

Supporting Information

One-step hydrothermal synthesis of hydrophilic Fe₃O₄/carbon compositions and their application in removing toxic chemicals

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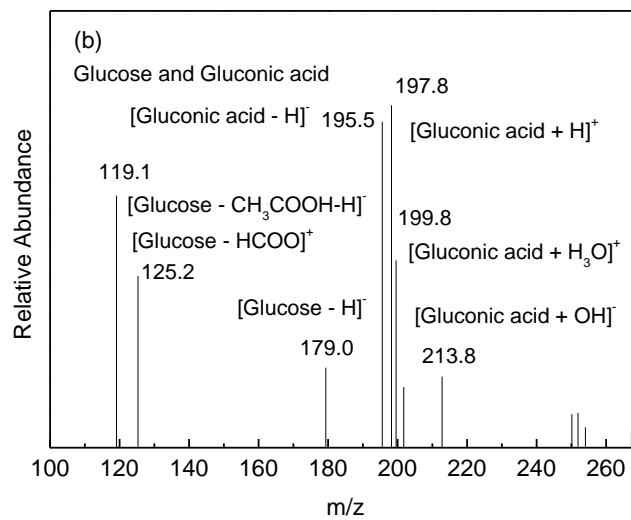
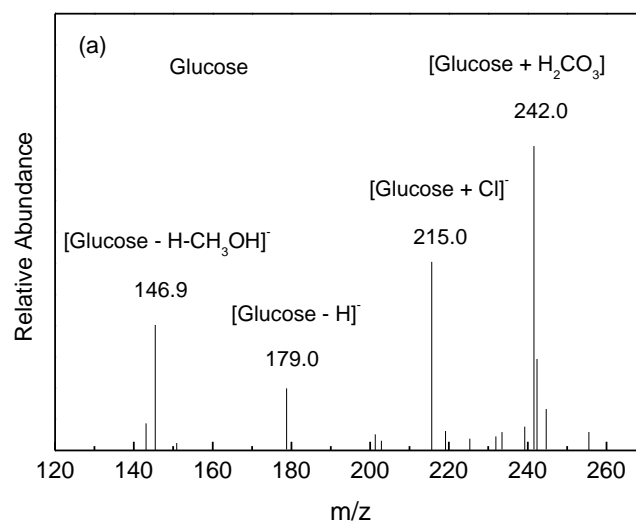


Figure S1. The mass spectrometry (MS) of raw glucose (a) and organic remainders (glucose and gluconic acid) of the reaction solution (b) for Fe₃O₄/C-b.

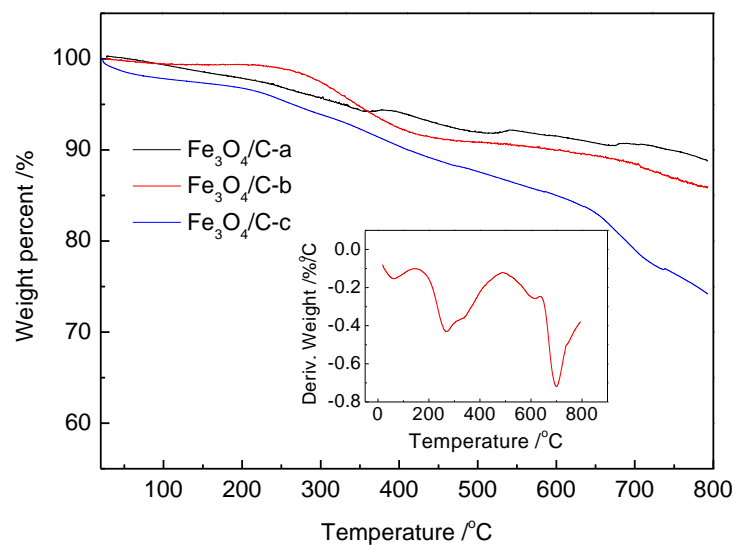


Figure S2. TGA curves of the synthesized magnetite nanoparticles Fe₃O₄/C-a, Fe₃O₄/C-b and Fe₃O₄/C-c (inset: the DTG curve of sample Fe₃O₄/C-b).

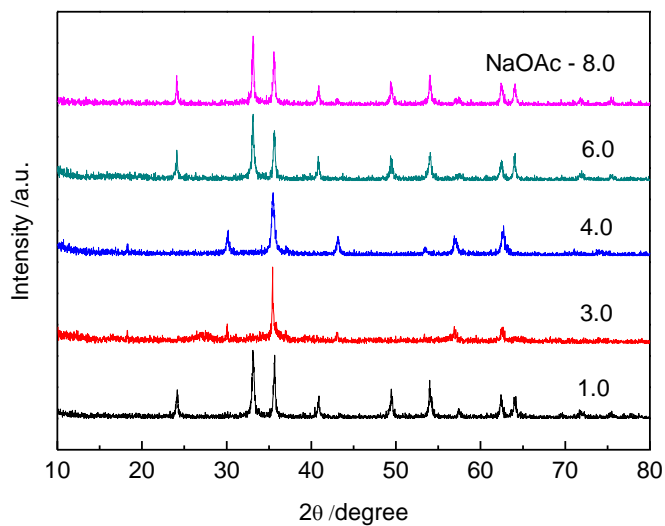


Figure S3. XRD patterns of iron oxide samples obtained by using different amount of NaOAc.

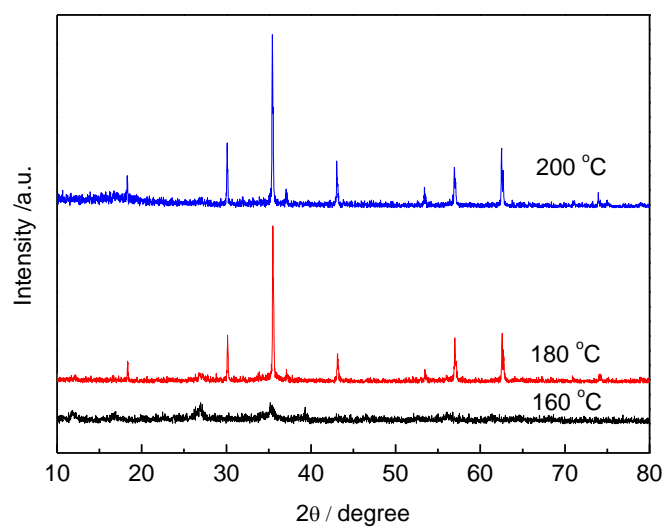


Figure S4. XRD patterns of iron oxide samples obtained by different hydrothermal reaction temperature.

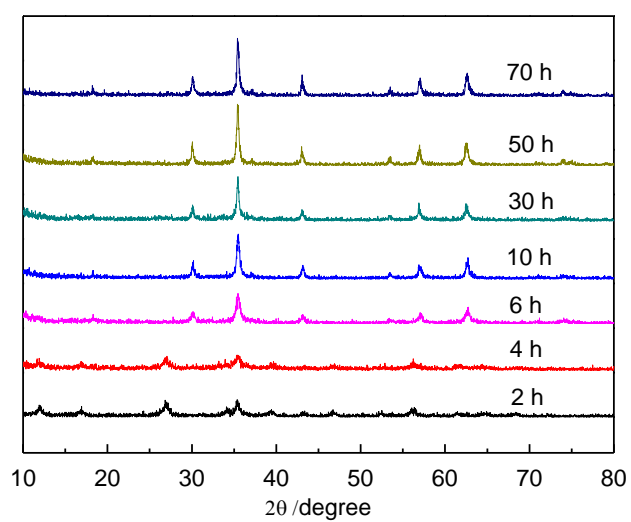
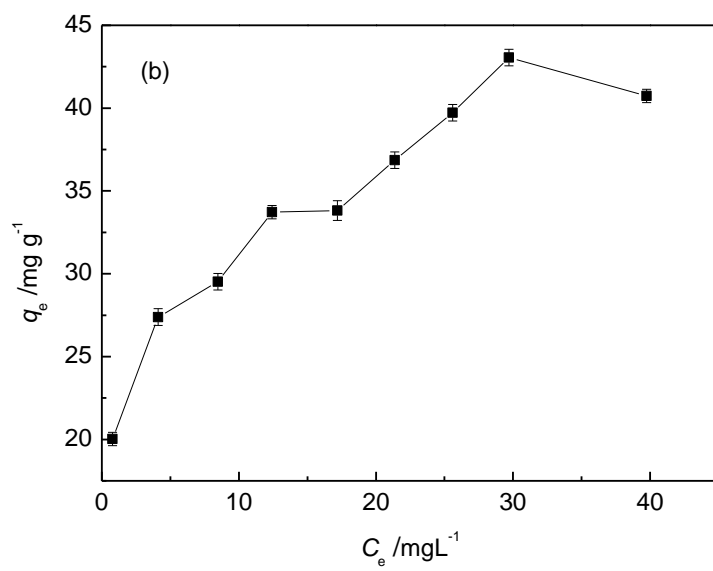
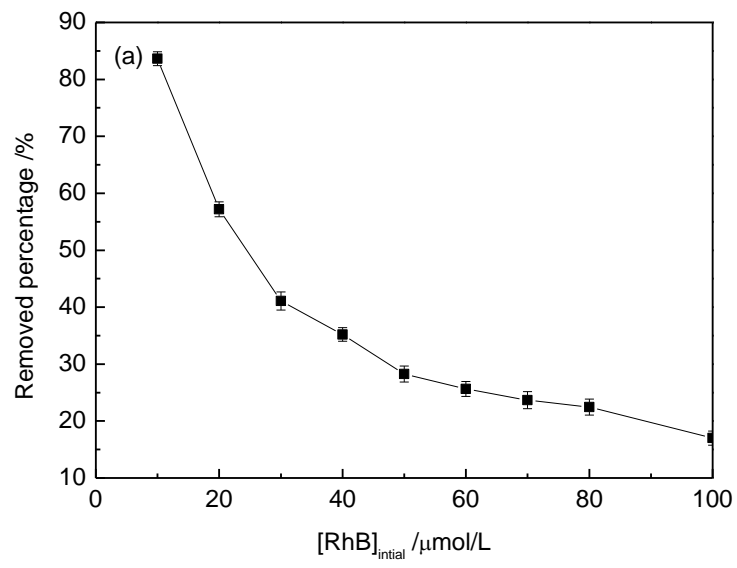
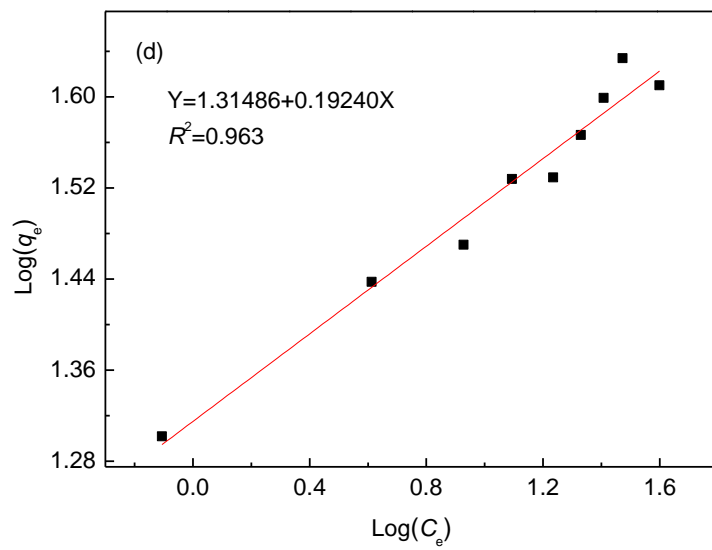
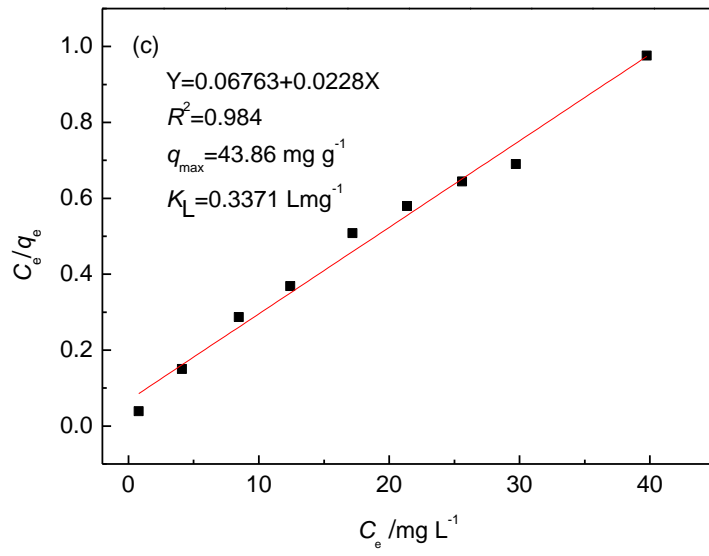


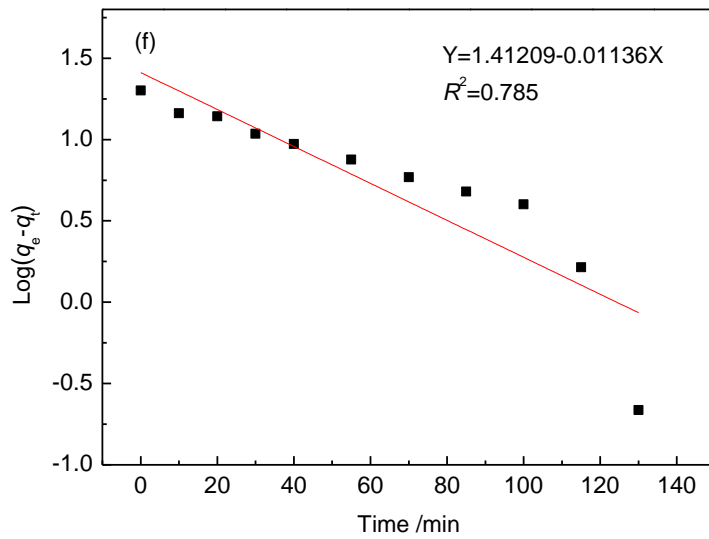
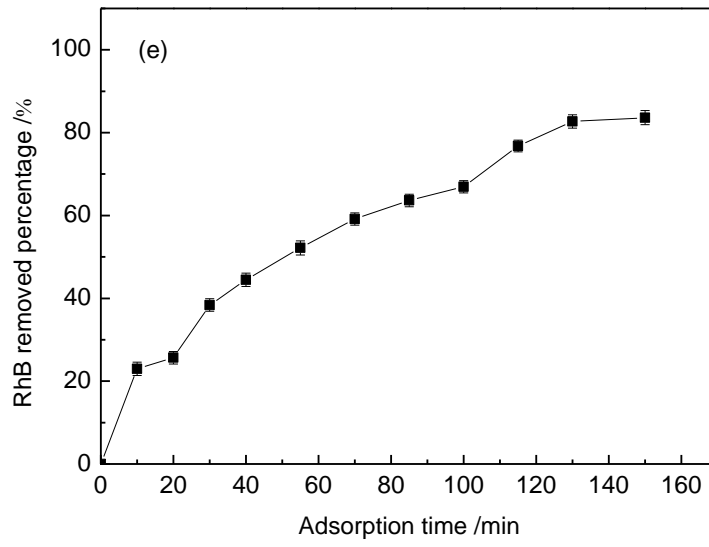
Figure S5. XRD patterns of iron oxide samples obtained by different reaction time.

Table S1. The factors influencing the formation of Fe₃O₄/C particles.

Factors	FeCl ₃ /g	C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ /g	NaOAc/g	T/°C	Crystallization time/h	product
C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	1.6	0.3	4	200	10	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	10	magnetite
	1.6	1.1	4	200	10	magnetite
NaOAc	1.6	0.6	1	200	10	hematite
	1.6	0.6	3	200	10	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	10	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	6	200	10	hematite
	1.6	0.6	8	200	10	hematite
Temperature	1.6	0.6	4	160	10	hematite
	1.6	0.6	4	180	10	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	10	magnetite
Crystallization time	1.6	0.6	4	200	2	hematite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	4	hematite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	6	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	10	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	30	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	50	magnetite
	1.6	0.6	4	200	70	magnetite







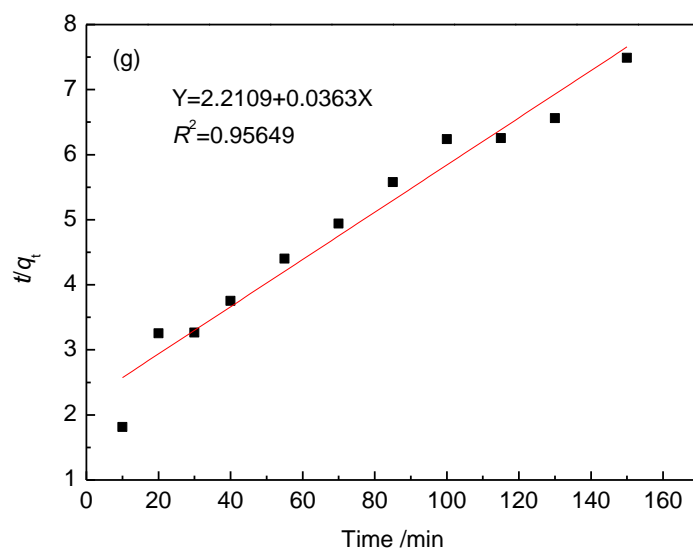


Figure S6. The removed percentage of RhB by as-prepared $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{C-b}$ as a function of the initial concentration (a), the adsorption isotherm for $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{C-b}$ adsorbent (b), the Langmuir (c) and Freundlich (d) isotherms for the adsorption of RhB, the effects of adsorption time for the RhB on the $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{C-b}$ (e), the pseudo-first order adsorption rate equation (f) and the pseudo-second order adsorption rate equation (g).