

Supplementary information

Detailed investigation of a $\text{NaTi}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ anode prepared by pyro-synthesis for Na-ion batteries

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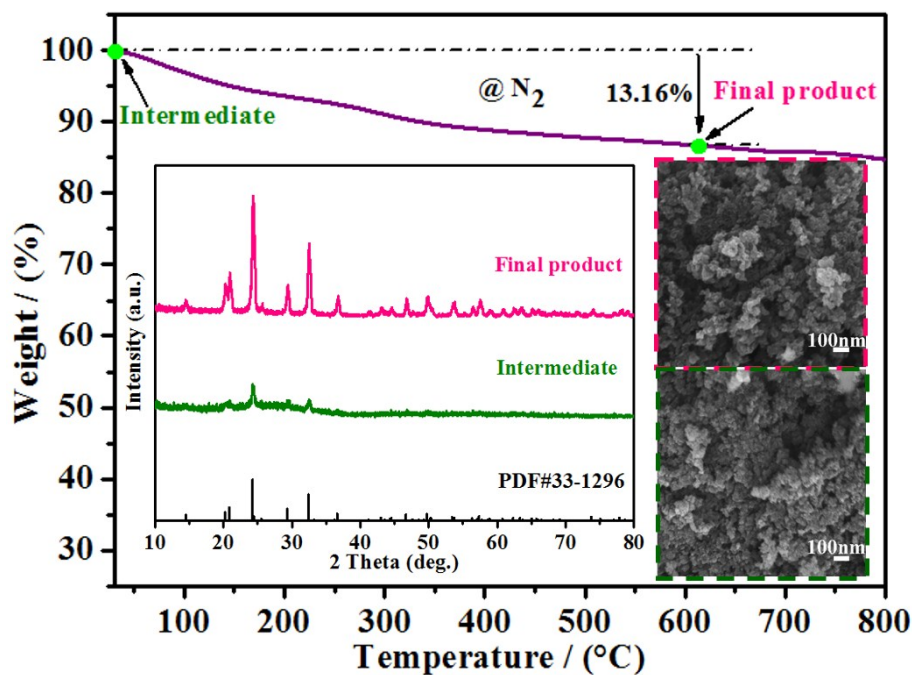


Fig. S1. TGA analysis of the intermediate under N_2 at a heating rate of $5\text{ }^\circ\text{C min}^{-1}$. (Insets show XRD patterns and FESEM images of the intermediate and final product, respectively.)

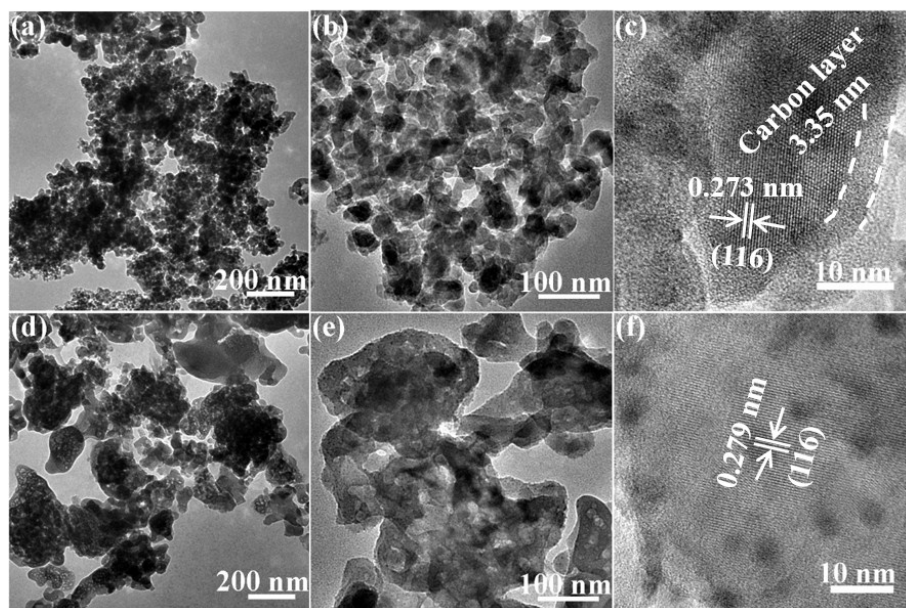


Fig. S2. TEM and HRTEM images of p-NTP NPs (a, b and c) and NTP powders (d, e and f), respectively.

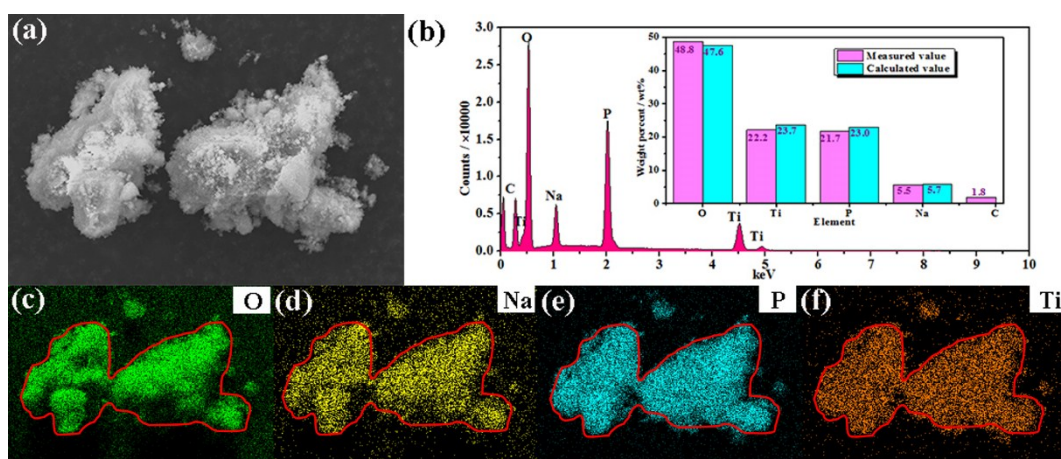


Fig. S3. (a) Nitrogen sorption isotherm and the inset shows pore size distribution of as-prepared samples; (b) Schematic illustration for the penetration of the electrolyte and porosity of NTP powders and p-NTP NPs, respectively.

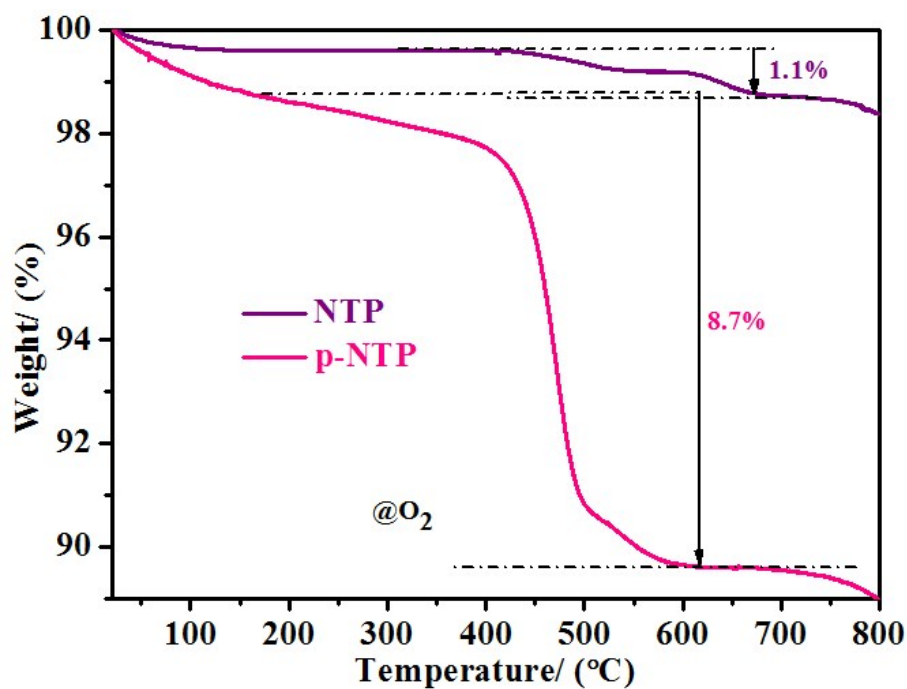


Fig. S4. TGA analysis of as-prepared materials under air at a heating rate of 5 °C min⁻¹.

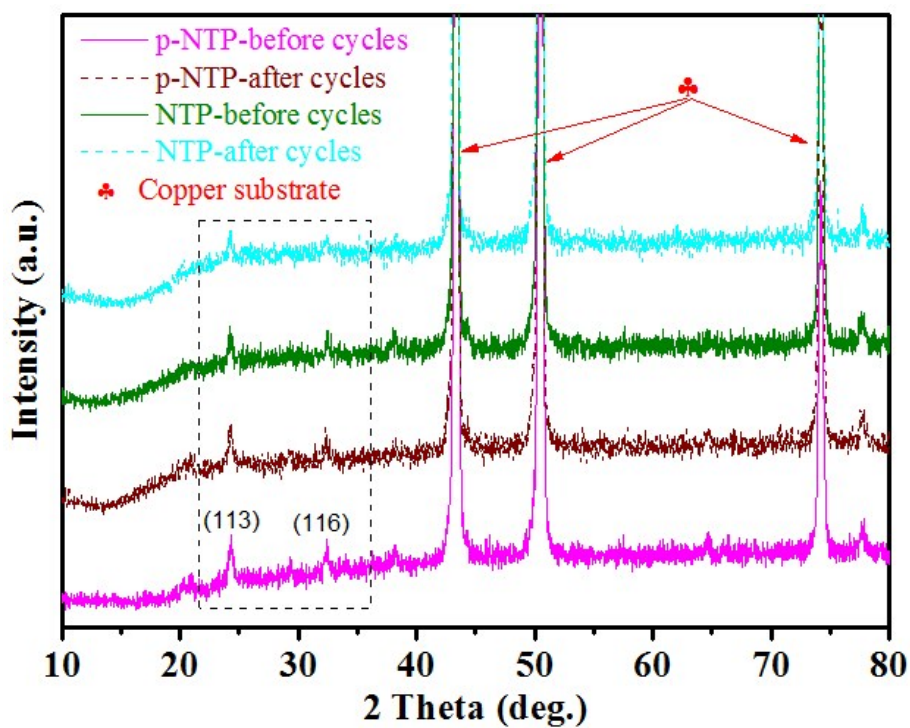


Fig. S5. XRD patterns of p-NTP NPs and NTP powders before and after the cycles, respectively.

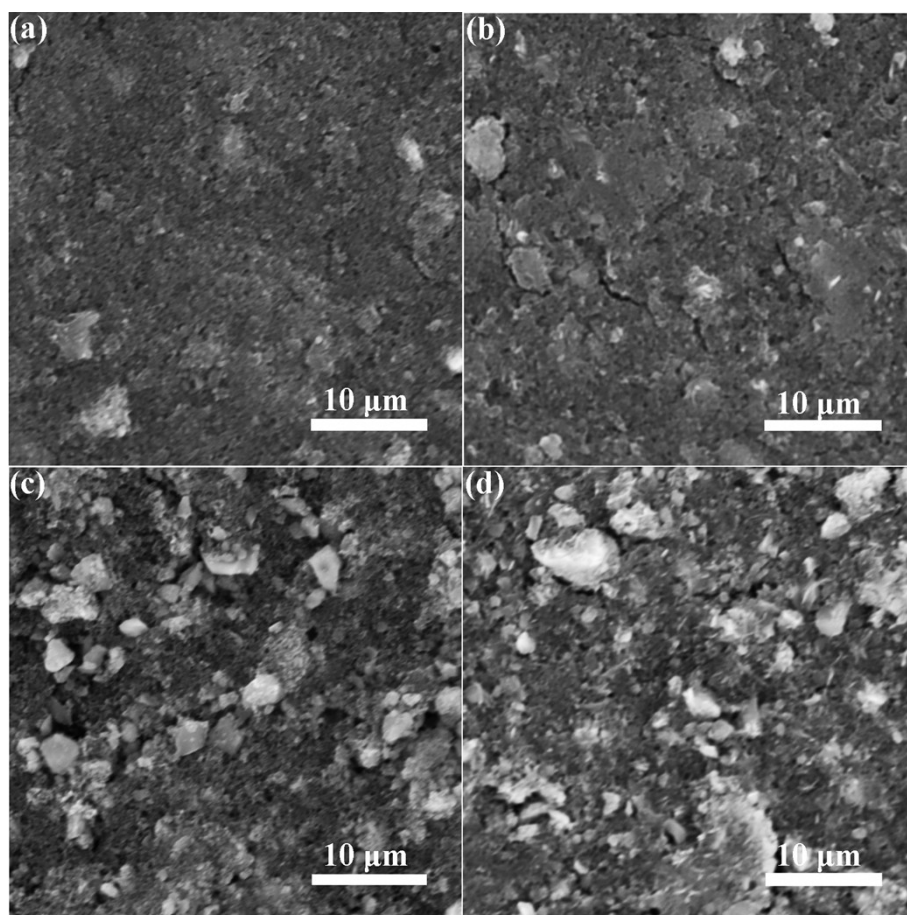


Fig. S6. SEM images of p-NTP NPs (a and b) and NTP powders (c and d) before and after the cycles, respectively.

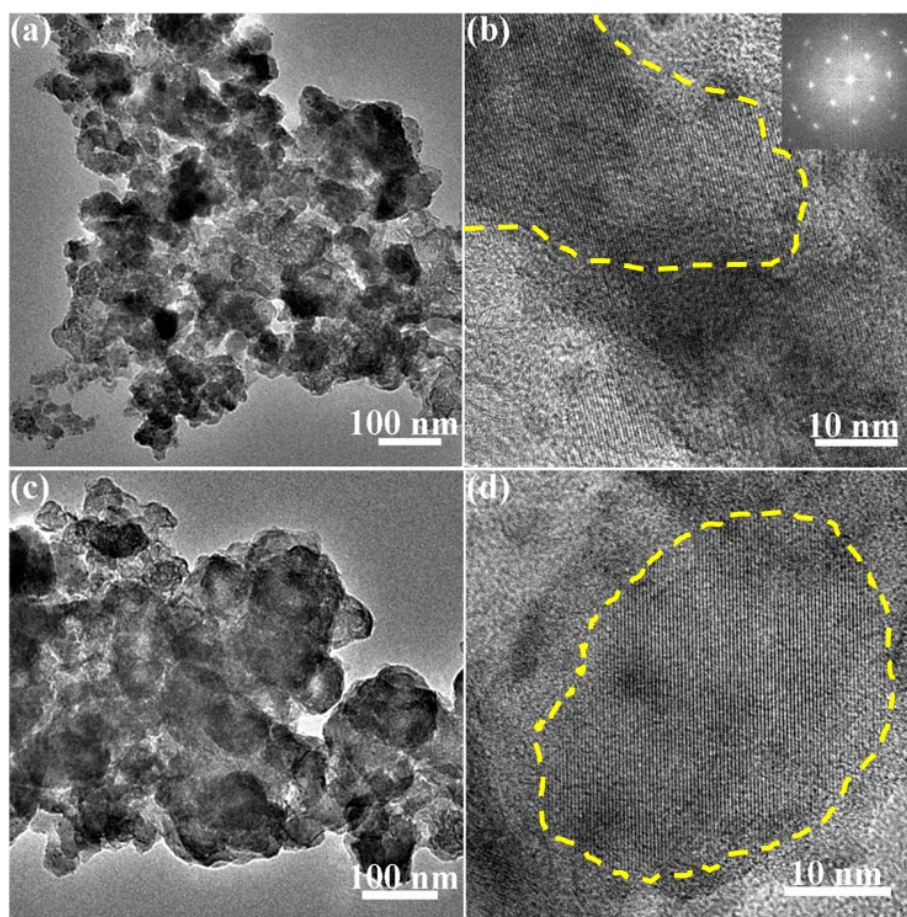


Fig. S7. TEM and HRTEM images of p-NTP NPs (a and b, the inset shows Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT) of the HRTEM image) and NTP powders (c and d) after the cycles.