

Supporting Information

Concise Asymmetric Total Synthesis of Catunaregin

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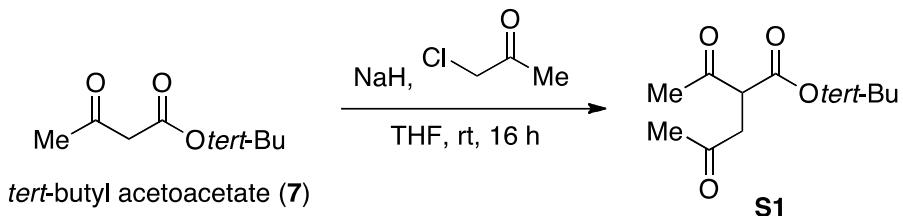
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General

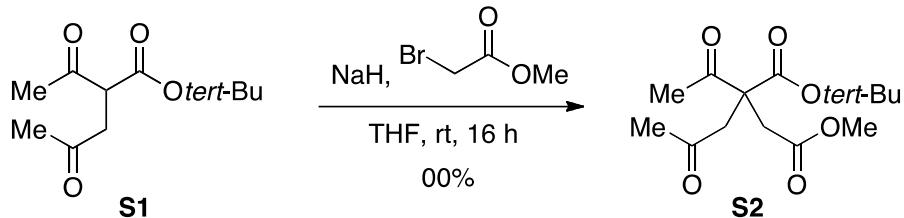
All reactions involving air- and moisture-sensitive reagents were carried out using standard syringe-septumcap techniques. Unless otherwise noted, all solvents and reagents were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. Routine monitoring of reactions were carried out Merck silica gel 60 F254 TLC plates. Column chromatography was performed on Kanto Chemical Silica Gel 60N (spherical, neutral 60–230 μm) with the solvents indicated. Melting points were taken on a Yanako MP-S3 micro melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Measurement of optical rotations was performed with a JASCO P-2200 polarimeter. Infrared spectral measurements were carried out with a Perkin–Elmer Paragon 1000 FT-IR and a JASCO FT/IR-4100 spectrometer, and only noteworthy absorptions were listed. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were measured with a JEOL JNM-ECS400 (400 MHz) or a Burker AV-600 (600 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts were expressed in ppm using CHCl_3 (7.26 ppm) for ^1H NMR and CHCl_3 (77.0 ppm) for ^{13}C NMR in CDCl_3 as an internal standard. HRMS spectra measured on a Micromass LCT spectrometer.

tert-Butyl 2-Acetyl-4-oxopentanoate (**S1**).



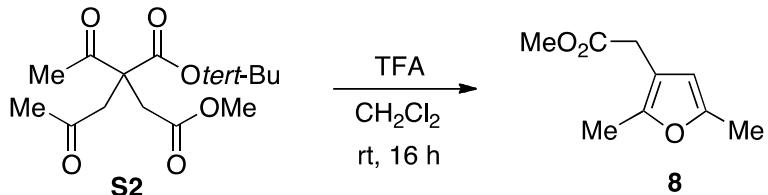
To a stirred suspension of sodium hydride (55% dispersion in mineral oil, 6.58 g, 157 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (400 mL) was added dropwise *tert*-butyl acetoacetate (**7**) (20.0 mL, 19.1 g, 121 mmol) at 0°C. After stirred for 0.5 h at 0°C, to this reaction mixture was added dropwise α -chloroacetone (12.5 mL, 14.5 g, 157 mmol) at 0 °C, and then stirred for 96 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with 1.0 M HCl aqueous solution (100 mL) at 0 °C, and extracted with ether (2 \times 300 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, and the washed solution was dried over MgSO_4 . The dried solution was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–EtOAc, 7:1) to afford the intermediate **S1** (19.5 g, 91.0 mmol, 75%) as a colorless liquid. Those spectra data were identified for those of previous report.

1-*tert*-Butyl 4-methyl 2-acetyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)succinate (**S2**).



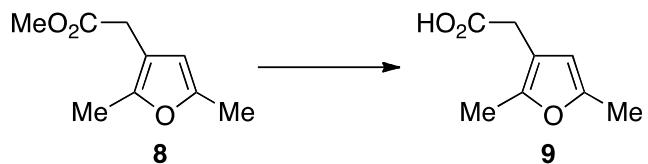
To a stirred suspension of sodium hydride (55% dispersion in mineral oil, 2.88 g, 65.8 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (170 mL) was added dropwise **S1** (10.9 g, 50.9 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature, to this mixture was added dropwise methyl bromoacetate (5.30 mL, 8.56 g, 56.0 mmol) at 0 °C, and then stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with 1.0 M HCl aqueous solution (80 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (2 × 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, and the washed solution was dried over MgSO₄. The dried solution was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–EtOAc, 4:1) to afford the intermediate **S2** (11.8 g, 41.2 mmol, 81%) as a colorless liquid. Those spectra data were identified for those of previous report.

Methyl 2-(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-yl)acetate (**8**).



To a stirred solution of **S2** (11.8 g, 41.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (140 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (24.5 mL, 37.6 g, 330 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirred for 13 h at room temperature, the mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–EtOAc, 9:1) to afford **8** (4.30 g, 25.6 mmol, 62%) as a pale yellow oil. Those spectra data were identified for those of previous report.

2-(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-yl)acetic acid (**9**).

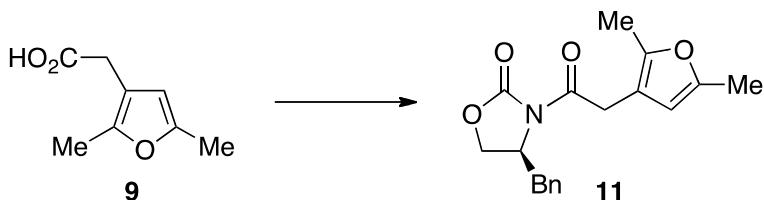


To a stirred solution of **8** (2.99 g, 17.8 mmol) in MeOH (35 mL) were added 3.0 M NaOH aqueous solution (12.5 mL) at room temperature. After stirred for 15 min at same temperature, the reaction was acidified by adding 1.0 M HCl aqueous solution, and extracted with CHCl₃ (3 × 150 mL). The

combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by recrystallization (hexane) to afford **9** (2.70 g, 17.5 mmol, 99%) as colorless needles.

$R_f = 0.45$ (hexane–AcOEt–AcOH = 1:1:0.04); Mp: 52–54 °C (hexane); IR (KBr) 3407, 3104, 2985, 2949, 2924, 2676, 1713, 1586, 1434, 1415, 1229, 1099, 991, 926, 800 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.20 (3H, s), 2.22 (3H, s), 3.34 (2H, s), 5.88 (1H, s); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.3, 13.4, 30.8, 107.7, 111.4, 147.2, 149.7, 178.2; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 177.0528, found 177.0527; Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$: C, 62.33; H, 6.54. Found: C, 62.20, 6.51.

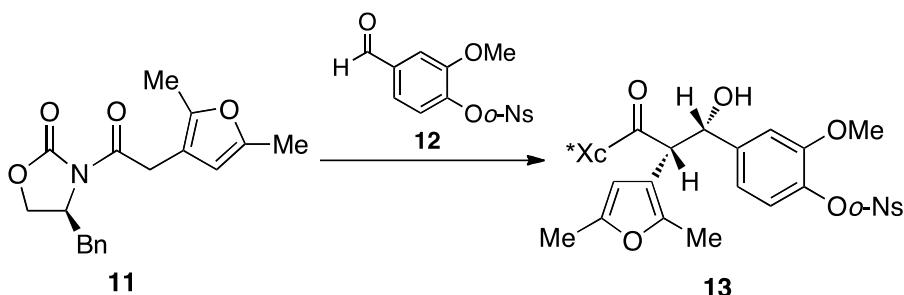
(*S*)-4-Benzyl-3-[2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)acetyl]oxazolidin-2-one (**11**).



To a stirred solution of **9** (1.75 g, 11.4 mmol) and triethylamine (1.75 mL, 1.26 g, 12.6 mmol) in THF (38 mL) under argon was added dropwise pivaloyl chloride (1.54 mL, 1.51 g, 12.5 mmol) at –78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at 0 °C. To this mixture was added dropwise a solution of lithium (*S*)-4-benzyl-2-oxooxazolin-3-ide in THF (42 mL), prepared from (*S*)-4-benzyloxazolidin-2-one (2.22 g, 12.5 mmol) and *n*-butyllithium (1.63 M in hexane, 7.69 mL, 12.5 mmol), at –78 °C. After stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution (50 mL), and extracted with AcOEt (2×120 mL). The combined organic layers was washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 4:1) to afford **11** (3.30 g, 10.5 mmol, 93%) as a colorless oil.

$R_f = 0.61$ (hexane–AcOEt = 2:1); $[\alpha]_D^{25} +56.4$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3029, 2981, 2921, 1781, 1701, 1584, 1454, 1390, 1356, 1211, 1197, 1111, 1052, 994, 762, 747, 703 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.23 (3H, s), 2.24 (3H, s), 2.77 (1H, dd, $J = 13.3, 9.6$ Hz), 3.29 (1H, dd, $J = 13.3, 3.2$ Hz), 3.94 and 4.01 (2H, ABq, $J = 17.0$ Hz), 4.18 (1H, A part of ABX, $J = 9.2, 3.2$ Hz), 4.22 (1H, B part of ABX, $J = 9.2, 7.6$ Hz), 4.64–4.70 (1H, m), 5.92 (1H, s), 7.16–7.19 (2H, m), 7.24–7.34 (3H, m); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.5, 13.4, 31.9, 37.7, 55.2, 66.1, 107.9, 111.4, 127.3, 128.9 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 135.1, 147.5, 149.6, 153.4, 171.0; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 336.1212, found 336.1208.

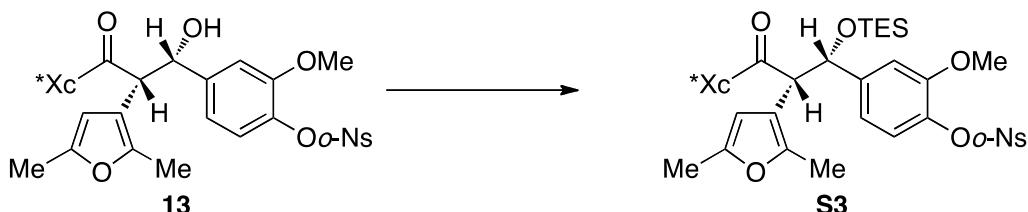
4-[(*S,S*)-3-((*S*)-4-Benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)-2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)-1-hydroxy-3-oxopropyl]-2-methoxyphenyl 2-nitrobenzenesulfonate (**13**).



To a stirred solution of **11** (1.31 g, 4.18 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (14 mL) were added dropwise *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.981 mL, 0.728 g, 5.63 mmol), and di-*n*-butylboryl trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.0 M in CH_2Cl_2 , 4.74 mL, 4.74 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirred for 45 min at 0 °C, to this mixtre was added dropwise a solution of *O*-*o*-Ns-vanillin **12** (1.00 g, 2.96 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at -78 °C. After stirred for 2.5 h at -78 °C, the reaction was quenched with MeOH (40 mL) and saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution (40 mL) at -78 °C, and extracted with CHCl_3 (2 × 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, and the washed solution was dried over Na_2SO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 2:1) to afford **13** (1.89 g, 2.90 mmol, 98%) as a colorless oil.

R_f = 0.26 (hexane–AcOEt = 2:1); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +4.7 (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3502, 3088, 2921, 2850, 1774, 1690, 1604, 1545, 1501, 1385, 1364, 1272, 1199, 1111, 1031, 864, 852, 760 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.04 (3H, s), 2.26 (3H, s), 2.67 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 9.2 Hz), 2.90–3.06 (1H, br s), 3.09 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 3.2 Hz), 3.49 (3H, s), 4.02–4.12 (2H, m), 4.53–4.60 (1H, m), 5.15 (1H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 5.18 (1H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 6.13 (1H, s), 6.84–6.91 (2H, m); 7.01–7.08 (2H, m); 7.11 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.22–7.29 (3H, m); 7.68–7.75 (1H, m); 7.76–7.85 (2H, m); 8.00–8.05 (1H, m); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.3, 13.5, 37.3, 47.6, 54.7, 55.5, 65.8, 74.2, 106.4, 111.3, 112.1, 119.2, 123.7, 124.5, 127.3, 128.8 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 129.9, 131.6, 131.8, 134.6, 134.9, 137.7, 141.5, 148.3, 150.1, 150.2, 151.2, 152.7, 172.7; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{11}\text{SNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 673.1468, found 673.1465.

4-[(1*S*,2*S*)-3-((*S*)-4-Benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)-2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)-3-oxo-1-(triethylsilyloxy)propyl]-2-methoxyphenyl 2-nitrobenzenesulfonate (**S3**).

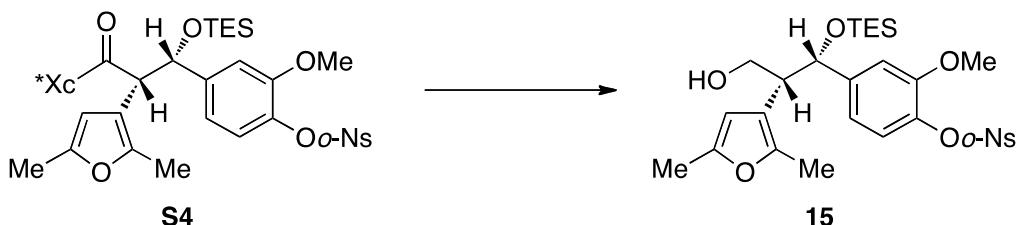


To a stirred solution of **13** (500 mg, 0.768 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) were added dropwise 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (0.689 mL, 703 mg, 4.62 mmol), and triethylsilyl

trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.434 mL, 508 mg, 1.92 mmol) at -78°C under argon, and the mixture was stirred for 20 h at -50°C . The reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution (5 mL), and extracted with CHCl_3 (3×20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 2:1) to afford **S3** (527 mg, 0.689 mmol, 90%) as a colorless gum.

$R_f = 0.45$ (hexane–AcOEt–Et₂O = 2:1:1); $[\alpha]_D^{25} +10.9$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3028, 2955, 2915, 2876, 2360, 2341, 1776, 1696, 1604, 1548, 1501, 1389, 1281, 1201, 1111, 1004, 891, 859, 655, 591 cm^{-1} ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.34 (6H, q, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 0.71 (9H, t, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 2.21 (3H, s), 2.25 (3H, s), 2.65 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.5, 8.9 Hz), 3.06 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.5, 3.0 Hz), 3.50 (3H, s), 3.92–4.03 (2H, m), 4.36–4.42 (1H, m), 5.00 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 5.25 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 6.20 (1H, s), 6.88 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.8 Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 7.01–7.11 (3H, m), 7.20–7.30 (3H, m), 7.67–7.75 (1H, m), 7.77–7.84 (2H, m), 8.01 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.5 (3C), 6.4 (3C), 11.6, 13.5, 37.3, 49.0, 54.9, 55.6, 65.6, 75.9, 106.7, 111.3, 114.4, 119.4, 123.4, 124.4, 127.2, 128.7 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 129.8, 131.5, 131.7, 134.87, 134.89, 137.4, 144.0, 148.4, 149.2, 149.3, 151.1, 152.9, 171.5; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{44}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{11}\text{SSiNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 787.2333, found 787.2331.

4-[(1*S*,2*R*)-2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)-3-hydroxy-1-(triethylsilyloxy)propyl]-2-methoxyphenyl 2-nitrobenzenesulfonate (**15**).

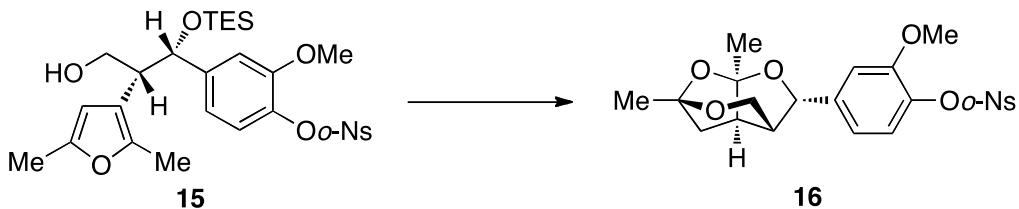


To a stirred suspension of lithium chloride (108 mg, 2.54 mmol) in THF (5 mL) were added sodium borohydride (95.9 mg, 2.54 mmol) at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at 40°C . To this mixture was added dropwise a solution of **S4** (194 mg, 0.254 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) at 40°C , and the mixture was stirred for 25 h at 50°C . The reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution (5 mL), and extracted with CHCl_3 (3×20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 2:1) to afford **15** (117 mg, 0.198 mmol, 78%) as colorless oil.

$R_f = 0.50$ (hexane–AcOEt = 1:2); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -27.0$ (*c* 0.3, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3582, 3419, 3098, 2955, 2914, 2877, 1732, 1604, 1548, 1500, 1464, 1417, 1387, 1282, 1266, 1200, 1148, 1111, 1007, 866, 851, 761, 741, 591 cm^{-1} ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.41–0.55 (6H, m), 0.82–0.87 (9H, m),

1.72 (3H, s), 1.79 (1H, br s), 2.18 (3H, s), 2.77 (1H, ddd, $J = 7.3, 7.3, 3.7$ Hz), 3.38 (3H, s), 3.70 (1H, dd, $J = 10.5, 7.3$ Hz), 3.84 (1H, dd, $J = 10.5, 7.3$ Hz), 4.93 (1H, d, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 5.77 (1H, s), 6.55 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz), 6.69 (1H, dd, $J = 8.2, 1.8$ Hz), 7.07 (1H, dd, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.65–7.70 (1H, m), 7.78–7.86 (2H, m), 7.94–7.97 (1H, m); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.65 (3C), 6.67 (3C), 10.9, 13.4, 46.9, 55.3, 63.7, 74.9, 106.8, 111.3, 115.1, 118.4, 123.3, 124.6, 130.0, 131.6 (2C), 134.7, 137.1, 144.2, 148.0, 148.5, 148.8, 150.7; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}_9\text{SSiNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 614.1856, found 614.1860.

4-[(1*R*,3*S*,3a*R*,6*S*,7a*R*)-1,6-Dimethylhexahydro-1*H*-1,6-epoxyfuro[3,4-*c*]pyran-3-yl]-2-methoxyphenyl 2-nitrobenzenesulfonate (**16**).



To a stirred solution of **15** (74.0 mg, 0.125 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added concentrated H_2SO_4 (0.200 mL) at room temperature under argon, and the mixture was stirred for 8 h at the same temperature. The reaction was carefully poured into saturated NaHCO_3 aqueous solution, and extracted with CHCl_3 (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 1:3) to afford **16** (37.0 mg, 0.0775 mmol, 62%) as a colorless oil, and diol **14** (2.2 mg, 0.00461 mmol, 4%) as a colorless oil.

Data of **16**

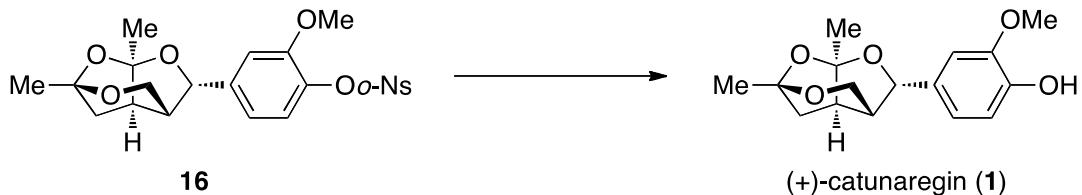
$R_f = 0.57$ (hexane–AcOEt = 1:9); $[\alpha]_D^{25} +33.3$ (c 0.55, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3502, 3096, 2985, 2936, 2879, 2360, 2341, 1732, 1604, 1546, 1505, 1465, 1453, 1385, 1274, 1200, 1166, 1112, 1059, 1032, 942, 896, 852, 758, 592 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.48 (3H, s), 1.60 (3H, s), 1.88 (1H, dd, $J = 12.4, 4.1$ Hz), 2.26 (1H, d, $J = 12.4$ Hz), 2.45–2.50 (1H, m), 2.68 (1H, dd, $J = 10.1, 3.7$ Hz), 3.57 (3H, s), 3.75–3.78 (2H, m), 4.98 (1H, d, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 6.82–6.86 (2H, m), 7.15 (1H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 7.68–7.74 (1H, m), 7.79–7.84 (1H, m), 7.85–7.88 (1H, m), 8.03 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 22.5, 24.7, 33.2, 45.5, 48.0, 55.6, 63.0, 84.6, 106.1, 110.2, 115.5, 117.8, 124.3, 124.7, 130.2, 131.6, 131.9, 134.8, 137.5, 143.5, 148.4, 151.5; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_9\text{SNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 500.0991, found 500.0994.

Data of diol **14**

$R_f = 0.56$ (hexane–AcOEt = 1:19); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -20.2$ (c 0.27, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3558, 3399, 3099, 3008, 2921, 1717, 1604, 1546, 1502, 1465, 1419, 1384, 1271, 1199, 1175, 1110, 1059, 1031, 864, 853,

765 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.52–1.70 (1H, br s), 1.87 (3H, s), 2.23 (3H, s), 2.34–2.42 (1H, br s), 2.80–2.86 (1H, m), 3.49 (3H, s), 3.72–3.76 (2H, m), 4.92 (1H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 5.95 (1H, s), 6.74 (1H, s), 6.80 (1H, dd, J = 8.7, 1.4 Hz), 7.13 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.71 (1H, ddd, J = 8.2, 7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.81 (1H, ddd, J = 8.2, 7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.86 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 1.4 Hz); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.2, 13.5, 46.3, 55.9, 64.0, 74.4, 106.0, 111.0, 114.8, 118.6, 123.7, 124.7, 130.2, 131.6, 131.8, 134.8, 137.5, 143.4, 148.4, 148.5, 150.1, 151.2; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_9\text{SNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 500.0991, found 500.0987.

4-[(*1R,3S,3aR,6S,7aR*)-1,6-dimethylhexahydro-1*H*-1,6-epoxyfuro[3,4-*c*]pyran-3-yl]-2-methoxyphenol [catunaregin (**1**)].

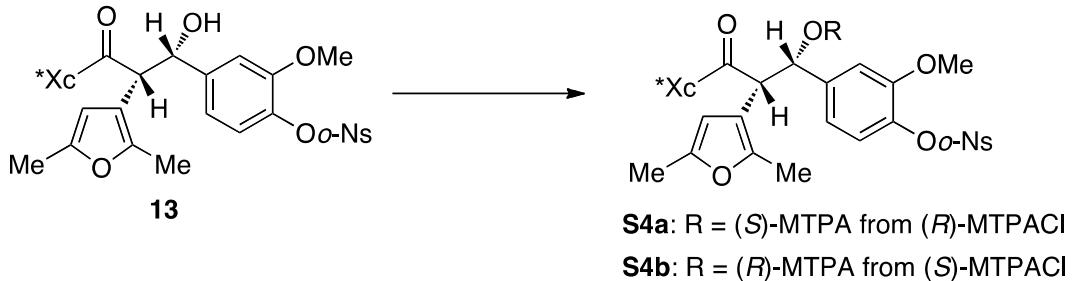


To a stirred solution of **16** (37.0 mg, 0.0775 mmol) and cesium carbonate (126 mg, 0.387 mmol) in CH_3CN (1 mL) was added dropwise thiophenol (23.8 μL , 25.6 mg, 0.0232 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution, and the mixture was extracted with AcOEt (2 \times 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane– AcOEt , 1:9) to afford **1** (22.6 mg, 0.0773 mmol, 100%) as a colorless oil.

R_f = 0.67 (hexane– AcOEt = 1:9); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +38.5 (c 0.350, MeOH); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +40.3 (c 0.405, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3408, 2984, 2937, 2879, 1608, 1603, 1517, 1460, 1450, 1432, 1385, 1331, 1270, 1238, 1195, 1170, 1113, 1057, 1032, 942, 847, 819, 794, 762 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.49 (3H, s), 1.60 (3H, s), 1.88 (1H, dd, J = 12.3, 3.7 Hz), 2.26 (1H, d, J = 12.3 Hz), 2.46–2.52 (1H, m), 2.71 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 3.7 Hz), 3.73–3.78 (2H, m), 3.91 (3H, s), 4.95 (1H, d, J = 4.1 Hz), 5.60 (1H, s), 6.77–6.83 (2H, m), 6.86–6.90 (1H, m); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 22.6, 24.8, 33.3, 45.7, 47.8, 55.9, 62.9, 85.3, 105.9, 108.6, 114.4, 115.3, 118.8, 134.4, 145.2, 146.5; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 315.1208, found 315.1201.

Syntheses of (S)- and (R)-MTPA esters, and $\Delta\delta$ values of the Mosher's esters.

(S)-(1*S*,2*S*)-3-[(*S*)-4-Benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl]-2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-nitrophenylsulfonyloxy)phenyl]-3-oxopropyl 3,3,3-Trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoate (**S4a**).



To a stirred solution of **13** (50.0 mg, 0.0768 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) was added pyridine (31.0 μL , 30.4 mg, 0.384 mmol), and (*R*)-(-)- α -methoxy- α -trifluoromethylphenylacetyl chloride (28.8 μL , 38.8 mg, 0.154 mmol) in 0 °C. After stirred for 5 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aqueous solution (3 mL), and extracted with CHCl_3 (3×10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 . The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 2:1) to afford **S4a** (51.4 mg, 59.3 mmol, 77%) as colorless amorphous solid.

R_f = 0.56 (hexane–AcOEt = 1:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ −12.5 (*c* 0.34, CHCl_3); IR (neat) 3430, 3027, 2950, 2922, 2849, 1774, 1752, 1696, 1638, 1606, 1546, 1502, 1452, 1389, 1362, 1271, 1255, 1201, 1182, 1113, 1022, 999, 863, 851, 760, 717 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.93 (3H, s), 2.25 (3H, s), 2.68 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 8.3 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 3.4 Hz), 3.26 (3H, m), 3.54 (3H, s), 4.02 (1H, A part of ABX, *J* = 9.0, 3.6 Hz), 4.08 (1H, B part of ABX, *J* = 9.0, 8.4 Hz), 4.46–4.52 (1H, m), 5.65 (1H, d, *J* = 10.0 Hz), 6.10 (1H, s), 6.49 (1H, d, *J* = 10.0 Hz), 6.92–6.97 (2H, m), 7.02 (1H, d, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 7.07 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.8 Hz), 7.14–7.19 (3H, m), 7.20–7.23 (3H, m), 7.27–7.29 (2H, m), 7.35–7.39 (1H, m), 7.72–7.79 (2H, m), 7.80–7.84 (1H, m), 8.09 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9 Hz); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.2, 13.6, 37.1, 45.1, 54.5, 55.3, 55.7, 65.7, 77.04, 84.3 (q, *J* = 27.5 Hz), 105.8, 112.56, 112.64, 120.5, 123.2 (q, *J* = 288.7 Hz), 124.3, 124.4, 126.9 (2C), 127.3, 128.2 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 129.36, 129.42 (2C), 129.9, 131.5, 131.8, 132.0, 134.4, 135.0, 137.7, 138.4, 148.4, 149.9, 150.1, 151.6, 152.9, 165.5, 170.1; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for $\text{C}_{42}\text{H}_{37}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_{13}\text{SNa}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$) 889.1866, found 889.1856.

(*R*)-(1*S*,2*S*)-3-[(*S*)-4-benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl]-2-(2,5-dimethylfuran-3-yl)-1-[3-methoxy-4-((2-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)oxy)phenyl]-3-oxopropyl 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoate (**S4b**).

To a stirred solution of **13** (50.0 mg, 0.0768 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) was added pyridine (31.0 μL ,

30.4 mg, 0.384 mmol), and (S)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -trifluoromethylphenylacetyl chloride (28.8 μ L, 38.8 mg, 0.154 mmol) in 0 °C. After stirred for 5 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aqueous solution (3 mL), and extracted with CHCl₃ (3 \times 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. The dried solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–AcOEt, 2:1) to afford **S4b** (61.9x mg, 71.4 mmol, 93%) as colorless amorphous solid.

R_f = 0.63 (hexane–AcOEt = 1:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +16.8 (*c* 0.62, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3432, 3026, 2950, 2923, 2850, 1775, 1753, 1696, 1637, 1606, 1546, 1502, 1452, 1389, 1365, 1270, 1255, 1202, 1182, 1113, 1030, 1000, 864, 851, 760 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.18 (3H, s), 2.28 (3H, s), 2.69 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 8.3 Hz), 2.98 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 3.2 Hz), 3.26 (3H, m), 3.41 (3H, s), 4.00 (1H, A part of ABX, *J* = 9.1, 3.0 Hz), 4.05 (1H, B part of ABX, *J* = 9.1, 8.3 Hz), 4.46–4.51 (1H, m), 5.66 (1H, d, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 6.20 (1H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 6.94–6.99 (3H, m), 7.06–7.12 (3H, m), 7.21–7.27 (5H, m), 7.33–7.37 (1H, m), 7.73–7.77 (2H, m), 7.80–7.84 (1H, m), 8.08–8.11 (1H, m); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.5, 13.6, 37.1, 45.3, 54.5, 55.1, 55.5, 65.7, 77.9, 84.5 (q, *J* = 27.5 Hz), 105.7, 112.0, 113.4, 120.7, 123.2 (q, *J* = 288.7 Hz), 124.1, 124.4, 127.1 (2C), 127.3, 128.2 (2C), 128.8 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 129.5, 129.9, 131.6, 131.81, 131.84, 134.5, 134.9, 137.5, 138.3, 148.4, 150.1, 150.3, 151.4, 152.8, 165.3, 170.1; HRMS (ESI–TOF) calcd for C₄₂H₃₇F₃N₂O₁₃SNa ([M + Na]⁺) 889.1866, found 889.1863.

