Supporting Information for

Thermal stability of styrene/n-butyl acrylate RAFT-based

copolymers

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Experimental Procedures

Synthesis of homopolymers

Polystyrene (PS), poly(*n*-butyl acrylate) (PBA) were synthesized via the RAFT polymerization using dibenzyl trithiocarbonate (BTC) as a RAFT-agent and AIBN as a radical initiator. For PS synthesis, 0.580 g of BTC (0.2 mol/L) and 0.0164 g of AIBN (10^{-2} mol/L) were dissolved in 10 ml of the freshly distilled styrene. For PBA synthesis, 0.290 g of BTC (0.1 mol/L) and 0.00164 g of AIBN (10^{-3} mol/L) were dissolved in 10 ml of the freshly distilled styrene. Then, standard manipulations were used (see EXPERIMENTAL).

Synthesis of copolymers

Styrene/*n*-butyl acrylate copolymers (Cop1 – Cop6) were synthesized via the same approach. Typically, 0.7660 g of BTC (0.2 mol/L) and 0.0216 g of AIBN (10^{-2} mol/L) were dissolved in 13.2 ml of the styrene/*n*-butyl acrylate mixture of the given content (Table S1). Then, standard manipulations for the preparation of the samples for polymerization were used (see above). In all cases, copolymerization was carried out at 80 °C and was stopped at a conversion of about 80 – 90%.

Copolymer	Styrene, ml	<i>n</i> -Butyl acrylate, ml
Cop1	1.2	12.0
Cop2	2.0	11.2
Cop3	3.0	10.2
Cop4	5.0	8.2
Cop5	5.8	7.4
Сорб	11.8	1.4

Table S1. Styrene/*n*-butyl acrylate mixtures for Cop1 – Cop6 synthesis.

Synthesis of block copolymers

PS–PBA–PS and PBA–PS–PBA block copolymers were prepared via similar synthetic approach. For PS–PBA–PS synthesis, obtained PS (0.330 g) (see *Synthesis of homopolymers*) and AIBN (0.0017 g) were dissolved in 2 ml of the freshly distilled *n*-butyl acrylate. For the synthesis of PBA–PS–PBA, PBA (0.3637 g, see *Synthesis of homopolymers*) and AIBN (0.0040 g) were dissolved in 2 ml of the freshly distilled styrene. Then, standard manipulations were used for the preparation of the samples and polymerization of reaction mixtures.

Fig. S1. The absorption spectra of (a) BTC (1), PS synthesized using BTC (2), and PS precipitated after heating with the 100-fold excess of AIBN (3) in CHCl₃; (b) CPDTC in methanol (1), PS synthesized using CPDTC in CHCl₃ (2), PS precipitated after heating with the 100-fold excess of AIBN in CHCl₃ (3), and supernatant in methanol/benzene mixture (4).



Fig. S2. The SEC curves normalized by unit area for PS after heating with AIBN in benzene solution at 80°C for 2 (1), 4 (2), and 22 h (3); $[PS]_0 = 4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$ and $[AIBN]_0 = 4 \times 10^{-1} \text{ mol/L}$.



Fig. S3. The SEC curves normalized by unit area for (a) PS–PBA–PS $(M_n = 2 \times 10^4)$ before (1) and after thermal treatment in inert atmosphere at 200 °C for 6 (2), 24 (3), 48 (4) and 72 h (5); (b) chain extended polymers prepared by styrene polymerization initiated by AIBN in the presence of block copolymers treated at 200°C for 6 (1), 24 (2), 48 (3) and 72 h (4); (c) PS–PBA–PS ($M_n = 14 \times 10^4$) before (1) and after thermal treatment in inert atmosphere at 200°C for 6 (2), 24 (3), 48 (4) and 72 h (5).





Fig. S4. UV-vis spectra in chloroform of (a) PS–PBA–PS ($M_n = 2 \times 10^4$) before (1) and after thermal treatment in inert atmosphere at 200 °C for 6 (2), 24 (3), 48 (4) and 72 h (5); PS–PBA–PS ($M_n = 14 \times 10^4$) before (1) and after thermal treatment in the inert atmosphere at 200 °C for 6 (2), 24 (3), 48 (4) and 72 h (5)



Fig. S5. The instantaneous diad composition $A_{BA}A_{BA}$ (a), $A_{BA}A_{St}$ (b), and $A_{St}A_{St}$ (c) calculated according to the terminal unit model using $r_{St} = 0.88$, $r_{BA} = 0.20$ for monomer mixtures with various content of styrene: 10 (1), 20 (2), 30 (3), 40 (4), 50 (5) and 90 mol. % (6).





Fig. S6. The SEC curves normalized by the unit area for copolymers Cop2 (a), Cop3 (b), and Cop4 (c) before (1) and after heating with the 100-fold excess of AIBN (2), the products of thermal treatment in the inert atmosphere for 6 h at 140 (3), 160 (4), 180 (5) and 200°C (6).



Fig. S7. The calibration curve based on narrow dispersed linear polystyrene standards ranging from 800 to 2×10^6 g mol⁻¹.



Fig. S8. The IR-spectrum of styrene/n-butyl acrylate copolymer synthesized from the styrene : n-butyl acrylate monomer mixture (20 : 80 mol %) using BTC at a monomer conversion of ~98%.

