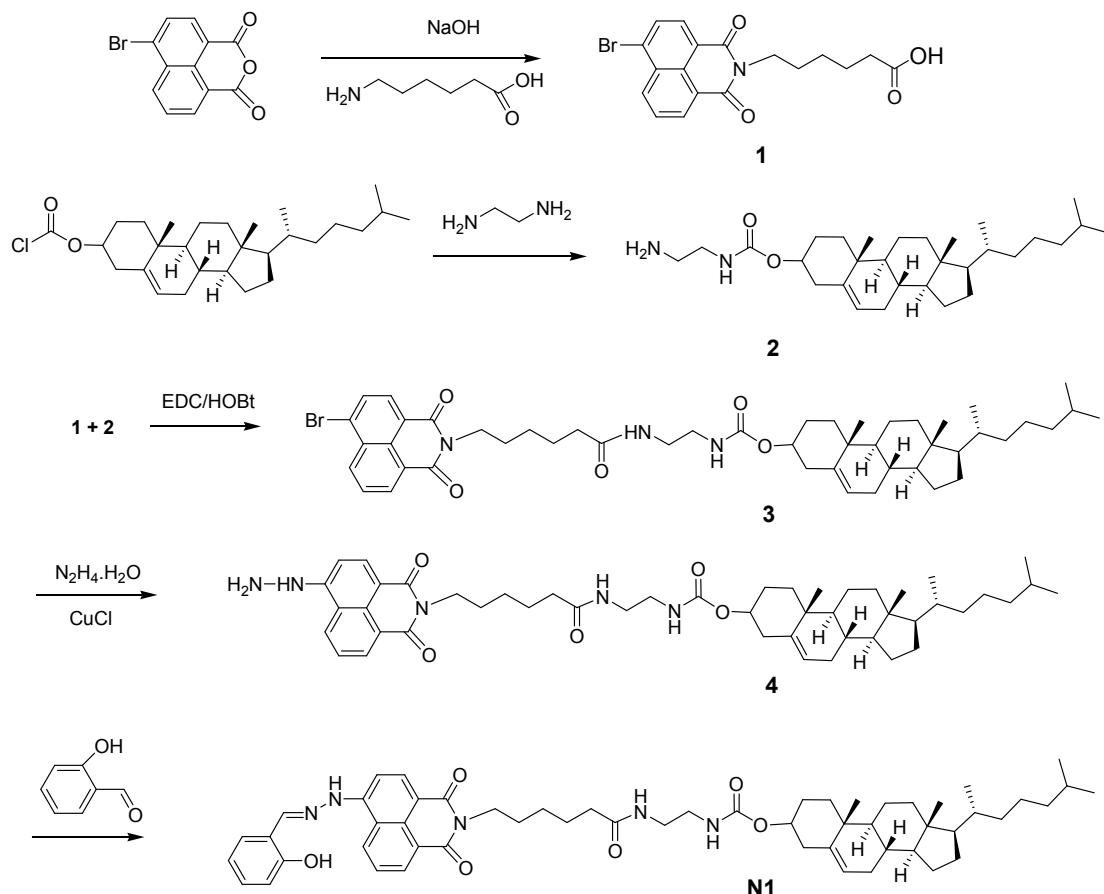


Supporting Information for

Tunable multicolor emissions in monocomponent gel system by varying solvents, temperature and fluoride anion

Xuelei Pang,[†] Xudong Yu,^{†,*}, Dongyan Xie,[†] Yajuan Li,[†] Lijun Geng,[†] Jujie Ren,[†]
Xiaoli Zhen[†]

[†]College of Science and Hebei Research Center of Pharmaceutical and Chemical
Engineering, Hebei University of Science and Technology, Yuhua Road 70,
Shijiazhuang 050080, PR China



Scheme S1 the synthesis procedure of **N1**

The synthesis of **1-3** could be seen from our previous literature.^{13b}

Synthesis of 4-diamine-1, 8-naphthalic anhydride-N-haxanioc acid imide-N-ethyl amine-3-β-cholest-5-en-3-yl-ester-N-Lysine acid ethyl ester (**4**)

The compound **3** (1mmol, 843 mg), 8 mL hydrazine hydrate were refluxed in ethanol for 3 days, the reaction mixture was then concentrated and purified by chromatography (SiO₂, CHCl₃/CH₃OH=10:1) to give **3** as a yellow solid (mg, yield: 30%). Mp: 186-189 °C. ¹HNMR (500M, CDCl₃, δ): 0.60 (s, 3H), 0.83-1.59 (m, 39H), 1.76-1.92(m, 5H), 2.03-2.06 (t, 2H, J=6Hz), 2.15-2.28(m, 2H), 2.99-3.01(t, 2 H, J=6Hz), 3.04-3.06 (t, 2 H, J=5.5Hz), 3.31(s, 1H), 3.96-3.99 (T, 2H, J=8Hz), 4.29 (m, 1H), 4.63(s, 1H), 5.28(s, 1H), 6.97-6.99 (t, 1H, J=5.0 Hz), 7.22-7.24 (d, 1H, J=8.5Hz), 7.60-7.63 (t, 1H, J=8 Hz), 7.75-7.77 (d, 1H, J=5.5Hz), 8.26-8.28 (d, 1H, J=8.5Hz), 8.39-8.41 (d, 1H, J=7.5Hz), 8.59-8.61 (d, 1H, J=8.5Hz), 9.10 (s, 1H); ¹³CNMR (125M, DMSO-d₆, δ): 11.57, 18.47, 18.89, 20.51, 22.40, 22.64, 23.46, 23.71, 25.14, 26.38,

27.38, 27.50, 27.73, 27.89, 31.14, 35.27, 35.59, 35.87, 36.45, 41.68, 49.29, 55.56, 55.83, 72.98, 106.45, 110.80, 116.14, 118.67, 119.51, 120.52, 121.70, 122.04, 124.96, 126.45, 128.31, 129.26, 130.82, 133.62, 139.64, 142.10, 146.38, 155.88, 156.31, 162.90, 172.32. MS for calc. for. ($C_{48}H_{69}N_5O_5+Na$)⁺ 819.5; Found: 819.0.

Synthesis of N1

Compound **4** (1 mmol, 823 mg) and salicylaldehyde (1 mmol, 98 mg) were refluxed in ethanol for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by chromatography (SiO₂, CHCl₃/CH₃OH=100:1 to 20:1) to give **3** as an orange solid (461 mg, yield: 50%). Mp: 203-206 °C; ¹H NMR (500M, DMSO-*d*₆) δ: 0.53 (s, 3H, CH₃), 0.62-0.64 (d, 3H, J=10Hz), 0.82-1.76 (m, 40H), 1.80-1.82 (d, 1H, J=12 Hz), 2.04-2.07 (t, 2H, J=7.5Hz), 2.12-2.24(m, 2H) 2.98-3.08(m, 4H), 3.99 (s, 2H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 6.89-6.94 (q, 3H), 7.23-7.26 (t, 1H, J=7.5Hz), 7.63-7.64 (d, 1H, J=8.5Hz), 7.74-7.84 (m, 3H), 8.37-8.38 (d, 1H, J=8.5Hz), 8.47-8.49 (d, 1H, J=7Hz), 8.80-8.84 (t, 2H, J=7.5Hz), 10.22 (s, 1H), 11.48 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125M, DMSO-*d*₆, δ): 11.57, 18.47, 18.89, 20.51, 22.40, 22.64, 23.46, 23.71, 25.14, 26.38, 27.38, 27.50, 27.73, 27.89, 31.14, 35.27, 35.59, 35.87, 36.45, 41.68, 49.29, 55.56, 55.83, 72.98, 106.45, 110.80, 116.14, 118.67, 119.51, 120.52, 121.70, 122.04, 124.96, 126.45, 128.31, 129.26, 130.82, 133.62, 139.64, 142.10, 146.38, 155.88, 156.31, 162.90, 163.62, 172.32. HRMS for calc. for. ($C_{55}H_{73}N_5O_6+Na$)⁺: 922.5459; Found: 922.5562.



Fig. S1 the photos of the **N1** organogels in different organic solvents. From left to right: dichloromethane, n-propanol, isopropanol, acetone, n-butanol, ethanol, benzene.

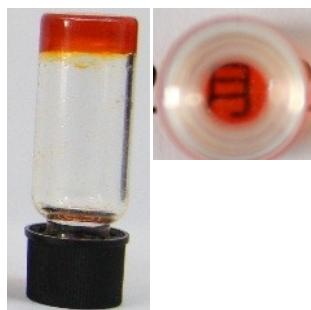


Fig. S2 the photos of the transparent gel in benzene.

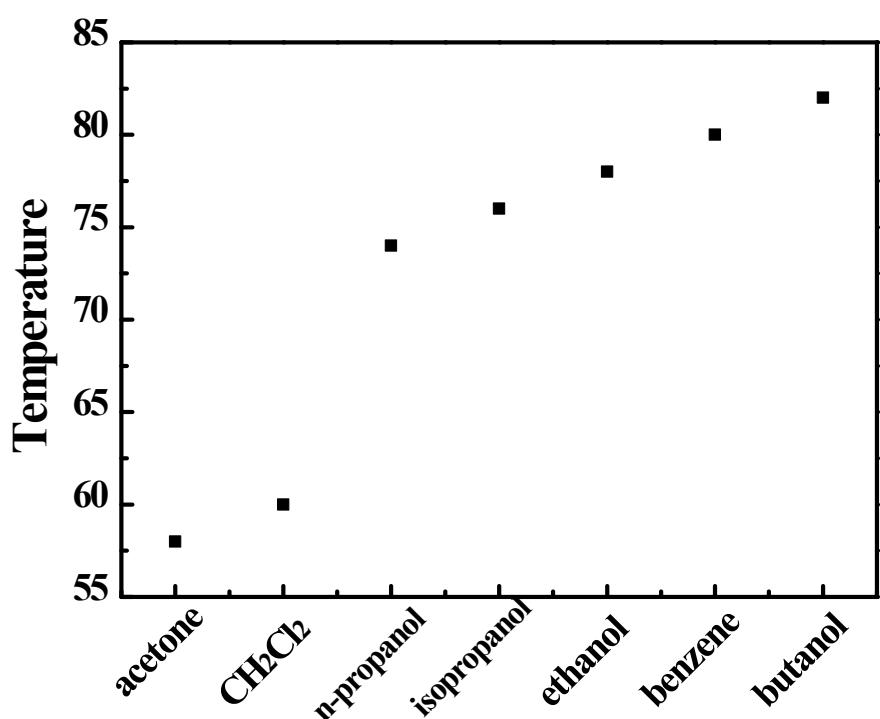


Fig. S3 Plots of T_{gel} (gel collapsing temperature) of N1 versus solvents, unit: $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

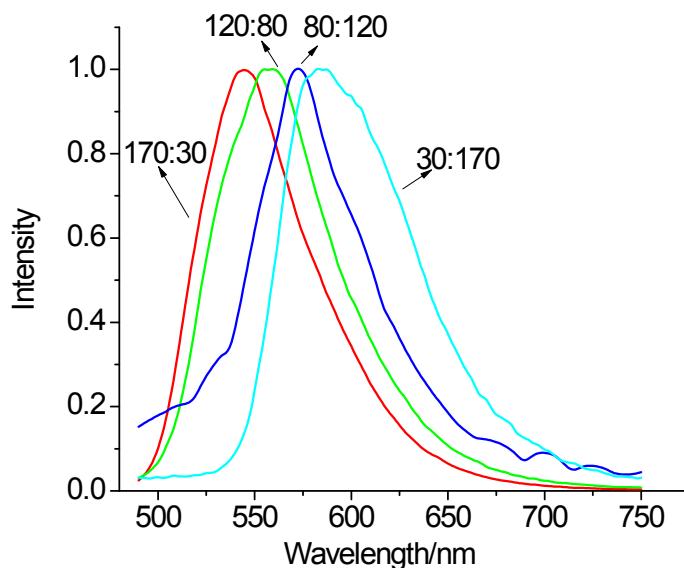


Fig. S4 the fluorescent spectra of N1 aggregates in solvent mixture of CH_2Cl_2 and benzene with different volume ratios.

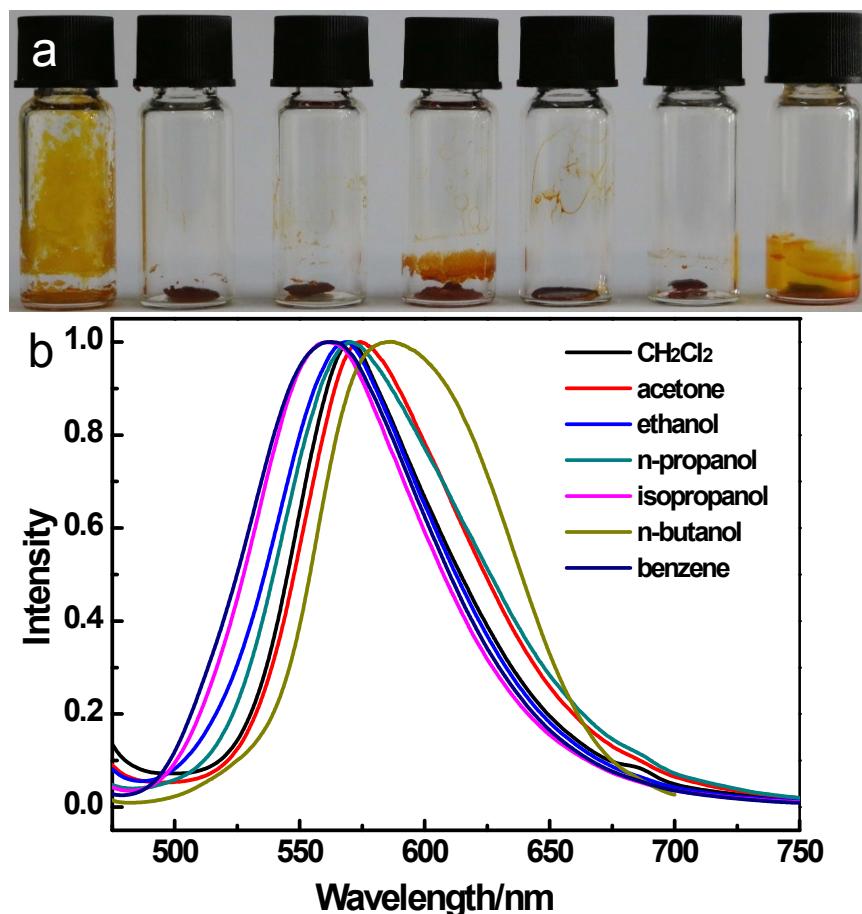


Fig. S5 a) Photos of N1 xerogels evaporated from different kind of organic solvents.

From left to right: dichloromethane, n-propanol, isopropanol, acetone, n-butanol, ethanol, benzene; b) fluorescent spectra of xerogels.

Table S2 The absorption peaks of **N1** in solution (10^{-5} M) and gel (25 mg/mL).

Solvents	Solution(nm)	Gel(nm)
CH ₂ Cl ₂	435	489
n-propanol	459	442
isopropanol	459	456
acetone	444	436
butanol	458	442
ethanol	457	461
benzene	431	460

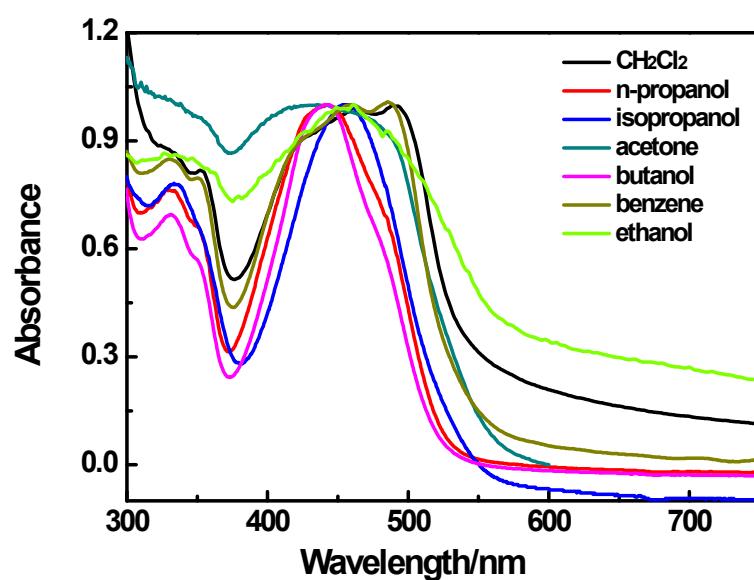


Fig. S6 UV-vis spectra of **N1** gels in different organic solvents.

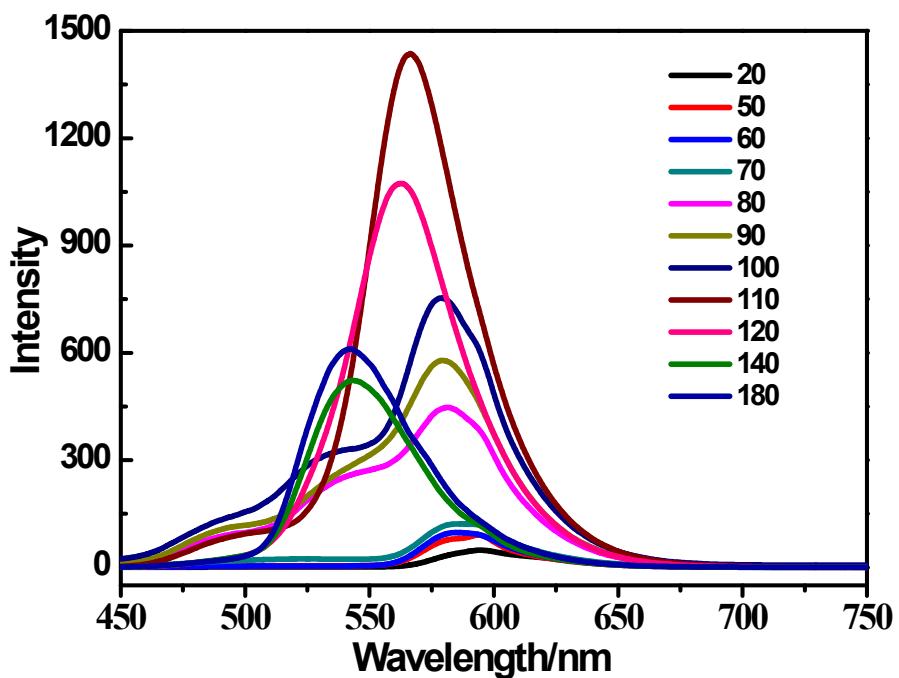


Fig. S7 Temperature dependent fluorescence changes of **N1** organogel in benzene (5 mg/200 μ L) from 20 to 180 °C.

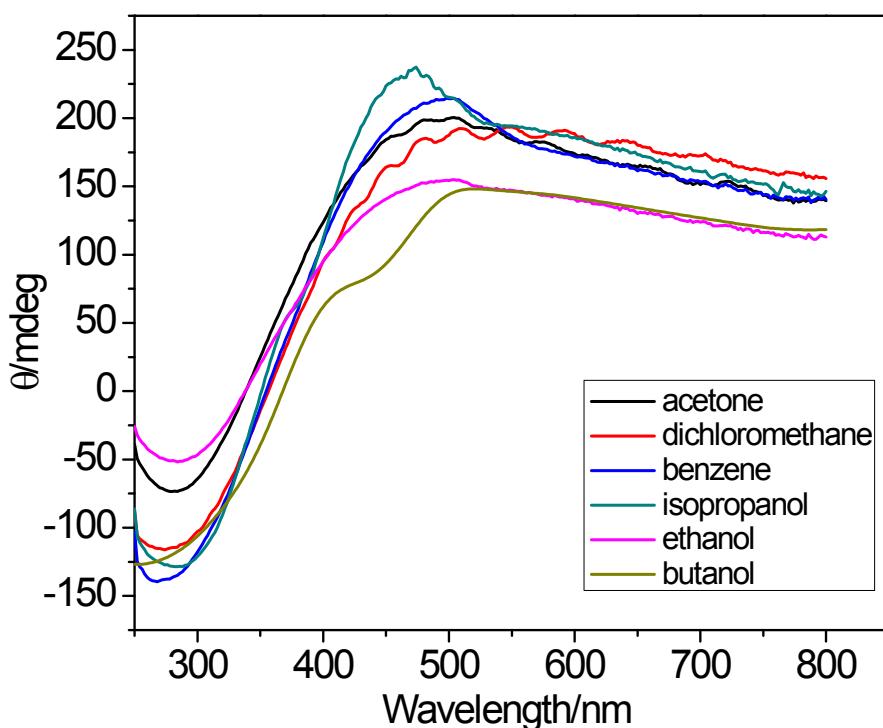


Fig. S8 CD spectra of the gel (25 mg/mL) in different organic solvents.

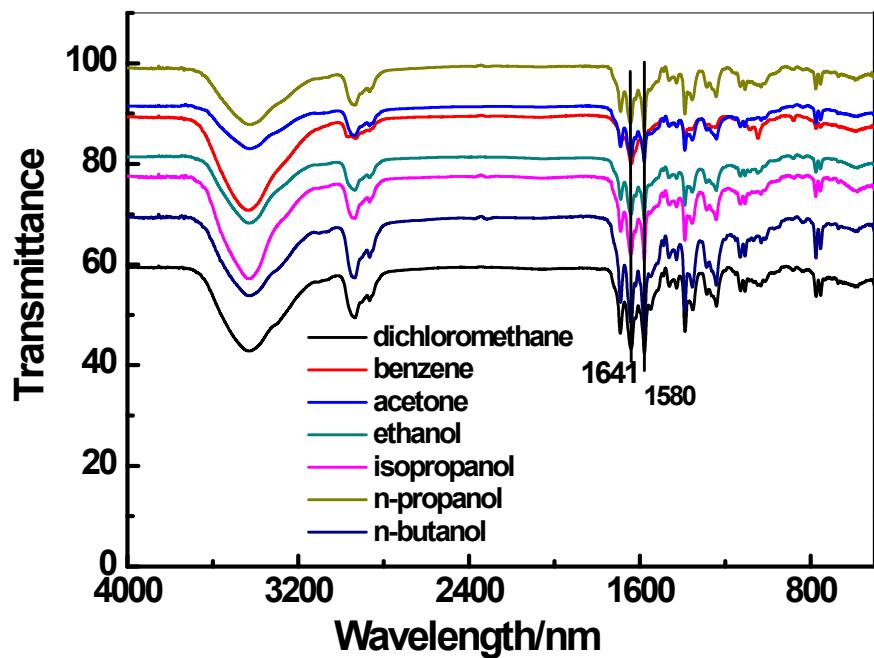


Fig. S9 FT-IR spectra of these N1 xerogels from different organic solvents.

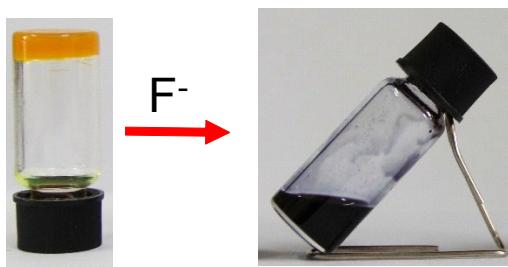


Fig. S10 the gel N1 in CH_2Cl_2 and sol triggered by fluoride anions.

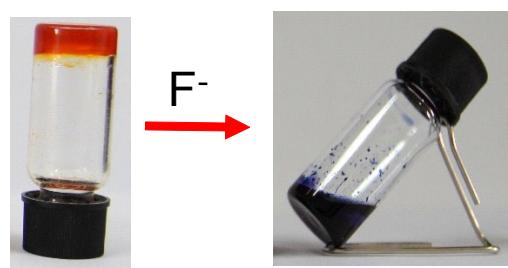


Fig. S11 the gel N1 in benzene and sol triggered by fluoride anions.

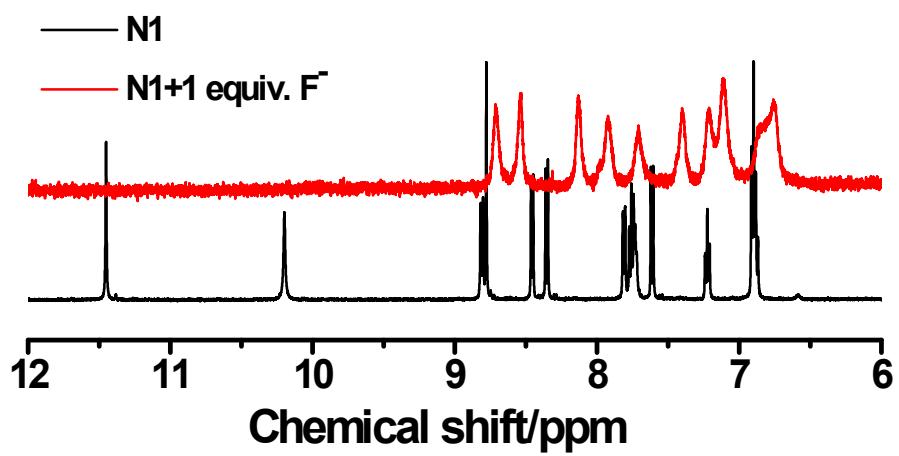


Fig. S12 ^1H NMR titration of N1 upon the addition of F^- .

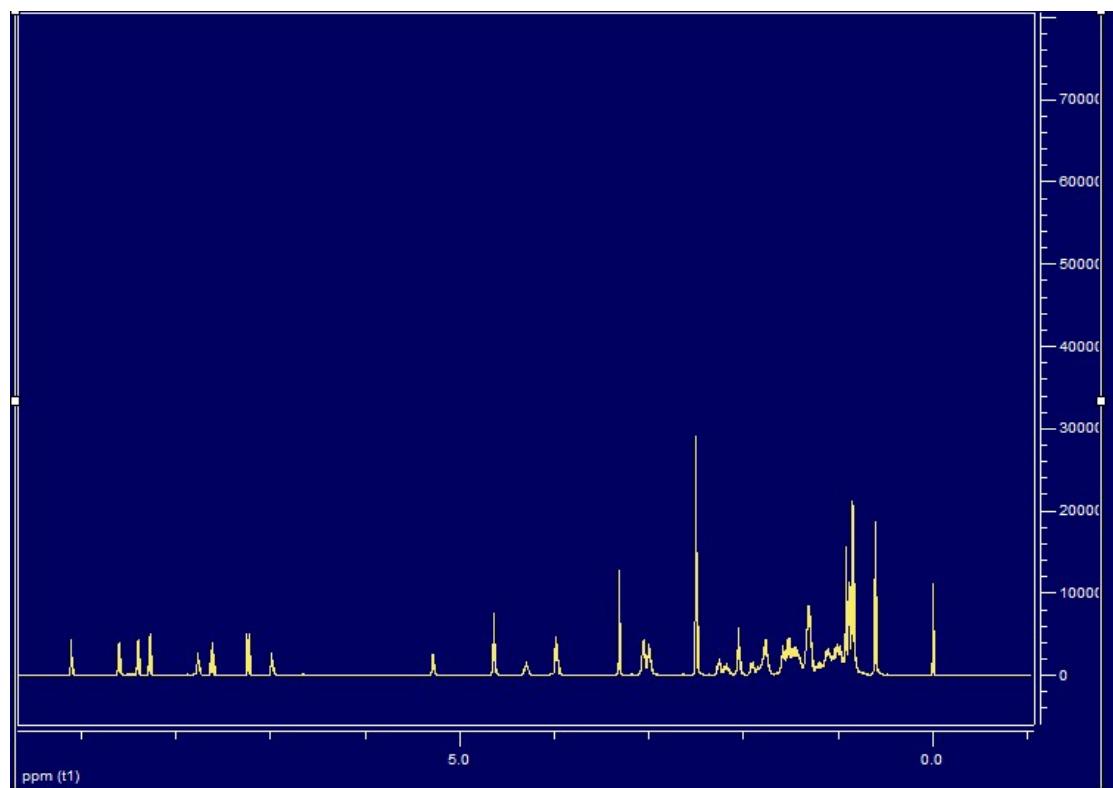


Fig. S13 ^1H NMR spectra of 4 in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

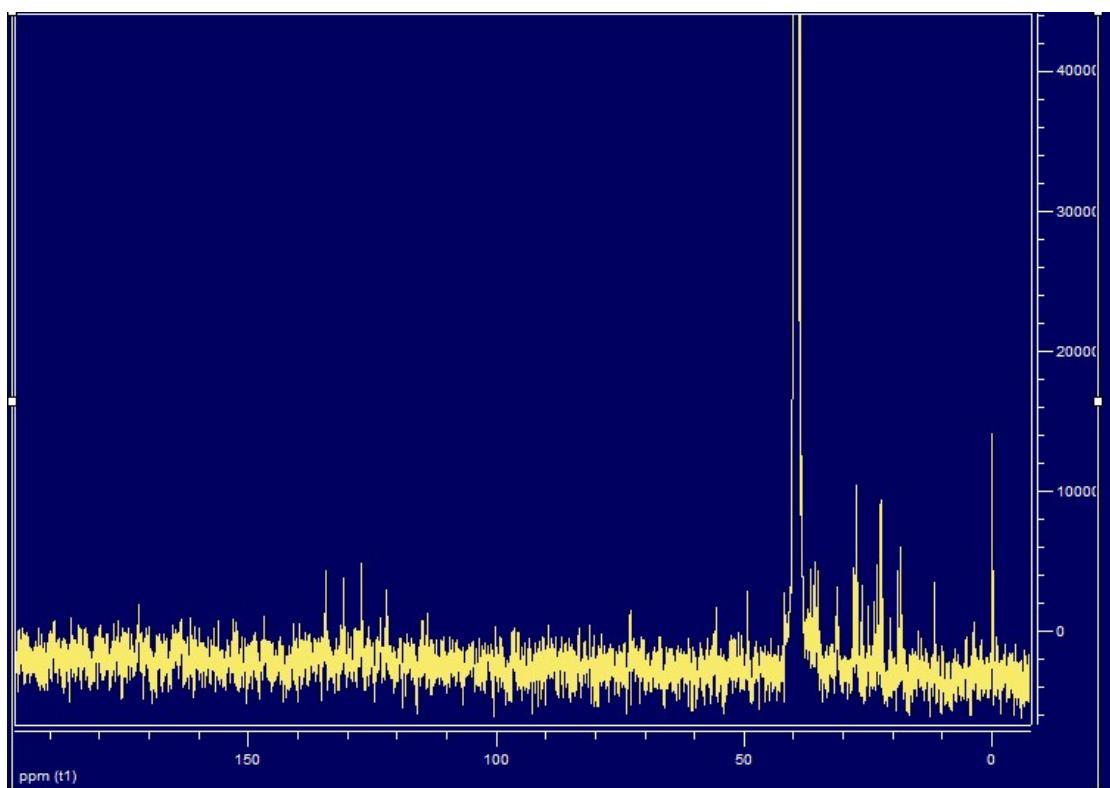


Fig. S14 ^{13}C NMR spectra of **4** in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

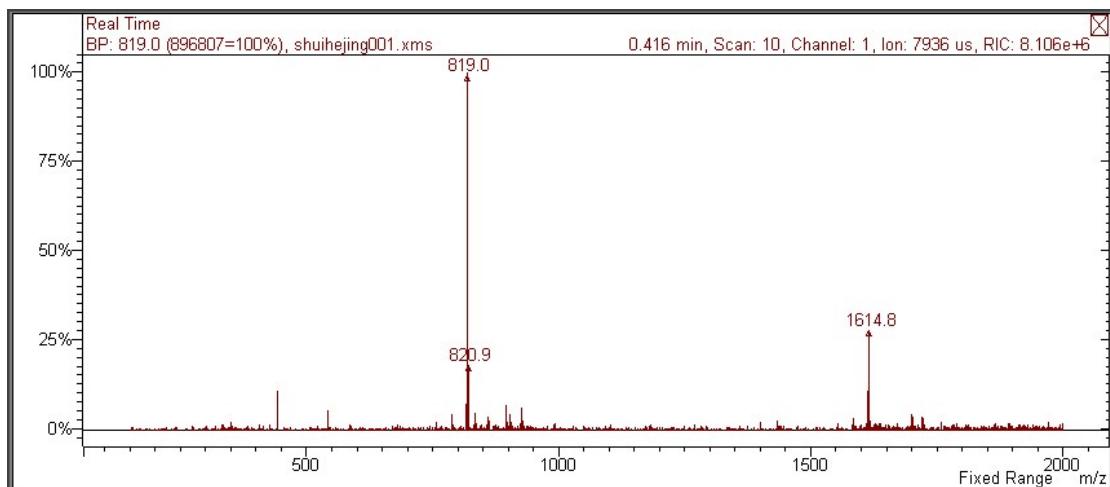


Fig. S15 MS spectrum of compound **4**.

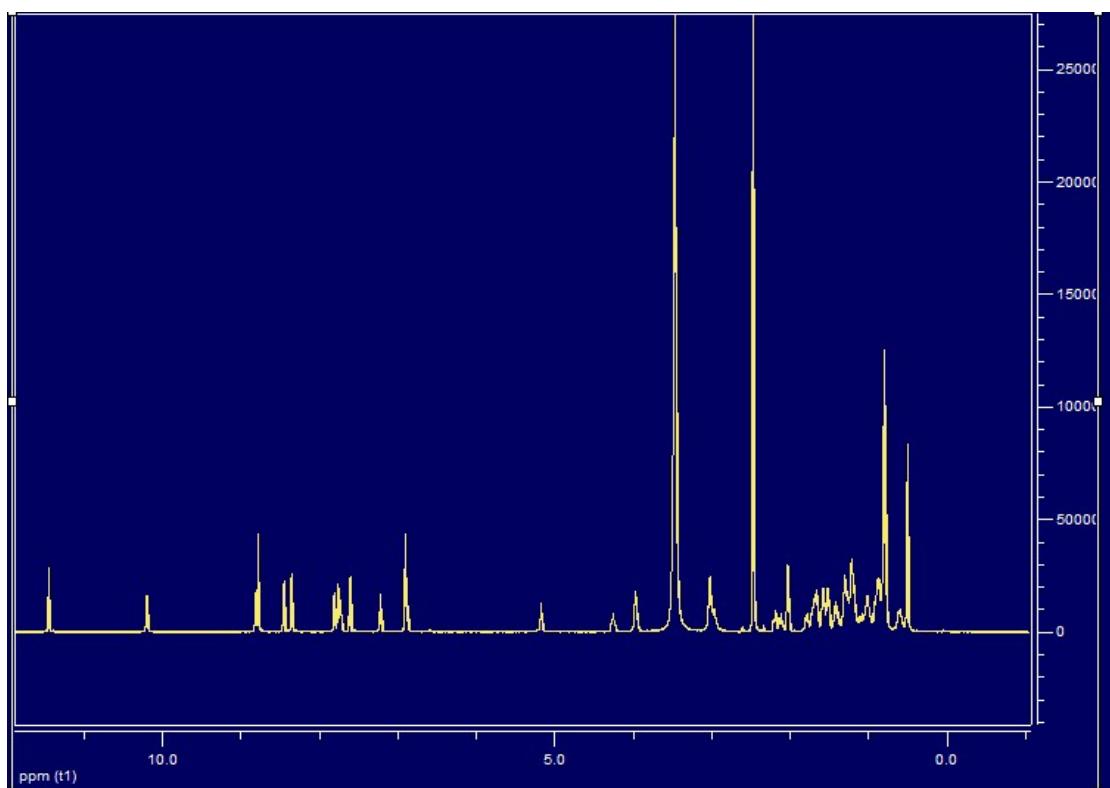


Fig. S16 ¹H NMR spectra of N1 in DMSO-*d*₆.

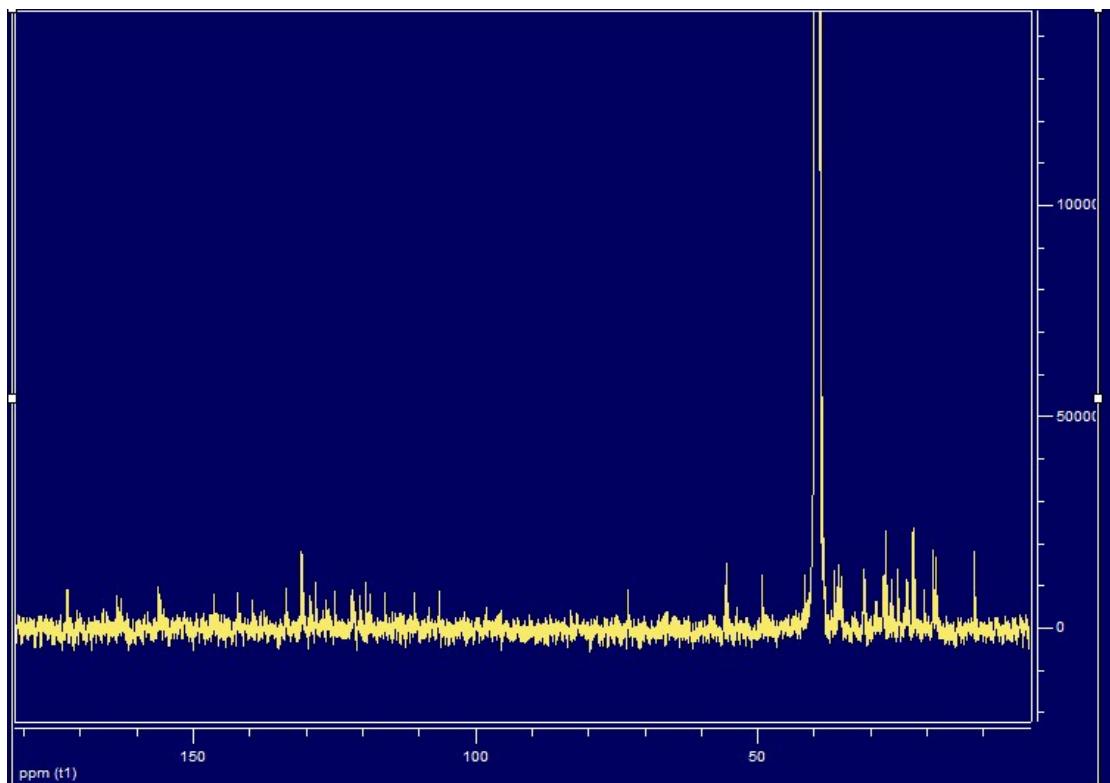


Fig. S17 ¹³C NMR spectra of N1 in DMSO-*d*₆.

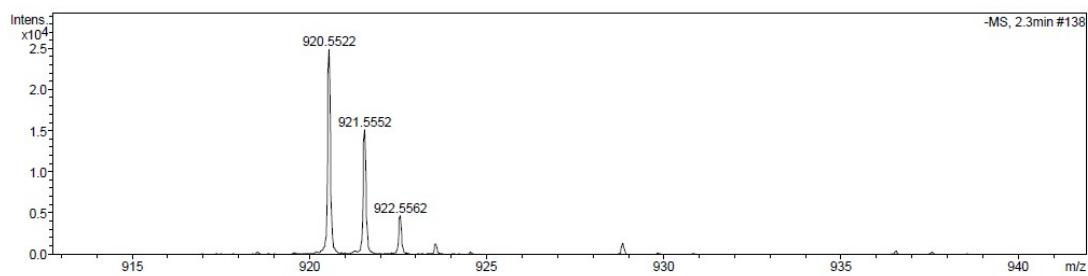


Fig. S18 HR-MS spectra of N1.

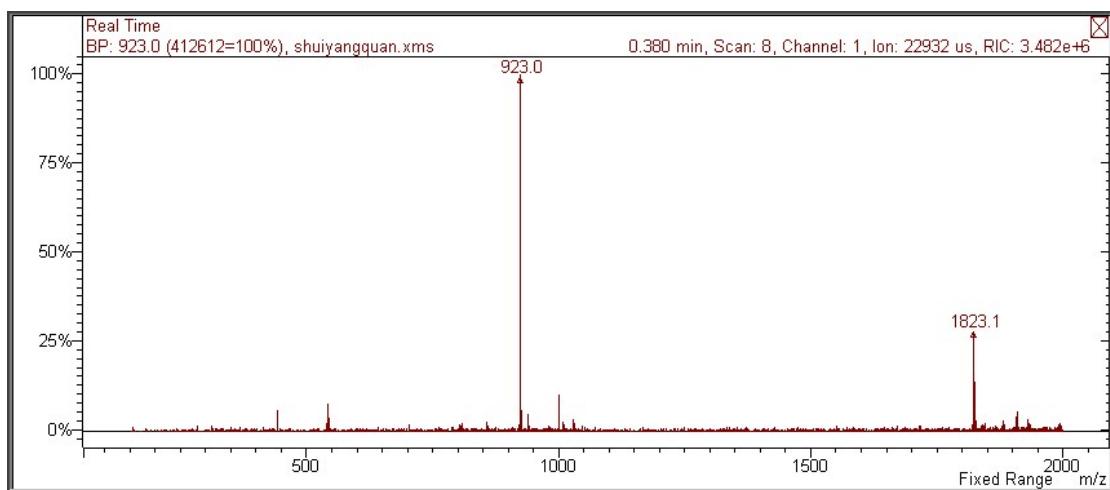


Fig. S19 MS spectra of N1.