

Supporting Information

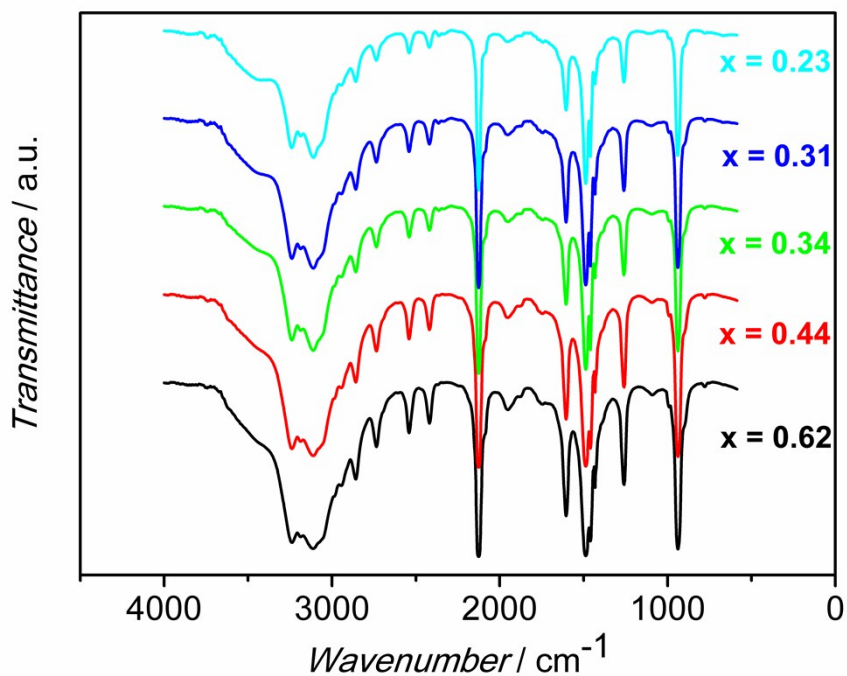


Figure S1. IR spectra of $(MA)_2[K_{1-x}Rb_xCo(CN)_6]$ ($x = 0.23-0.62$).

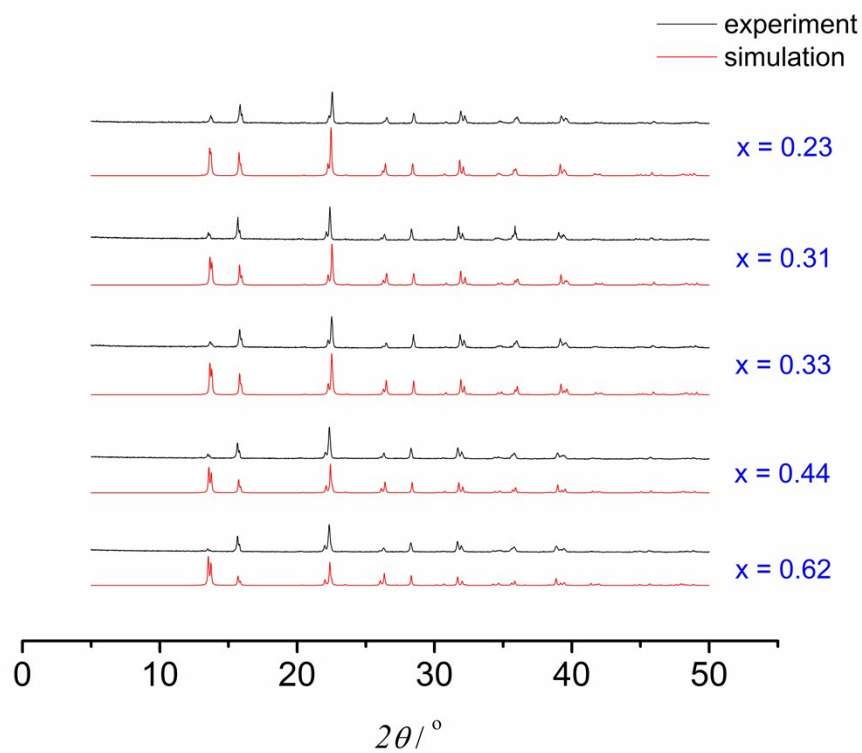


Figure S2. PXRD patterns of $(MA)_2[K_{1-x}Rb_xCo(CN)_6]$ ($x = 0.23-0.62$).

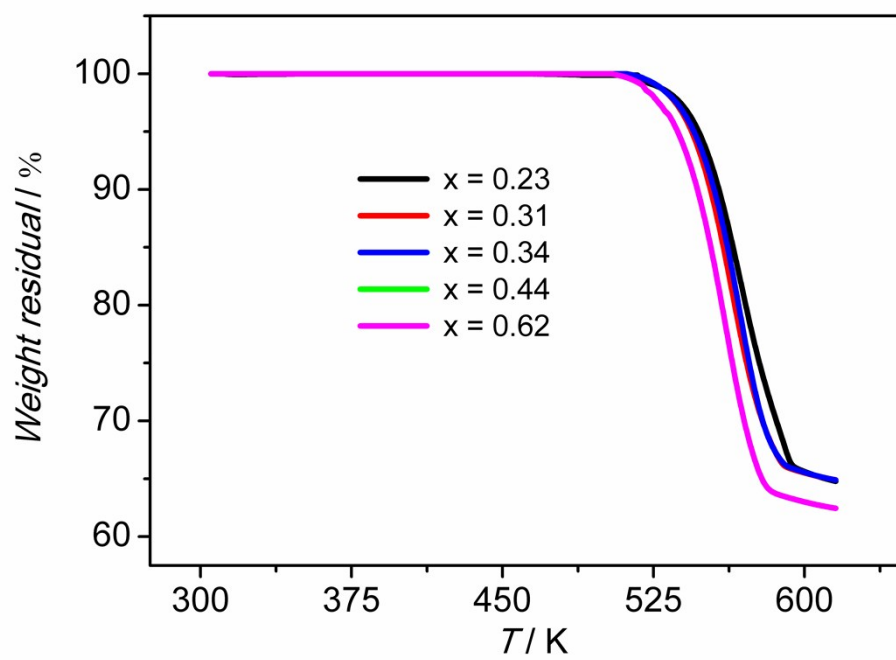


Figure S3. TGA curves of $(MA)_2[K_{1-x}Rb_xCo(CN)_6]$ ($x = 0.23-0.62$).

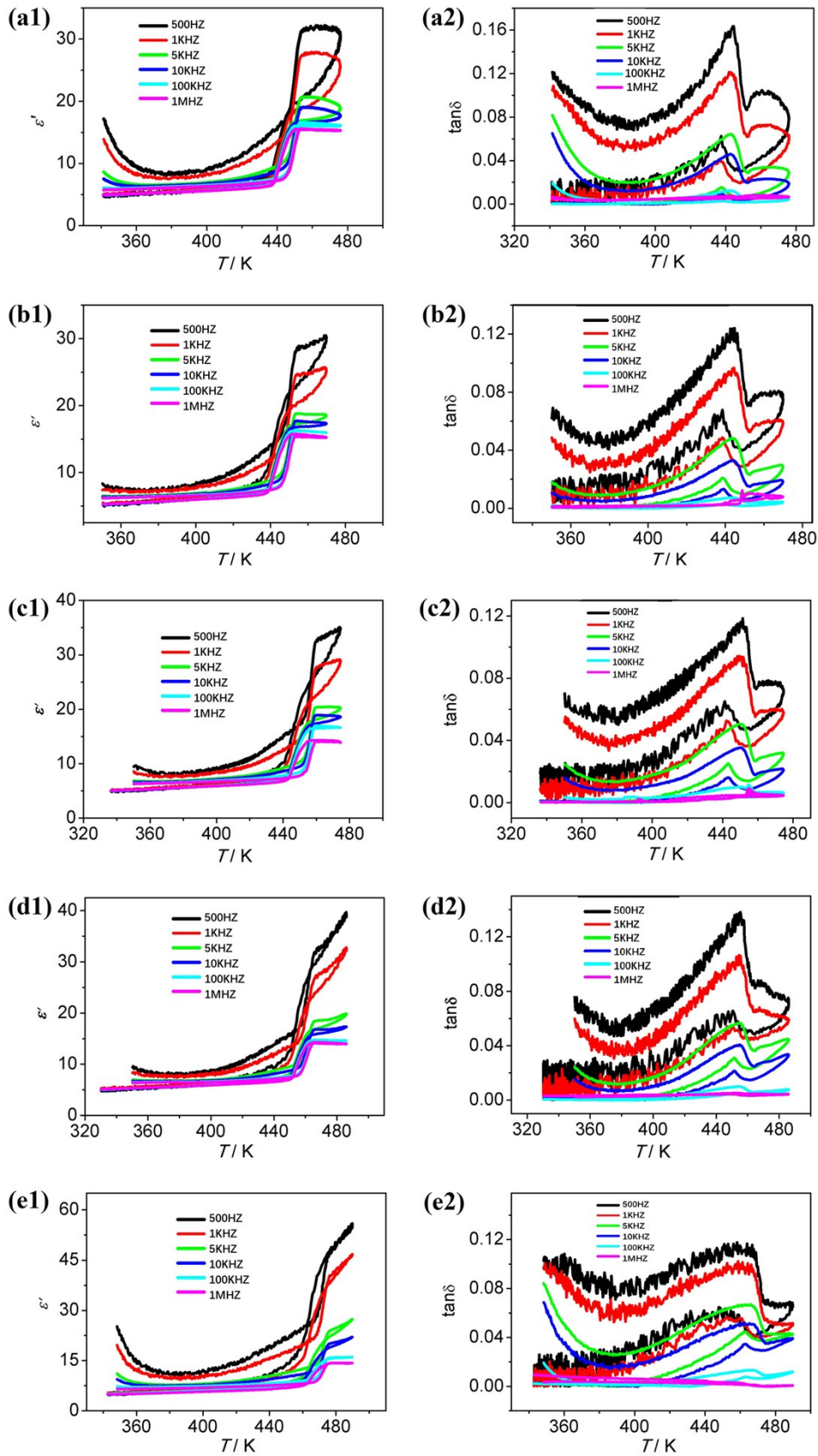


Figure S4. The ϵ' vs T (left) and $\tan\delta$ vs T (right) curves of $(\text{MA})_2[\text{K}_{1-x}\text{Rb}_x\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6]$

at different frequencies measured in a heating/cooling mode: (a) $x = 0.23$; (b) $x = 0.31$;
(c) $x = 0.34$; (d) $x = 0.44$; (e) $x = 0.62$.

Table S1. (a) Experimental data of the x and corresponding T_c and (b) calculated tolerance factor t for $(MA)_2[K_{1-x}Rb_xCo(CN)_6]$.

(a)

T_c / K	418	433	438	440	446	458	484
x	0	0.23	0.31	0.34	0.44	0.62	1

The relationship between the T_c and x is fitted by $x = -13.2 + 0.645T_c^{1/2}$ ($R = 0.987$)

by using $r_K = 152$ pm, $r_{Rb} = 166$ pm and $r_{B'} = (1-x)r_K + xr_{Rb}$.

(b)

x	0	0.23	0.31	0.34	0.44	0.62	1
t	0.833	0.828	0.827	0.826	0.825	0.821	0.814

The tolerance factor t is calculated by $t = 513/(14x+616)$.