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Supporting Information for:

Influence of Ligand Second Coordination Sphere Effects on the Olefin (Co)Polymerization Properties of α-diimine Pd(II) Catalysts

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1. Experimental Section

General considerations. All experiments were carried out under a dry nitrogen atmosphere using standard Schlenk techniques or in a glove-box. Deuterated solvents for NMR were dried and distilled prior to use. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded a Bruker AscendTm 400 spectrometer at ambient temperature unless otherwise stated. The chemical shifts of the ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were referenced to TMS. Coupling constants are in Hz. Elemental analysis was performed by the Analytical Center of the University of Science and Technology of China. Mass spectra were recorded on a P-SIMS-Gly of Bruker Daltonics Inc (EI+). X-ray Diffraction data were collected at 298(2) K on a Bruker Smart CCD area detector with graphite-monochromated Mo K^a radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å). Molecular weights and molecular weight distributions were determined by gel permeation chromatography (GPC) employing a series of two linear Styragel columns (HR2 and HR4) at an oven temperature of 45 °C. A Waters 1515 pump and Waters 24114 differential refractive index detector (30 °C) were used. The eluent was THF at a flow rate of 1.0 mL min⁻¹. A series of low polydispersity polystyrene standards was used for calibration. Dichloromethane, toluene, THF and hexanes were purified by solvent purification systems.^{S1} 6-bromo-3,5-diisopropylaniline,^{S2} 9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diboronic acid,^{S3} were prepared according to reported procedure. All other reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used without purification.

Synthetic procedures of the anilines were the same with that of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl).

4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) A 200 mL Schlenk flask was charged with 6-bromo-3,5-diisopropylaniline (0.86 g, 3.36 mmol), 9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diboronic acid (1.02 g, 3.36 mmol), Na₂CO₃ (1.03 g, 9.43 mmol), Pd(dba)₂ (0.21 g, 0.35 mmol), PPh₃ (0.10 g, 0.382 mmol), H₂O (6 mL), EtOH (12 mL) and toluene (40 mL). After refluxing overnight, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with brine, and dried over MgSO₄. The volatile fraction was evaporated and the residue was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc (40:1)) to afford 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-diboronic acid-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) as a grey solid (0.52 g, 35 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.73 (dd, ³J = 7.2 Hz, ⁴J = 1.4 Hz, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.55 (dd, ³J = 7.7 Hz, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.42 (dd, ³J = 7.2 Hz, ⁴J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.20-7.08 (m, 5H, aryl-*H*), 5.24 (s, 2H, B(OH)₂), 3.87 (s, 2H, NH₂), 3.01 (sept, ³J = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.70 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.30 (d, ³J = 6.8 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). A 200 mL

Schlenk flask was charged with 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-diboronic acid-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) (1.03 g, 2.40 mmol), 4-bromobiphenyl (0.83 g, 3.55 mmol), Na₂CO₃ (1.00 g, 9.43 mmol), Pd(dba)₂ (0.20 g, 0.35 mmol), PPh₃ (0.10 g, 0.38 mmol), H₂O (6 mL), EtOH (12 mL) and toluene (40 mL). After refluxing overnight, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with brine, and dried over MgSO₄. The volatile fraction was evaporated and the residue was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/EtOAc (160:1)) to afford 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline) -5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) as a white solid (0.71g, 57%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.58 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.24-7.39 (m, 5H, aryl-*H*), 7.02-7.16 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 6.95 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 3.43 (s, 2H, NH₂-*H*), 2.64 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.64 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 0.99 (d, ³*J* = 6.5 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 148.7, 148.4, 141.2, 139.7, 138.7, 136.5, 132.2, 131.9, 131.0, 129.8, 129.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 127.2, 127.1, 126.2, 124.8, 124.6, 123.8, 123.2, 123.0, 35.0 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.5 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 28.1 (*C*H(CH₃)₂), 22.4 (CH(CH₃)₂). HRMS (*m*/z): caled for C₃₉H₄₀NO: 538.3110, found: 538.3101 [M + H]⁺.

(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-trifluoridephenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) was afforded as a white solid (0.75 g, 60 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.33 (dd, ³*J* = 18.7 Hz, ⁴*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.17 (d, ³*J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, aryl-*H*), 7.06 (s, 5H, aryl-*H*), 6.91 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 3.69 (s, 2H, N*H*₂), 2.74 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.62 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.00 (d, ³*J* = 6.2 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 148.8, 148.2, 141.1, 139.9, 132.3, 132.2, 131.8, 131.0, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.2, 127.98, 127.97 (q, ²*J*_{CF} = 32 Hz, PhCH-CF₃), 125.6, 124.7 (q, ¹*J*_{CF} = 270 Hz, CF₃) 124.5, 124.4 (q, ³*J*_{CF} = 3.5 Hz, PhC^{m-Ar}H), 123.8, 123.3, 123.2, 35.1 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.3 (C(CH₃)₂), 28.0 (CH(CH₃)₂), 22.4 (CH(CH₃)₂). ¹⁹F {¹H} NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -61.81. HRMS (*m*/*z*): calcd for C₃₄H₃₅F₃NO: 530.2671, found: 530.2658 [M + H]⁺.

4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-nitrobenzene)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) was afforded as a white solid (0.75 g, 64 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.73-7.76 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.50 (dd, ³*J* = 7.0 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.42 (dd, ³*J* = 7.7 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.27-7.31 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.23-7.25 (m, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.13-7.19 (m, 3H, aryl-*H*), 7.00 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 3.82 (s, 2H, NH₂-*H*), 2.78-2.89 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.72 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.12 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 148.8, 148.1, 146.1, 144.4, 140.4, 132.5, 132.2, 131.8, 130.9, 130.2, 129.1, 128.6, 127.9, 127.4, 126.3, 124.5, 123.9, 123.4, 123.3, 122.7, 35.1 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.3 (C(*C*H₃)₂), 28.1 (*C*H(CH₃)₂),

22.4 (CH(CH₃)₂). HRMS (*m*/*z*): calcd for C₃₃H₃₅N₂O₃: 507.2648, found: 507.2634 [M + H]⁺.

4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-methoxybenzene)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) was afforded as a white solid (0.65 g, 57 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31-7.46 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.21-7.23 (m, 1H, aryl-*H*), 7.13-7.17 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.06-7.11 (m, 3H, aryl-*H*), 7.02 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 6.42-6.45 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃-*H*), 3.79 (s, 2H, NH₂-*H*), 2.79-2.89 (sept, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.71 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.12 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 158.2, 148.5, 139.6, 132.2, 131.9, 131.7, 131.1, 130.5, 129.8, 129.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 124.6, 124.2, 123.9, 123.1, 122.9, 113.0, 55.3 (OCH₃), 35.0 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 28.1 (*C*H(CH₃)₂), 22.4 (CH(CH₃)₂). HRMS (*m/z*): calcd for C₃₄H₃₈NO₂: 492.2903, found: 492.2894 [M + H]⁺.

The synthesis of corresponding imine ligands was based on a "template method".¹⁸ A typical procedure is as follows: After stirring a mixture of ZnCl₂ (0.11 g, 0.79 mmol), acenaphthenequinone (0.13 g, 0.70 mmol) and glacial acetic acid (10 mL) at 80 °C for 30 min, 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl) (0.81 g, 1.49 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed at 130 °C for 2h. The solid precipitated was separated and suspended in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL), and a solution of potassium oxalate in water (10 mL) was added. The two phases were separated, and the organic layer was washed with water and dried with MgSO₄. After filtration the solvent was removed under vacuum to afford the product **L-Ph** as an orange powder (0.6 g, 69 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.86 (dd, ³J = 8.1 Hz, ⁴J = 3.9 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.59 (d, ${}^{3}J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.38-7.55 (m, 16H, aryl-*H*), 7.17-7.34 (m, 13H, aryl-*H*), 7.10 (d, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H, aryl-*H*), 6.99 (d, ³*J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.84 (d, ³*J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.65 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-H), 3.26 and 2.95 (sept, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.8 Hz, 4H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.81 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 5.5 Hz, 12H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.17 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.5 Hz, 4H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.97 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.4 Hz, 8H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.86 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.4 Hz, 8H, $(CH_3)_2$ CH), 0.69 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.8 Hz, 4H, $(CH_3)_2$ CH). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.1, 160.3, 148.7, 148.6, 148.1, 147.5, 140.7, 140.4, 140.1, 139.6, 139.1, 137.0, 136.5, 134.9, 134.5, 132.3, 131.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.4, 131.3, 131.1, 130.5, 130.1, 129.9, 129.8, 129.4, 128.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.3, 127.2, 126.9, 126.8, 126.4, 125.4, 124.8, 124.5, 123.4, 123.2, 35.0 and 34.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.4 and 31.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.0 and 28.9 (CH(CH₃)₂), 24.8 (CH(CH₃)₂), 24.3 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.1 (CH(CH₃)₂). HRMS (*m*/*z*): calcd for C₉₀H₈₁N₂O₂: 1221.6298, found: 1221.6362 [M + H]⁺.

L-CF₃ was obtained as an orange solid (0.51 g, 56 %).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.86 (m, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.34-7.57 (m, 15H, aryl-*H*), 6.84-7.32 (m, 13H, aryl-*H*), 3.74, 3.00 and 2.82 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.77 and

1.72 (s, 12H, xanthene-CH₃), 0.90-1.19 (m, 24H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 148.9, 148.7, 140.9, 134.8, 132.4 (m), 129.7, 129.5, 128.5, 125.4, 125.0, 124.5, 124.2, 123.5, 123.2, 35.1 (C(CH₃)₂), 31.3 (C(CH₃)₂), 28.9 (CH(CH₃)₂), 28.5 (CH(CH₃)₂), 28.0 (CH(CH₃)₂), 22.8 (CH(CH₃)₂), 22.5 (CH(CH₃)₂). ¹⁹F {¹H} NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -62.62. HRMS (*m/z*): calcd for C₈₀H₇₁F₆N₂O₂: 1205.5420, found: 1205.5436 [M + H]⁺.

L-NO₂ was obtained as an orange solid (0.67 g, 72 %).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76-8.53 (m, 7H, aryl-*H*), 7.11-7.61 (m, 22H, aryl-*H*), 6.94 and 6.20 (s, 1H, aryl-*H*), 2.97 and 2.60 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.76 (s, 12H, xanthene-C*H*₃), 1.12, 0.98 and 0.74 (m, 24H, (C*H*₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 148.8, 148.3, 146.9, 144.1, 132.5, 130.1, 129.4, 128.7, 127.6, 126.2, 124.8, 124.3, 123.4, 123.3, 35.1 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.0 (m, *C*H(CH₃)₂), 22.5 (m, CH(*C*H₃)₂). HRMS (*m*/*z*): calcd for C₇₈H₇₁N₄O₆: 1159.5374, found: 1159.5388 [M + H]⁺.

L-OMe was obtained as an orange solid (0.54 g, 62 %).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 (d, ³*J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.50 (dd, ³*J* = 7.8 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.5 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.37-7.43 (m, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.33 (s, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.23-7.25 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 7.14 (t, ³*J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 6.80 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 6.67 (d, ³*J* = 8.3 Hz, 4H, An-*H*), 4.01 (s, 6H, OCH₃-*H*), 2.94 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.77 (s, 12H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.03 (d, ³*J* = 6.5 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.97 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.5, 159.0. 149.0, 148.7, 147.3, 140.7, 134.6, 134.5, 132.0, 131.9, 131.8, 131.3, 130.5, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.7, 128.0, 125.4, 124.2, 123.9, 123.3, 122.9, 113.4, 55.7 (OCH₃), 35.1 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 31.3 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.0 (*C*H(CH₃)₂), 23.0 (CH(CH₃)₂), 22.5 (CH(CH₃)₂). HRMS (*m*/*z*): calcd for C₈₀H₇₇N₂O₄: 1129.5883, found: 1129.5897 [M + H]⁺.

The palladium complexes were prepared by the reaction of 0.50 g ligand with 1 equivalent (COD)PdMeCl in 25 mL CH₂Cl₂. After stirring overnight at room temperature, the desired compound was isolated in high yield using column chromatography. The mixture was eluted on silica gel with first 10:1 hexanes/EA, then pure EA as the mobile phase. The pure compound was obtained as a red solid. **Pd-Ph.** Yield 45 % (270 mg) .¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.89 (dd, ³*J* = 15.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.17-7.62 (m, 29H, aryl-*H*), 7.09 (m, 4H, aryl-*H*, An-*H*), 6.78-6.92 (m, 5H, aryl-*H*, An-*H*), 6.43 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.24-3.34 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.82 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.80 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.24 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.11 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.80 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 0.71 (d, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH)), 0.69 (d, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH)). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, 120 M

CDCl₃): δ 171.8, 167.2, 148.0, 147.8, 147.7, 147.6, 143.4, 141.7, 140.7, 140.4, 140.3, 140.2, 139.7, 139.2, 138.6, 138.2, 137.4, 137.3, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 131.0, 130.9, 130.3, 129.7, 129.6, 129.5, 129.4, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.5, 127.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 126.7, 126.6, 125.8, 125.7, 125.3 (m), 124.8, 124.7, 123.5, 123.4, 123.3, 34.6 (C(CH₃)₂), 34.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.9 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.3 (CH(CH₃)₂), 28.7 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.9 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.7 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.2 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.1 (CH(CH₃)₂), 4.1 (Pd-CH₃). Anal. Calcd for (C₉₁H₈₃ClN₂O₂Pd): C, 79.29; H, 6.07; N, 2.03. Found: C, 79.59; H, 5.98; N, 2.09. MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z): calcd for C₉₀H₈₁N₂O₂Pd: 1327.5333, found: 1327.4407 [M-CH₃-Cl+H]⁺. **Pd-CF**₃. Yield 61 % (362 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.11 (dd, ³*J* = 12.0 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.65 (dd, ${}^{3}J$ = 14.1 Hz, ${}^{4}J$ = 8.1 Hz, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.49-7.56 (m, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.43 (s, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.39 (dd, ${}^{3}J = 8.1 \text{ Hz}$, ${}^{4}J = 4.4 \text{ Hz}$, 4H, aryl-H), 7.17-7.27 (m, 10H, aryl-H, An-H), 7.00 (d, ${}^{3}J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 1H, An-*H*), 6.50 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*). 3.34-3.44 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.81 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.79 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.29 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.16 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.6 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.97 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 0.75 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.6 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.0, 167.3, 148.0, 147.7, 147.5, 147.4, 143.8, 142.1, 142.0, 141.7, 140.8, 139.5, 138.5, 137.2, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 130.9, 130.2, 129.7, 129.6, 129.5, 128.7, 128.2, 128.1, 127.5, 126.8, 126.3, 126.2, 125.7, 125.2, 125.1, 124.9, 124.7, 123.6, 123.5, 123.4, 34.6 (C(CH₃)₂), 34.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.2 (CH(CH₃)₂), 28.7 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.8 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.2 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.1 (CH(CH₃)₂). 3.8 (Pd-CH₃). ¹⁹F {¹H} NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -62.31, -62.62. Anal. Calcd for (C₈₁H₇₃ClF₆N₂O₂Pd): C, 71.41; H, 5.40; N, 2.06. Found: C, 71.58; H, 5.58; N, 2.09. MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z): calcd for C₈₀H₇₁F₆N₂O₂Pd: 1311.4455, found: 1311.1568 [M-CH₃-Cl+H]⁺.

Pd-NO₂. Yield 58% (350 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.12 (t, ³*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.98 (dd, ³*J* = 8.8 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.3 Hz, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.70 (t, ³*J* = 9.1 Hz, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.41-7.59 (m, 10H, aryl-*H*), 7.18-7.32 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*, An-*H*), 6.94 (d, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.37 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.32-3.42 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.80 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.79 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.31 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.14 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.82 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 0.77 (d, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, 12H, (CH₃)₂CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.2, 167.3, 148.0, 147.7, 147.4, 147.3, 147.0, 145.2, 144.9, 143.8, 141.7, 140.8, 139.5, 138.4, 138.3, 137.2, 131.7, 131.7, 131.6, 131.5, 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 130.7, 130.5, 130.4, 130.2, 130.1, 129.9, 129.7, 128.7, 127.5, 127.3, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 125.7, 125.2, 125.1, 124.6, 124.3, 123.7, 123.6, 123.5, 123.3, 34.7 (C(CH₃)₂), 34.6(C(CH₃)₂), 32.7 (C(CH₃)₂),

32.6 (C(*C*H₃)₂), 29.2 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 28.6 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 23.9 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 23.8 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 23.2 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 23.1 (*C*H(*C*H₃)₂), 3.4 (Pd-*C*H₃). Anal. Calcd for (C₇₉H₇₃ClN₄O₆Pd): C, 72.08; H, 5.59; N, 4.26. Found: C, 72.39; H, 5.78; N, 4.59. MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z): calcd for C₇₈H₇₁N₄O₆Pd: 1265.4408, found: 1265.4520 [M-CH₃-Cl+H]⁺.

Pd-OMe. Yield 41 % (242 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (dd, ³*J* = 14.2 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.46-7.55 (m, 7H, aryl-*H*), 7.36-7.46 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 7.13-7.25 (m, 7H, aryl-*H*), 6.86 (d, ³*J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H, An-*H*), 6.71 (dd, ³*J* = 13.4 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H, An-*H*), 6.22 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.74 (s, 3H, OC*H*₃), 3.68 (s, 3H, OC*H*₃), 3.30-3.41 (m, 4H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.79 (s, 6H, xanthene-C*H*₃), 1.78 (s, 6H, xanthene-C*H*₃), 1.31 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 1.14 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 1.07 (s, 3H, Pd-C*H*₃), 0.82 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 0.81 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.2, 167.5, 159.2, 148.0, 148.0, 147.8, 147.5, 143.5, 141.9, 140.9, 139.3, 138.7, 138.1, 137.5, 131.5, 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 131.0, 130.9, 130.9, 130.6, 130.4, 130.3, 130.3, 130.2, 130.1, 129.1, 128.9, 127.6, 126.9, 125.9, 125.6, 125.5, 125.2, 124.9, 124.7, 124.6, 124.5, 123.5, 123.3, 123.2, 123.1, 114.5, 113.9, 56.1 (OCH₃), 55.3 (OCH₃), 34.7 (C(CH₃)₂), 34.6 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.7 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.6 (C(CH₃)₂), 29.5 (CH(CH₃)₂), 28.8 (CH(CH₃)₂), 24.1 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.6 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.4 (CH(CH₃)₂), 23.1 (CH(CH₃)₂), 4.3 (Pd-CH₃). Anal. Calcd for (C₈₁H₇₉CIN₂O₄Pd): C, 75.63; H, 6.19; N, 2.18. Found: C, 75.42; H, 6.45; N, 2.54. MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z): calcd for C₈₀H₇₇N₂O₄Pd: 1235.4918, found: 1235.4573 [M-CH₃-Cl+H]⁺.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of Pd carbonyl complexes Pd-A-CO, Pd-Ph-CO, Pd-CF₃-CO Pd-NO₂-CO and Pd-OMe-CO.

A 10 mL Schlenk flask was charged with 30.0 μ mol of the Pd complex, NaBAF (30.0 μ mol) and 5.0 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂. The solution was stirred for 60 min under a balloon of CO, leading to darkening of the solution. The mixture was filtered through Celite and concentrated in vacuo to afford the desired complexes.

Pd-A-CO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.06 (dd, ³*J* = 11.6 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.67 (m, 8H, BAF-*H*), 7.48 (m, 12H, aryl-*H*, BAF-*H*), 6.78 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.58 (d, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.15 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 2.97(sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.42 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.34 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.14 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 1.06 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.96 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH). IR (KBr) 2133cm⁻¹ [*v* (CO)].

Pd-Ph-CO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.91 (dd, ³*J* = 19.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.67 (m, 8H, BAF-*H*), 7.52-7.60 (m, 12H, aryl-*H*, BAF-*H*), 7.47 (s, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.33-7.40 (m, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.17-7.28 (m, 18H, aryl-*H*), 6.67 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.36 (d, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 2.88 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 2.67 (sept, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.83 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.82 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.12 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.00 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.83 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.76 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.38 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃). IR (KBr) 2133cm⁻¹ [*v* (CO)].

Pd-CF₃-CO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.02 (dd, ³*J* = 13.7 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.68 (m, 12H, BAF-*H*), 7.56-7.64 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 7.47 (m, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.41 (d, ³*J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.36 (d, ³*J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.17-7.29 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 6.74 (d, ³*J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.49 (d, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.06 (sept, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 2.90(sept, ³*J* = 6.78 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.82 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.81 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.32 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 1.13 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.05 (d, ³*J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.88 (d, ³*J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.81 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH). IR (KBr) 2131cm⁻¹ [ν (CO)].

Pd-NO₂-CO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.90-7.96 (m, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.81 (d, ³*J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.59 (m, 14H, BAF-*H*, aryl-*H*), 7.47-7.53 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 7.38 (s, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.14-7.22 (m, 8H, aryl-*H*), 6.63 (d, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.29 (d, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 2.97 (sept, ³*J* = 6.78 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 2.80 (sept, ³*J* = 6.78 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.73 (s, 6H, xanthene-C*H*₃), 1.71 (s, 6H, xanthene-C*H*₃), 1.23 (s, 3H, Pd-C*H*₃), 1.05 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 0.96 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 0.80 (d, ³*J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH), 0.74 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (C*H*₃)₂CH). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃, the resonances from the BAF anion were also included): δ 179.0, 174.6, 172.4 (CO), 162.2 (q, *J_{CB}* = 49.5 Hz, C_{1pso}), 148.0, 147.8, 147.7, 147.5, 147.4, 147.3, 146.9, 146.8, 146.8, 146.7, 146.1, 145.8, 145.3, 141.6, 141.0, 140.3, 139.5, 137.8, 137.0, 135.0 (C_o), 133.9, 131.9, 131.8, 131.6, 131.4, 131.0, 130.6, 130.5, 130.4, 130.1, 129.9 (q, *J_{CF}* = 31.7 Hz, C_m), 129.8, 129.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 127.5, 126.5, 126.4 (q, *J_{CF}* = 272.1 Hz, CF₃), 126.0, 124.1, 124.0, 123.4, 123.3, 123.1, 120.6, 117.6 (m, C_p), 34.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.0 (C(C(H₃)₂), 22.9 (CH(CH₃)₂), 11.4 (Pd-CH₃). IR (KBr) 2131cm⁻¹ [ν (CO)].

Pd-OMe-CO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (dd, ³*J* = 10.8 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.67 (m, 10H, BAF-*H*), 7.64 (s, 2H, BAF-*H*), 7.58 (m, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.57 (m, 6H, aryl-*H*), 7.42 (d, ³*J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.37 (d, ³*J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, aryl-*H*), 7.28 (m, 4H, aryl-*H*), 7.20 (m, 4H, aryl-*H*), 6.66 (dd, ³*J* = 8.0 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.8 Hz, 3H, An-*H*), 6.56 (d, ³*J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 6.36 (d, ³*J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, An-*H*), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.73 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.05 (sept, ³*J* = 6.78 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂CH), 2.93 (sept, ³*J* = 6.78 Hz, 2H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.81 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.78 (s, 6H, xanthene-CH₃), 1.44 (s, 3H, Pd-CH₃), 1.22 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 8.01 (dd, ³*J* = 10.8 Hz, ⁴*J* = 8.2 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.92 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.86 (d, ³*J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH). IR (KBr) 2131cm⁻¹ [*v* (CO)].

General in-Situ Activated Polymerization Procedure. A 350 mL glass thick-walled pressure vessel was charged with required amount of NaBAF, required amount of comonomers for the case of copolymerization, toluene and a magnetic stir bar in the glovebox. The pressure vessel was connected to a high pressure polymerization line and the solution was degassed. The vessel was warmed to the desired temperature using an oil bath and allowed to equilibrate for 10 min. The metal complex was injected to initiate polymerization and stirred continuously for the desired time. The polymerization was quenched via the addition of MeOH (5 mL) and the polymer was precipitated using excess acidic MeOH (5% HCl in MeOH) and dried in a vacuum oven to constant weight.

2. Plot of the molecular weight versus time



Figure S1. Plot of the molecular weight versus time for these Pd complexes.



Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum of **4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene -4,5-diyl)** in CDCl₃.

3. Spectra data



Figure S3. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene - 4,5-diyl) in CDCl₃.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of **4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-trifluoridephenyl)-(9,9-dimethyl xanthene-4,5-diyl)** in CDCl₃.



Figure S5. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-trifluoridephenyl)** -(9,9**dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl)** in CDCl₃.



Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-nitrobenzene)-(9,9-dimethyl xanthene-4,5-diyl) in CDCl₃.



Figure S7. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-nitrobenzene)-(9,9-dimethylxanthene -4,5-diyl) in CDCl₃.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-methoxybenzene)-(9,9-dimethyl xanthene-4,5-diyl) in CDCl₃.



Figure S9. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-methoxybenzene)-(9,9-dimethyl xanthene-4,5-diyl) in CDCl₃.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of L-Ph in C₂D₂Cl₄.



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum of L-CF₃ in CDCl₃.



Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum of L-NO2 in CDCl₃. *Hexane.



Figure S13. ¹H NMR spectrum of L-OMe in CDCl₃.



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR spectrum of L-OMe in CDCl₃.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-Ph in CDCl₃.



Figure S16. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Pd-Ph in CDCl₃.



Figure S17. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-CF₃ in CDCl₃.



Figure S18. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Pd-CF₃ in CDCl₃.



Figure S19. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-NO₂ in CDCl₃.



Figure S20. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Pd-NO₂ in CDCl₃.



Figure S21. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-OMe in CDCl₃.



Figure S22. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Pd-OMe in CDCl₃.



Figure S23. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-A-CO in CDCl₃. #H₂O.



Figure S24. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-Ph-CO in CDCl₃. #H₂O.*Hexane.



Figure S25. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-CF₃-CO in CDCl₃.*CH₂Cl₂.



Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-NO₂-CO in CDCl₃.



Figure S27. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Pd-NO₂-CO in CDCl₃.



Figure S28. ¹H NMR spectrum of Pd-OMe-CO in CDCl₃.



Figure S29. ¹H NMR spectrum of polyethylene obtained from Pd-Ph at 20 °C.



Figure S30. ¹H NMR spectrum of polyethylene obtained from Pd-CF₃ at 20 °C.



Figure S31. ¹H NMR spectrum of polyethylene obtained from Pd-NO₂ at 20 °C.



Figure S32. ¹H NMR spectrum of polyethylene obtained from Pd-OMe at 20 °C.



Figure S33. ¹H NMR spectrum of polyethylene-co-MA obtained from Pd-OMe at 20 °C.



Figure S34. HRMS (m/z) of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-trifluoridephenyl)-(9,9- dimethylxanthene-4,5-diyl).



Figure S35. HRMS (m/z) of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-biphenyl)-(9,9-dimethy lxanthene-4,5-diyl).



Figure S36. HRMS (m/z) of 4-(2,6-diisopropylaniline)-5-(4-nitrobenzene)-(9,9-di methylxanthene-4,5-





4,5-diyl).



Figure S38. HRMS (m/z) of L-Ph.



Figure S39. HRMS (m/z) of L-NO₂.



Figure S40. HRMS (m/z) of L-OMe.



Figure S41. IR of Pd-A-CO.



Figure S42. IR of Pd-Ph-CO.



Figure S43. IR of Pd-CF₃-CO.



Figure S44. IR of Pd-NO₂-CO.



Figure S45. IR of Pd-OMe-CO.

4. X-ray crystallography of Pd-CF₃.

Table	S1. Crystal	data	and	structure	refinement	for	Pd-CF ₃	
Bond precision:		C-C = 0.0159 A			Wavelength=0.71073			
Cell:	a=30.455(3)	b=	12.1571(11)	c=11.0990	0(9)			
	alpha=90	bet	a=90	gamma=90				
Temperatur	e: 298 K							
		Calculated			Reported			
Volume		4109.3(6)			4109.4(6)			
Space group		P m n 21			Pmn2(1)			
Hall group		P 2ac -2			?			
Moiety formula		C81 H73 Cl F6 N2 O2 Pd, 2(C0.50 H Cl), C H2 Cl2			?			
Sum formula		C83 H77 Cl5 F6 N2 O2 Pd			C83 H77 Cl5	5 F6 N2 O2 P	d	
Mr		1532.12			1532.12			
Dx,g cm-3		1.238			1.238			
Ζ		2			2			
Mu (mm-1))	0.446			0.446			
F000		1580.0			1580.0			
F000'		1580.15						
h,k,lmax		36,14,13			36,14,13			

Nref 7410[3915] 7202 Tmin,Tmax 0.837,0.867 0.842,0.870 Tmin' 0.837 Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.842 Tmax=0.870 AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN Data completeness= 1.84/0.97 Theta(max)= 25.020 R(reflections)= 0.0822(4923) wR2(reflections)= 0.2468(7202) S = 1.039 Npar= 525

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