## **Supporting Information**

## Synthesis and characterization of high grafting density bottle-brush poly(oxa)norbornene-gpoly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)

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Figure S1. SEC traces for the (A) OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> (Table 1, run 1), (B) OX-PCL<sub>52</sub> (Table 1, run 2)

and (C) **OX-PCL<sub>92</sub>** (Table 1, run 3).



Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated NB-PCL<sub>24</sub> from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using NB as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with  $[CL]_0/[NB]_0 = 20$  (Table 1, run 4).



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated NB-PCL<sub>51</sub> from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using NB as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with  $[CL]_0/[NB]_0 = 48$  (Table 1, run 5).



Figure S4. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated NB-PCL<sub>98</sub> from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using NB as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with  $[CL]_0/[NB]_0 = 96$  (Table 1, run 6).



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of (A) precipitated OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using OX as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with [CL]<sub>0</sub>/[OX]<sub>0</sub> = 20 (Table 1, run 1) and (B) crude POX<sub>10</sub>-g-PCL<sub>24</sub> obtained from the ROMP of OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> in toluene at 70°C using G2 as the catalyst with [OX-PCL<sub>24</sub>]/[G2] = 10 for a reaction time of 3 h (Table 2, run 1).



Figure S6. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated **OX-PCL**<sub>52</sub> from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using **OX** as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with  $[CL]_0/[OX]_0 = 48$  (Table 1, run 2).



Figure S7. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated OX-PCL<sub>92</sub> from the

ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using **OX** as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with

 $[CL]_0/[OX]_0 = 96$  (Table 1, run 3).



**Figure S8.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of precipitated **OX-PCL<sub>24</sub>** from the ROP of CL in THF at 25°C using **OX** as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst with

 $[CL]_0/[OX]_0 = 20$  (Table 1, run 1).



**Figure S9.** MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (matrix: *trans*-2-[3-(4-*tert*-butylphenyl)-2-methyl-2propenylidene]malononitrile (DCTB) + sodium trifluoroacetate (NaTFA)) of the PCL-based norbornene synthesized by ROP using **OX** as the initiator and TBD as the catalyst in THF at  $25^{\circ}$ C with [CL]<sub>0</sub>/[**OX**]<sub>0</sub> = 20/1 (Table 1, run 1).



**Figure S10.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of **POX**<sub>10</sub>-*g*-**PCL**<sub>24</sub> obtained from the ROMP of **OX-PCL**<sub>24</sub> in toluene at 70°C using **G2** as the catalyst with  $[OX-PCL_{24}]/[G2] =$ 

10 for a reaction time of 3 h (Table 2, run 1).



Figure S11. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25 °C) of  $PNB_{10}$ -*g*-PCL<sub>24</sub> obtained from the ROMP of NB-PCL<sub>24</sub> in toluene at 70°C using G2 as the catalyst with [NB-PCL<sub>24</sub>]/[G2] = 10 for a reaction time of 3 h (Table 2, run 8).



Figure S12. SEC traces for the (A) precipitated OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> (Table 1, run 1) and (B) crude
POX<sub>10</sub>-g-PCL<sub>24</sub> obtained by ROMP of OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> initiated by G2 (Table 2, run 1).



Figure S13. SEC traces for the (A) precipitated OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> (Table 1, run 1), (B) crude POX<sub>50</sub>g-PCL<sub>24</sub> (Table 2, run 2) and (C) crude POX<sub>100</sub>-g-PCL<sub>24</sub> (Table 2, run 3) obtained by ROMP of OX-PCL<sub>24</sub> initiated by G2.



**Figure S14.** SEC traces for the (A) precipitated **OX-PCL**<sub>52</sub> (Table 1, run 2), (B) crude **POX**<sub>10</sub>-*g*-**PCL**<sub>52</sub> (Table 2, run 4) and (C) crude **POX**<sub>50</sub>-*g*-**PCL**<sub>52</sub> (Table 2, run 5) obtained by

ROMP of **OX-PCL**<sub>52</sub> initiated by **G2**.



Figure S15. SEC traces for the (A) precipitated OX-PCL<sub>92</sub> (Table 1, run 3), (B) crude
POX<sub>10</sub>-g-PCL<sub>92</sub> (Table 2, run 6) and (C) crude POX<sub>50</sub>-g-PCL<sub>92</sub> (Table 2, run 7) obtained by
ROMP of OX-PCL<sub>92</sub> initiated by G2.



**Figure S16.** SEC traces for the (A) precipitated **NB-PCL**<sub>24</sub> (Table 1, run 4) and (B) crude **PNB**<sub>100</sub>-*g*-**PCL**<sub>24</sub> obtained by ROMP of **NB-PCL**<sub>24</sub> initiated by **G2** (Table 2, run 10).



Figure S17. SEC traces for the (A) precipitated NB-PCL<sub>98</sub> (Table 1, run 6), (B) crude PNB<sub>10</sub>-g-PCL<sub>98</sub> (Table 2, run 16) and (C) crude PNB<sub>50</sub>-g-PCL<sub>98</sub> (Table 2, run 17) obtained by ROMP of NB-PCL<sub>98</sub> initiated by G2.



Figure S18. SEC traces for the (A) precipitated NB-PCL<sub>51</sub> (Table 1, run 4) and (B) crude PNB<sub>200</sub>-g-PCL<sub>51</sub> (Table 2, run 15) obtained by ROMP of NB-PCL<sub>51</sub> initiated by G3'.



**Figure S19.** DSC traces of **POX**<sub>50</sub>**-***g***-PCL**<sub>52</sub> (full line) (Table 2, run 5) and **OX-PCL**<sub>52</sub> (dashed line) (Table 1, run 2).



Figure S20. Comparison of TGA curves for (A) POX<sub>50</sub>-g-PCL<sub>52</sub> (full line) (Table 2, run 5) and (B) OX-PCL<sub>52</sub> (dashed line) (Table 1, run 2).