

Stable and charge recombination minimized π -extended thioalkyl substituted tetrathiafulvalene sensitized dye-sensitized solar cells

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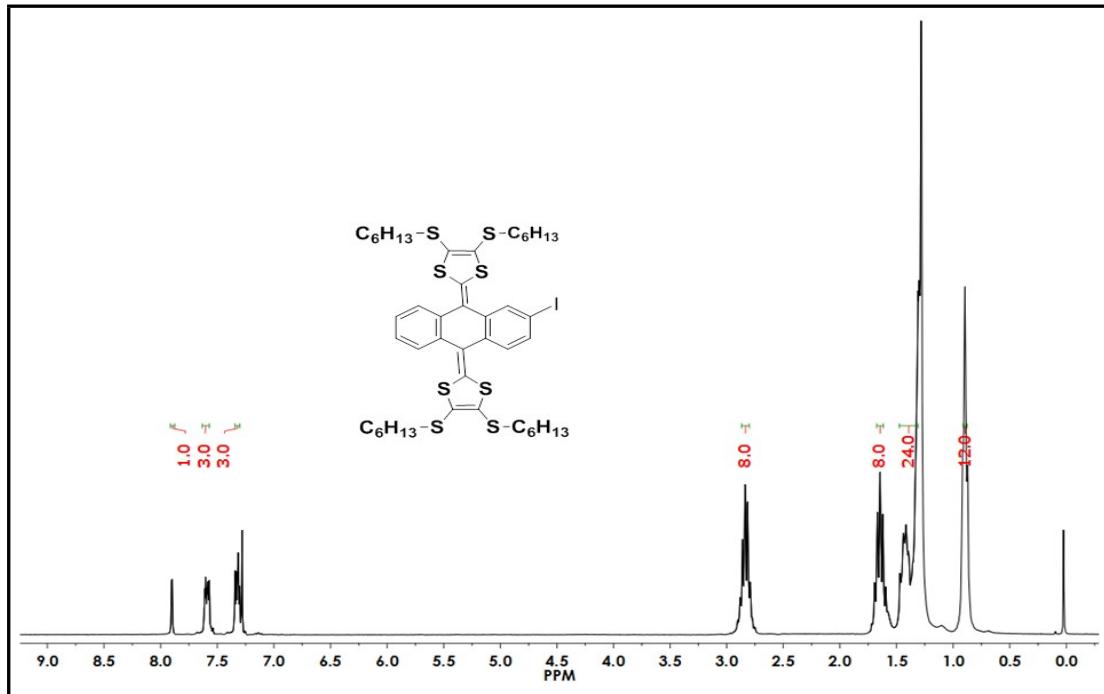


Fig. S1: ¹H NMR Spectrum of (1) in CDCl_3 .

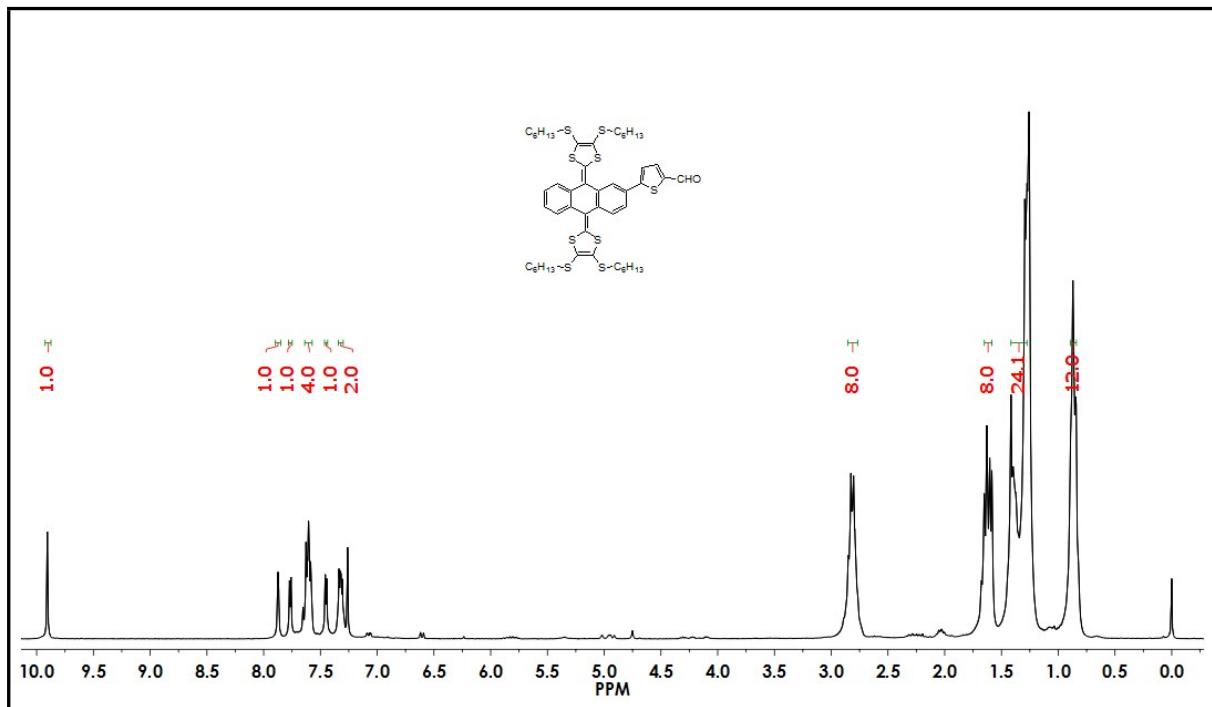


Fig. S2: ^1H NMR Spectrum of (**2a**) in CDCl_3

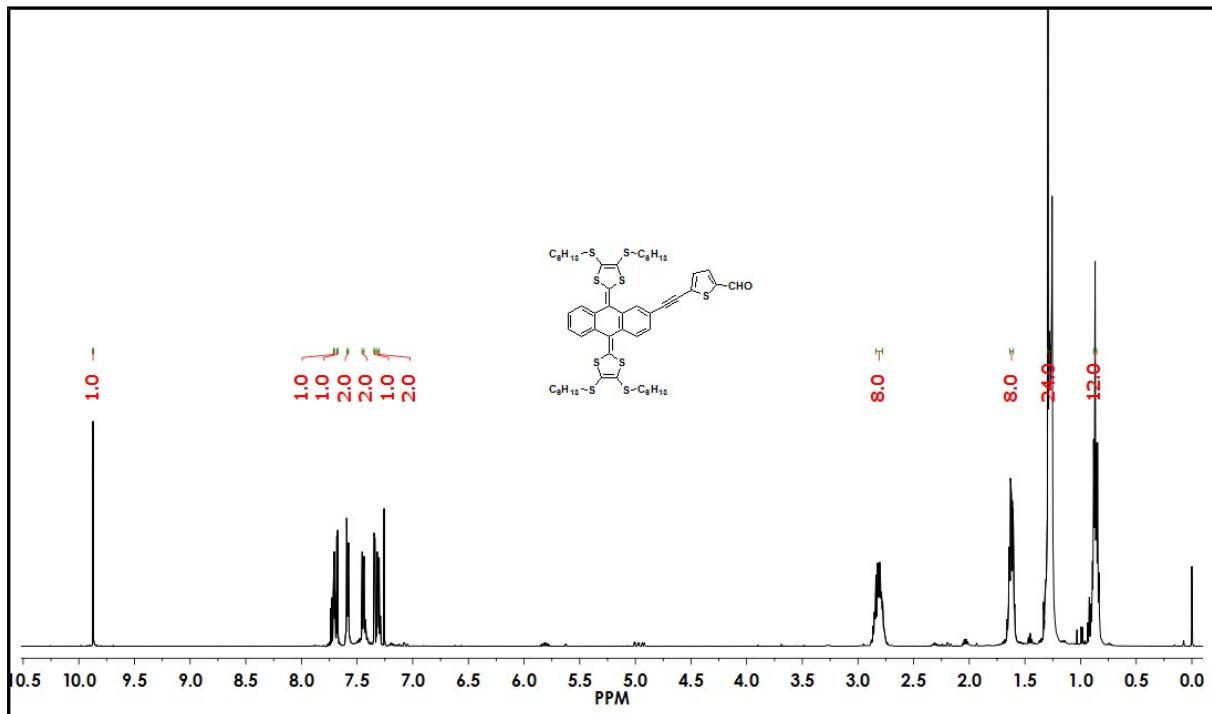


Fig. S3: ^1H NMR Spectrum of (**2c**) in CDCl_3

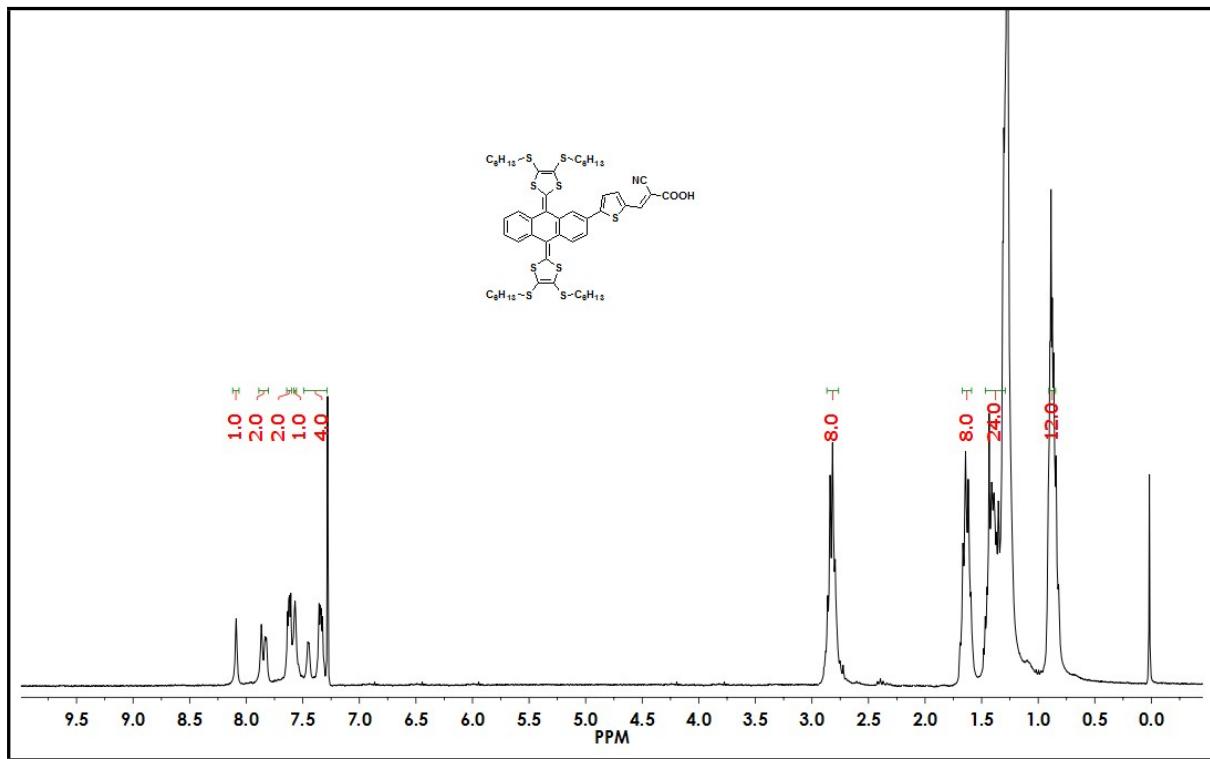


Fig. S4: ^1H NMR Spectrum of (G1) in CDCl_3

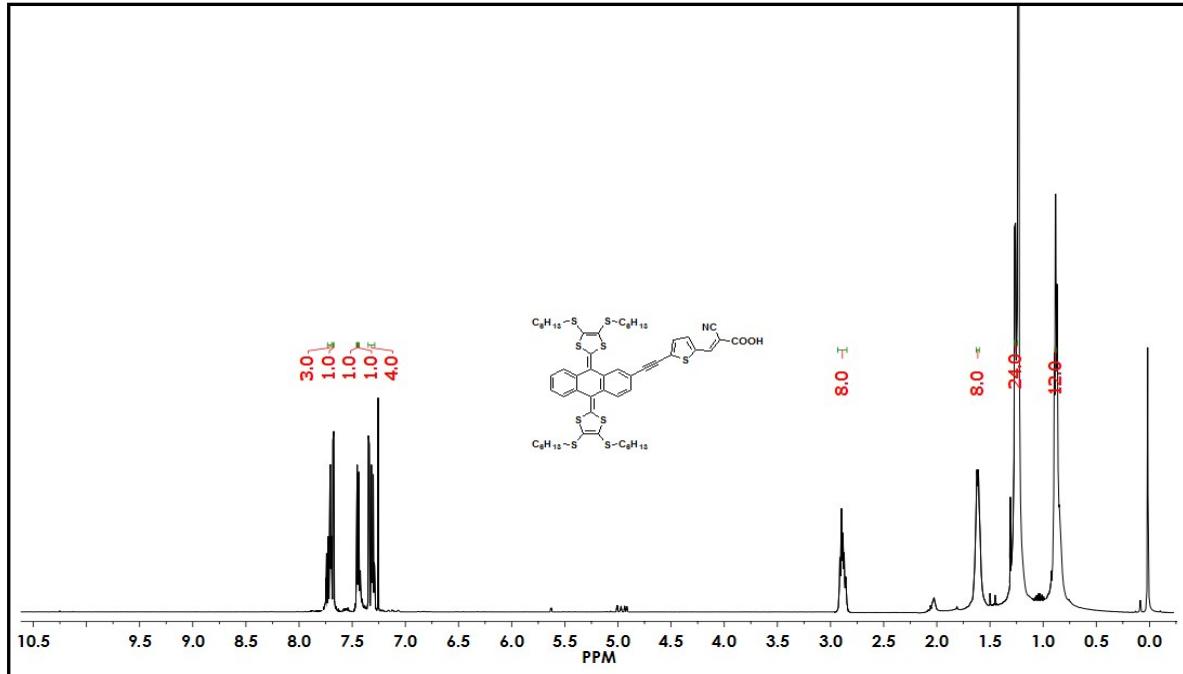


Fig. S5: ^1H NMR Spectrum of (G3) in CDCl_3

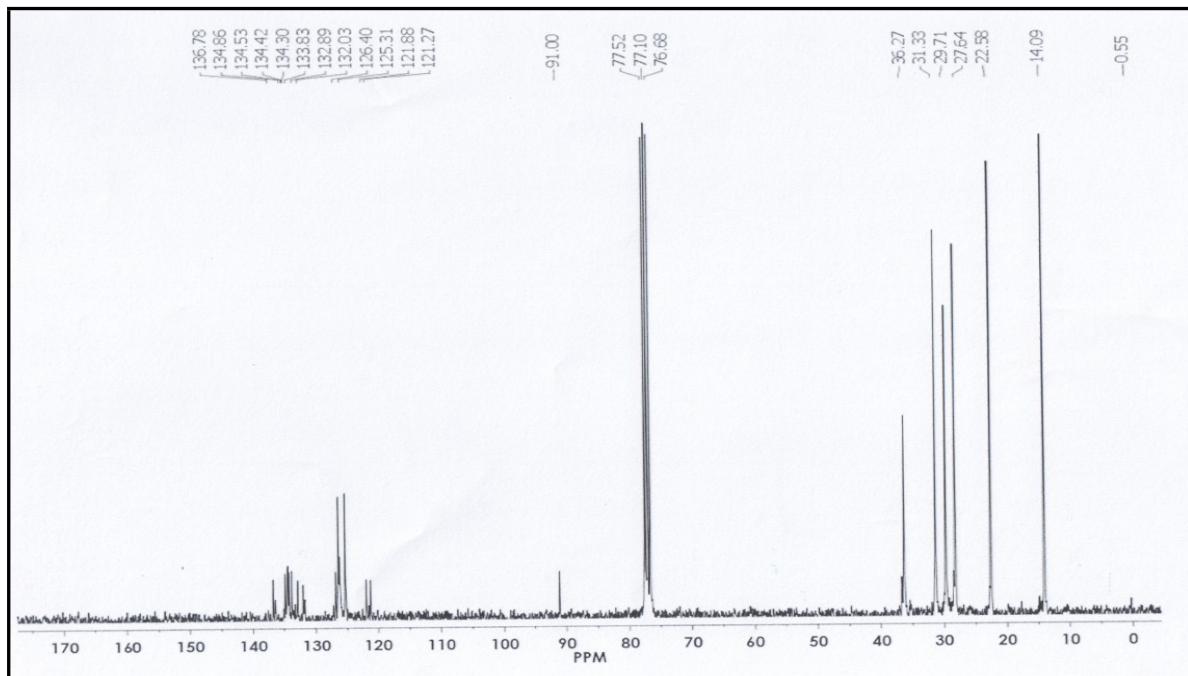


Fig. S6: ¹³C-NMR Spectrum of (1) in CDCl₃

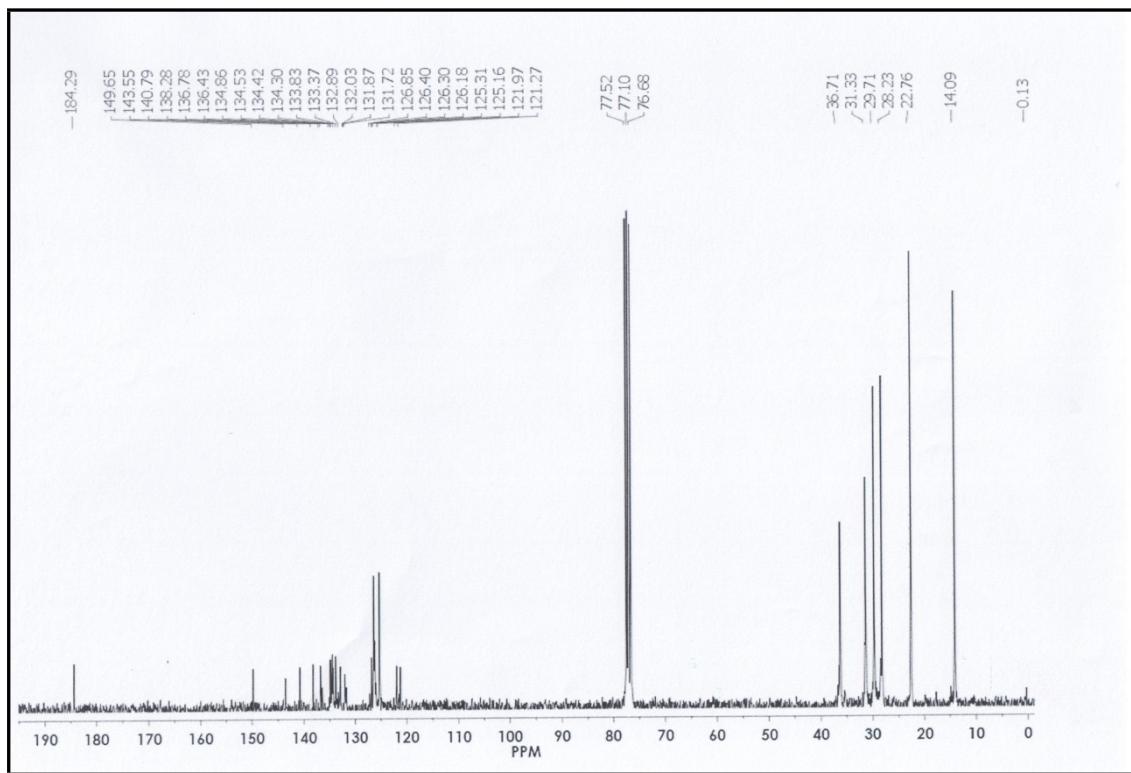


Fig. S7: ¹³C-NMR Spectrum of (2a) in CDCl₃

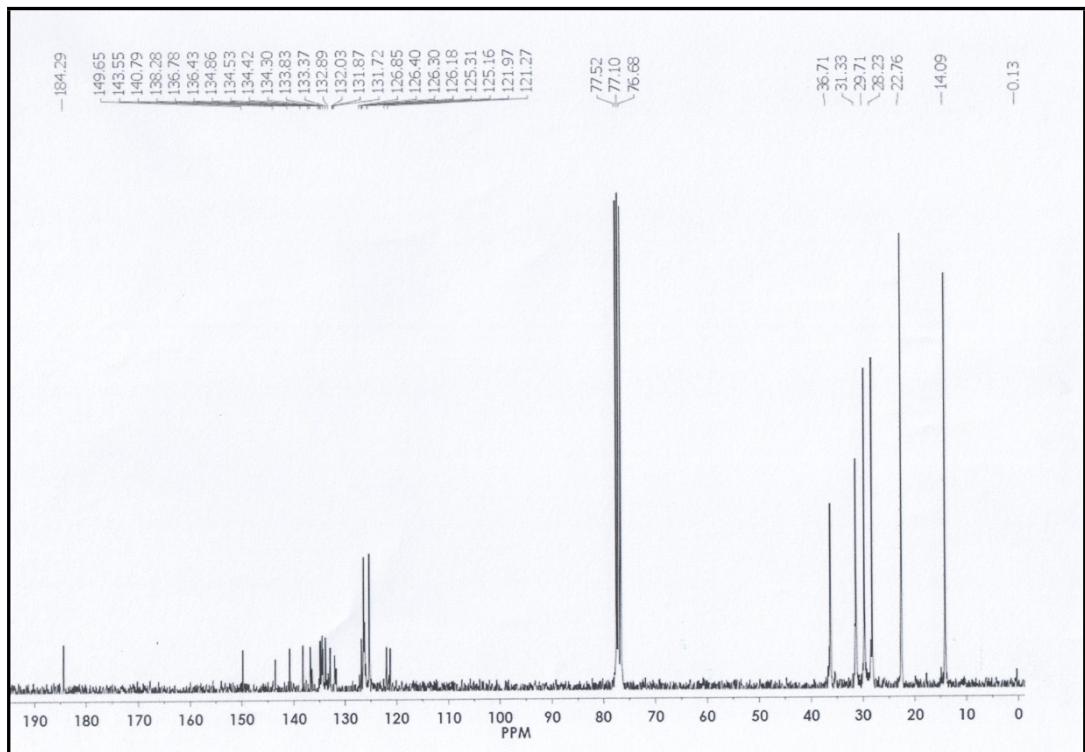


Fig. S8: ¹³C-NMR Spectrum of (**2c**) in CDCl_3

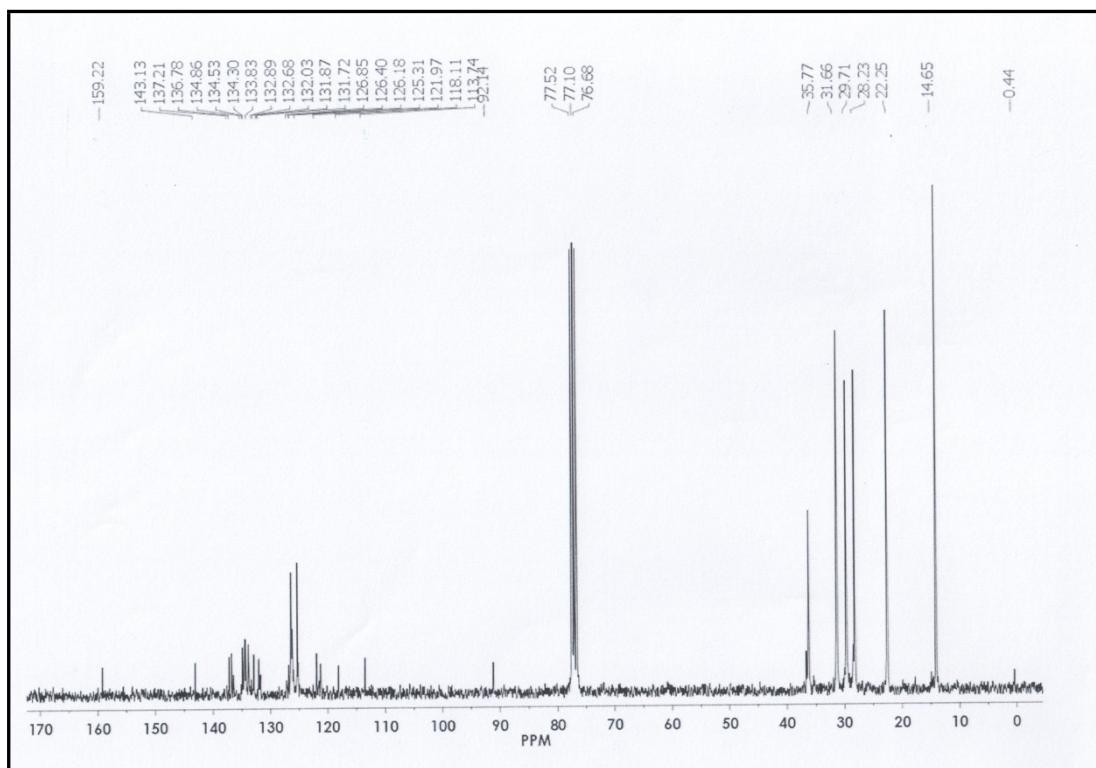


Fig. S9: ¹³C-NMR Spectrum of (**G1**) in CDCl_3

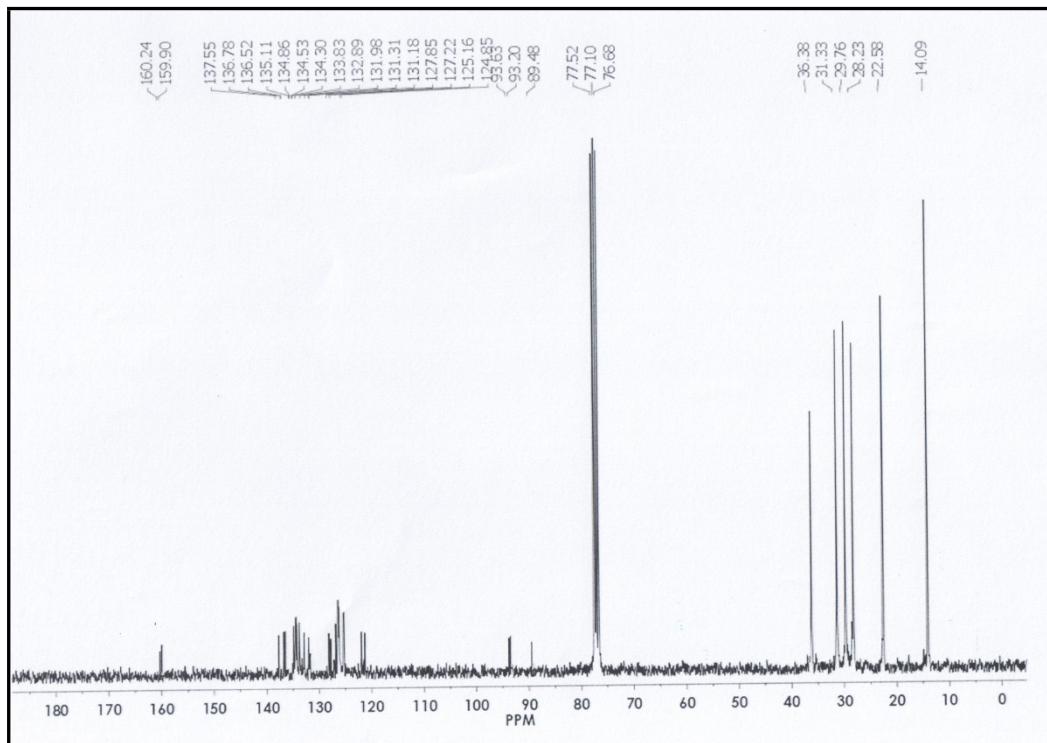


Fig. S10: ^{13}C -NMR Spectrum of (G3) in CDCl_3

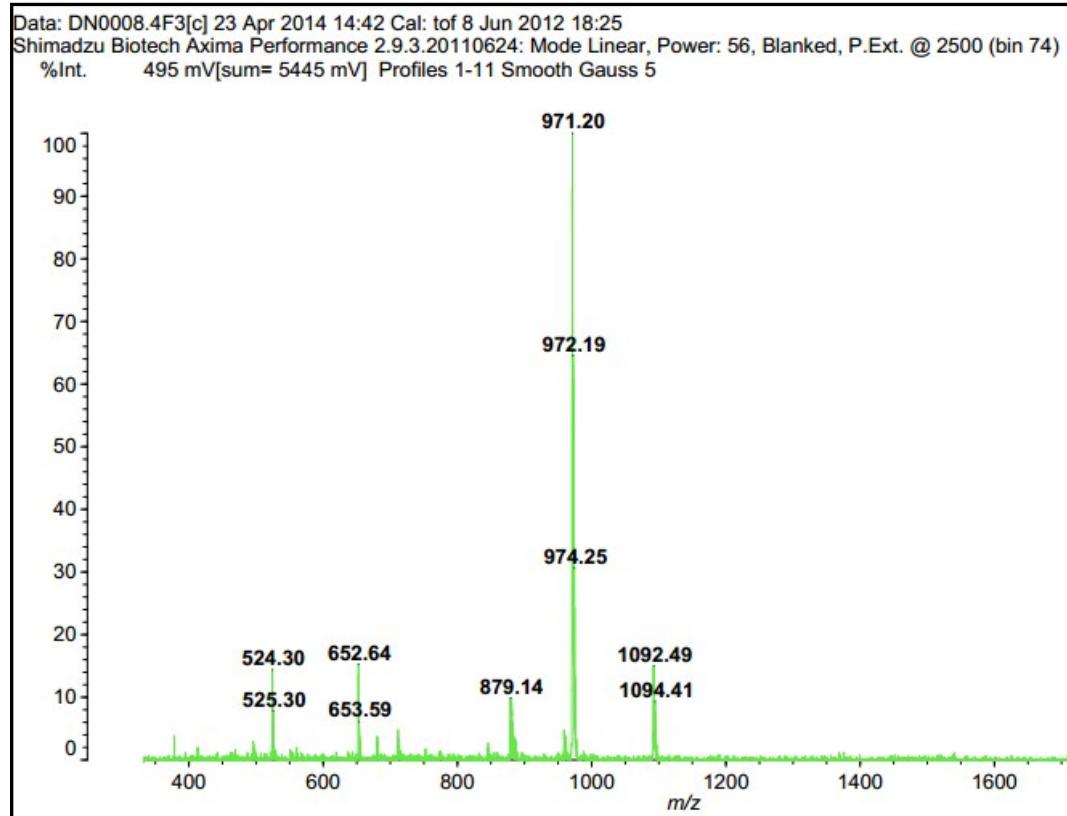


Fig. S11: MALDI-TOF Spectrum of compound (1)

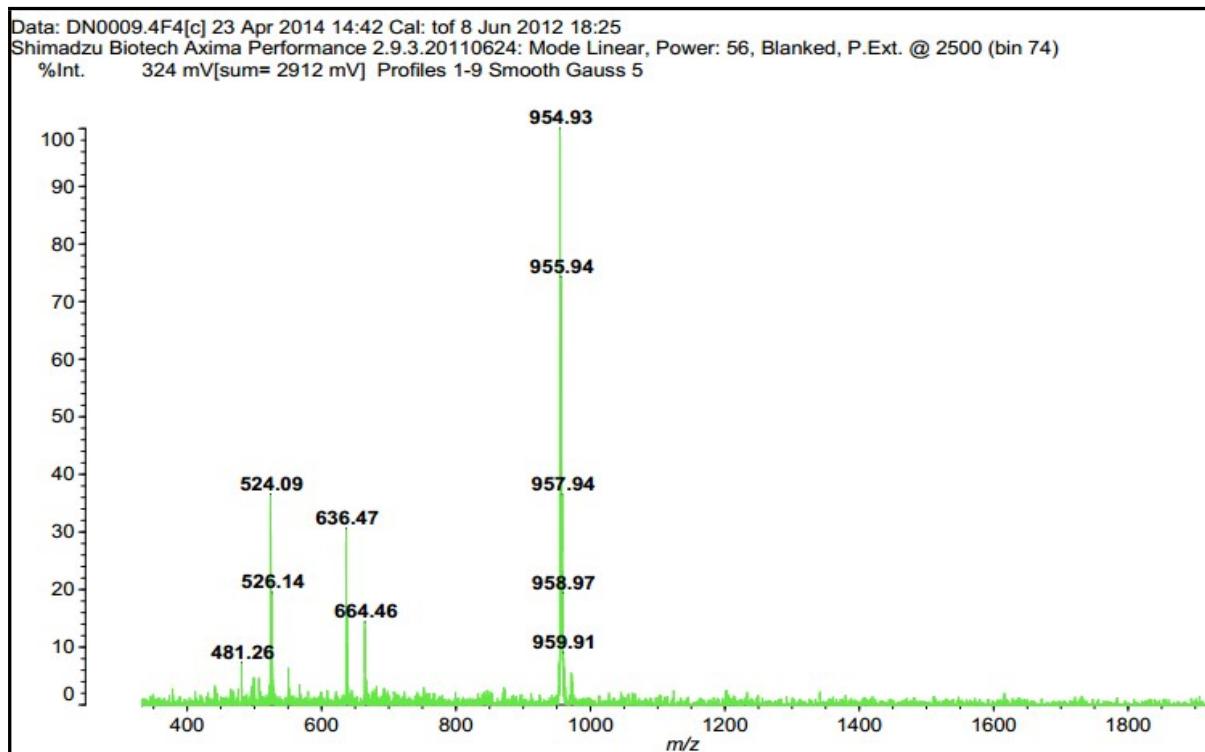


Fig. S12: MALDI-TOF Spectrum of compound (2a)

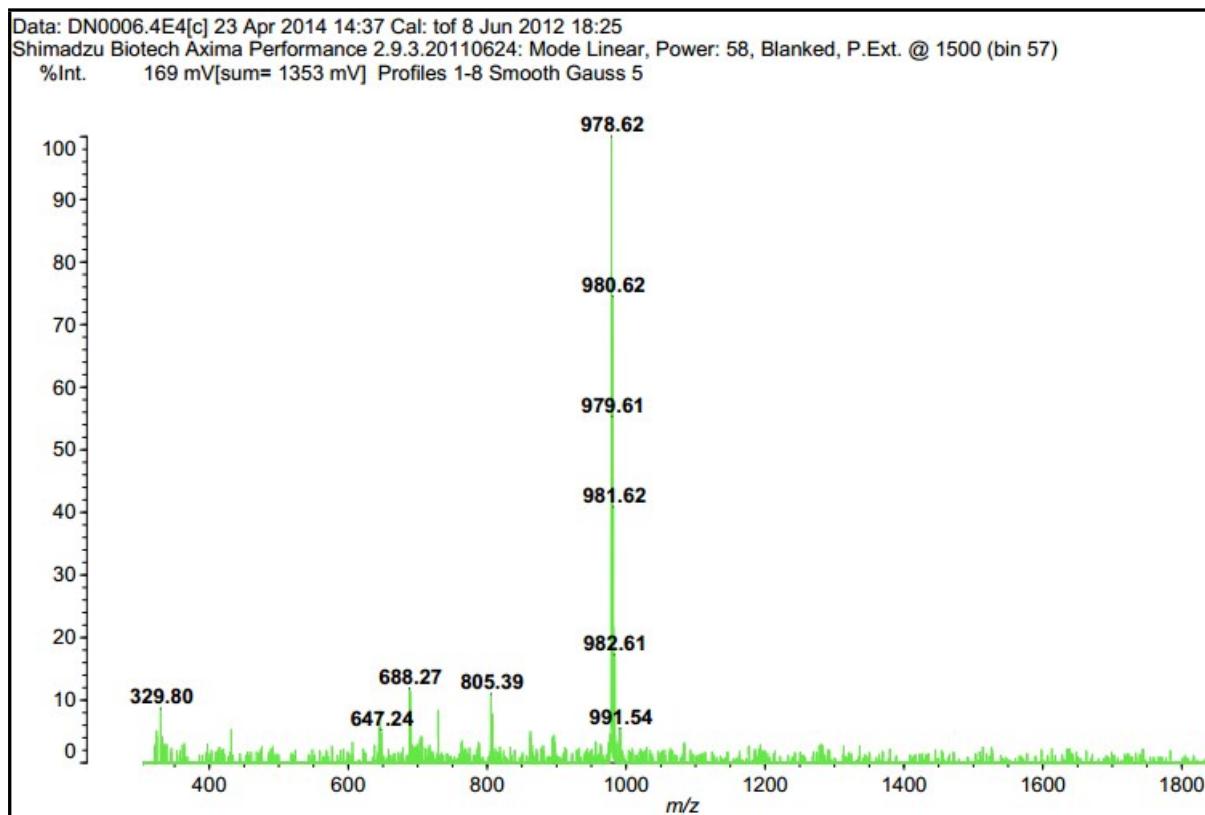


Fig. S13: MALDI-TOF Spectrum of compound (2c)

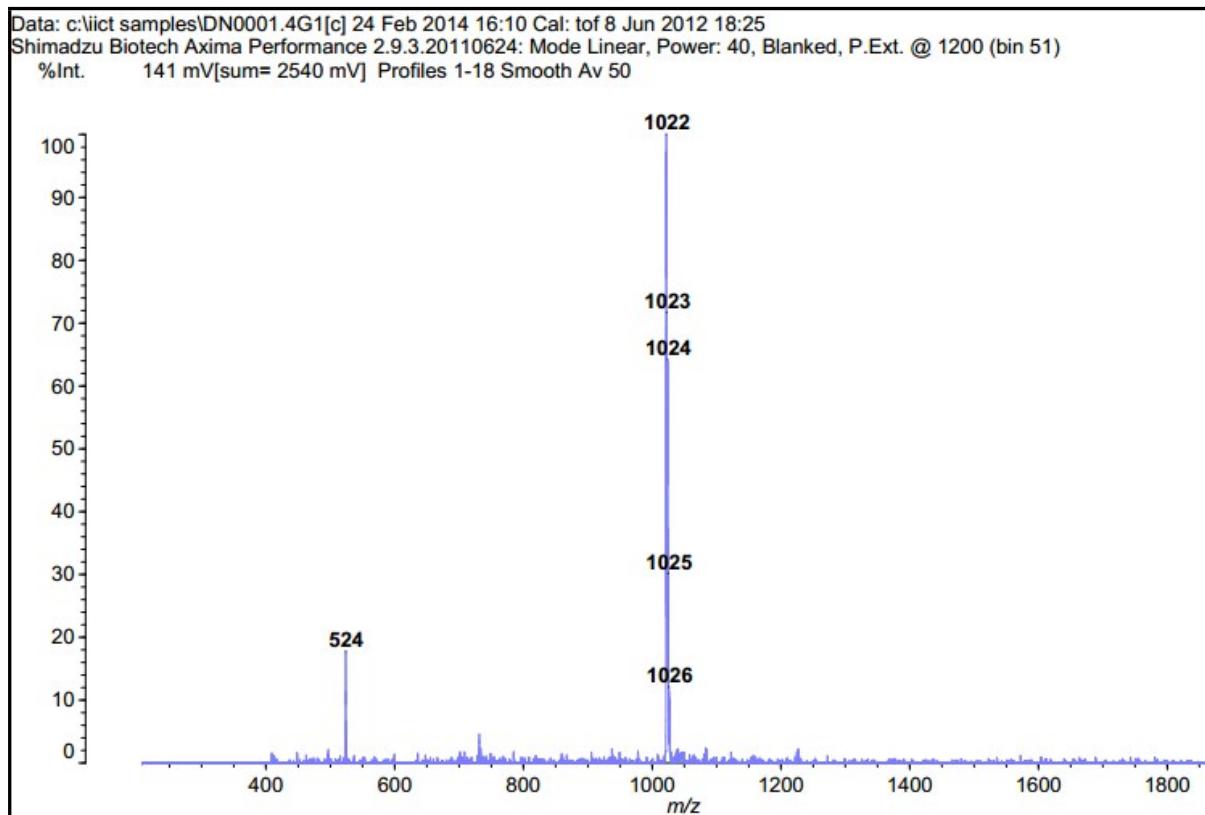


Fig. S14: MALDI-TOF Spectrum of compound (G1)

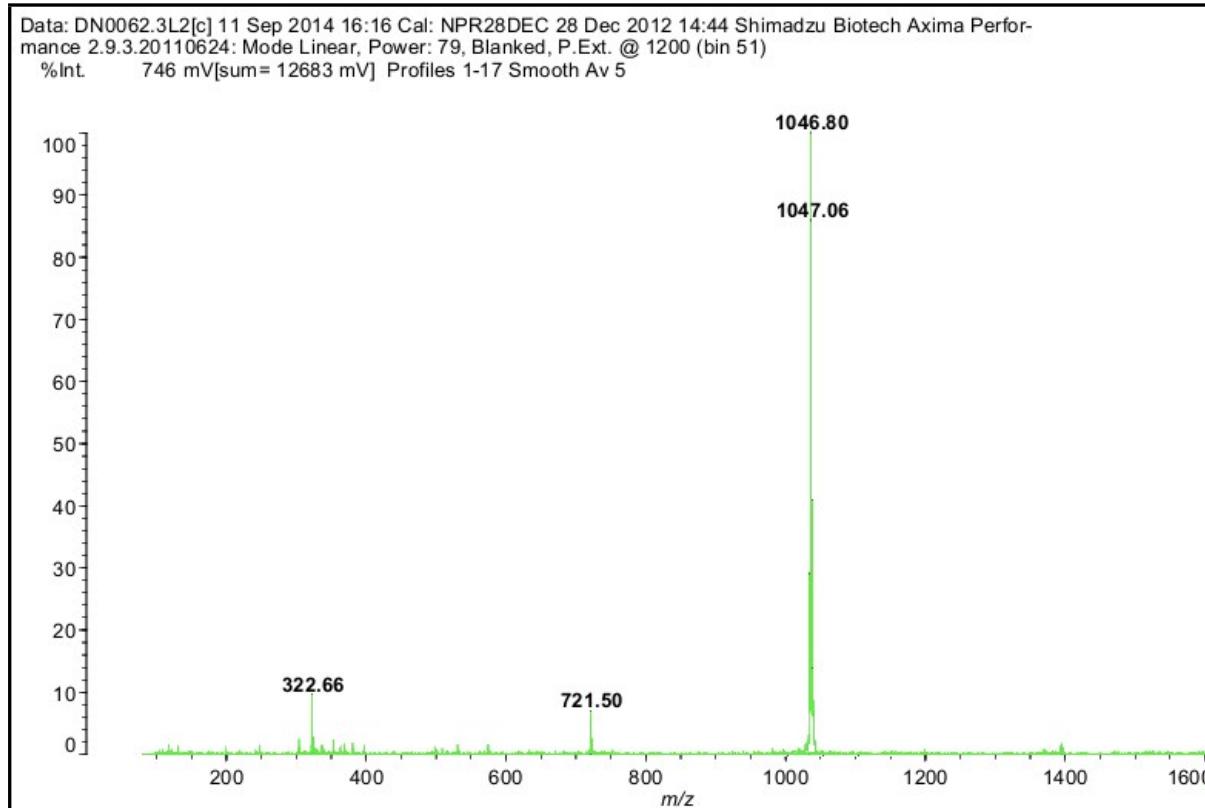


Fig. S15: MALDI-TOF Spectrum of compound (G3)

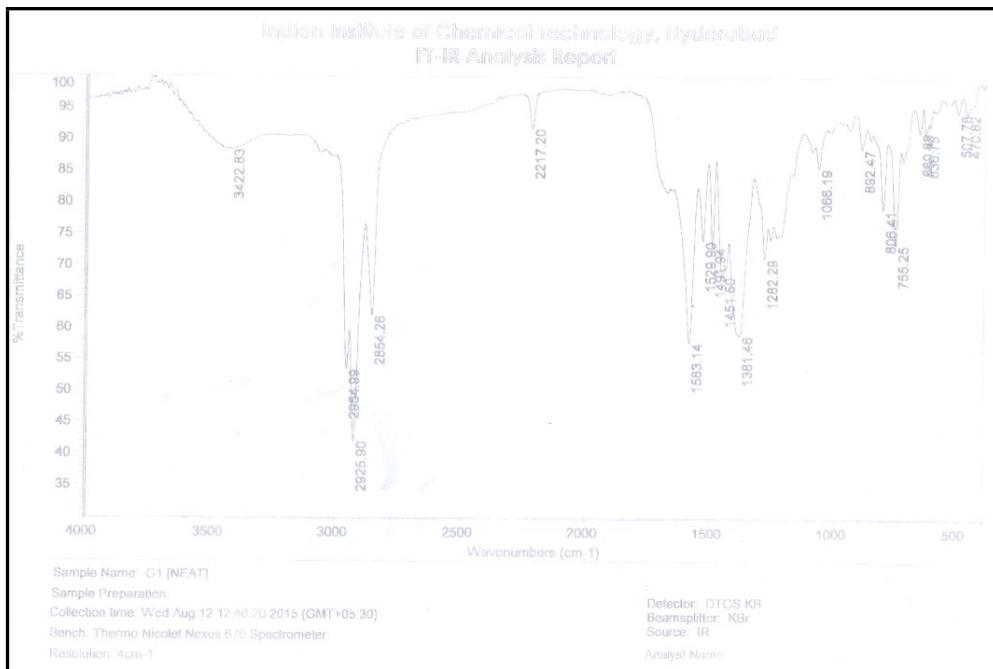


Fig. S16: IR Spectrum of G1.

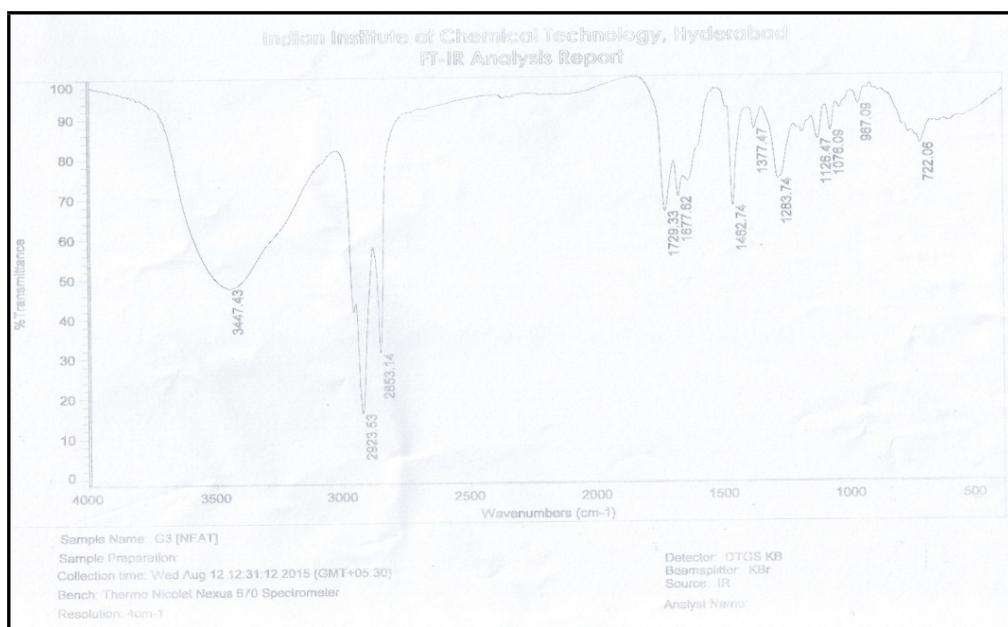


Fig. S17: IR Spectrum of G3.

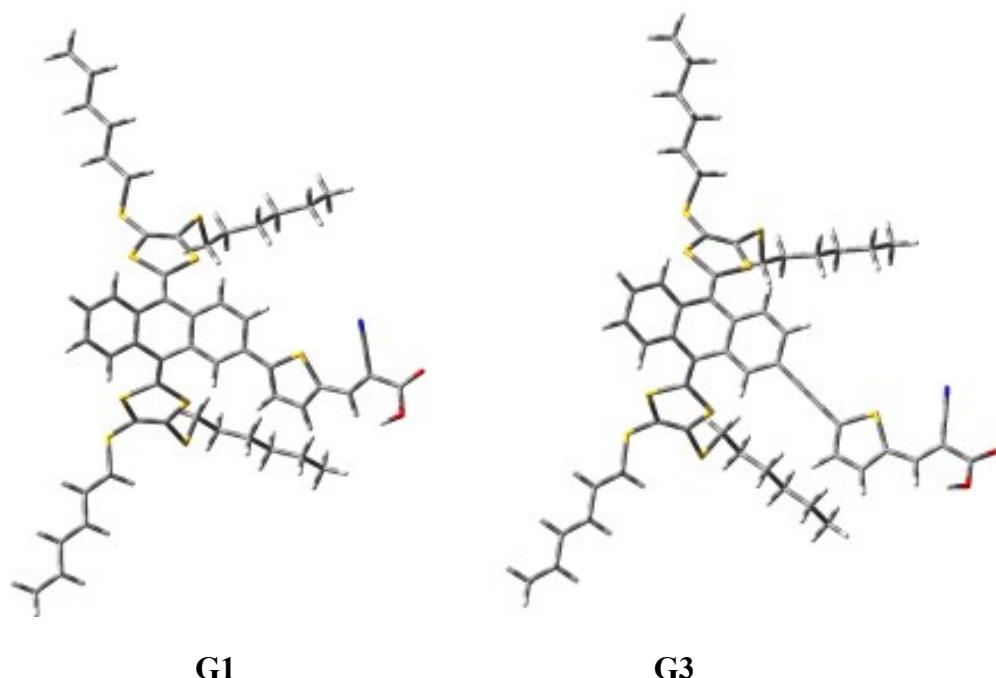


Fig. S18: Energy Optimized Structures of **G1&G3**.

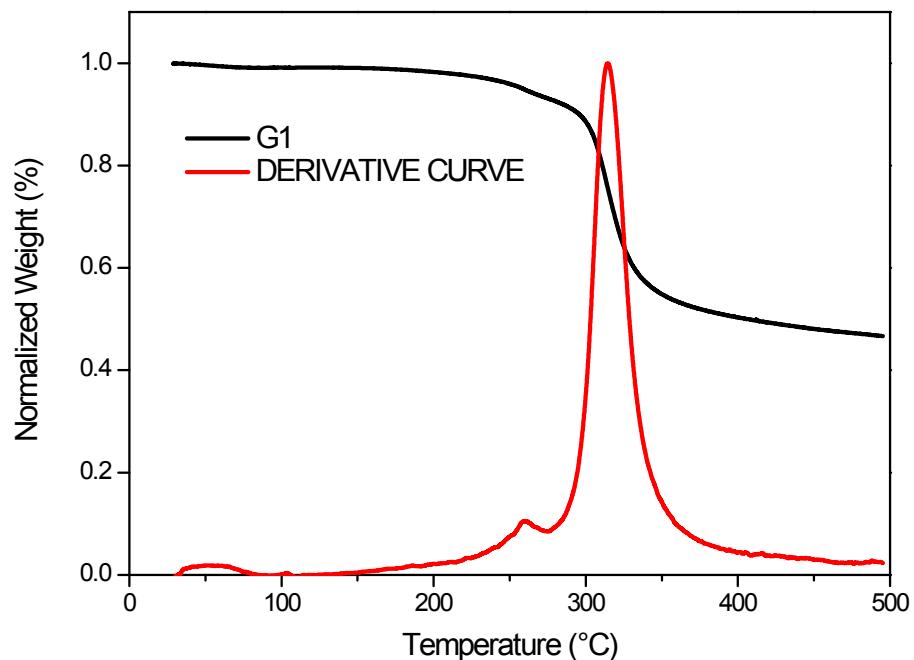


Fig. S19: TG/DTG Curves of **G1** with a heating rate of $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C min}^{-1}$ under nitrogen atmosphere.

Table S1: Comparison of the experimental optical properties with the theoretical data by B3LYP in dichloromethane.

Dye	^a λ_{max}	^b λ_{max}	^c <i>f</i>	^d E (eV)	% of Molecular Orbital Composition
G1	421	453	0.636	2.73	HOMO->LUMO (82%) H-2->LUMO (5%), HOMO->L+1 (7%)
G3	417	391	0.824	3.16	HOMO->LUMO (29%), HOMO->L+1 (65%)

^aRecorded absorbance in nm, ^b theoretical absorbance in nm, ^c Oscillation strength, and ^d excited state energy in eV.