

Supporting Information

Total Synthesis and Biological Activity of Dolastatin 16

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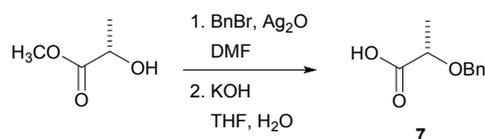
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Experimental Procedures

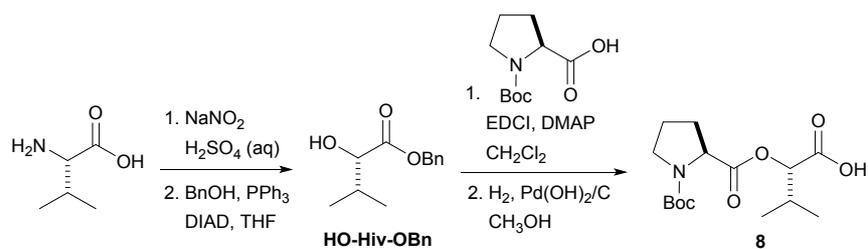
General Methods. Tetrahydrofuran (THF), methanol (CH₃OH), and acetonitrile (CH₃CN) were purchased from Kanto Chemical Co. Inc. Dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂) and triethylamine (Et₃N) were distilled from CaH₂. All commercially obtained reagents were used as received.

Analytical TLC was carried out using pre-coated silica gel plates (Merck TLC silica gel 60F₂₅₄). Wakogel 60N 63-212 μm was used for column chromatography. IR spectra were recorded on a JASCO FTIR-4100 Type A spectrometer using a NaCl cell. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded using a JNM-EX 400 (400 MHz and 100 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to CHCl₃ (δ = 7.26) in CDCl₃ for ¹H NMR, and CDCl₃ (δ = 77.0) for ¹³C NMR. Splitting patterns are designated as s, d, t, q, and m, indicating singlet, doublet, triplet, quartet, and multiplet, respectively.



BnO-Lac-OH (**7**). To a solution of methyl L-lactate (HO-Lac-OMe) (100 mg, 0.961 mmol) in DMF (4.8 mL) was added BnBr (0.137 mL, 1.15 mmol) and Ag₂O (134 mg, 0.577 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After 16 h of stirring at room temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with CH₃OH, filtered through celite, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (1% EtOAc in hexane) to afford BnO-Lac-OMe as a colorless oil (81.6 mg, 0.420 mmol, 44%): [α]_D²³ = -88.3 (*c* 1.30, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3734, 2873, 2360, 2341, 1750, 1456, 1275, 1206, 1143, 1065, 1025, 740, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 1.42 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 3.74 (3H, s), 4.06 (1H, q, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.44 (1H, d, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 7.24-7.34 (5H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 18.7, 51.9, 72.0, 73.9, 127.8, 127.9, 128.4, 137.5, 173.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄O₃Na 217.0835; Found 217.0836.

To a solution of BnO-Lac-OMe (81.6 mg, 0.420 mmol) in THF (7.7 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of KOH (324 mg, 5.77 mmol) in H₂O (7.7 mL). The mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, quenched with 3 M HCl (2.8 mL, 8.40 mmol), extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (10% EtOAc in hexane) to afford **7** as a colorless oil (63.5 mg, 0.352 mmol, 84%): [α]_D²³ = -71.9 (*c* 7.62, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3734, 3033, 2939, 2877, 2360, 2341, 1456, 1209, 1118, 1063, 1015, 738, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 1.45 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.06 (1H, q, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.46 (1H, d, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 4.68 (1H, d, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 7.24-7.33 (5H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 18.4, 72.0, 73.4, 127.9, 128.0, 128.4, 137.0, 179.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M - H]⁻ Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁O₃ 179.0714; Found 179.0714.



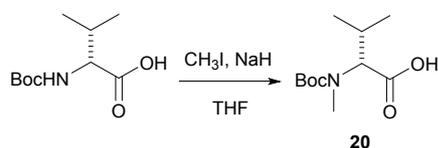
Boc-Pro-O-Hiv-OH (8). To a solution of L-valine (2.0 g, 17.1 mmol) in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ (68.3 mL) at 0 °C was slowly added a solution of NaNO₂ (7.08 g, 103 mmol) in H₂O (16.2 mL). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at 0 °C, then stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with Et₂O, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo to afford (S)-2-hydroxyisovaleric acid (HO-Hiv-OH) as a colorless oil (1.56 g, 13.2 mmol, 77%): [α]_D²³ = +36.8 (*c* 1.40, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3626, 2967, 1714, 1556, 1455, 1215 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 0.90 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 1.04 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 2.09-2.18 (1H, m), 4.13 (1H, d, *J* = 3.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 15.8, 18.7, 32.0, 74.8, 179.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [*M* – H]⁻ Calcd for C₅H₉O₃ 117.0557; Found 117.0555.

To a solution of HO-Hiv-OH (1.91 g, 16.2 mmol) in THF (81 mL) were added BnOH (1.68 mL, 16.2 mmol) and PPh₃ (6.37 g, 24.3 mmol). DIAD (12.8 mL, 24.3 mmol) was added at 0 °C under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, quenched with saturated NaHCO₃, extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (5% EtOAc in hexane) to afford HO-Hiv-OBn as a colorless oil (2.60 g, 12.5 mmol, 77%): [α]_D²³ = –8.50 (*c* 1.40, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3508, 3034, 2964, 2933, 2875, 1955, 1878, 1733, 1608, 1587, 1498, 1456, 1388, 1370, 1261, 1214, 1178, 1138, 1106, 1070, 1029, 988, 913, 888, 831, 751, 698, 651 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 0.79 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 0.96 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 2.02-2.07 (1H, m), 2.96 (1H, s), 4.03 (1H, d, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 5.13 (1H, d, *J* = 12.2 Hz), 5.18 (1H, d, *J* = 12.2 Hz), 7.29-7.32 (5H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 15.8, 18.6, 32.0, 67.0, 74.9, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 135.1, 174.6; HRMS (EI) *m/z*: [*M*]⁺ Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₃ 208.1099; Found 208.1095.

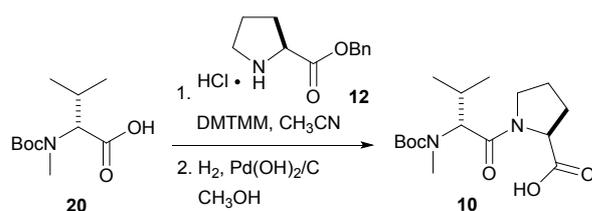
To a solution of HO-Hiv-OBn (1.42 g, 6.82 mmol) and Boc-Pro-OH (1.47 g, 6.82 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (34 mL) were added DMAP (83.3 mg, 0.682 mmol) and EDCI (1.96 g, 10.2 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution, extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (5% EtOAc in hexane) to afford Boc-Pro-O-Hiv-OBn as a colorless oil (2.54 g, 6.26 mmol, 92%): [α]_D²³ = –77.0 (*c* 2.32, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3734, 2973, 2879, 2360, 2341, 1749, 1700, 1395, 1366, 1258, 1166, 1128, 1089, 1017, 917, 889, 753, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 0.92 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 0.97 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 1.37-1.45 (9H, m), 1.70-1.84 (2H, m), 2.00-2.18 (2H, m), 2.19-2.26 (1H, m), 3.29-3.41 (1H, m),

3.48-3.54 (1H, m), 4.27-4.31 (0.6H, m), 4.37-4.42 (0.4H, m), 4.88 (0.6 H, d, $J = 4.4$ Hz), 4.92 (0.4H, d, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 5.05-5.10 (1H, m), 5.16-5.20 (1H, m), 7.31-7.34 (5H, m); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 17.0, 17.2, 18.6, 18.8, 23.3, 24.0, 28.3, 28.4, 29.5, 30.0, 30.1, 30.5, 46.3, 46.5, 58.2, 58.4, 66.8, 67.0, 76.9, 79.7, 79.8, 128.39, 128.44, 128.47, 128.53, 128.6, 135.1, 135.2, 153.8, 154.4, 169.2, 169.5, 172.4, 172.7; HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}_6\text{Na}$ 428.2044; Found 428.2040.

To a solution of Boc-Pro-O-Hiv-OBn (162 mg, 0.400 mmol) in CH_3OH (2.0 mL) was carefully added 10% Pd/C (16.2 mg, 10 wt%) under Ar atmosphere. The solution was purged with H_2 gas and stirring was continued under H_2 atmosphere at room temperature for 16 h. The solution was filtered through celite and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (30% EtOAc in hexane) to afford **8** as a colorless oil (125 mg, 0.396 mmol, 99%): $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{23} = -48.6$ (c 0.43, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3734, 2974, 2880, 2360, 2341, 1749, 1699, 1419, 1167, 1015, 772, 669 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 0.94-1.03 (6H, m), 1.38-1.45 (9H, m), 1.80-1.95 (2H, m), 2.06-2.16 (1H, m), 2.18-2.36 (2H, m), 3.39-3.47 (1H, m), 3.48-3.60 (1H, m), 4.33 (0.4H, dd, $J = 3.4, 8.8$ Hz), 4.40 (0.6H, dd, $J = 4.4, 8.5$ Hz), 4.88 (0.4H, d, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 5.06 (0.6H, d, $J = 3.4$ Hz); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 16.8, 17.0, 18.8, 18.9, 23.3, 24.4, 28.2, 28.4, 29.9, 30.0, 30.3, 30.6, 46.3, 46.8, 58.6, 59.0, 76.4, 76.9, 78.7, 80.1, 81.2, 153.9, 155.8, 171.3, 172.7; HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_6\text{Na}$ 338.1574; Found 338.1577.

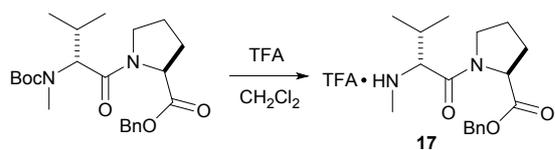


Boc-D-MeVal-OH (20). To a stirring solution of *N*-Boc-D-valine (4.78 g, 22.0 mmol) and CH_3I (13.7 mL, 220 mmol) in THF (81 mL) was added NaH (60% mineral oil dispersion, 8.80 g, 220 mmol) in several portions. The mixture was stirred for 24 h at room temperature, quenched by adding EtOAc (5.0 mL) and H_2O (5.0 mL), and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was partitioned between Et_2O and H_2O . The aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O . The Et_2O extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO_3 . The aqueous layers were combined and acidified with 5% citric acid to pH 3 and extracted with EtOAc. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated in vacuo to afford Boc-D-MeVal-OH (**20**) as a colorless oil (4.07 g, 17.6 mmol, 80%): $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{23} = +77.1$ (c 2.70, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3734, 2973, 1741, 1699, 1669, 1558, 1507, 1473, 1456, 1393, 1368, 1309, 1258, 1153, 1051, 934, 878, 770, 669 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 0.89 (3H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 1.01 (3H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.15-2.26 (1H, m), 2.85 (3H, s), 4.07-4.15 (1H, m); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 19.0, 19.1, 19.7, 20.1, 27.4, 27.8, 28.3, 31.1, 32.6, 65.0, 65.8, 80.6, 81.0, 155.6, 157.0, 175.3, 176.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ 254.1363; Found 254.1361.



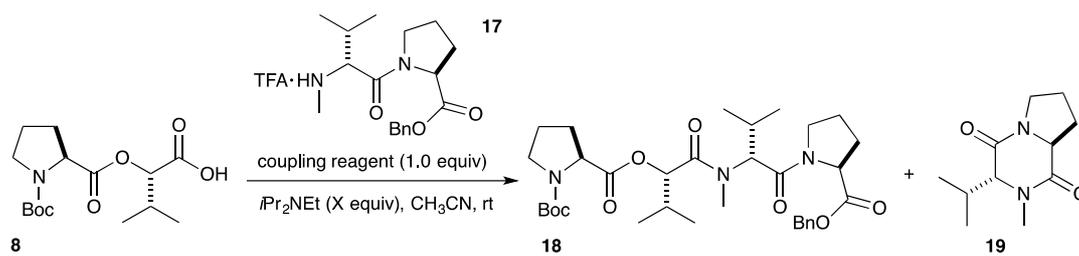
Boc-D-MeVal-Pro-OH (10). To a solution of Boc-D-MeVal-OH (1.72 g, 7.43 mmol) and HCl·H-Pro-OBn (**12**) (1.80 g, 7.43 mmol) in THF (37 mL) was added DMTMM (2.06 g, 7.43 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After 16 h of stirring at room temperature, the mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified using column chromatography (10% EtOAc in hexane) to afford Boc-D-MeVal-Pro-OBn as a colorless oil (2.14 g, 5.11 mmol, 69%): $[\alpha]^{23}_{\text{D}} = +25.5$ (c 1.60, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 2966, 2874, 1746, 1687, 1651, 1432, 1382, 1305, 1148, 887, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 0.74-0.92 (6H, m), 1.39-1.47 (9H, m), 1.69-2.00 (3H, m), 2.12-2.23 (1H, m), 2.24-2.35 (1H, m), 2.65 (2H, s), 2.66 (0.6H, s), 2.72 (0.2H, s), 2.73 (0.2H, s), 3.51-3.58 (1H, m), 3.60-3.67 (1H, m), 4.06 (0.08H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz), 4.24 (0.24H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz), 4.32 (0.08H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz), 4.47-4.53 (1.6H, m), 5.08 (1H, d, $J = 12.2$ Hz), 5.17 (1H, d, $J = 12.2$ Hz), 7.24-7.35 (5H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, mixture of rotamers) δ 17.8, 18.0, 18.15, 18.20, 19.3, 19.6, 20.0, 20.3, 22.1, 25.0, 25.1, 26.5, 26.7, 26.8, 26.9, 28.28, 28.33, 28.4, 28.86, 28.90, 29.0, 29.4, 31.0, 31.1, 42.7, 46.0, 46.1, 46.4, 46.7, 58.6, 58.8, 58.9, 59.2, 61.1, 61.4, 62.6, 62.9, 66.7, 66.8, 67.0, 67.3, 77.4, 79.7, 79.8, 79.9, 80.0, 80.6, 128.0, 128.1, 128.16, 128.22, 128.3, 128.49, 128.50, 128.52, 128.7, 130.2, 135.58, 135.62, 135.7, 155.2, 156.2, 156.4, 168.6, 168.7, 169.1, 169.6, 171.7, 171.9, 172.1, 175.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for C₂₃H₃₄N₂O₅Na 441.2360; Found 441.2357.

To a solution of Boc-D-MeVal-Pro-OBn (152 mg, 0.363 mmol) in CH₃OH (1.8 mL) was carefully added 10% Pd/C (15.2 mg, 10 wt%) under Ar atmosphere. The solution was purged with H₂ gas and stirring was continued under H₂ atmosphere at room temperature for 16 h. The solution was filtered through celite and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified using column chromatography (30% EtOAc in hexane) to afford **10** as a colorless oil (90.6 mg, 0.276 mmol, 76%): $[\alpha]^{23}_{\text{D}} = +15.8$ (c 0.56, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3489, 2968, 1743, 1687, 1652, 1446, 1393, 1367, 1306, 1150 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 0.86 (3H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 0.90 (3H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 1.38-1.50 (9H, m), 1.80-2.10 (3H, m), 2.26-2.37 (2H, m), 2.74 (2.8H, s), 2.76 (0.2H, s), 3.58-3.62 (1H, m), 3.63-3.70 (1H, m), 4.29 (0.20H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz), 4.35 (0.04H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz), 4.50-4.60 (1.76H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 17.9, 19.6, 20.0, 24.9, 26.7, 26.9, 27.3, 27.6, 28.3, 28.4, 29.4, 47.1, 47.8, 59.9, 61.2, 62.7, 80.3, 156.3, 172.3, 172.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for C₁₆H₂₈N₂O₅Na 351.1890; Found 351.1889.



TFA·H-D-MeVal-Pro-OBn (17). To Boc-D-MeVal-Pro-OBn (54.4 mg, 0.130 mmol) was added TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:4 v/v, 4.3 mL). After 1 h of stirring at room temperature, the solution was concentrated in vacuo to afford crude TFA·H-D-MeVal-Pro-OBn (**17**), which was used in the next step without further purification.

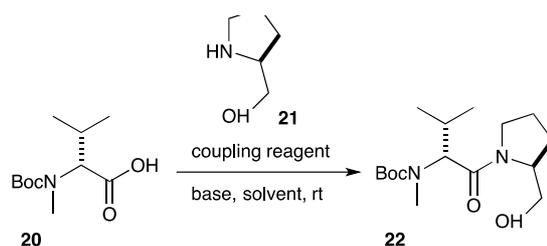
Optimization for the synthesis of **18**^a



entry	coupling reagent	X	yield (%) of 18 ^b	yield (%) of 19 ^b
1	DMTMM	2	47	0 ^c
2	DMTMM	6	46	0 ^c
3	DMTMM	10	2	0 ^c
4	PyBroP	2	12	16
5	PyBroP	6	28	45
6	PyBroP	10	28	62

^aReaction conditions: **8** (0.130 mmol), **17** (1.0 equiv), coupling reagent (1.0 equiv), CH₃CN, rt, 16 h, otherwise mentioned. ^bIsolated yield. ^cComplex mixture.

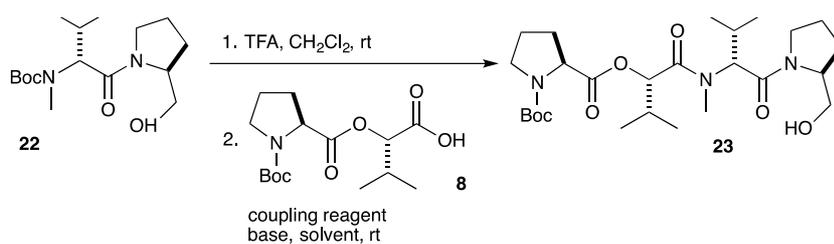
Optimization for the synthesis of **22**^a



entry	coupling reagent	base	solvent	yield (%) ^b
1	PyBOP	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	0 ^c
2	DECP	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	65
3 ^d	HATU/HOAt	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	69 ^e
4	DMTMM		CH ₃ CN	95 ^e
5	DMTMM	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	99 ^e
6 ^d	EDCI/HOAt	NaHCO ₃	CHCl ₃	87
7 ^d	EDCI/HOAt	NaHCO ₃	CH ₃ CN	91
8 ^d	EDCI/HOAt	NaHCO ₃	CH ₂ Cl ₂	92
9 ^d	EDCI/HOAt	NaHCO ₃	THF	93
10 ^{d,f}	EDCI/HOAt	NaHCO ₃	THF	94

^aReaction conditions: **20** (0.220 mmol), **21** (1.0 equiv), coupling reagent (1.0 equiv), base (1.0 equiv), rt, 16 h, otherwise mentioned. ^bIsolated yield. ^cComplex mixture. ^d1.0 equiv of HOAt was used. ^eContains inseparable impurities. ^f**20** (2.63 mmol).

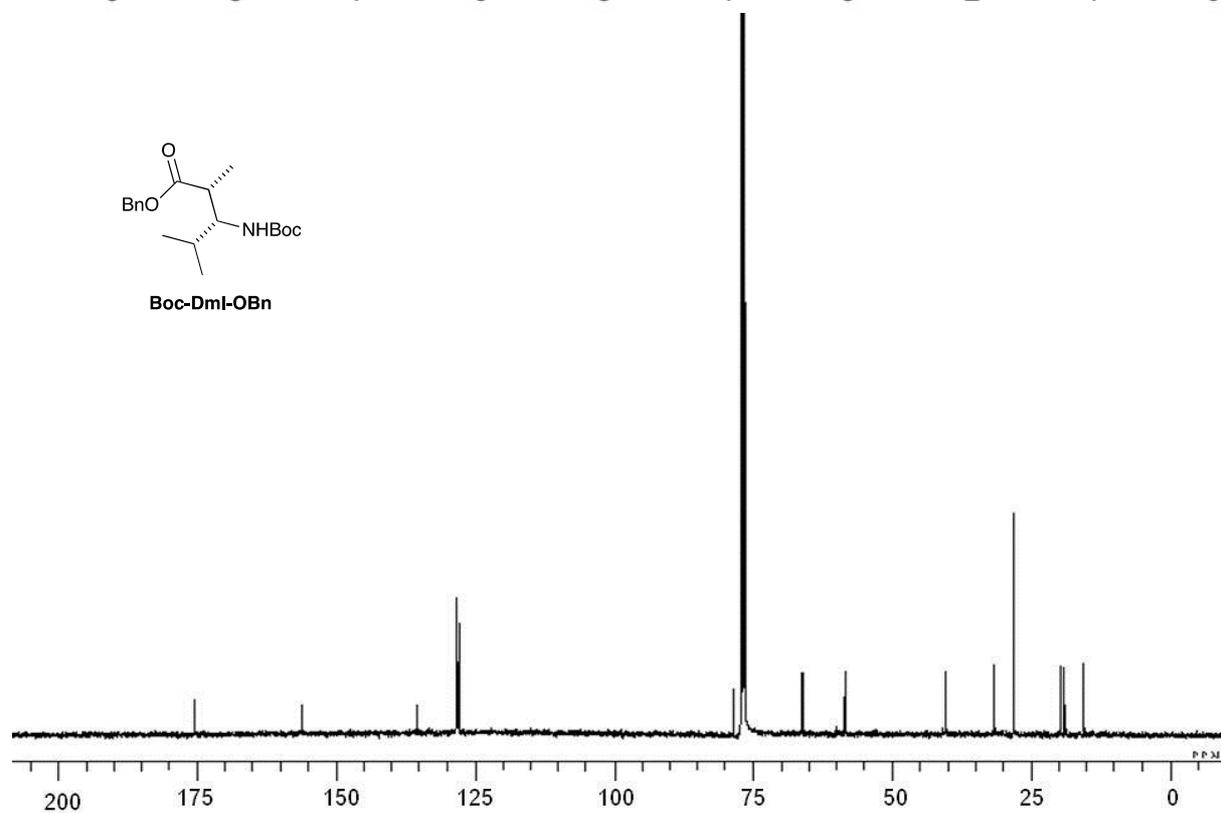
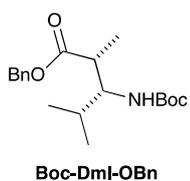
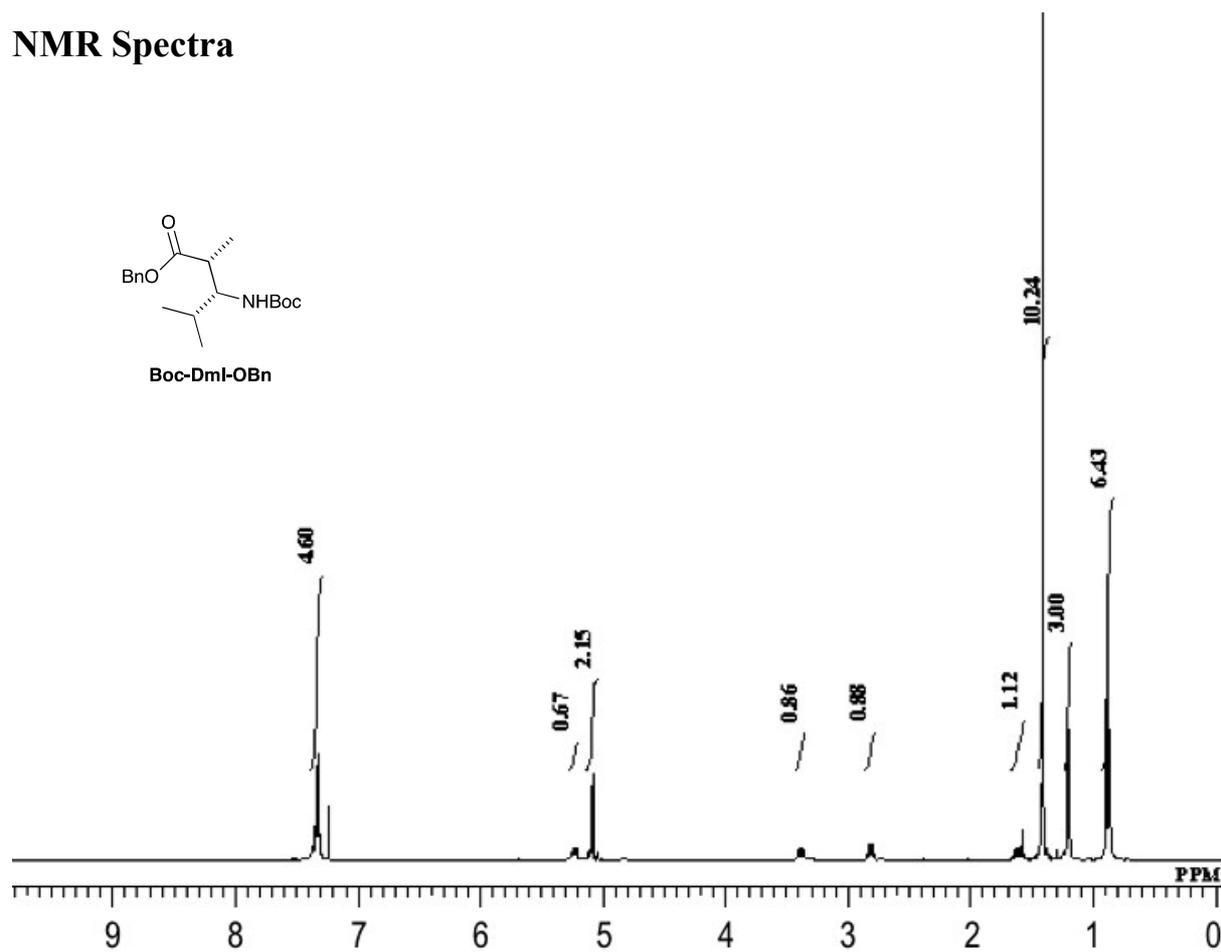
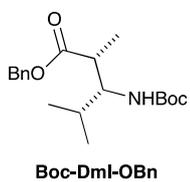
Optimization for the synthesis of **23**^a

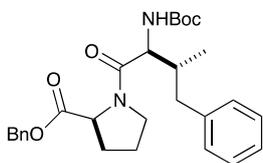


entry	coupling reagent	base	solvent	yield (%) ^b
1 ^c	Triphosgene	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt, 2,4,6-collidine	CH ₃ CN	0
2 ^d	HATU/HOAt	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	2
3	DECP	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	9
4 ^d	EDCI/HOAt	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	10
5	DMTMM	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	54 ^e
6	DMTMM	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	63 ^e
7	PyBroP	Et ₃ N	CH ₃ CN	40
8	PyBroP	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	THF	46
9	PyBroP	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	60
10 ^f	PyBroP	<i>i</i> Pr ₂ NEt	CH ₃ CN	76

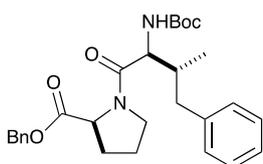
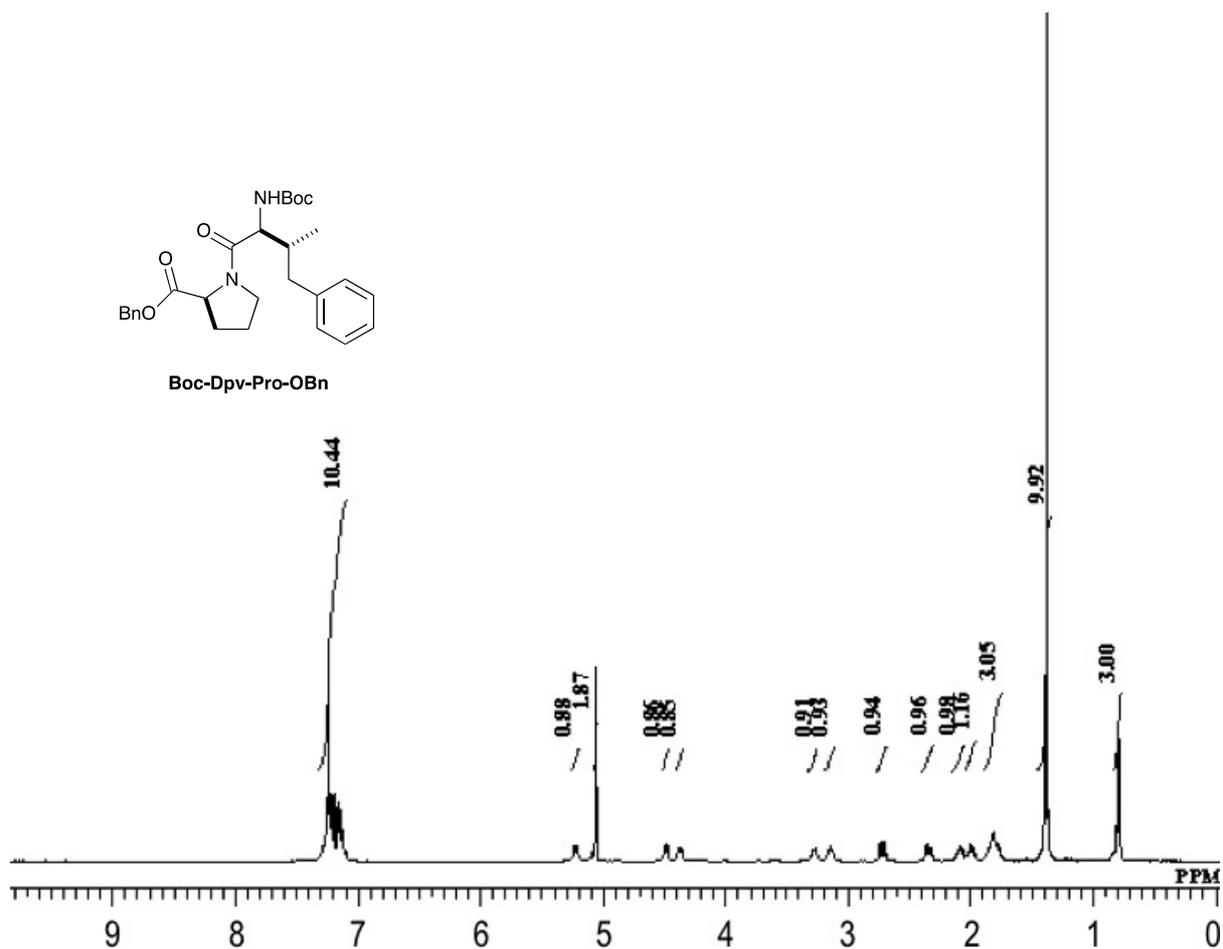
^aReaction conditions: **8** (0.130 mmol), **22** (1.0 equiv), coupling reagent (1.0 equiv), base (6.0 equiv), rt, 16 h, otherwise mentioned. ^bIsolated yield. ^c2,4,6-collidine (1.0 equiv) was added. ^d1.0 equiv of HOAt was used. ^eMixture of diastereomers. ^f1.5 equiv of coupling reagent and 10 equiv of *i*Pr₂NEt were used.

NMR Spectra

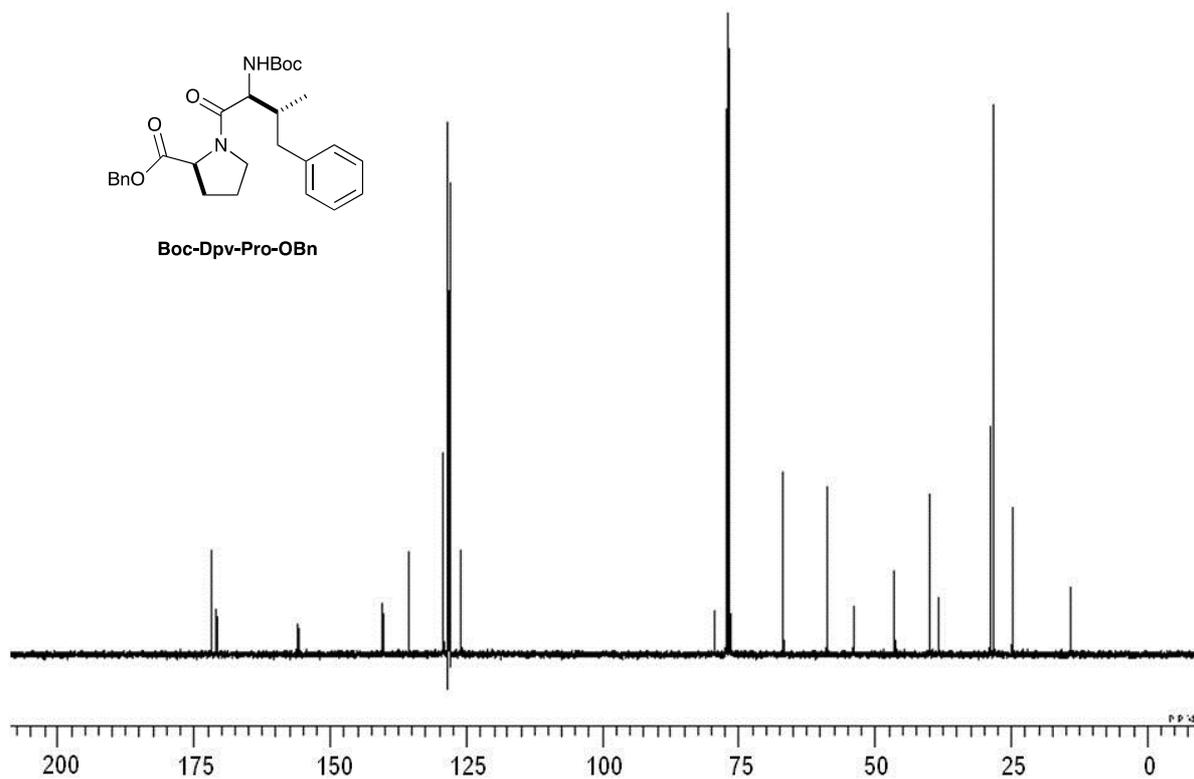


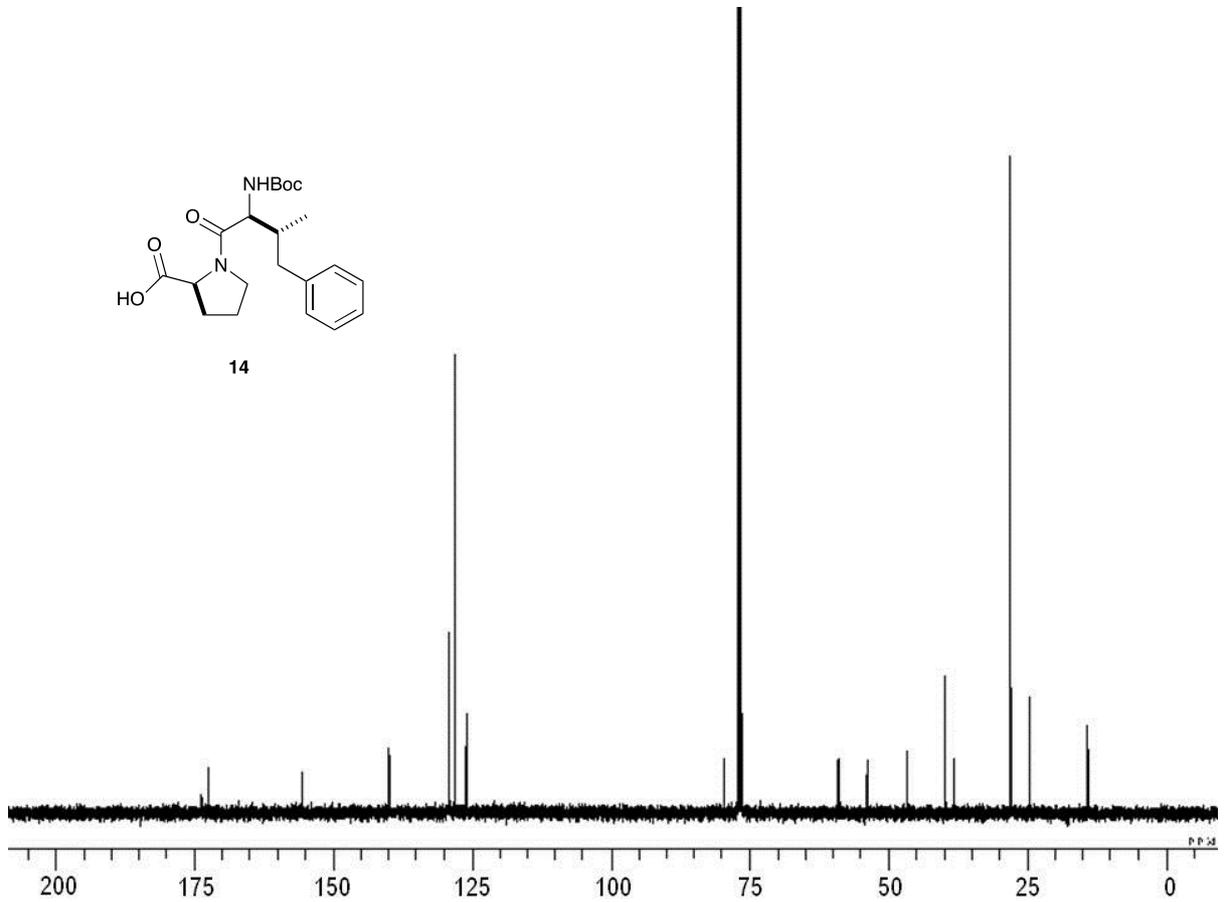
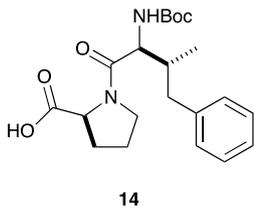
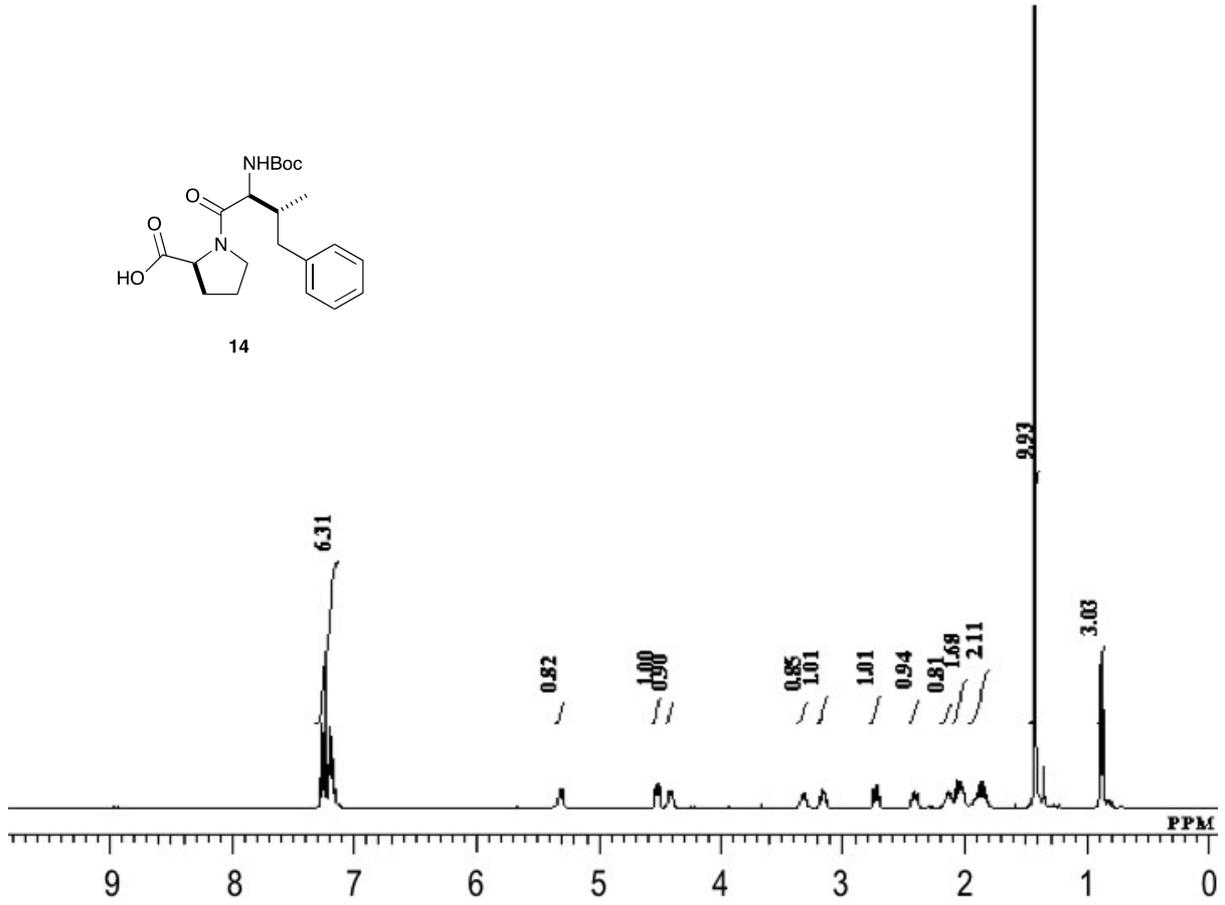
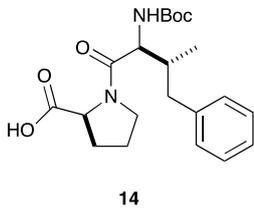


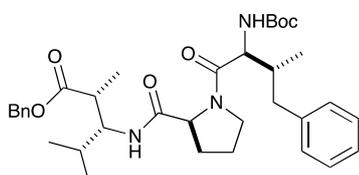
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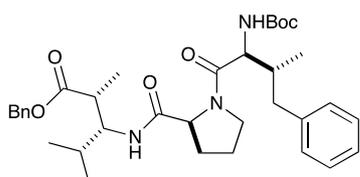
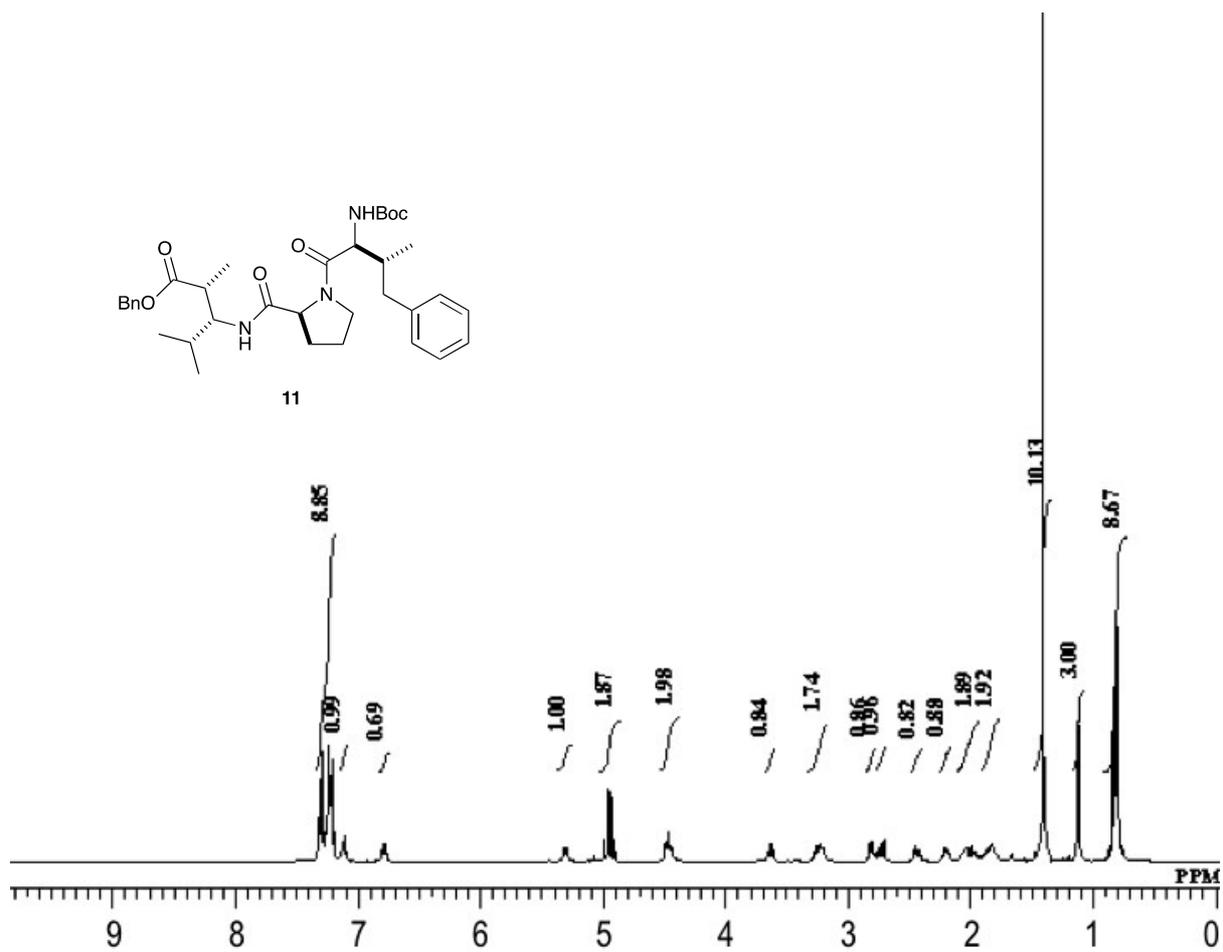
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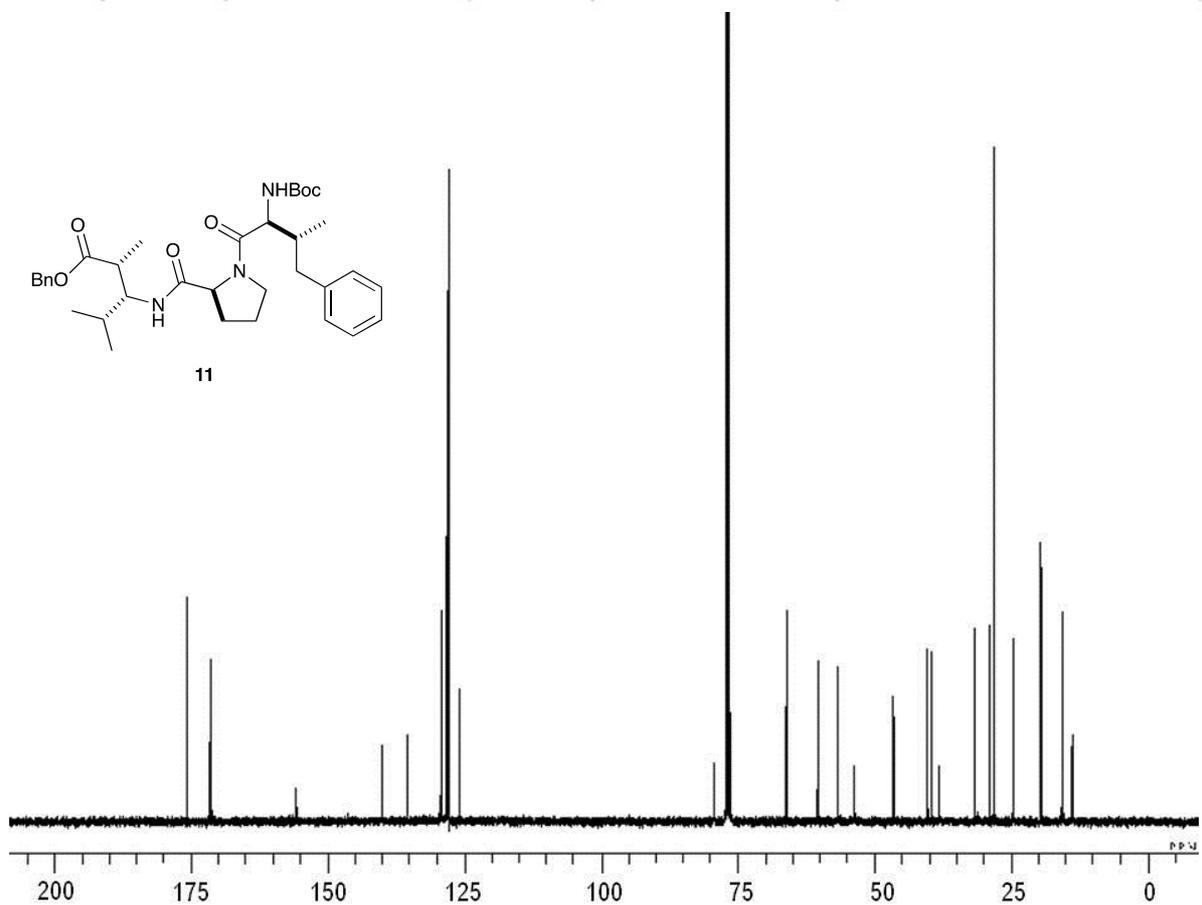


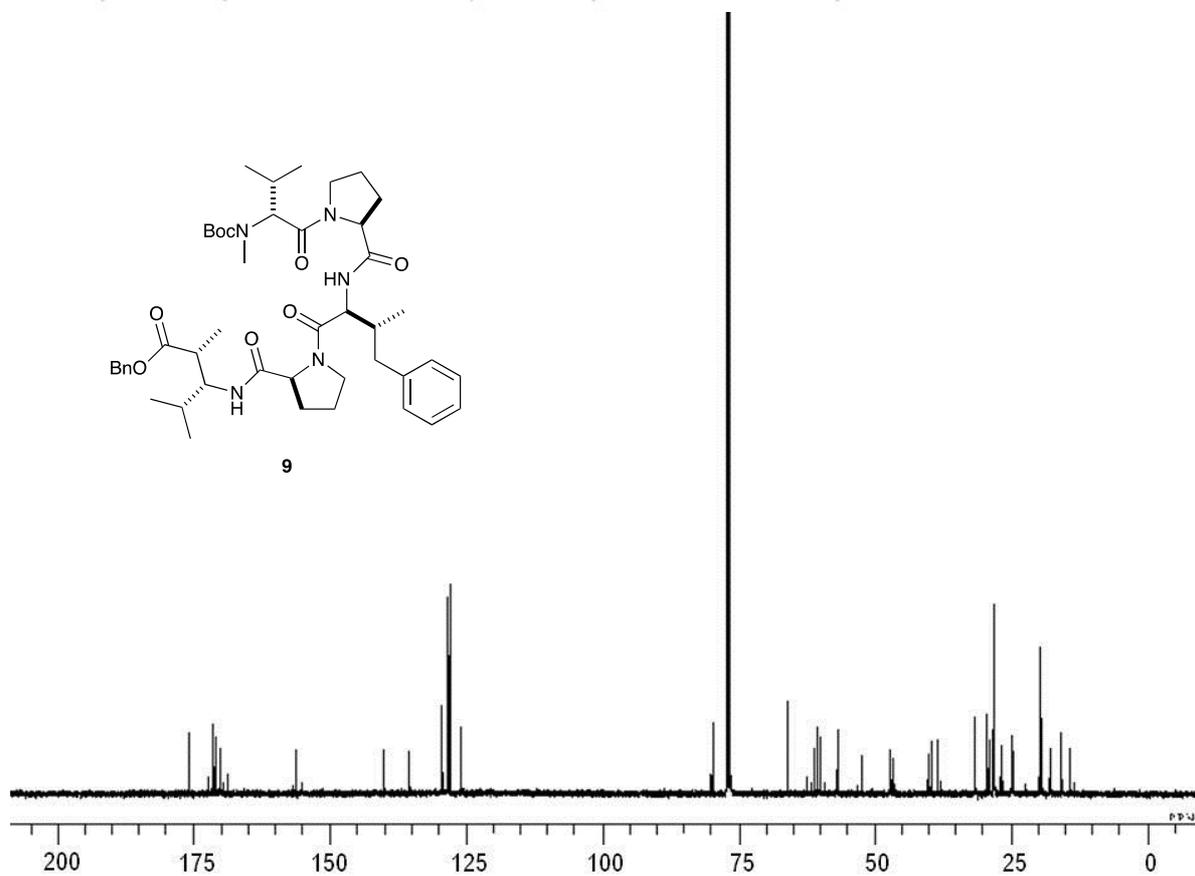
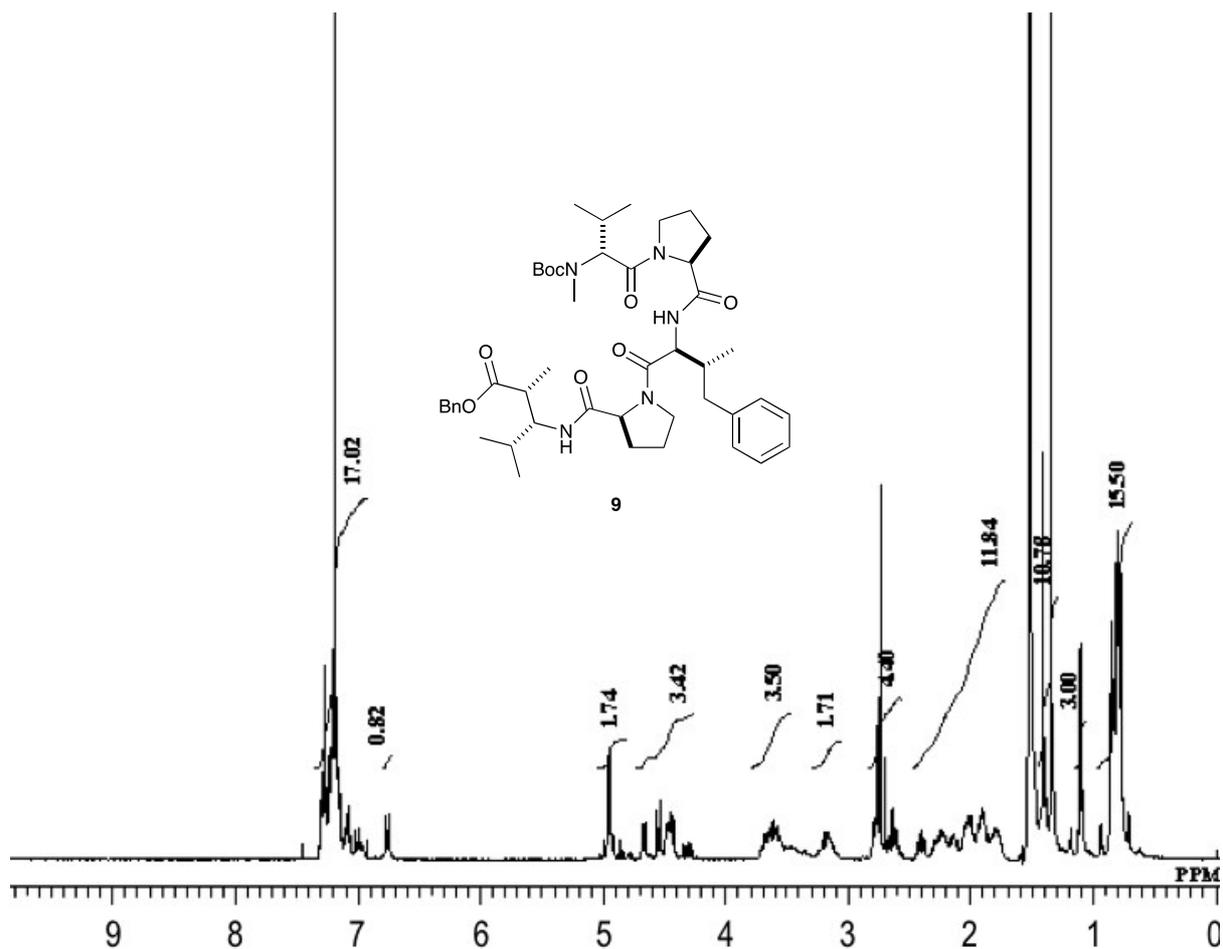


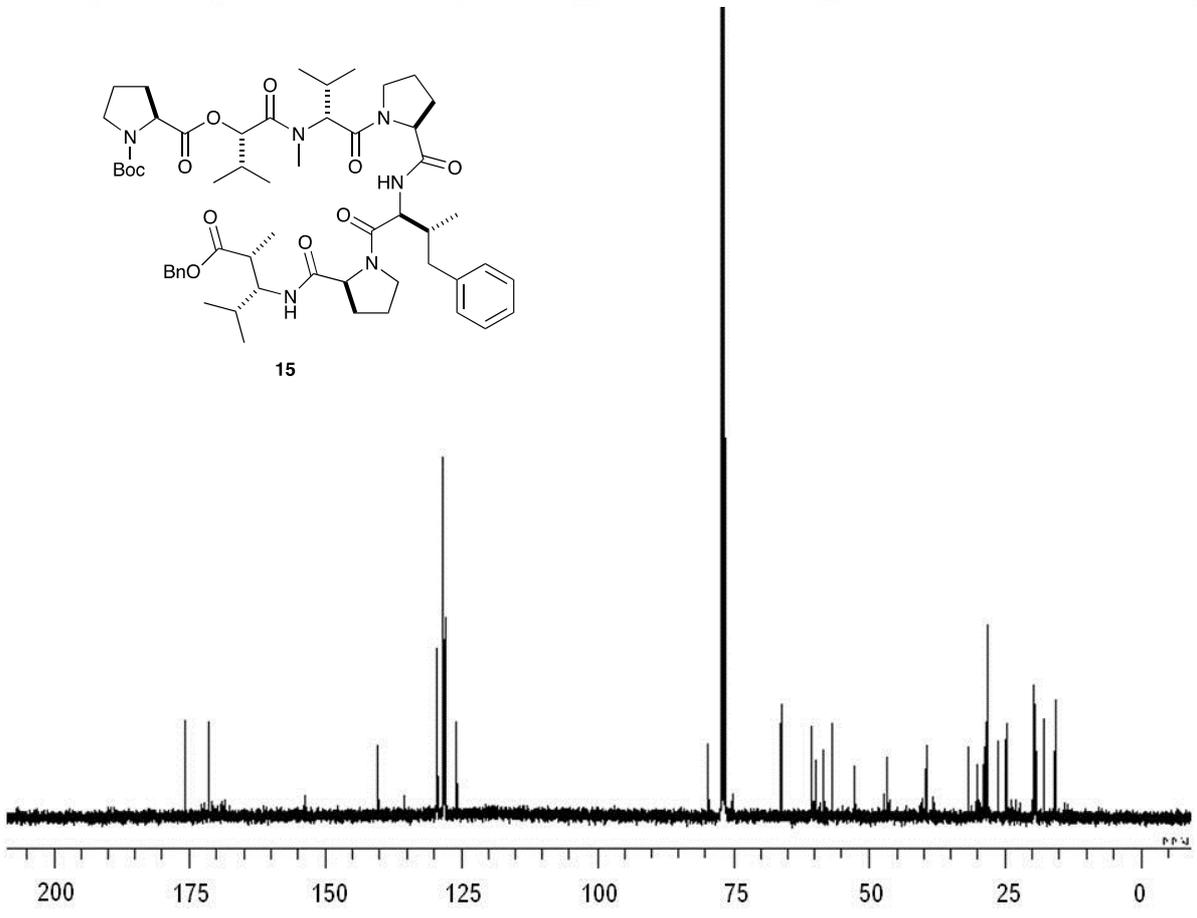
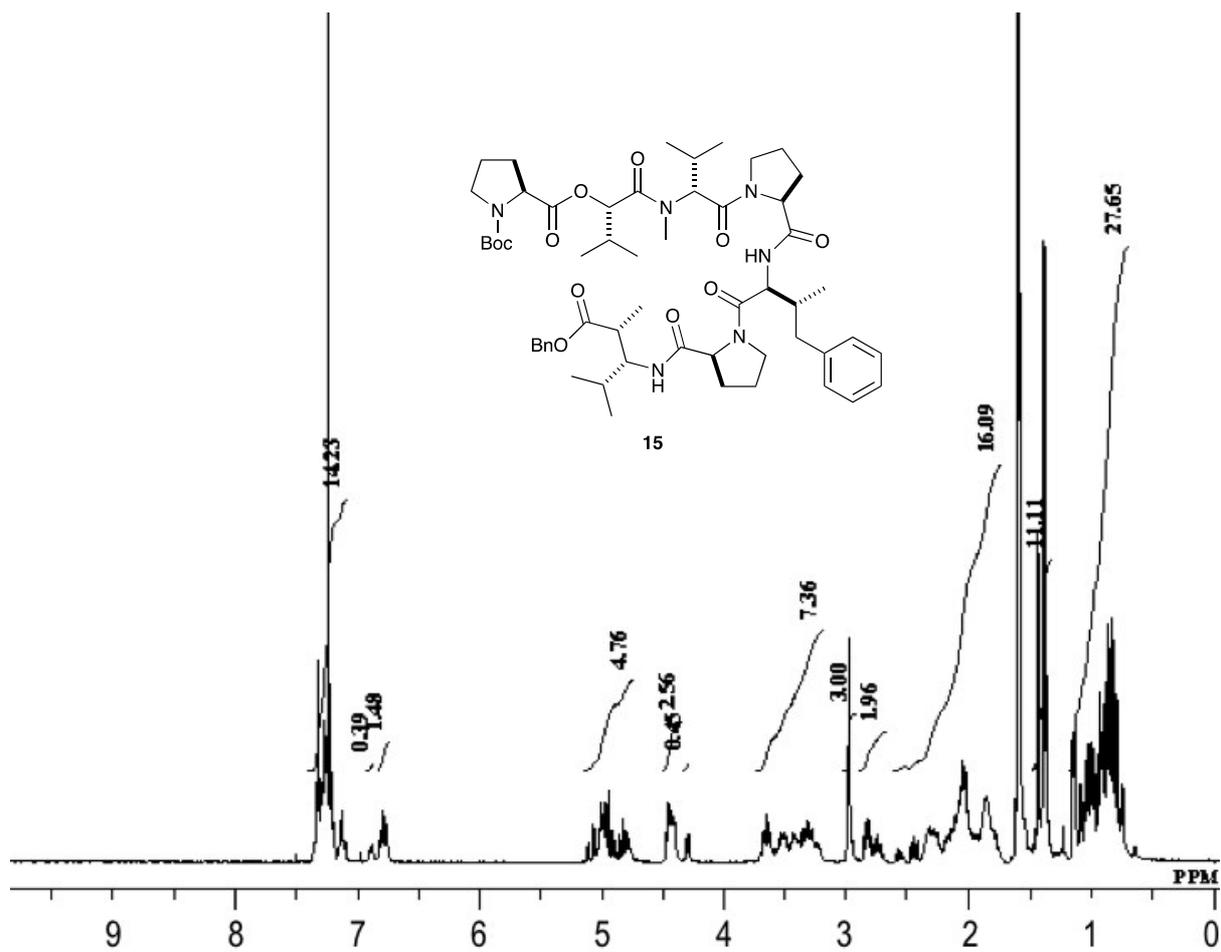
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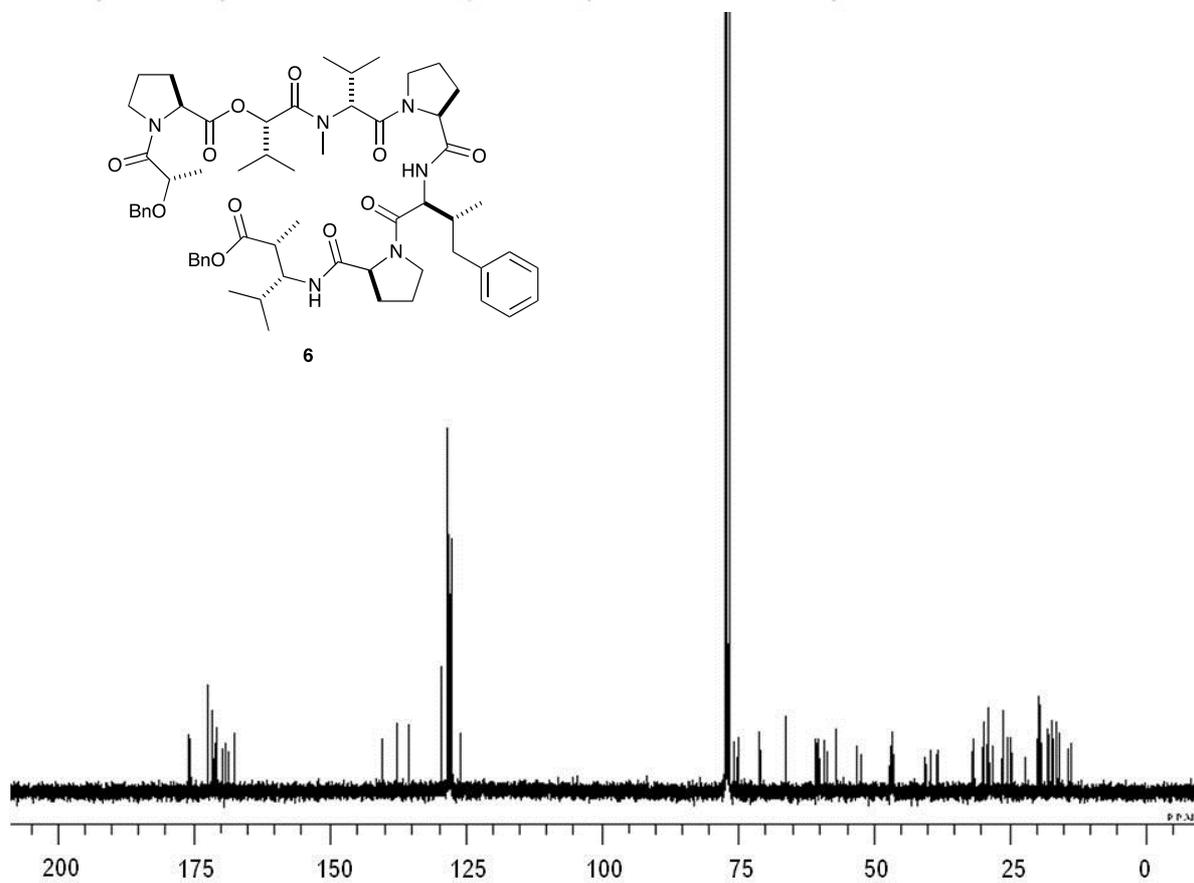
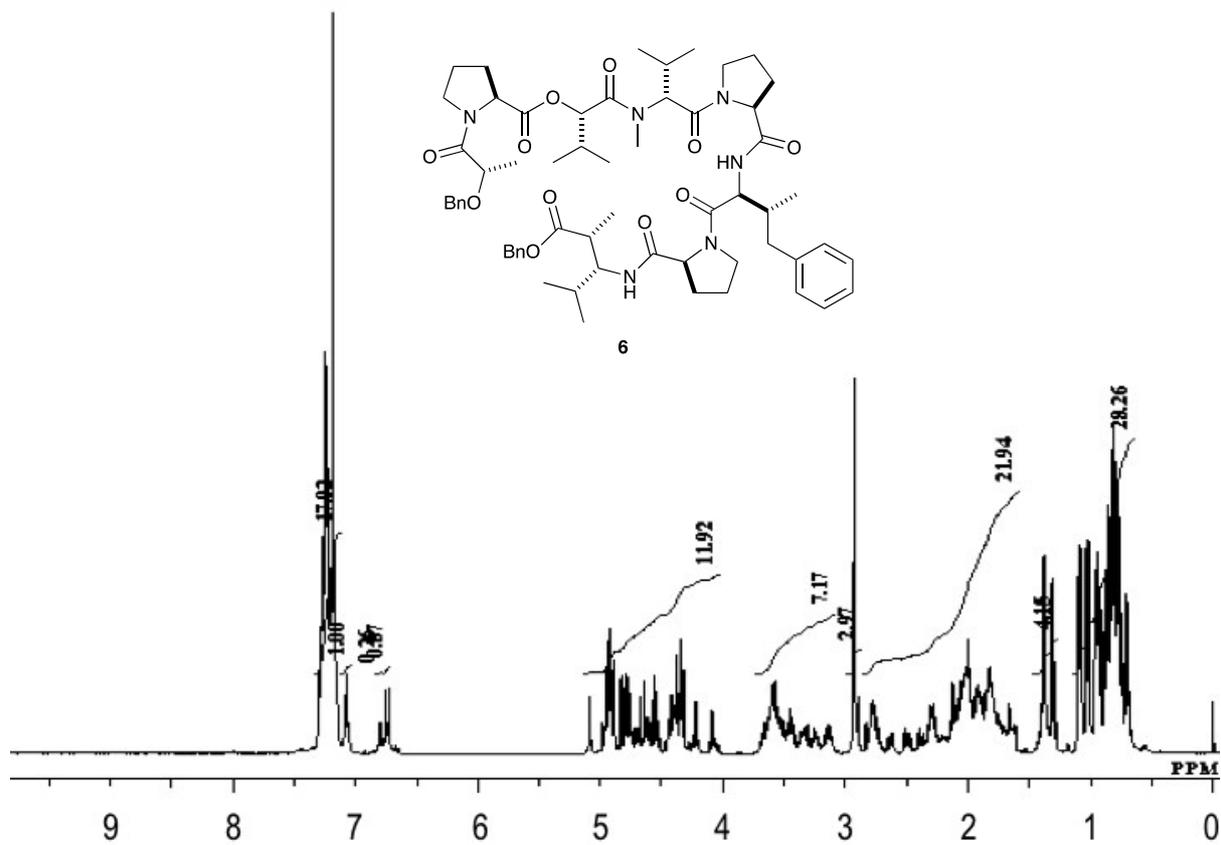


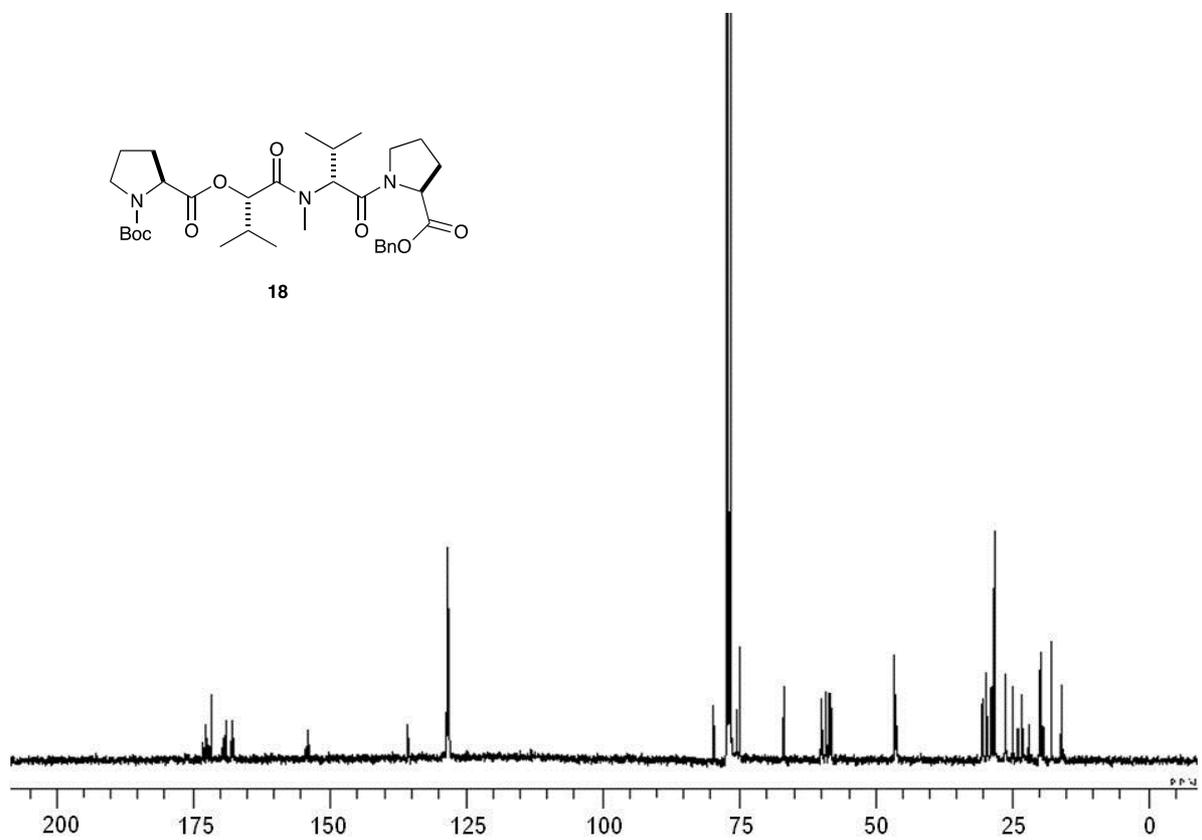
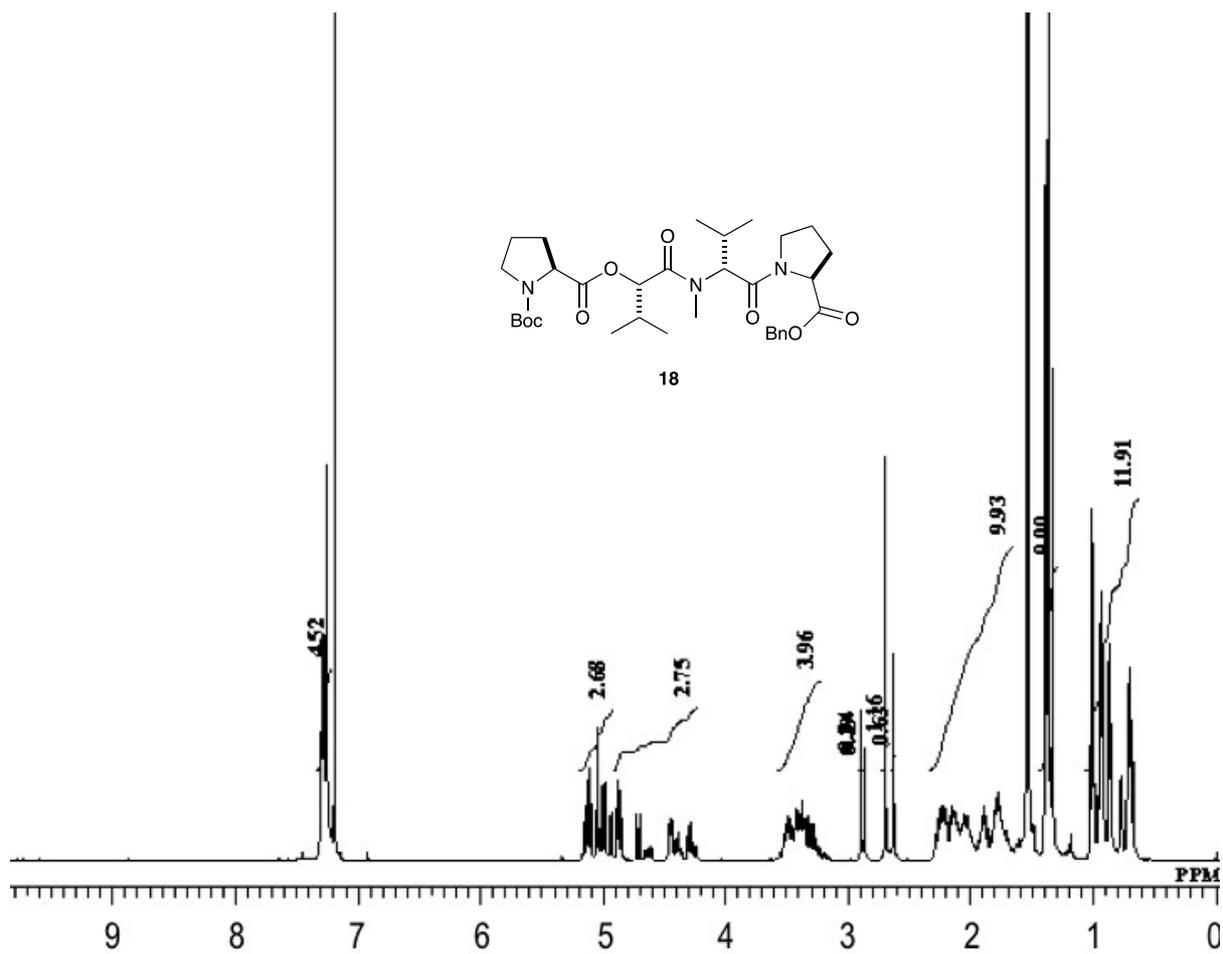
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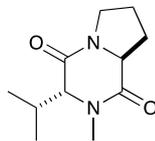




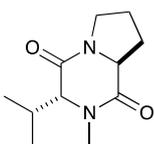
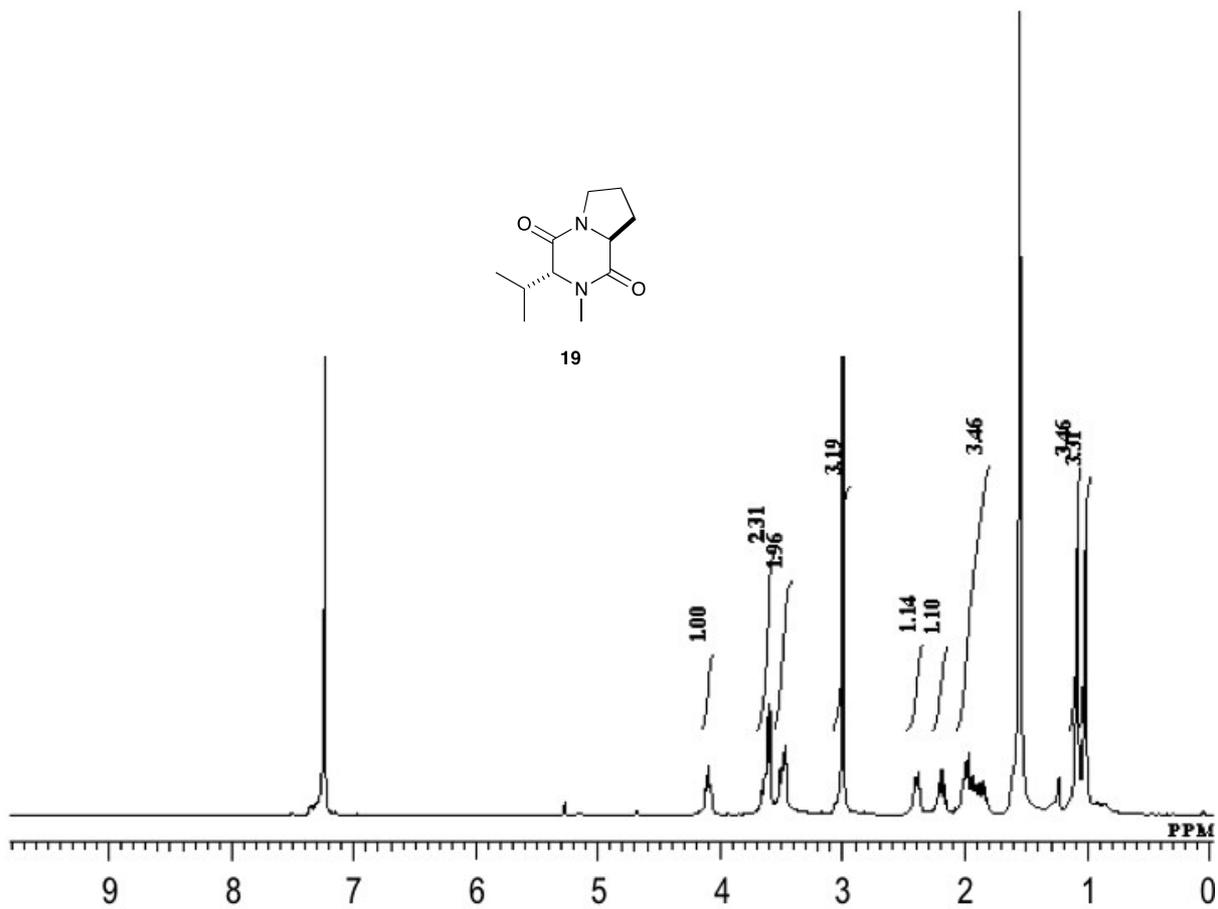




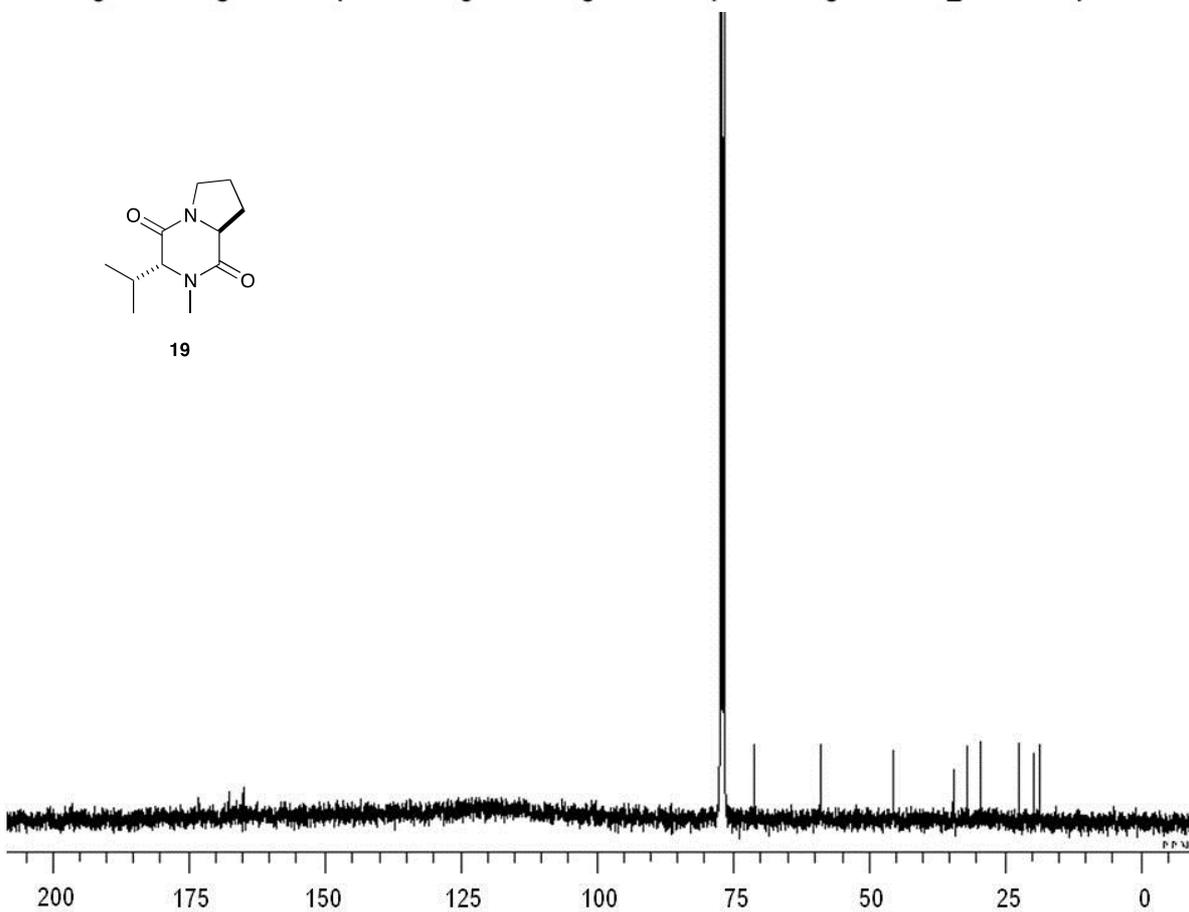


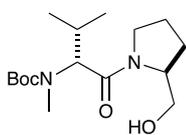


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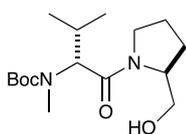
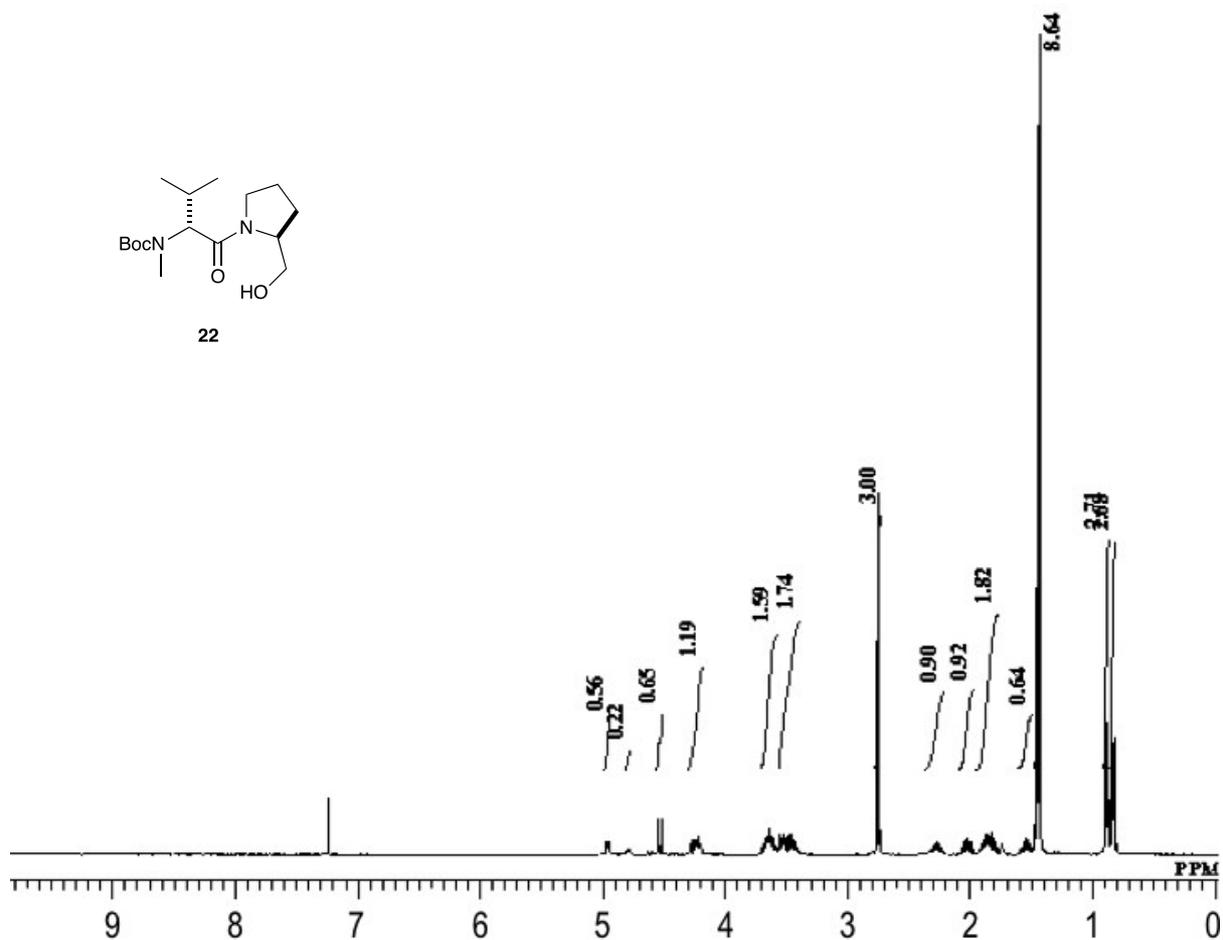


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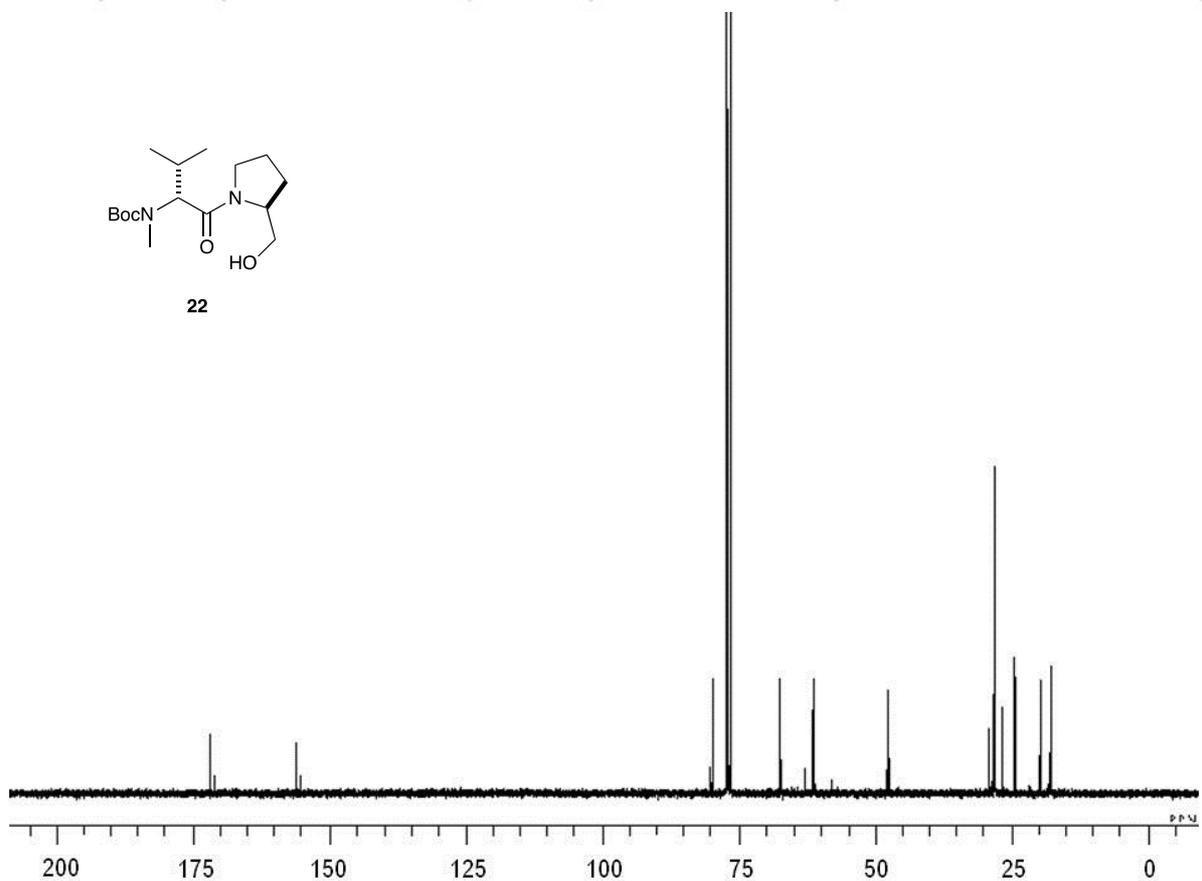


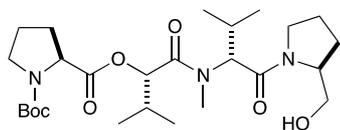


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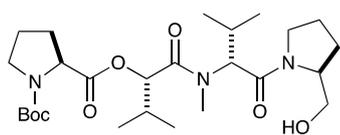
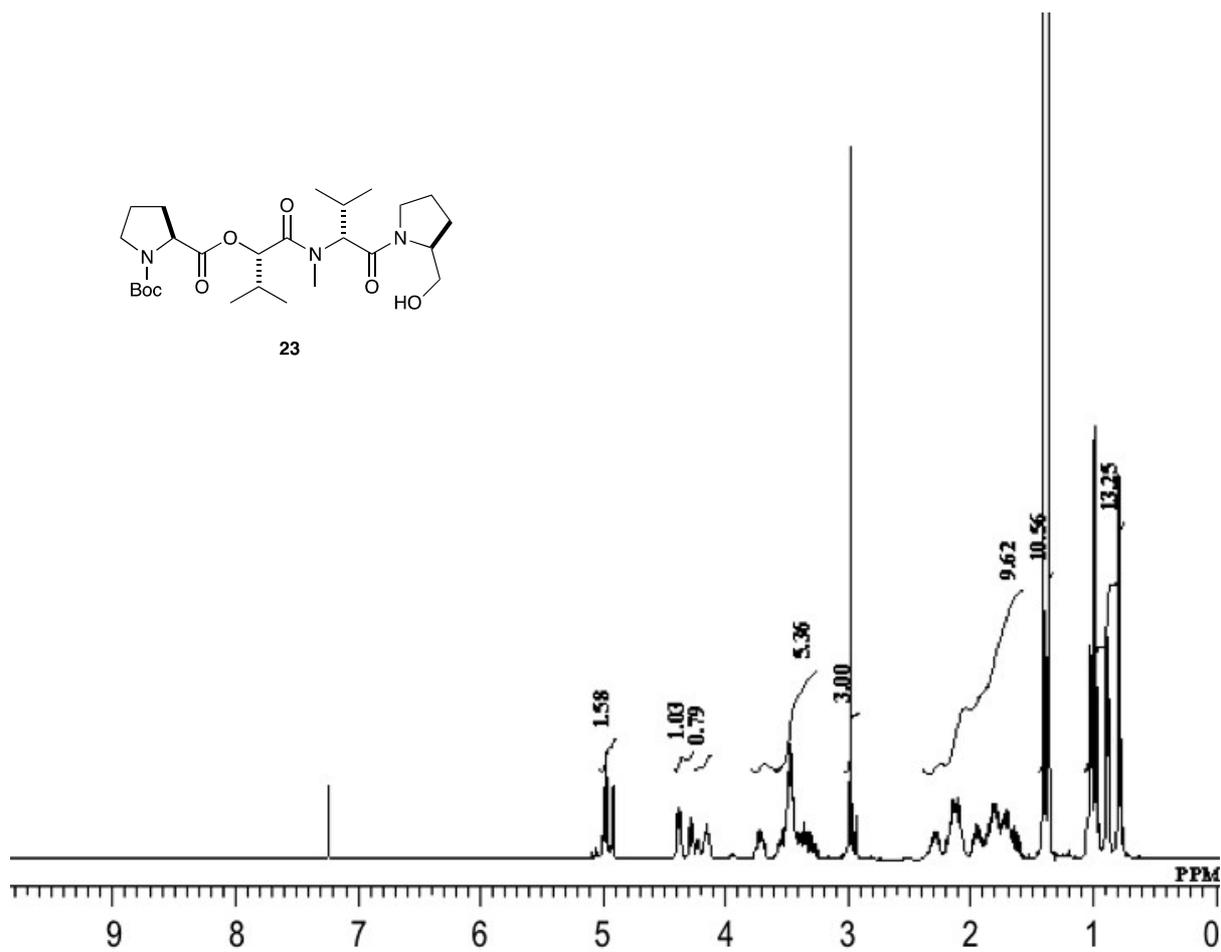


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