

## Supplementary Data

### Tacrine-allyl/propargylcysteine-benzothiazole trihybrids as potential anti-Alzheimer's drug candidates

Asha Hiremathad,<sup>a,b</sup> Karam Chand,<sup>a</sup> A. Raquel Esteves,<sup>c</sup> Sandra M. Cardoso,<sup>c,d</sup> Rona R. Ramsay,<sup>e</sup> Silvia Chaves,<sup>a</sup> Rangappa S. Keri,<sup>b</sup> M. Amélia Santos,<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Centro de Química Estrutural, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais 1, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal.

<sup>b</sup> Centre for Nano and Material Sciences, Jain University, Jain Global Campus, Bangalore, Karnataka, 562112, India.

<sup>c</sup> CNBC – Centro de Neurociências e Biologia Celular, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal.

<sup>d</sup> Faculdade de Medicina, Universidade de Coimbra, 3030 Coimbra, Portugal.

<sup>e</sup> Biomedical Sciences Research Complex, University of St Andrews, Biomolecular Sciences Building, North Haugh, St Andrews KY16 9ST, UK.

#### List of Contents

1. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10a**) Fig. S1
2. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10b**) Fig. S2
3. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10c**) Fig. S3
4. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-6-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10d**) Fig. S4
5. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10e**) Fig. S5
6. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10f**) Fig. S6
7. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-4-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10g**) Fig. S7
8. <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-6-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10h**) Fig. S8

9. Representative examples of IC<sub>50</sub> plots for AChE inhibition assays of compounds **10c** and **10g**: insets contain representative plots of absorbance versus time for the same compounds at different concentrations of inhibitor Fig. S9
10. Antioxidant activity (AA) plots for compounds **10b** and **10f** Fig. S10
11. In vitro activities of TAC-SAC, **9(a-f)**, and TAC-SPRC, **9(g-l)**, hybrids, towards AChE inhibition, antioxidant activity (DPPH) and anti-A $\beta$  aggregation (from ref. 19 and 20) Table S1

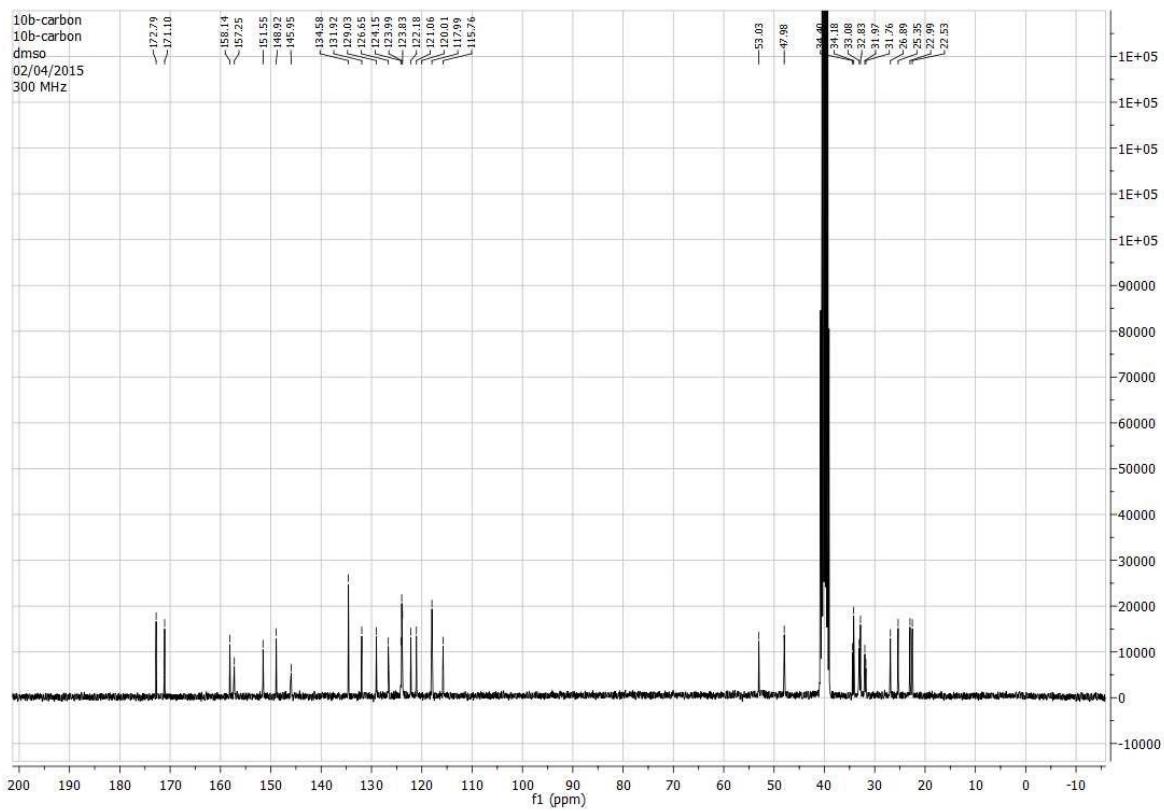
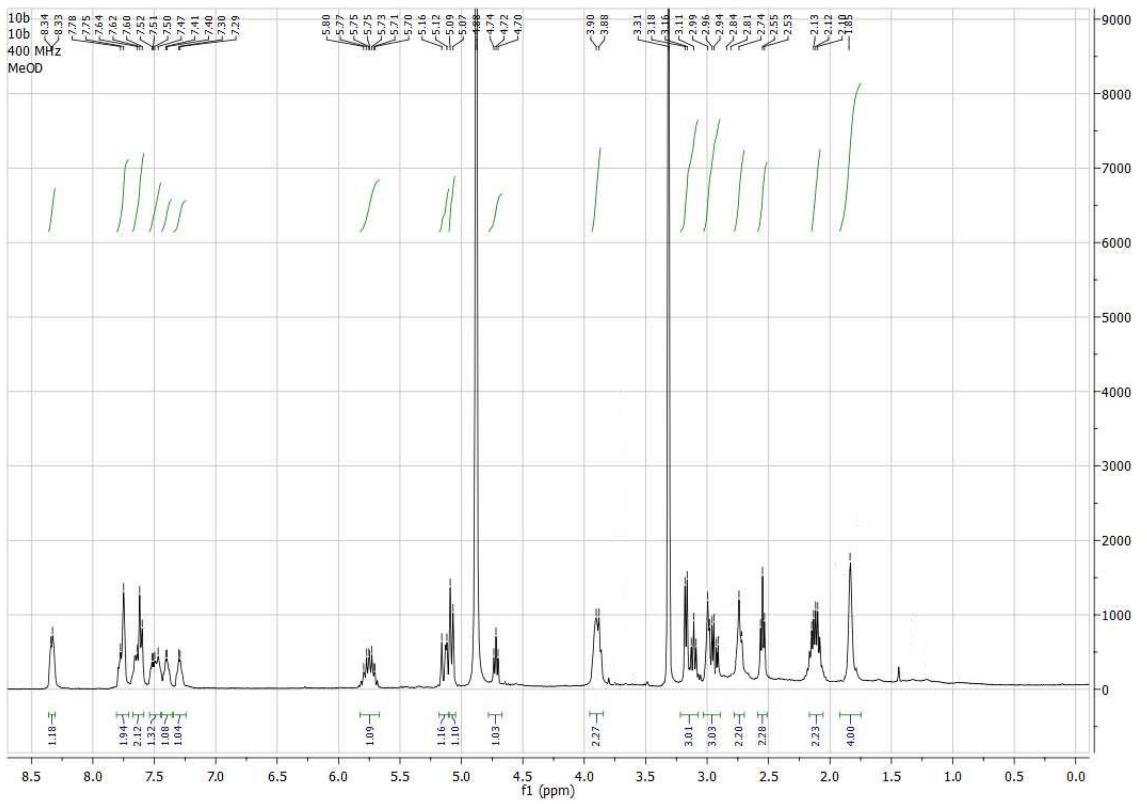


Fig. S1 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10a**)

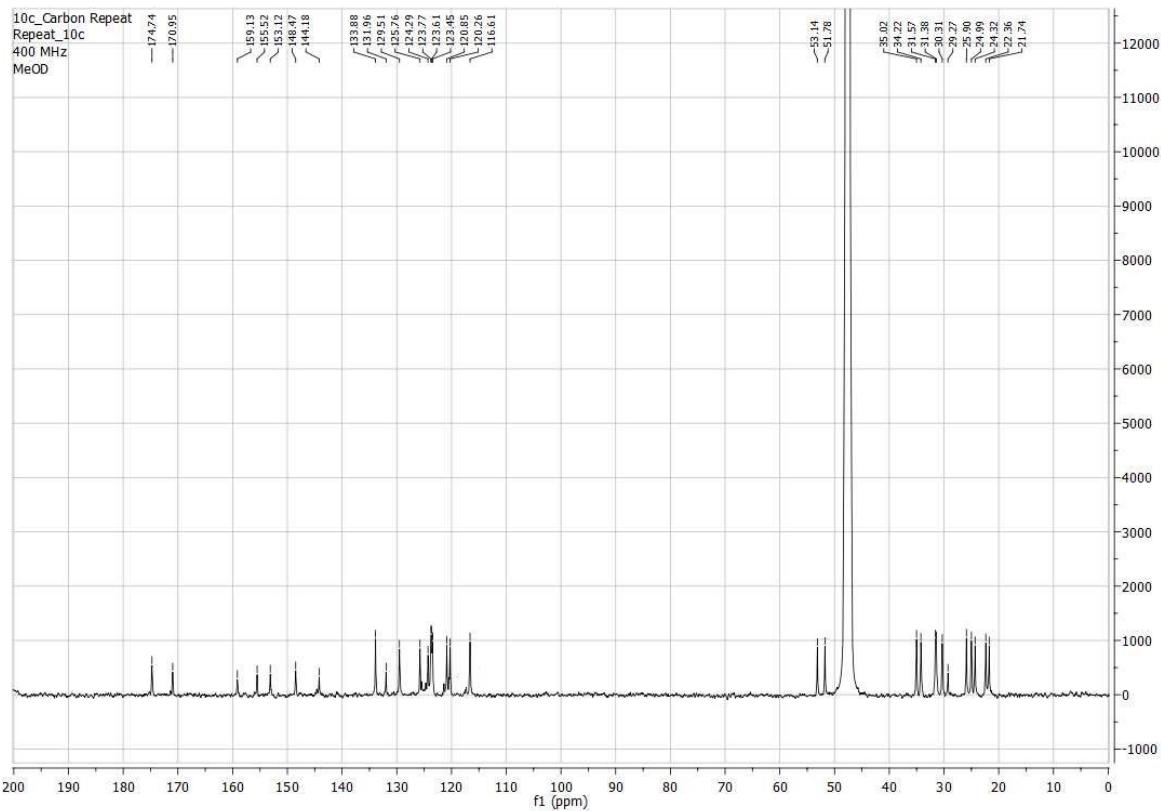
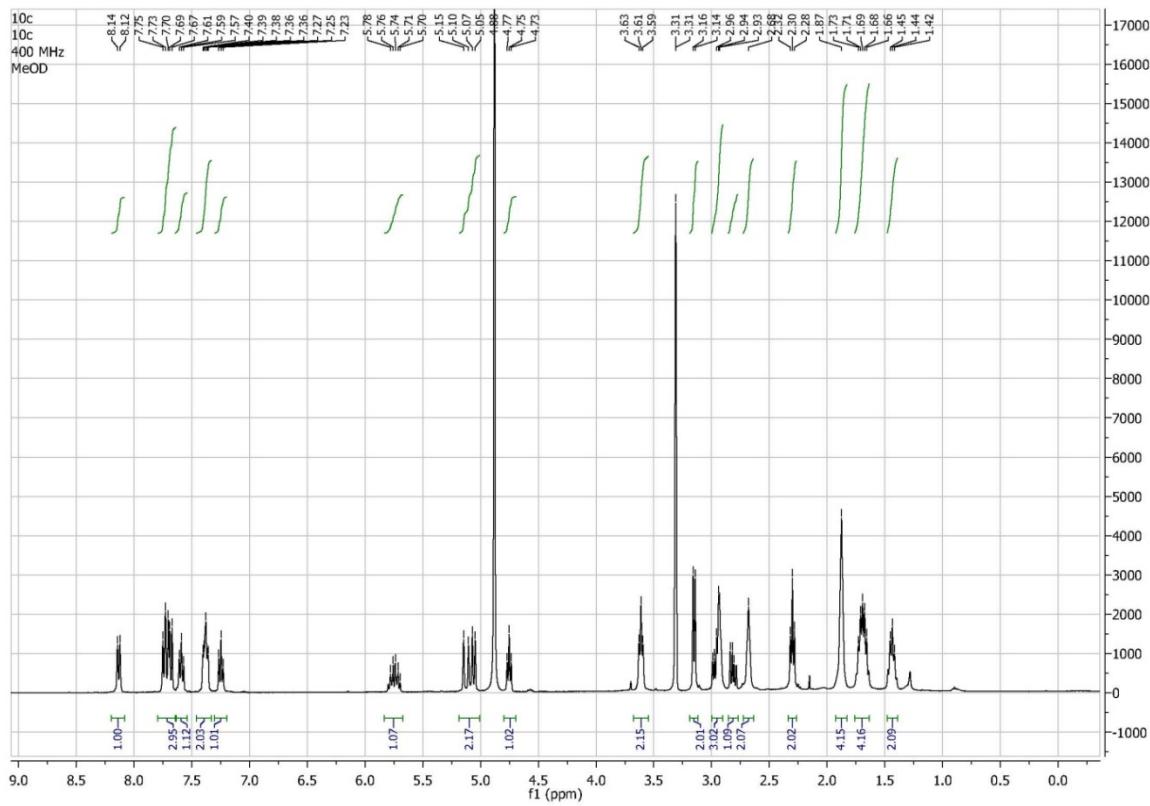


Fig. S2 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10b**)

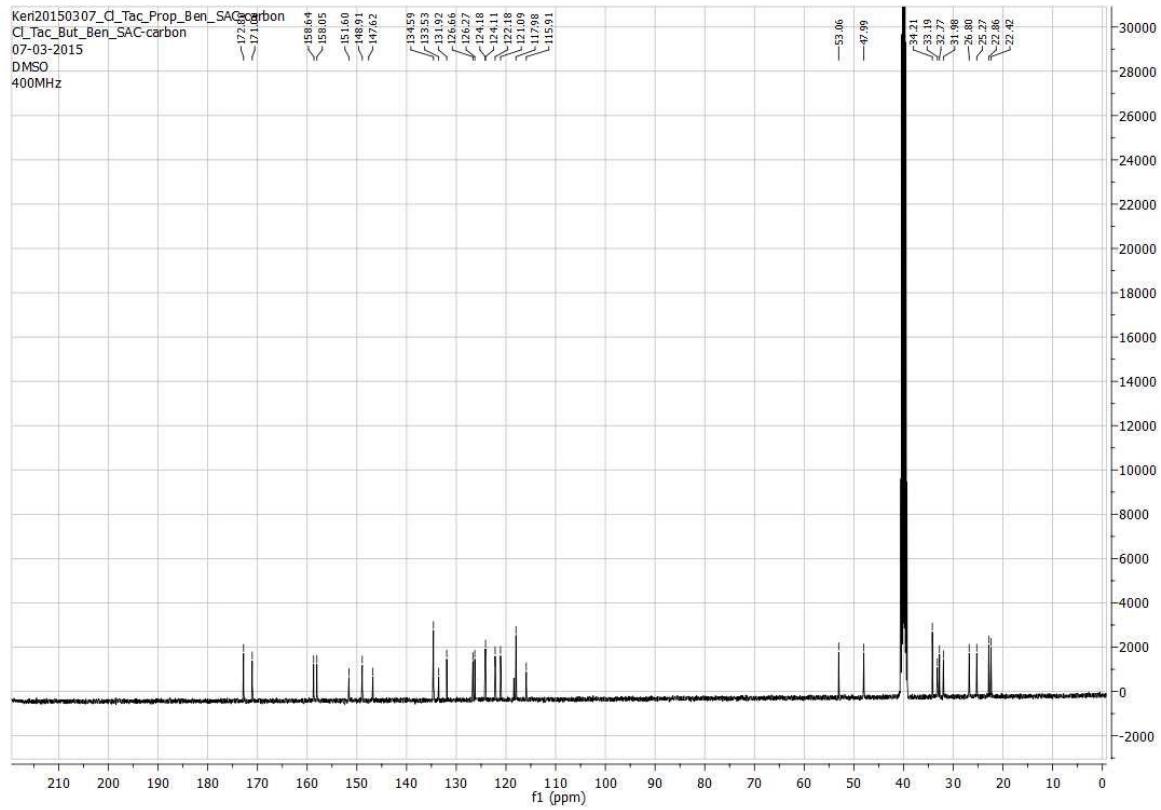
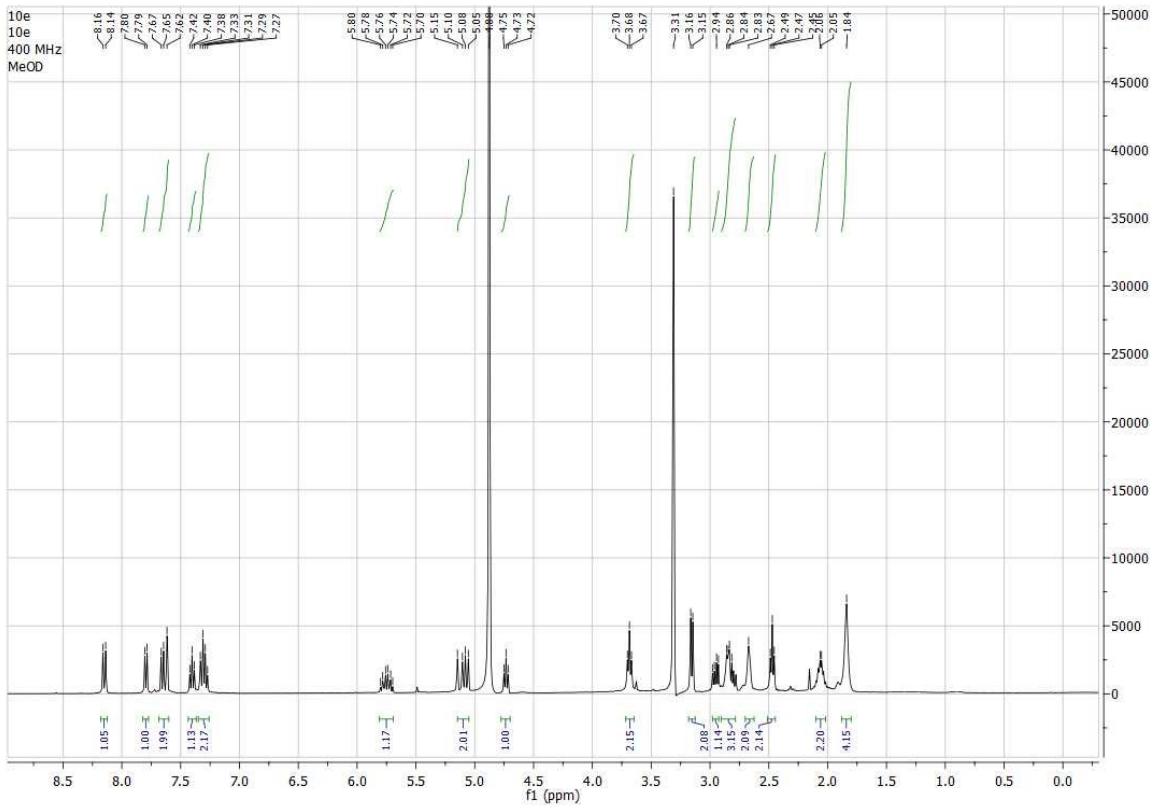


Fig. S3 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10c**)

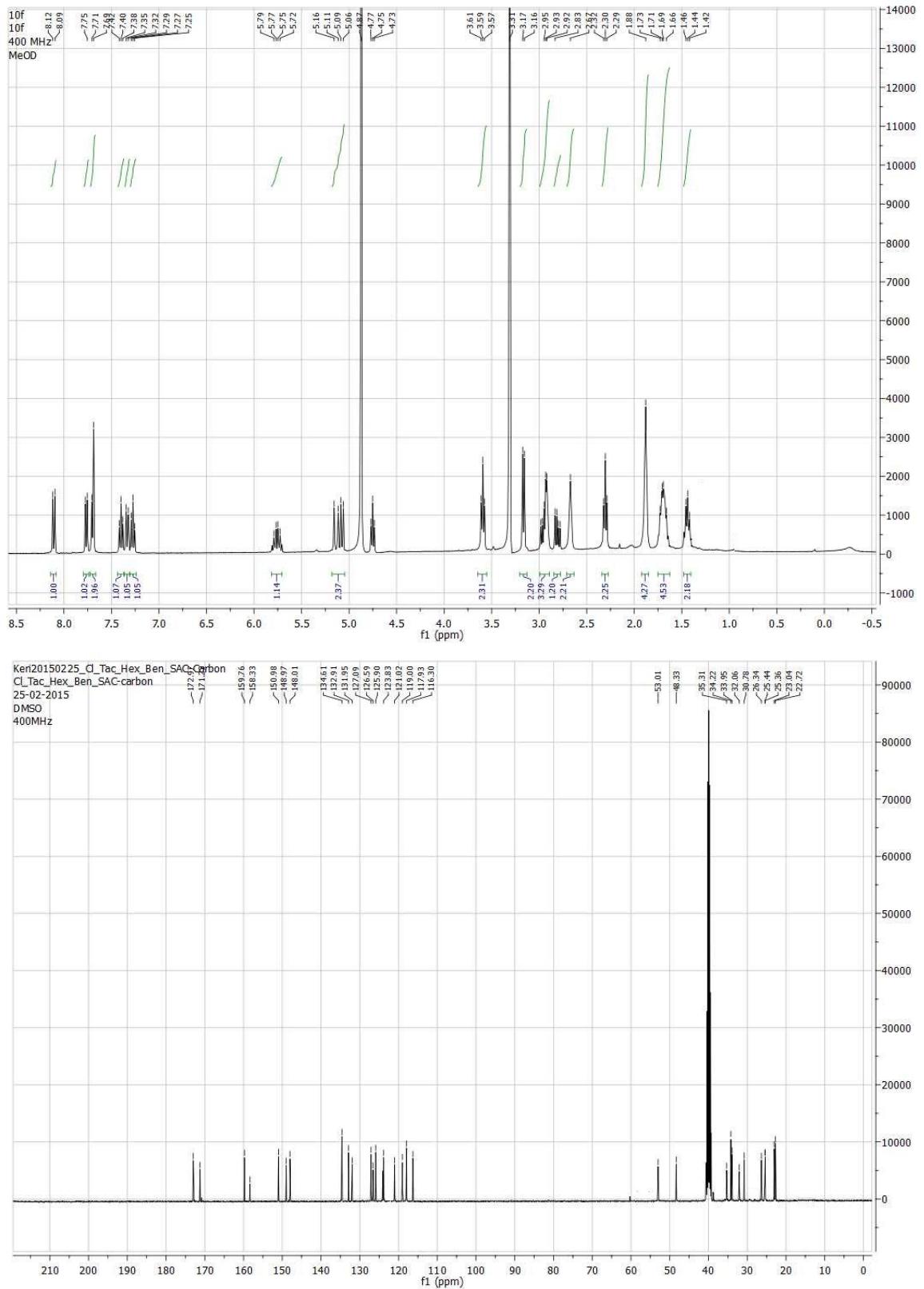
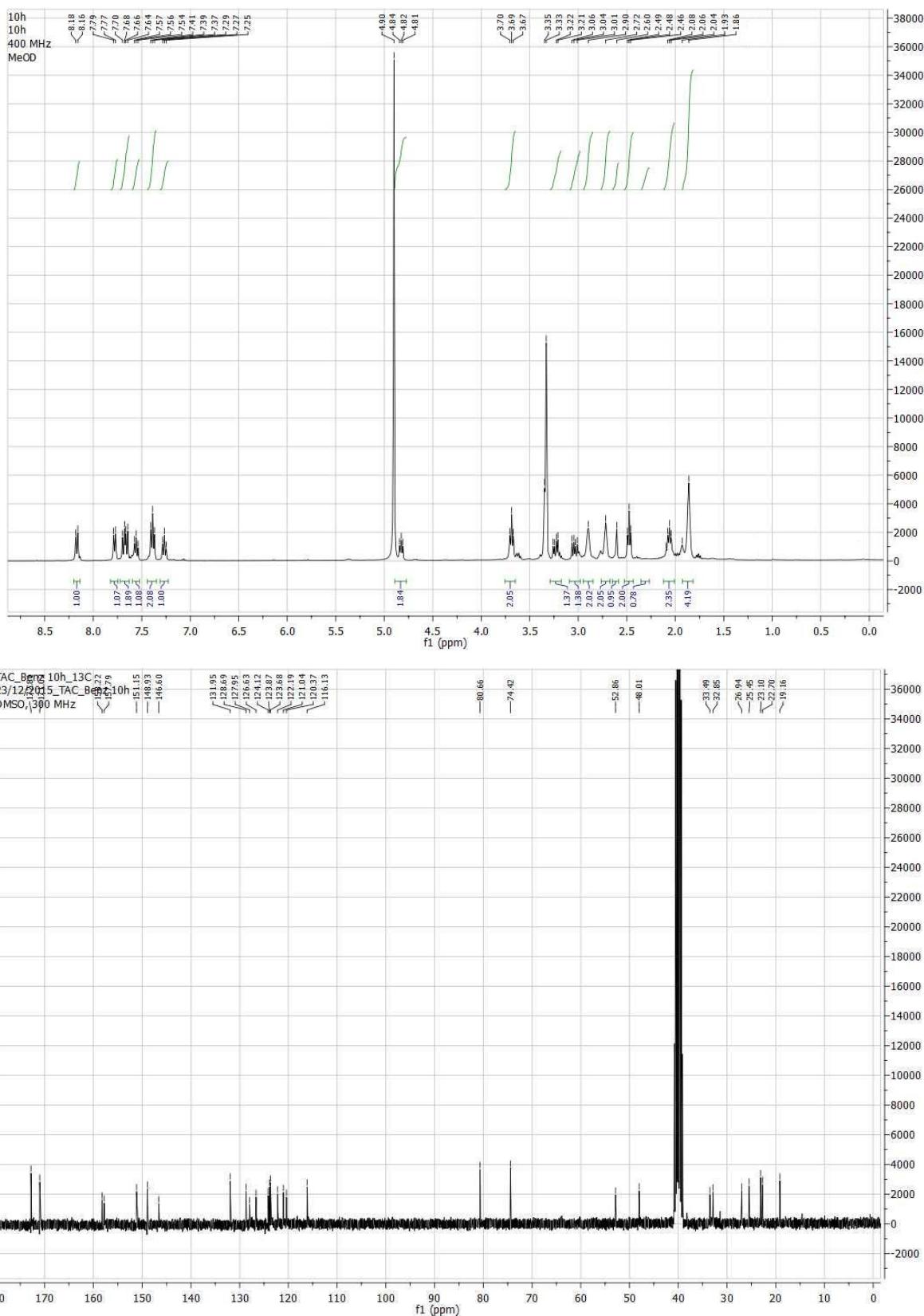


Fig. S4 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(3-(Allylthio)-1-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-6-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10d**)



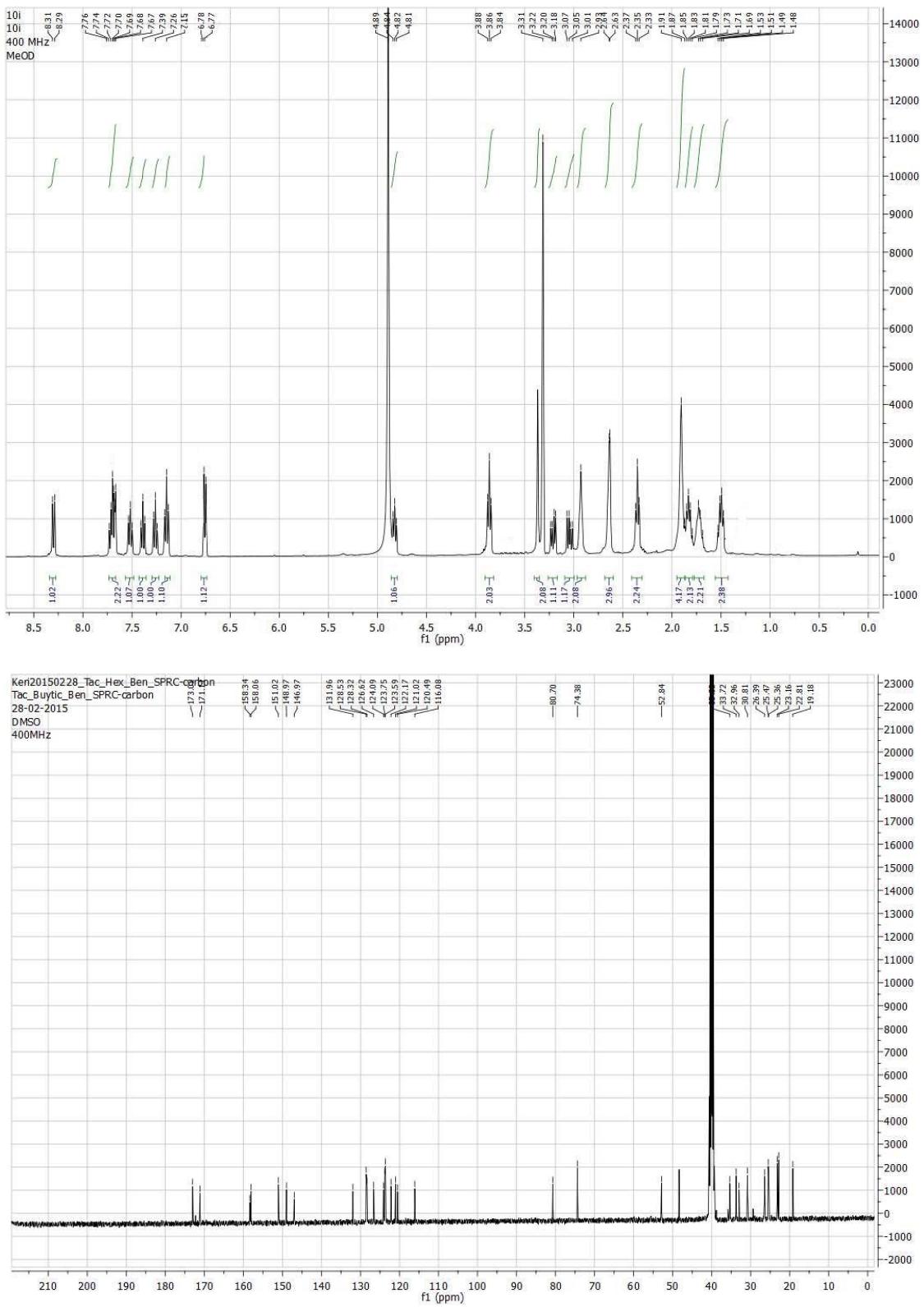


Fig. S6 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10f**)

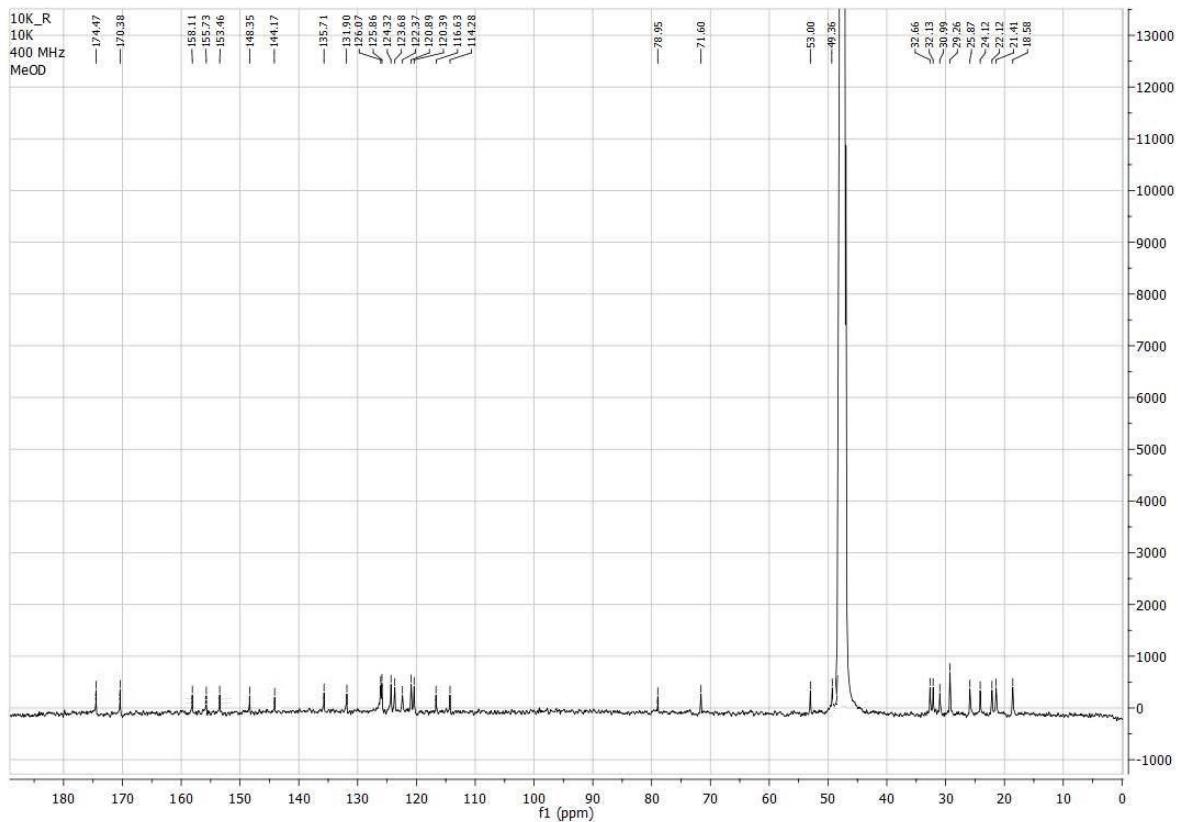
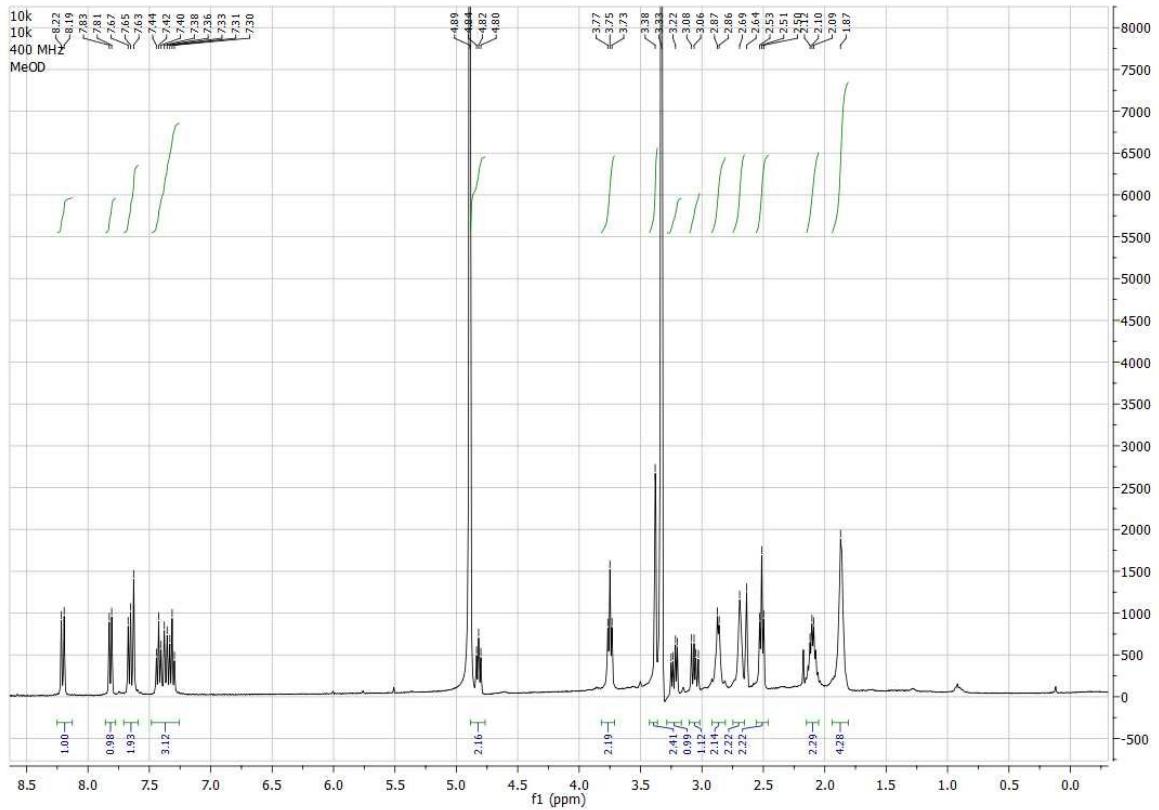


Fig. S7 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-4-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)butanamide (**10g**)

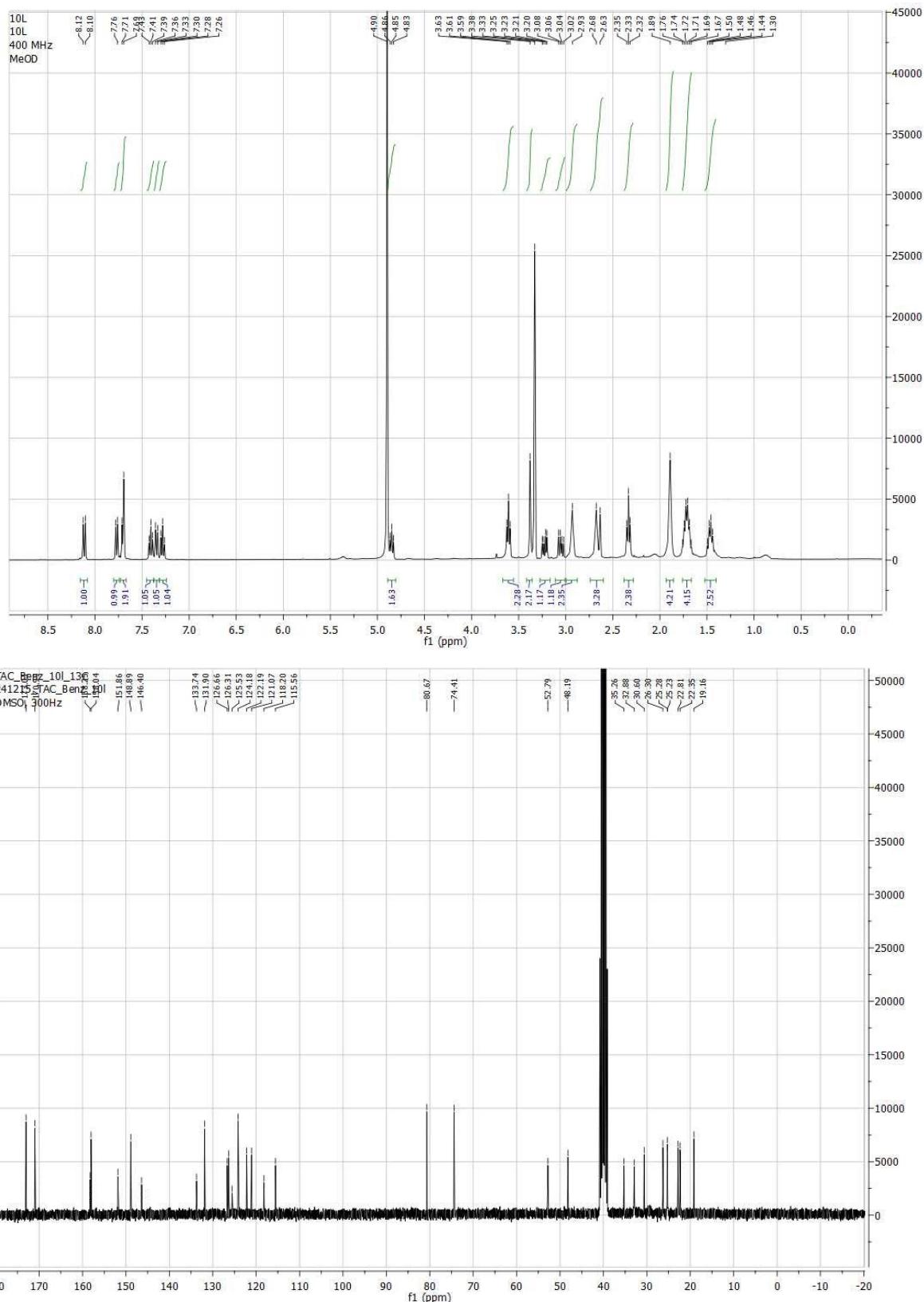


Fig. S8 -  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of *N*-(1-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-ylamino)-1-oxo-3-(prop-2-ynylthio)propan-2-yl)-6-(6-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridin-9-ylamino)hexanamide (**10h**).

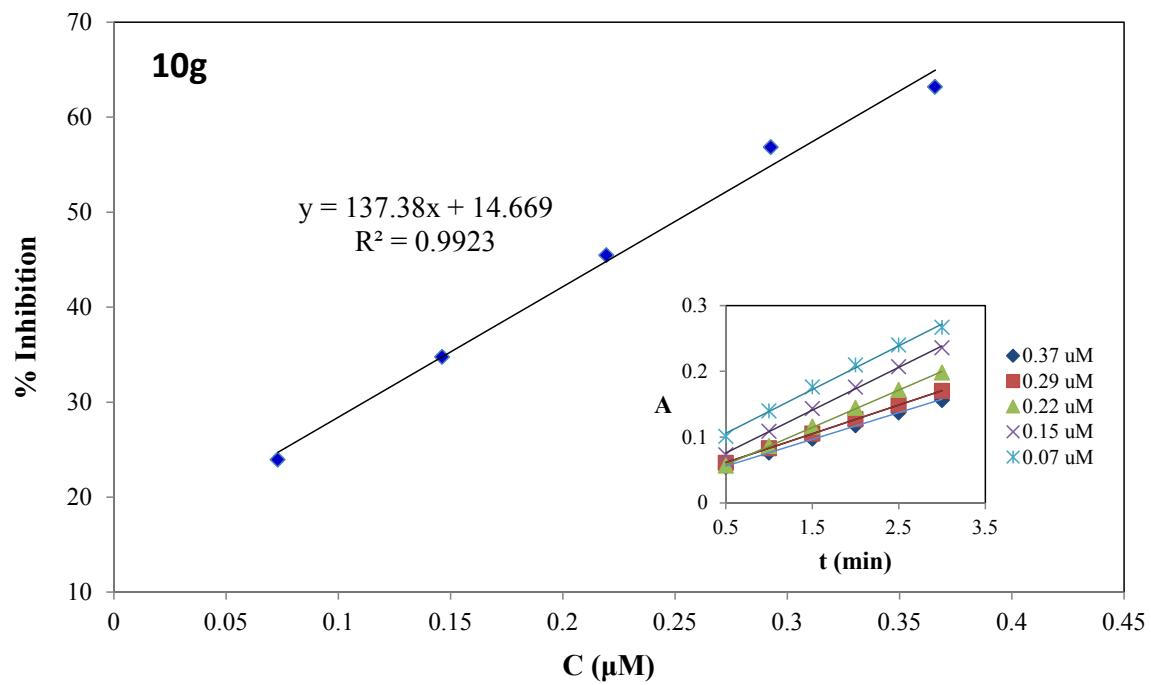
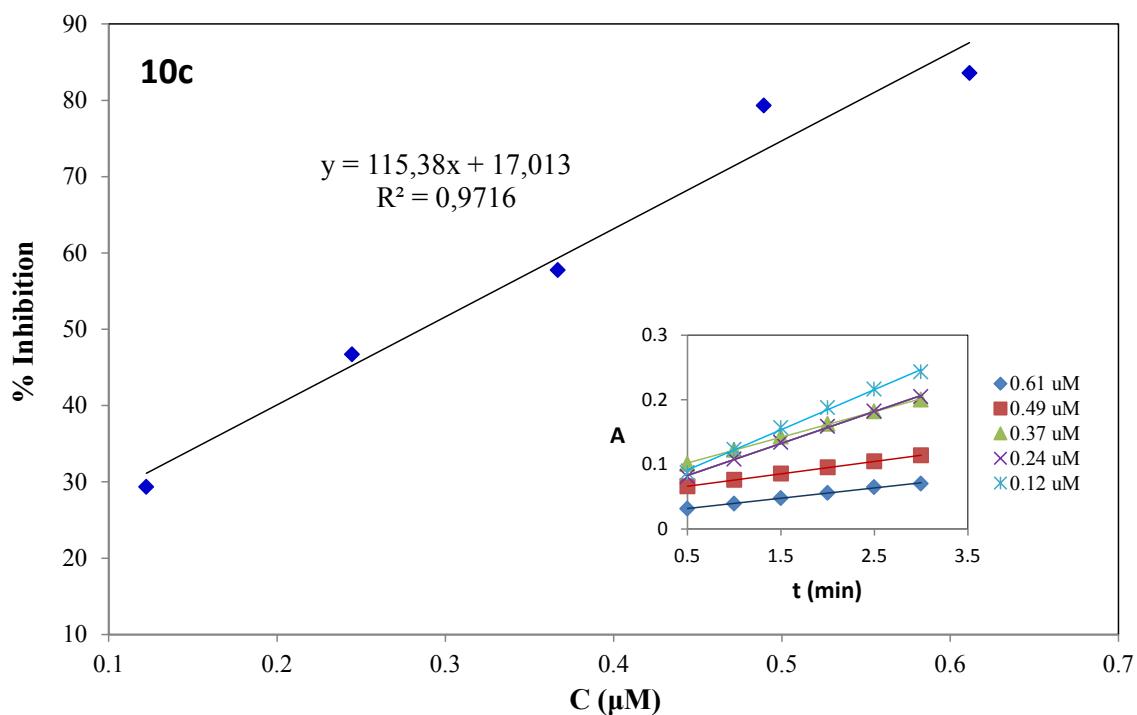


Fig. S9 - Representative examples of IC<sub>50</sub> plots for AChE inhibition assays of compounds **10c** and **10g**: insets contain representative plots of absorbance versus time for the same compounds at different concentrations of inhibitor.

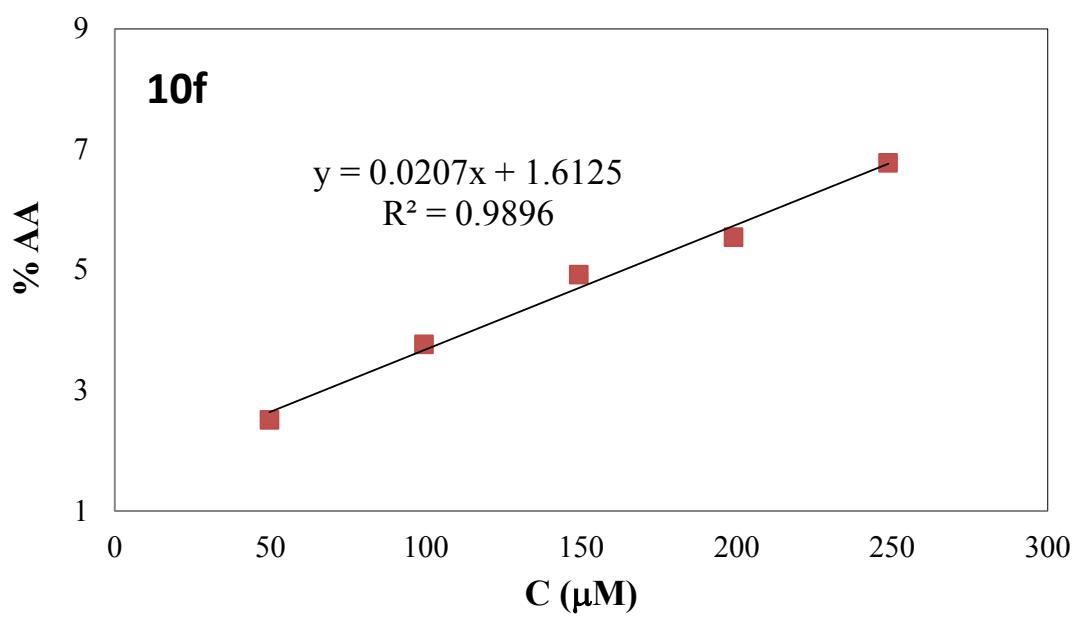
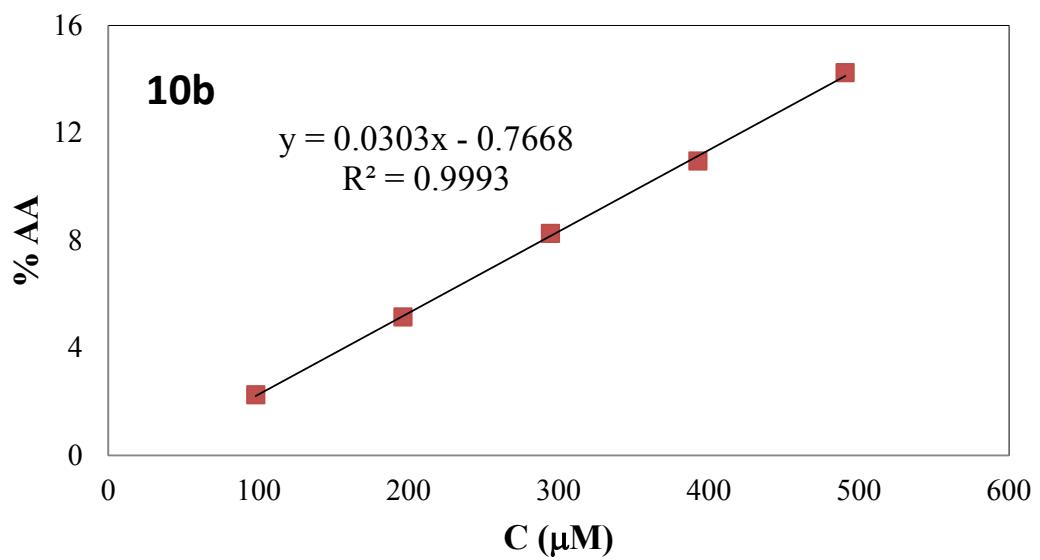
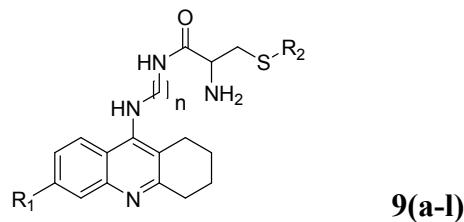


Fig. S10 - Antioxidant activity (AA) plots for compounds **10b** and **10f**

Table S1 – In vitro activities of TAC-SAC, **9(a-f)**, and TAC-SPRC, **9(g-l)**, hybrids, towards AChE inhibition, antioxidant activity (DPPH) and anti-A $\beta$  aggregation (from ref. 19 and 20)



Comp. code	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	n	AChE inhibit. IC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ M) <sup>a</sup>	Antioxid. EC <sub>50</sub> (10 $\times$ $\mu$ M) <sup>b</sup>	A $\beta$ aggreg. Inhib. <sup>c</sup> (%)	Cu-induc A $\beta$ aggreg. Inhib. <sup>c</sup> (%)
9a	H	CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub>	2	1.59	65.7	8.5	30.9
9b	H	»	3	0.88	86.5	-	-
9c	H	»	4	1.20	73.5	-	-
9d	Cl	»	2	0.30	55.8	10.9	50.3
9e	Cl	»	3	0.68	50.5	14.7	35.1
9f	Cl	»	4	0.51	99.2	10.3	32.1
9g	H	-CH <sub>2</sub> C≡CH	2	1.21	2.0	13.0	44.4
9h	H	»	3	1.72	41.7	-	-
9i	H	»	4	1.21	52.5	-	-
9j	Cl	»	2	0.56	56.3	11.4	49.3
9k	Cl	»	3	0.59	55.1	12.1	34.3
9l	Cl	»	4	0.97	75.6	-	-
Tac	-	-	-	0.19	>100	-	-

<sup>a</sup> Standard deviation within 10 %; <sup>b</sup> EC<sub>50</sub> values for DPPH assay; <sup>c</sup> Inhibition of A $\beta$  (1-42) aggregation (40  $\mu$ M) with or without copper (40  $\mu$ M); thioflavin-T fluorescence method with 80  $\mu$ M of inhibitor.

**Table 1S (supplementary):** Summary of some calculated pharmacokinetic descriptors<sup>a</sup>

S.No.	Comp. Code	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	MW	clog P <sup>b</sup>	log BB <sup>c</sup>	Caco-2 permeability (nm/sec)	Violations of Lipinski's rule of 5	CNS activity
1	<b>10b</b>	H		559.75	5.859	-1.355	590	2	--
2	<b>10c</b>	H		587.80	6.684	-1.550	613	2	--
3	<b>10e</b>	Cl		594.19	6.187	-0.740	1263	2	-
4	<b>10f</b>	Cl		622.24	7.366	-1.281	890	2	--
5	<b>10h</b>	H		557.73	5.786	-1.508	445	2	--
6	<b>10i</b>	H		585.78	6.671	-1.308	999	2	--
7	<b>10k</b>	Cl		592.17	6.231	-1.280	477	2	--
8	<b>10l</b>	Cl		620.23	6.918	-1.020	1350	2	--

<sup>a</sup> Predicted values using program QikProp v. 2.5<sup>34</sup>. <sup>b</sup> Calculated octanol/water partition coefficient. <sup>c</sup> Brain/blood partition coefficient.