

Electronic Supplementary Information

Anion-driven tetrel bond-induced engineering of lead(II) architectures with *N'*-(1-(2-pyridyl)ethylidene)nicotinothiazide: Experimental and theoretical findings

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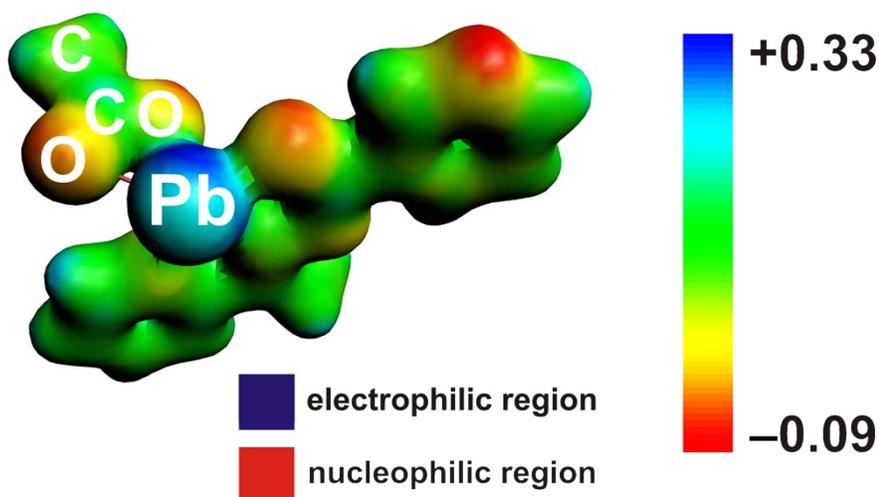
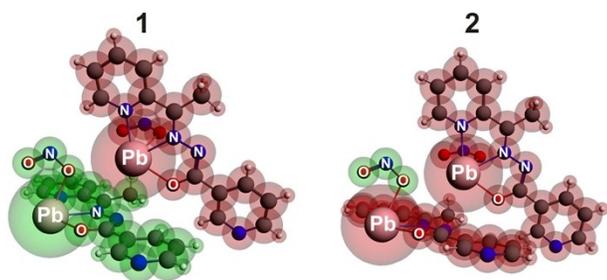


Fig. S1 The molecular electrostatic potential (DFT/BLYP-D3/ZORA/TZP) for the [PbL(OAc)] unit.



	$\pi \cdots \pi / \text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{N} / \text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{O}$ (1)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{NO}_2^-$ (2)
ΔE_{int}	-20.55	-144.06
ΔE_{elstat}	-18.38	-131.80
ΔE_{orb}	-9.07	-64.13
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-19.83	-7.66
ΔE_{Pauli}	26.74	59.54

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$$

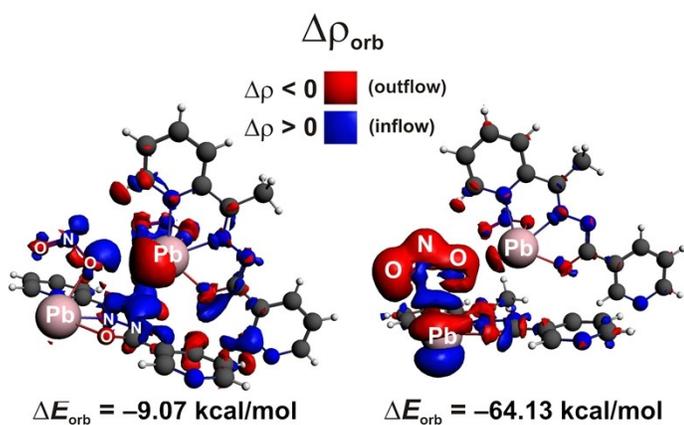
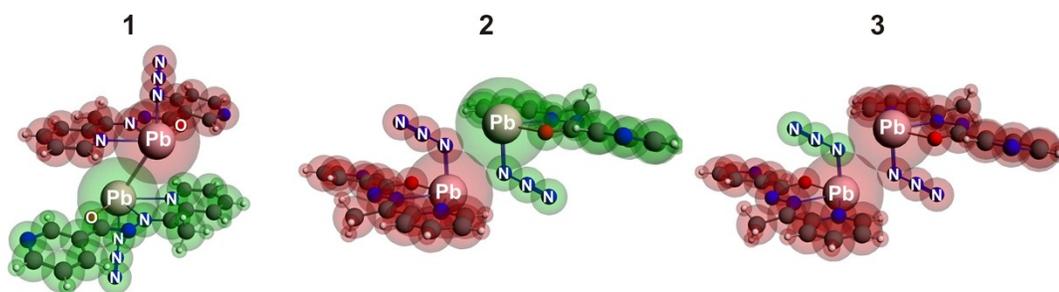


Fig. S2 (top) Cluster models of $[\text{PbL}(\text{NO}_2)]_n$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1** and **2** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (bottom) The overall deformation densities $\Delta \rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1** and **2** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} .



	$\pi \cdots \pi / \text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{N} / \text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{Pb}^{\text{II}}$ (1)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{N}$ (2)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{N}_3^-$ (3)
ΔE_{int}	-15.86	-22.00	-129.56
ΔE_{elstat}	-9.78	-35.57	-165.23
ΔE_{orb}	-6.03	-14.66	-71.11
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-20.87	-10.76	-9.48
ΔE_{Pauli}	20.82	38.99	116.26

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$$

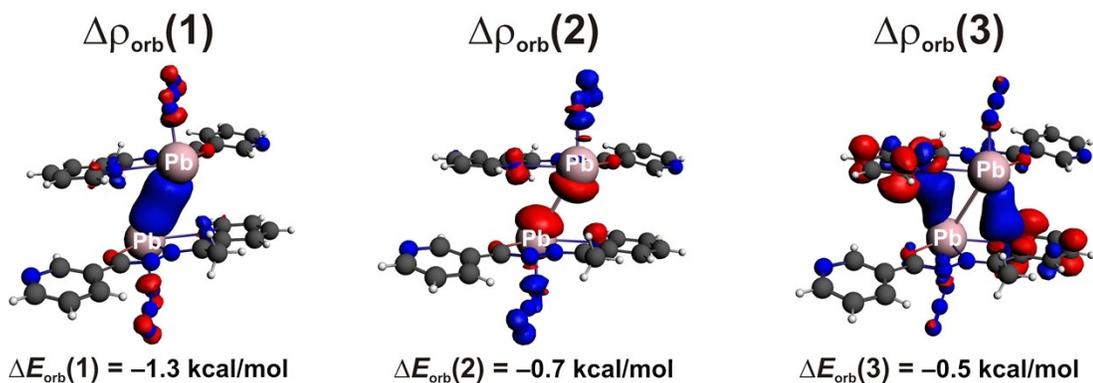
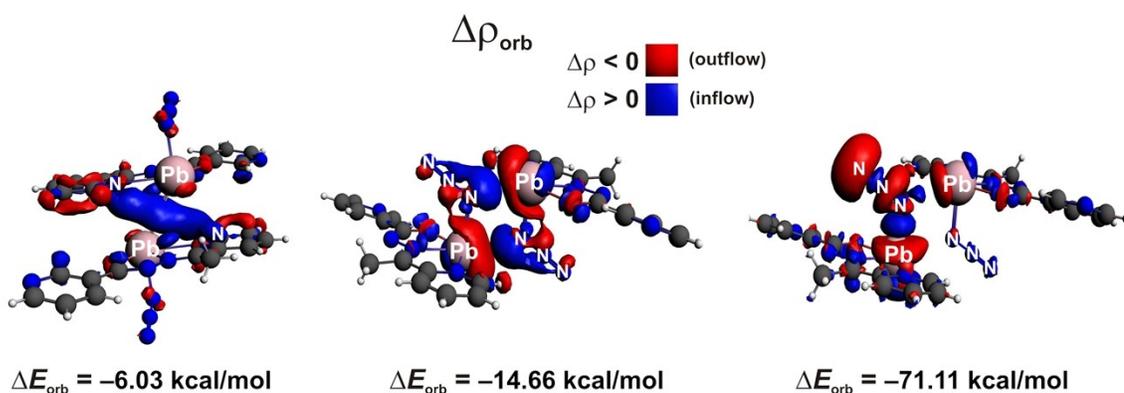
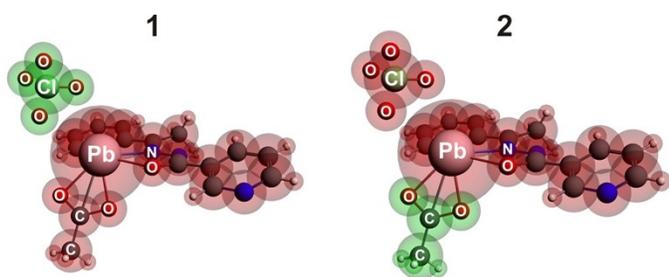


Fig. S3 (top) Cluster models of $[\text{PbLN}_3]_n$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1–3** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (middle) The overall deformation densities $\Delta \rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1–3** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} . (bottom) The main NOCV-formation densities $\Delta \rho_{\text{orb}}(1-3)$ with the corresponding energies $\Delta E_{\text{orb}}(1-3)$ depicted for the bonding pattern **1**.



	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}}\cdots\text{ClO}_4^-$ (1)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}}\cdots\text{OAc}^-$ (2)
ΔE_{int}	-74.53	-144.07
ΔE_{elstat}	-68.11	-176.73
ΔE_{orb}	-12.55	-75.54
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-6.36	-5.20
ΔE_{Pauli}	12.48	113.40

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$$

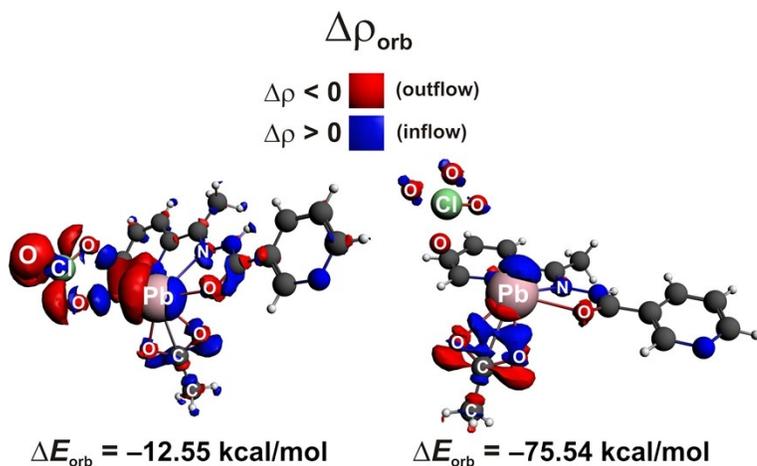
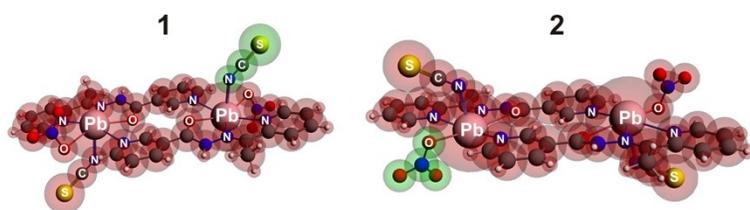


Fig. S4 (top) Cluster models of $\{[\text{Pb}(\text{HL})(\text{OAc})\text{ClO}_4]\}_n$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1** and **2** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (bottom) The overall deformation densities $\Delta\rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1** and **2** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} .



	Pb ^{II} ...NCS ⁻ (1)	Pb ^{II} ...NO ₃ ⁻ (2)
ΔE_{int}	-96.54	-96.87
ΔE_{elstat}	-101.75	-94.46
ΔE_{orb}	-52.15	-33.76
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-7.43	-6.86
ΔE_{Pauli}	64.80	38.21

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$$

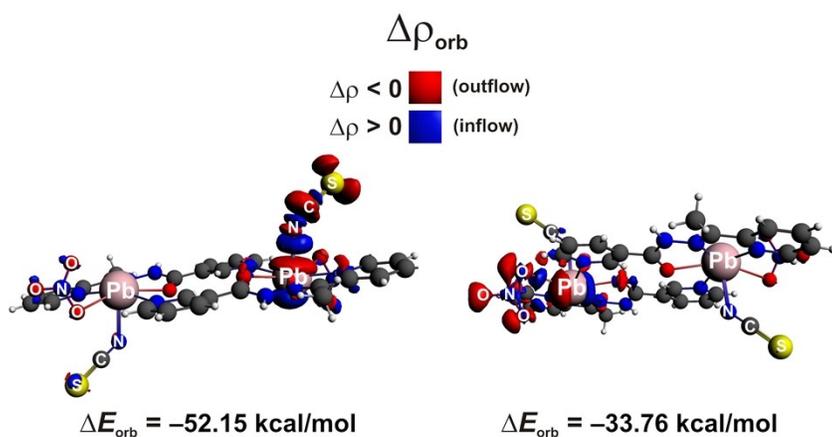
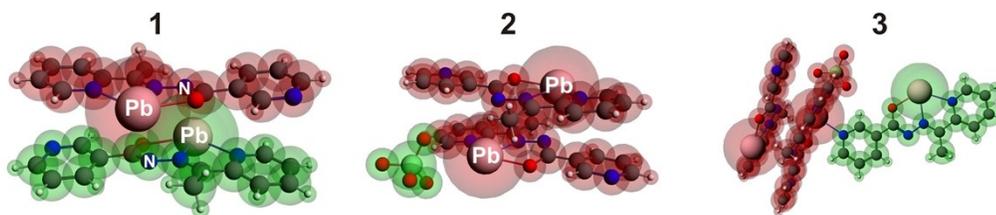


Fig. S5 (top) Cluster models of $[\text{Pb}_2(\text{HL})_2(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{NCS})_2]$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1** and **2** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (bottom) The overall deformation densities $\Delta\rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1** and **2** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} .



	$\pi \cdots \pi / \text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{N}$ (1)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{ClO}_4^-$ (2)	$\text{Pb}^{\text{II}} \cdots \text{L}$ (3)
ΔE_{int}	-11.31	-126.66	-6.15
ΔE_{elstat}	12.99	-111.42	-28.00
ΔE_{orb}	-37.07	-19.49	-30.23
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-41.89	-7.43	-11.70
ΔE_{Pauli}	54.66	11.68	63.78

$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$

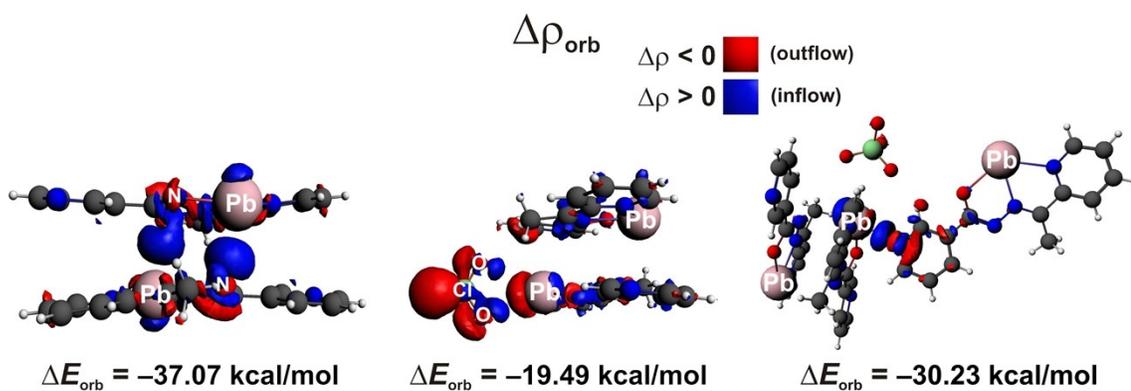
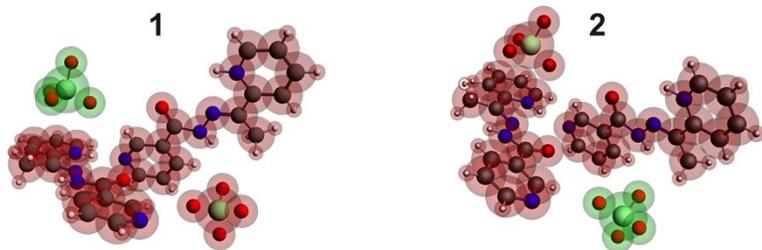


Fig. S6 (top) Cluster models of $\{[\text{PbL}]\text{ClO}_4\}_n \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1–3** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (bottom) The overall deformation densities $\Delta \rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1–3** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} .



	$[\text{H}_2\text{L}]^+\cdots\text{ClO}_4^-$ (1)	$[\text{H}_2\text{L}]^+\cdots\text{ClO}_4^-$ (2)
ΔE_{int}	-69.43	-67.40
ΔE_{elstat}	-56.91	-56.76
ΔE_{orb}	-10.67	-12.81
$\Delta E_{\text{dispersion}}$	-6.66	-6.56
ΔE_{Pauli}	4.82	8.73

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \Delta E_{\text{elstat}} + \Delta E_{\text{orb}} + \Delta E_{\text{dispersion}} + \Delta E_{\text{Pauli}}$$

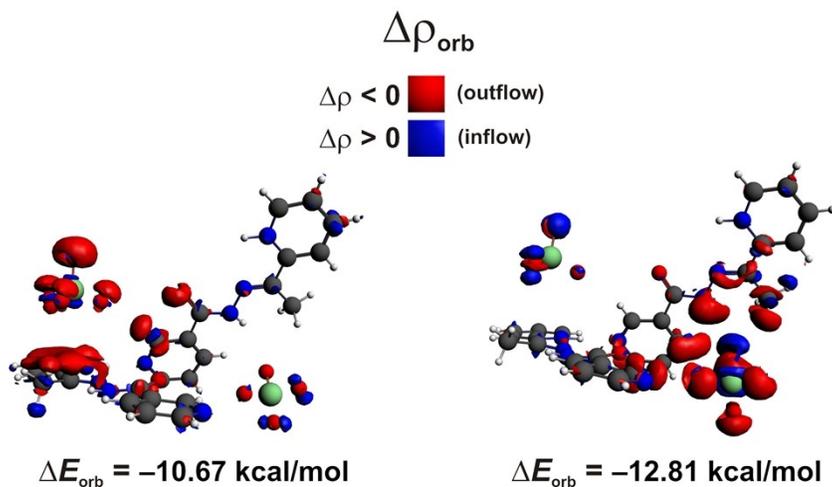


Fig. S7 (top) Cluster models of $[\text{H}_2\text{L}]\text{ClO}_4$ together with the fragmentation patterns **1** and **2** applied in the ETS-NOCV analysis. (bottom) The overall deformation densities $\Delta\rho_{\text{orb}}$ of **1** and **2** with the corresponding energies ΔE_{orb} .