.57 (br s, 2H), 1.81 (br s, 1H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.6 (C), 153.7 (C), 108.6 (CH), 108.1 (CH), 58.4 (CH₂), 57.8 (CH₂), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 18.6 (C), -5.1 (2 × CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.²

² Celanire, S.; Marlin, F.; Baldwin, J. E.; Adlington, R. M. Tetrahedron 2005, 61 (12), 3025-3032



6-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-6-hydroxy-2H-pyran-3(6H)-one (14)

To a stirred solution of alcohol **17** (7.06 g, 29 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (230 mL) was added *m*-CPBA (6.44 g, 37 mmol, 75% *w/w*) at 0 °C. After stirring at 0 °C for 30 min, the reaction mixture was warmed to r.t. with stirring for an additional 30 min. The reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. aq. Na₂SO₃ (200 mL) followed by neutralisation with 1 M NaOH solution to reach pH 7-8. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 150 mL) and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the *title compound* **14** (6.47 g, 25.1 mmol, 86 %) as a white solid. R_f 0.50 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 3:1); m.p. 82.3-84.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.79 (d, 1H , *J* = 10.4 Hz), 6.15 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.4 Hz), 4.59 (d, 1H, *J* = 16.9 Hz), 4.14 (d, 1H, *J* = 16.9 Hz), 3.73 (ABq, 2H), 3.70 (br s, 1H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.2 (C), 145.9 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 92.6 (C), 68.0 (CH₂), 66.8 (CH₂), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 18.5 (C), -5.1 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

³ Geng, H. M.; Chen, J. L.-Y.; Furkert, D. P.; Jiang, S.; Brimble, M. A. Synlett 2012, 23 (6), 855-858



6-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-6-acetoxy-2H-pyran-3(6H)-one (22)

To a stirred solution of dihydropyranone **14** (1.04 g, 4.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (48 mL) at 0 °C was added acetic anhydride (8 mL, 85 mmol), pyridine (4 mL, 50 mmol) and DMAP (49 mg, 0.40 mmol). The resultant mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 90 min, then washed successively with 0.1 M HCl (50 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL) and brine (60 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the *title compound* **22** (1.10 g, 3.7 mmol, 91 %) as a pale yellow oil which was used without further purification. R_f 0.68 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 2930, 2858, 1741, 1701, 1464, 1368, 1239, 1114, 834, 777 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 6.12 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 4.50 (d, 1H, *J* = 17.1 Hz), 4.03 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.6 Hz), 3.74 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.6 Hz), 1.99 (s, 3H), 0.80 (s, 9H), 0.00 (s, 3H), -0.01 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8 (C), 169.3 (C), 144.9 (CH), 127.3 (CH), 98.7 (C), 68.0 (CH₂), 66.1 (CH₂), 25.7 (3 × CH₃), 21.3 (CH₃), 18.2 (C), -5.4 (CH₃), -5.5 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* [M + Na]+ calcd for C₁₄H₂₄NaO₅Si 323.1285, found 323.1285.



(4R,5S)-4,5-iso-Propylidenebisoxy-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-ol (S2)

To a stirred solution of 2-deoxy-D-ribose (2 g, 14.9 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) was added CaSO₄ (1.01 g, 7.5 mmol) and the mixture was cooled to -10 °C. 2,2-dimethoxypropane (3.7 mL, 29.8 mmol) and PTSA (28 mg, 1.50 mmol) were added and the resulting mixture was stirred at -10 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was passed through a plug of silica using *n*-hexane-EtOAc (1:1) as eluent and the filtrate concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 3:1 to 1:1) afforded the *title compound* **S2** (2.54 g, 14.6 mmol, 98 %) as a colourless oil comprised of a 3:1 mixture of anomers. R_f 0.30 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 1:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) (major anomer) δ 5.23 (ddd, 1H, J = 7.1, 4.2, 4.2 Hz), 4.46 (ddd, 1H, J = 6.5, 4.2, 4.2 Hz), 4.18-4.13 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.65 (m, 1H), 2.22 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.8, 4.2, 4.2 Hz), 1.76 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.8, 7.1, 4.2 Hz), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) (major anomer) δ 108.9 (C), 91.1 (CH), 71.7 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 62.2 (CH₂), 32.3 (CH₂), 27.3 (CH₃), 25.5 (CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁴

⁴ Geng, X.; Danishefsky, S. J. Org. Lett. 2004, 6 (3), 413-416



(2R,3S)-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-hex-5-ene-1-ol (S3)

To a stirred solution of methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (10.2 g, 28.5 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at -78 °C was added *n*-BuLi (26.0 mL, 28.6 mmol, 1.1 M in hexanes). The mixture was allowed to warm to r.t. and stirred for 30 min before being cooled to -78 °C and treated with a solution of **S2** (1.66 g, 9.53 mmol) in THF (20 mL). The reaction was warmed slowly to r.t. and stirred for 16 h, after which it was quenched by the addition of sat. aq. NH₄Cl (100 mL) and diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). The organic phase was separated and washed with brine (2 × 50 mL), then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 4:1) afforded the *title compound* **S3** (1.13 g, 6.56 mmol, 69 %) as a colourless oil. R_f 0.48 (hexanes-EtOAc 1:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20} +17.9$ (*c* 0.71, CHCl₃), (lit.³ $[\alpha]_D^{20} +15.5$ (*c* 6.3, CHCl₃)); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.84 (ddt, 1H, *J* = 17.2, 10.3, 6.7 Hz), 5.18-5.09 (m, 2H), 4.26 (dt, 1H, *J* = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 4.18 (dt, 1H, *J* = 5.9, 5.9 Hz), 3.65 (t, 2H, *J* = 6.0, 5.9 Hz), 2.45-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1H), 1.89 (t, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.4 (CH), 117.5 (CH₂), 108.4 (C), 77.9 (CH), 76.4 (CH), 61.8 (CH₂), 33.8 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁴

⁴ Geng, X.; Danishefsky, S. J. Org. Lett. 2004, 6 (3), 413-416



(2R,3S)-1-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-hex-5-ene (15)

To a stirred solution of alcohol **S3** (1.10 g, 6.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (60 mL) at 0 °C was added TBSCI (1.44 g, 9.6 mmol) and imidazole (0.87 g, 12.8 mmol). The resultant mixture was allowed to warm to r.t. and stir for 2 h, after which it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) and washed successively with 1M HCl (35 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL) and brine (35 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 10:1) afforded the *title compound* **15** (1.57 g, 5.5 mmol, 86 %) as a colourless oil. R_f 0.74 (petroleum ether-EtOAc 4:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –24.2 (*c* 1.68, CHCl₃) (lit.³ $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –21.4 (*c* 5.4, CHCl₃)); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.89 (ddt,1H, *J* = 17.4, 10.2, 6.8 Hz), 5.15-5.07 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.18 (m, 1H), 4.11 (dt, 1H, *J* = 7.0, 5.0 Hz), 3.66 (ABX, 2H, *J* = 10.4, 7.4, 5.1 Hz), 2.45-2.29 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.4 (CH), 116.9 (CH₂), 108.1 (C), 77.9 (CH), 76.8 (CH), 62.0 (CH₂), 34.0 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.7 (CH₃), 18.4 (C), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); the spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

⁵ Bolte, B.; Basutto, J. A.; Bryan, C. S.; Garson, M. J.; Banwell, M. G.; Ward, J. S. *J. Org. Chem.* **2015**, *80* (1), 460–470



(2R,3S)-1-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-5,6-epoxyhexane (21)

To a stirred solution of 15 (1.50 g, 5.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (90 mL) at 0°C was added *m*-CPBA (1.81 g, 7.85 mmol). The reaction was stirred at r.t. for 16 h and guenched by the addition of sat. aq. Na_2SO_3 (80 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (80 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (2×50 mL), dried over anhydrous filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography Na₂SO₄, (hexanes-EtOAc 10:1) afforded the title compound 19 (1.49 g, 4.92 mmol, 94 %, 1.3:1 mixture of diastereomers) as a colourless oil. $R_f 0.49$ hexanes-EtOAc 4:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 2931, 2859, 1473, 1464, 1380, 1369, 1252, 1093, 833, 776 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.39 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 5.9, 3.2 Hz, 4.29^* (dt, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.5 Hz), 4.14-4.09 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.15-3.09 (m, 1H), 2.83 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 4.9 Hz), 2.77* (dd, 1H, J = 4.8, 4.8 Hz), 2.56* (dd, 1H, J = 4.8, 2.6 Hz), 2.51 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 2.7 Hz), 1.97-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.34* (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 108.3 (C), 77.6 (CH), 74.8 (CH), 61.9 (CH₂), 50.29 (CH), 50.26* (CH), 47.9 (CH₂), 46.9* (CH₂), 33.2 (CH₂), 32.2* (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.3 (C), -5.3 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]+ calcd for C₁₅H₃₀NaO₄Si 325.1806, found 325.1813; * denotes minor isomer.



(2R,3S)-5-Azido-1-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-hexan-5-ol (20)

To a stirred solution of **19** (4.64 g, 15.3 mmol) in DMF/H₂O (10:1, 155 mL) was added NaN₃ (4.00 g, 61.4 mmol) and NH₄Cl (4.10 g, 76.7 mmol). The resultant mixture was heated at 80 °C for 16 h. The reaction was allowed to cool to r.t., then diluted with H₂O (200 mL) and the aqueous phase extracted with EtOAc (2 × 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (150 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 9:1 to 4:1) afforded two separable diastereomeric alcohols: (5*S*)-**20** (2.56 g, 7.4 mmol, 48 %) and (5*R*)-**20** (1.89 g, 5.5 mmol, 36%) as colourless oils.

(5*S*)-**20**: $R_f 0.43$ (hexanes-EtOAc 4:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 3446, 2931, 2886, 2100, 1473, 1253, 1093, 837, 777 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20} -7.6$ (*c* 1.8, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.40 (dt, 1H, *J* = 6.6, 6.2 Hz), 4.19-4.11 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.91 (m, 1H), 3.62 (ABX, 2H, *J* = 10.3, 8.9, 4.1 Hz), 3.33-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.13-3.10 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 107.7 (C), 77.7 (CH), 75.0 (CH), 69.1 (CH), 61.9 (CH₂), 57.5 (CH₂), 33.2 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.5 (C), -5.3 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₃₁N₃NaO₄Si 368.1976, found 368.1978.

(5*R*)-**20**: $R_f 0.34$ (hexanes-EtOAc 4:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 3483, 2931, 2859, 2101, 1473, 1371, 1254, 1095, 837, 778 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -30.0 (*c* 1.9, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.38 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 6.3, 3.6 Hz), 4.15 (dt, 1H, J = 6.4, 6.3 Hz), 4.05-4.00 (m, 1H), 3.68-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.50 (s, 1H), 3.30 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 108.8 (C), 77.8 (CH), 77.4 (CH), 71.0 (CH), 61.6 (CH₂), 56.5 (CH₂), 33.3 (CH₂), 28.1 (CH₃), 25.9 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.3 (C), -5.3 (CH₃), -5.4 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₃₁N₃NaO₄Si 368.1976, found 368.1963.



(2R,3S,5S)-6-Amino-1-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-hexan-5-ol ((5S)-13)

A mixture of (5*S*)-**20** (500 mg, 1.45 mmol) and Pd/C (10 % wt., 230 mg) in MeOH (25 mL) was stirred under H₂ at r.t. for 16 h. The reaction mixture was passed through Celite[®], washing with MeOH (2 × 10 mL) and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH saturated with NH₃ 9:1 to 6:1) afforded the *title compound* (5*S*)-**13** (416 mg, 1.30 mmol, 90 %) as a colourless oil. R_f 0.56 (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH saturated with NH₃ 9:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 3362, 2931, 2859, 1746, 1473, 1380, 1253, 1096, 837, 778 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20} - 4.3$ (*c* 2.7, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.43 (dt, 1H, *J* = 6.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.14 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 8.3, 5.7, 4.6 Hz), 3.72-3.67 (m, 1H), 3.61 (ABX, 2H, *J* = 10.3, 8.2, 4.5 Hz), 2.71 (dd, 1H, *J* = 12.7, 3.3 Hz), 2.52 (dd, 1H, *J* = 12.7, 8.3 Hz), 2.03 (br s, 3H), 1.74 (dd, 2H, *J* = 6.8, 6.0 Hz), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 107.6 (C), 77.9 (CH), 74.9 (CH), 70.4 (CH), 62.1 (CH₂), 48.5 (CH₂), 33.7 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.4 (C), -5.30 (CH₃), -5.34 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₃₃NNaO₄Si 342.2071, found 342.2069.



(2R,3S,5R)-6-Amino-1-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-2,3-iso-propylidenebisoxy-hexan-5-ol ((5R)-13)

The reduction of (5*R*)-**20** (277 mg, 0.80 mmol) was carried out using analogous conditions to the preparation of (5*S*)-**13**. (5*R*)-**13** (200 mg, 0.63 mmol, 79 %) was obtained as a colourless oil after purification by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH saturated with NH₃ 9:1 to 6:1). R_f 0.53 (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH saturated with NH₃ 9:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 3367, 2930, 2860, 1369, 1474, 1370, 1252, 1216, 1094, 1006, 775 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –19.3 (*c* 1.4, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.36 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 5.8, 3.9 Hz), 4.11 (dt, 1H, J = 7.6, 5.8 Hz), 3.81-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.70-3.60 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.29 (br s, 3H), 1.80-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 108.4 (C), 77.9 (CH), 76.8 (CH), 72.1 (CH), 61.8 (CH₂), 47.8 (CH₂), 33.6 (CH₂), 28.2 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.3 (C), -5.3 (CH₃), -5.4 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₃₃NNaO₄Si 342.2071, found 342.2065.



1-((2S,4S,5R)-6-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy-4,5-isopropylidenebisoxy-2-hydroxyhexyl)-5-tertbutyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde ((2'S)-23)

To a stirred solution of (5*S*)-**13** (630 mg, 1.97 mmol) and **22** (296 mg, 0.98 mmol) in CH₃CN (10 mL) at r.t. was added PPTS (62 mg, 0.25 mmol). After 20 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (and 5 mL), diluted with H₂O (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 4:1) afforded the *title compound* (2'*S*)-**23** (249 mg, 0.46 mmol, 47 %) as a pale yellow oil. R_f 0.75 (petroleum, ether-EtOAc 3:1) IR (neat) v_{max} 3447, 2929, 2857, 1729, 1662, 1463, 1369, 1253, 1070, 835, 776 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +7.6 (*c* 0.75, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.47 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 6.18 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 4.73 (ABq, 2H), 4.62 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.0, 3.1 Hz), 4.47-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.23 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.0, 9.3 Hz), 4.16-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.71-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.28 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 1.91-1.77 (m, 2H); 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 6H), 0.07 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.0 (CH), 142.8 (C), 132.8 (C), 125.1 (CH), 110.5 (CH), 107.9 (C), 77.9 (CH), 74.6 (CH), 70.2 (CH), 62.1 (CH₂), 57.6 (CH₂), 52.1 (CH₂), 34.2 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 26.1 (3 × CH₃), 25.7 (CH₃), 18.5 (C), 18.4 (C), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₅₁NNaO₆Si₂ 564.3147, found 564.3156.



1-((2R,4S,5R)-6-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy-4,5-isopropylidenebisoxy-2-hydroxyhexyl)-5-tertbutyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde ((2'R)-23)

The reaction of (5*R*)-**13** (64 mg, 0.20 mmol) and **22** (30 mg, 0.10 mmol) was carried out under analogous conditions to the preparation of (2'*S*)-**23**. (2'*R*)-**23** (22 mg, 0.04 mmol, 41%) was obtained as a pale yellow oil after purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 4:1). R_f 0.65 (petroleum, ether-EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 3435, 2955, 1730, 1664, 1488, 1365, 1219, 1068, 836 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –8.0 (*c* 1.35, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.47 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 6.18 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 4.87 (d, 1H, *J* = 13.3 Hz), 4.72 (d, 1H, *J* = 13.3 Hz), 4.59 (dd, 1H, *J* = 13.9, 2.8 Hz), 4.42 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 10.5, 5.9, 2.9 Hz), 4.32-4.20 (m, 1H), 4.17-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.69-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.57 (br s, 1H), 1.95 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 14.3, 2.9, 2.9 Hz), 1.79-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 6H), 0.06 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.7 (CH), 143.7 (C), 132.4 (C), 125.1 (CH), 110.0 (CH), 108.5 (C), 78.1 (CH), 76.4 (CH), 71.9 (CH), 62.0 (CH₂), 57.9 (CH₂), 51.5 (CH₂), 33.5 (CH₂), 28.1 (CH₃), 26.0 (3 × CH₃), 25.6 (CH₃), 18.4 (C), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.2 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) *m*/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₅₁NNaO₆Si₂ 564.3147, found 564.3131.



1-((4S,5R)-6-tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy-4,5-isopropylidenebisoxy-2-oxohexyl)-5-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde (12)

To a stirred solution of alcohols (2'S)-23 (26 mg, 49 μ mol) and (2'R)-23 (26 mg, 49 μ mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) at 0 °C was added activated 4 Å MS (60 mg), TPAP (3.4 mg, 9.8 µmol) and NMO (42.4 mg, 360 µmol). After stirring at r.t. for 30 min, the reaction mixture was passed through a plug of silica, washing with EtOAc (2 \times 20 mL) and the filtrate concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash compound chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 30:1) afforded the *title* **12** (41 mg, 76 μ mol, 77 %) as a pale yellow oil. R_f 0.43 (petroleum, ether-EtOAc 6:1); IR (neat) v_{max} 2930, 2857, 1732, 1660, 1463, 1363, 1253, 1070, 836, 777 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -12.6 (*c* 0.82, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.45 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, 1H, J = 4.0 Hz), 6.19 (d, 1H, J = 4.0 Hz), 5.33 (ABq, 2H), 4.64 (dt, 1H, J = 7.8, 5.8 Hz), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.16 (dt, 1H, J = 6.0, 5.8 Hz), 3.63 (d, 2H, J = 6.0 Hz),2.84-2.86 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H), 0.05 (s, 3H), 0.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.6 (C), 179.9 (CH) 142.2 (C), 132.5 (C), 124.2 (CH), 10.2 (CH), 108.5 (C), 77.4 (CH), 73.1 (CH), 62.0 (CH₂), 57.4 (CH₂), 55.4 (CH₂), 40.5 (CH₂), 28.1 (CH₃), 26.1 (3 × CH₃), 25.9 (3 × CH₃), 25.5 (CH₃), 18.4 (C), 18.4 (C), -5.2 (3 × CH₃), -5.3 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₄₉NNaO₆Si₂ 562.2991, found 562.2998.



(4S,5R)-4,5-iso-Propylidenebisoxy-1',3,4,4',5,6-hexahydrospiro[pyran-2,3'-pyrrolo[2,1c][1,4]oxazine]-6'-carbaldehyde (24)

To a stirred solution of 12 (126 mg, 233 µmol) in THF (2.5 mL) at 0 °C was added 3HF Et₃N (76 µL, 466 μ mol). The reaction was allowed to warm to r.t. and stirred for 24 h, then diluted with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (4 × 5 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) at r.t. and PPTS (14.7 mg, 58 µmol) was added. The reaction was stirred for 24 h, then additional PPTS (14.7 mg, 58 µmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at r.t. for 48 h and quenched with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (2 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (4 × 5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes-EtOAc 1:1) afforded the title compound 24 (43.1 mg, 63 %, 1.2:1 mixture of diastereomers) as a colourless oil. R_f 0.63 (EtOAc); IR v_{max} (neat) 2985, 2935, 1726, 1652, 1444, 1373, 1312, 1187, 1039, 756 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.45* (s, 1H), 9.44 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, 1H, J = 4.2 Hz), 6.89* (d, 1H, J = 4.2 Hz) 6.00 (d, 1H J = 4.1 Hz), 5.98* (d, 1H, J = 4.1 Hz), 4.91-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.59 (d, 1H J = 13.9 Hz), 4.53* (ddd, 1H, J = 6.0, 5.9, 5.9 Hz), 4.41 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.4, 5.4, 3.5 Hz), 4.25-4.17 (m, 1H), 4.04 (d, 1H, J = 13.9 Hz), 4.01^* (d, 1H, J = 14.1 Hz), $3.95-3.80^*$ (m, 2H), 3.75-3.63 (m, 2H), 2.34 (dd, 1H, J = 15.4, 3.5 Hz), 2.06-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 1.53* (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.35* (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.9 (CH), 178.8* (CH) 134.5 (C), 134.4* (C), 131.3* (C), 131.2 (C), 124.2 (CH), 124.0* (CH), 109.5 (C), 109.2* (C), 104.9 (CH), 104.8* (CH), 94.6* (C), 93.1 (C), 71.7* (CH), 70.5 (CH), 69.5 (CH), 69.4* (CH), 61.9* (CH₂), 60.4 (CH₂), 58.2 (CH₂), 58.2* (CH₂), 53.6* (CH₂), 52.2 (CH₂), 34.9* (CH₂), 34.2 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₃), 27.3* (CH₃), 25.9 (CH₃), 25.7* (CH₃); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]+ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉NNaO₅ 316.1155, found 316.1155.* denotes minor isomer where distinguishable.



pollenopyrroside A ((+)-1), 9-epi-pollenopyrroside A/xylapyrroside A/shensongine A ((-)-2)

To a stirred solution of **24** (14.0 mg, 51.2 μ mol) in MeOH (0.5 mL) was added PPTS (12.9 mg, 51.2 μ mol) and the reaction was stirred at r.t. for 72 h. The reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (1.5 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 × 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH 40:1) afforded the *title compounds* (+)-**1** (9.2 mg, 36.3 μ mol, 71 %) and (-)-**2** (1.3 mg, 5.2 μ mol, 10 %) as colourless solids.

(+)-1: $R_f 0.23$ (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH 40:1); m.p. 188.5-190.9 °C (lit. 188-189 °C)⁴, (lit. 159-165 °C)⁵; IR v_{max} (neat) 3543, 3437, 2922, 2794, 1653, 1500, 1473, 1409, 1316, 1191, 1136, 1091, 1027, 862, 820, 777 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +235.9 (*c* 0.09, MeOH) (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +125.9 (*c* 0.08, MeOH))⁴, (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +121.5 (*c* 0.08, MeOH)⁵, (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +65 (*c* 0.01, MeOH))⁶; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ 9.46 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.1 Hz), 6.06 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.1 Hz), 4.91 (d, 1H, *J* = 15.6 Hz), 483 (d, 1H, *J* = 15.6 Hz), 4.46 (d, 1H, *J* = 14.2 Hz), 4.02 (m, 1H), 4.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 14.2 Hz), 3.74 (dd, 1H, *J* = 10.5, 10.5 Hz), 3.71-3.66 (m, 1H), 3.55 (br s, 1H), 3.55-3.51 (m, 1H), 2.81, (br s, 1H), 2.22 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.6, 3.5 Hz), 2.07 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.6, 3.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ 179.1 (CH), 135.1 (C), 132.2 (C), 124.1 (CH), 105.4 (CH), 95.0 (C), 67.6 (CH), 66.9 (CH), 61.0 (CH₂), 58.2 (CH₂), 52.4 (CH₂), 38.5 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* [M + Na]+ calcd for C₁₂H₁₅NNaO₅ 276.0842, found 276.0834. The spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.^{6,7}

(-)-2: $R_f 0.15$ (CH₂Cl₂-MeOH 40:1); m.p. 165.1-168.3 °C (lit. 161.8-165.1 °C)⁷; IR v_{max} (neat) 3313, 2921, 2853, 1728, 1651, 1472, 1403, 1315, 1181, 1080, 1035, 974, 752 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{22.2}$ -135.2 (*c* 0.071,

⁶ Guo, J.-L.; Feng, Z.-M.; Yang, Y.-J.; Zhang, Z.-W.; Zhang, P.-C. Chem. Pharm. Bull. (Tokyo) **2010** 58 (7), 983–985

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett 2015, 26 (7), 921–926

MeOH) (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{22} - 189$, *c* 0.1, MeOH)⁶, (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{27} - 12.7$, *c* 0.05, MeOH)⁸; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.45 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, 1H, J = 4.1 Hz), 6.01 (d, 1H, J = 4.1 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, J = 15.6 Hz), 4.73 (d, 1H, J = 15.6 Hz), 4.70 (d, 1H, J = 14.2 Hz), 4.19-4.15 (m, 1H), 4.02 (d, 1H, J = 14.2 Hz), 3.90-3.87 (m, 2H), 3.81 (dd, 1H, J = 12.7, 1.2 Hz), 2.23 (br s, 1H), 2.13 (br s, 1H), 2.04 (dd, 1H, J = 12.9, 5.4 Hz), 1.91 (dd, 1H, J = 12.9, 11.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.9 (CH), 134.2 (C), 131.3 (C), 124.2 (CH), 105.0 (CH), 95.5 (C), 67.5 (CH), 65.2 (CH), 64.7 (CH₂), 57.9 (CH₂), 52.3 (CH₂), 35.9 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI+) m/z [M + Na]+ calcd for C₁₂H₁₅NNaO₅ 276.0842, found 276.0844. The spectroscopic data were in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁸⁻¹⁰

⁸ Li, M.; Xiong, J.; Huang, Y.; Wang, L.-J.; Tang, Y.; Yang, G.-X.; Liu, X.-H.; Wei, B.-G.; Fan, H.; Zhao, Y.; Zhai, W.-Z.; Hu, J.-F. *Tetrahedron* **2015**, *71* (33), 5285–5295

⁹ Yang, T.; Wang, C.; Chou, G.; Wu, T.; Cheng, X.; Wang, Z. *Food Chem.* **2010**, *123* (3), 705–710 ¹⁰ Ding, B.; Dai, Y.; Hou, Y.-L.; Yao, X.-S. J. Asian Nat. Prod. Res. **2015**, *17* (5), 559–566





160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ppm









mqq







180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 ppm

Comparison of ¹H NMR spectra for synthetic pollenopyrroside A ((+)-1) and pollenopyrroside A ((+)-1) synthesised by Zhao *et al.*⁷

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett 2015, 26 (7), 921–926

Comparison of ¹³C NMR spectra for synthetic pollenopyrroside A ((+)-1) and pollenopyrroside A ((+)-1) synthesised by Zhao *et al.*⁷

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett 2015, 26 (7), 921–926

Comparison of ¹H NMR spectra for synthetic 9-*epi*-pollenopyrroside A ((–)-2), xylapyrroside A ((–)-2) isolated by Li *et al.*⁸ and 9-*epi*-pollenopyrroside A ((–)-2) synthesised by Zhao *et al.*⁷

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett **2015**, *26* (7), 921–926

⁸ Li, M.; Xiong, J.; Huang, Y.; Wang, L.-J.; Tang, Y.; Yang, G.-X.; Liu, X.-H.; Wei, B.-G.; Fan, H.; Zhao, Y.; Zhai, W.-Z.; Hu, J.-F. *Tetrahedron* **2015**, *71* (33), 5285–5295

Comparison of ¹³C NMR spectra for synthetic 9-*epi*-pollenopyrroside A ((–)-2) and 9-*epi*-pollenopyrroside A ((–)-2) synthesised by Zhao *et al.*⁷

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett 2015, 26 (7), 921–926

Comparison of ¹H (400 MHz) and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR data for synthetic 9-*epi*-pollenopyrroside A ((–)-2) reported by Zhao *et al.*⁷, isolated capparisine B ((+)-2)⁹ and isolated xylapyrroside A ((–)-2)⁸ in CDCl₃

	$\delta_{\rm H}$ (<i>J</i> values in Hz)			δ _C		
No.	9-epi-pollenopyrroside A ⁷	capparisine B9	xylapyrroside A ⁸	9-epi-pollenopyrroside A ⁷	capparisine B9	
2	-	-	-	131.2	131.2	
3	6.92 (d, 4.1)	6.92 (d, 3.8)	6.90 (d, 4.0)	124.0	124.0	
4	6.01 (d, 4.1)	6.01 (d, 3.5)	5.99 (d, 4.0)	104.8	104.8	
5	-	-	-	134.1	134.1	
6	4.82 (d, 15.3)	4.82 (d, 15.2)	4.80 (d, 15.6)	57.8	57.8	
	4.71 (m)	4.74 (d, 15.7)	4.71 (d, 15.6)			
7	9.46 (s)	9.45 (s)	9.42 (s)	178.8	178.8	
8	4.71 (m)	4.70 (d, 14.4)	4.70 (d, 13.9)	52.2	52.2	
	4.02 (d, 14.0)	4.02 (d, 13.8)	4.03 (d, 13.9)			
9	-	-	-	95.4	95.4	
10	1.91 (t, 13.0)	1.91 (dd, 12.6, 11.8)	1.90 (dd, 12.8, 11.6)	35.8	35.8	
	2.05 (dd, 13.0, 5.5)	2.04 (dd, 12.8, 5.3)	2.02 (dd, 12.8, 5.6)			
11	4.17 (ddd. 11.4, 5.4, 3.2)	4.14 (m)	4.14 (ddd, 11.6, 5.6, 2.8)	65.1	65.1	
12	3.88 (m, overlapped)	3.88 (m)	3.87 (m, overlapped)	67.4	67.4	
13	3.89 (dd, overlapped)	3.89 (d, 12.1)	3.87 (dd, overlapped)	64.5	64.5	
	3.81 (dd, 12.7, 1.2)	3.81 (d, 12.1)	3.78 (dd, 12.8, 1.2)			

Comparison of ¹H (400 MHz) and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR data for isolated shensongine A ((–)-2)¹⁰ and isolated xylapyrroside A ((–)-2)⁸ in CD₃OD

	δ _H (J values in Hz)		δ_{C}	
No.	shensongine A ¹⁰	xylapyrroside A ⁸	shensongine A ¹⁰	xylapyrroside A ⁸
2	-	-	132.4	132.4
3	7.00 (d, 4.1)	7.04 (d, 4.0)	125.7	125.8
4	6.06 (d, 4.1)	6.09 (d, 4.0)	106.1	106.1
5	-	-	137.0	137.1
6	4.83 (m, overlapped) 4.73 (d, 15.8)	4.86 (d, 15.6) 4.74 (d, 15.6)	58.6	58.6
7	9.35 (s)	9.39 (s)	180.2	180.2
8	4.58 (d, 14.0) 3.96 (d, 14.0)	4.62 (d, 14.0) 4.00 (d, 14.0)	53.4	53.5
9	-	-	96.7	96.9
10	1.98 (t, 12.0) 1.89 (dd, 12.0, 5.3)	2.02 (dd, 12.8, 11.6) 1.92 (dd, 12.8, 5.2)	36.1	36.1
11	4.07 (ddd, 12.0, 5.3, 2.7)	4.10 (m)	66.0	66.0
12	3.78 (m, overlapped)	3.81 (m)	68.7	68.7
13	3.79 (dd, overlapped) 3.67 (dd, 18.5, 7.3)	3.83 (br d, 12.0) 3.78 (br d, 12.0)	66.3	66.3

⁷ Cao, Z.; Li, Y.; Wang, S.; Guo, X.; Wang, L.; Zhao, W. Synlett 2015, 26 (7), 921–926

⁸ Li, M.; Xiong, J.; Huang, Y.; Wang, L.-J.; Tang, Y.; Yang, G.-X.; Liu, X.-H.; Wei, B.-G.; Fan, H.; Zhao, Y.; Zhai, W.-Z.; Hu, J.-F. *Tetrahedron* **2015**, *71* (33), 5285–5295

⁹ Yang, T.; Wang, C.; Chou, G.; Wu, T.; Cheng, X.; Wang, Z. Food Chem. 2010, 123 (3), 705-710

¹⁰ Ding, B.; Dai, Y.; Hou, Y.-L.; Yao, X.-S. J. Asian Nat. Prod. Res. 2015, 17 (5), 559-566