Supplementary Information:

Green synthesis of polyureas from CO₂ and diamines with a functional ionic liquid as the catalyst

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Hexyltributylphosphonium triazole ($P_{4,4,4,6}$ Triz) and hexyltributylphosphonium aminotriazole ($P_{4,4,4,6}$ ATriz) were prepared by the neutralization of hexyltributylphosphonium hydroxide ($P_{4,4,4,6}$ OH) and 1,2,4-triazole or 3-amino-1,2,4-triazole according to literature methods.²⁶⁻²⁷ Typically, a solution of $P_{4,4,4,6}$ OH in ethanol was first prepared from $P_{4,4,4,6}$ Br using the anion-exchange resin method. Second, equimolar 1,2,4-triazole or 3-amino-1,2,4triazole was added to the $P_{4,4,4,6}$ OH solution in ethanol. Next, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. Subsequently, ethanol and water were removed by distillation at 60°C under reduced pressure. The obtained ILs were dried under high vacuum at 80 °C for 8 h. The structures of these ILs were confirmed by NMR spectroscopy. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AMX FT 400 MHz NMR spectrometer (Fig. S1).



 $\begin{array}{c} P_{4,4,4,6} Triz \ ^{1}H \ NMR \ (CDCl_{3}) \ 0.95 \ (m, \ 12H, \ CH_{3}), \ 1.30-1.52 \ (m, \ 20H, \ CH_{2}), \ 2.29-2.38 \ (m, \ 8H, \ PCH_{2}), \\ 8.07 \ ppm \ (s, \ 2H, \ Triz \ C_{2} \ and \ C_{5}); \end{array}$







P_{4,4,6}ATriz ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 0.94 (m, 12H, CH₃), 1.29–1.50 (m, 20H, CH₂), 2.21–2.29 (m, 8H, PCH₂), 7.34 (s, 2H, Triz-NH₂), 7.49 ppm (s, H, Triz C5);



 $\begin{array}{c} P_{4,4,4,6} A \text{Triz 13C NMR (CDCl3) 13.4, 13.8, 18.5, 19.1, 21.7, 22.2, 23.6, 23.9, 30.4, 30.9, 148.6, 158.9 \\ \text{ppm.} \end{array}$ Fig. S1 NMR spectrum of the $P_{4,4,4,6} \text{Triz}$ and $P_{4,4,4,6} \text{ATriz}$.



Fig. S2 CP/MAS ¹³C NMR spectrum of the solid products of diamines reaction with CO₂.



Fig .S3 TGA traces of $P_{4,4,4,6}$ Triz; (B) TGA traces of $P_{4,4,4,6}$ ATriz.



Fig. S4 FT-IR spectra of $P_{4,4,4,6}ATriz$ before and after use.



Fig. S5 Optimized structures of anion–2CO₂ complexes at the B3LYP/6-31+G (d, p) level

