Hydrogen Bonding Interactions Affect the Hierarchal Self-Assembly and Secondary Structures of Comb-Like Polypeptide Supramolecular Complexes Displaying Photoresponsive Behavior

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Table S1: Summarized the values of T_{d5} , T_{d10} , and char yield of PTyr, AzoPy-C16 and PTyr-AzoPy-C16(*x*) supramolecular complexes were determined through thermogravimetric analysis (TGA).

Samples			
PTyr/AzoPy-C16(x)	$Td_5(^{\circ}C)$	$Td_{10}(^{o}C)$	Char Yield (%)
$\mathbf{x} = 0$	123	180	28
x = 0.25	253	253	26
x = 0.7	238	254	19
x = 1	246	262	14
x = 1.5	245	263	13
$\mathbf{x} = 4$	250	267	12
AzoPy-C16	275	292	2



Figure S1: ¹H NMR spectra of (a) Tyr-NCA and (b) PTyr in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S2: ¹³C NMR spectra of (a) Tyr-NCA and (b) PTyr in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S3: FTIR spectra of (a) Tyr-NCA and (b) PTyr, recorded at room temperature.



Figure S4: GPC traces of PTyr; eluent: DMF.



Figure S5: DSC profiles of AzoPy-C16, PTyr, and PTyr/AzoPy-C16 supramolecular complexes.



Figure S6: FTIR spectra, recorded at room temperature, of PTyr/AzoPy-C16(x) supramolecular complexes, displaying the region between 1030 and 970 cm⁻¹ that is characteristic of specific intermolecular hydrogen bonding interactions between the pyridyl groups of the AzoPy-C16 moieties and the OH groups of PTyr.



Figure S7: UV-Vis profile of (a) AzoPy-C16 and (b) PTyr/AzoPy-C16(1) supramolecular complex after UV irradiation at 365 nm and standing in the dark for 2 days at room temperature.



Figure S8: Water contact angles (WCAs) of PTyr/AzoPy-C16(1) supramolecular complexes of several cycles of UV irradiation at 365 nm and leaving in dark for 2 days.