Phosphotungstic acid-supported multifunctional organocatalyst containing 9amino(9-deoxy)*epi*-cinchonidine and Brønsted acid and its application in asymmetric aldol reaction

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1. Acid capacity

| Entry | Cat. | Mass (mg) | V _{NaOH} (mL) | Acid capacity (mmol g ⁻¹) |
|-------|------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | $\text{CDNH}_2(n2) - \text{HPW}/2$ | 100 | 79 | 39.5 |
| 2 | CDNH ₂ (n6)–HPW/2 | 100 | 78 | 39.0 |
| 3 | $\text{CDNH}_2(n4) - \text{HPW}/4$ | 100 | 90 | 45.0 |
| 4 | $\text{CDNH}_2(n4) - \text{HPW}/2$ | 100 | 81 | 40.5 |
| 5 | CDNH ₂ (n4)–HPW/1 | 100 | 24 | 12.0 |
| 6 | CDNH ₂ (n4)–HPW/0.5 | 100 | 123 | 61.5 |

Table S1 The acid capacities of various $\text{CDNH}_2(n2)$ -HPW catalysts

After the sample was well-ground, 30 mg of the sample was charged into a transparent tube, added 10 mL of cyclohexane and two drops of Hammett indicator, and stirred for 12 h at 30 °C. The results were listed in Table S2, in which the mark (+) indicated that the color of the base form is changed to that of the conjugated acid form, while the mark (–) meant that the color is not changed.

| | $CDNH_2(n2)$ -HPW/2 | CDNH ₂ (<i>n</i> 6) –HPW/2 | CDNH ₂ (<i>n</i> 4) –HPW/0.5 | CDNH ₂ (<i>n</i> 4) –HPW/1 | CDNH ₂ (<i>n</i> 4) –HPW/2 | CDNH ₂ (<i>n</i> 4) –HPW/4 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Neutral red ($pKa = 6.8$) | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Methyl red (pKa = 4.8) | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Bromophenol blue (pKa = 3.86) | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Dimethyl yellow (pKa = 3.3) | + | + | + | _ | + | + |
| Crystal violet (pKa = 0.8) | _ | - | + | | _ | _ |
| Anthraquinone (pKa = -8.0) | | | - | | | |

Table S2 The acid strengths of $CDNH_2(n)$ –HPW determined by Hammett indicators

"+" represented the color of acid type; "-" represented the color of alkali type.

2. TGA





3. N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherm





4. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of CDNH₂(*n*)–PO₃H₂



CDNH₂(n2)–PO₃H₂: pale yellow solid, mp: 155-156 °C, $\delta_{\rm H}$ (300.1 MHz, D₂O, Me₄Si): 9.24 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz), 8.65 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 9.0 Hz), 8.32 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 9.0 Hz), 8.28 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz), 8.22 (1 H, t, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz), 8.09 (1 H, t, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz), 5.63 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 9.0 Hz), 4.37 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.77-3.90 (2 H, m), 3.45 (1 H, s), 3.17 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.52-2.73 (8 H, m), 2.28 (1 H, s), 1.69-1.98 (8 H, m), 1.11 (1 H, s). $\delta_{\rm C}$ (75.0 MHz, CDCl₃): 151.9, 145.8, 139.6, 136.6, 132.5, 128.4, 124.9, 123.3, 121.4, 60.6, 56.6, 42.9, 33.4, 32.6, 31.8, 31.7, 29.9, 29.3, 28.2, 25.9, 24.6, 24.4, 24.3. Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₄N₃O₃PS₂: C, 55.74; H,

6.91; N, 8.48. Found: C, 55.78; H, 6.90; N, 8.49. MS (ESI+) *m/z* 495.8 [M+H]⁺.







CDNH₂(n4)–PO₃H₂: pale yellow solid, mp: 155-157 °C, $\delta_{\rm H}$ (300.1 MHz, D₂O, Me₄Si): 9.14 (1 H, d, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz), 8.61 (1 H, d, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz), 8.25 (1 H, d, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz), 8.08-8.16 (2 H, m), 8.01 (1 H, t, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz), 5.39 (1 H, d, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz), 4.23 (1 H, d, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz), 3.72-3.88 (2 H, m), 3.34-3.44 (1 H, m), 3.11-3.15 (1 H, m), 2.45-2.67 (8 H, m), 2.25 (1 H, s), 1.93-1.95 (3 H, m), 1.52-1.79 (9 H, m), 1.09 (1 H, q, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz). $\delta_{\rm C}$ (75.0 MHz, CDCl₃): 153.4, 146.4, 140.9, 135.7, 131.7, 128.1, 124.9, 124.1, 120.9, 61.1, 56.3,

42.6, 33.4, 32.7, 32.0, 32.0, 31.6, 31.0, 30.7, 29.4, 28.8, 27.1, 24.7, 24.5, 24.4. δ_p (121.5 MHz, $\delta_{85\%H3PO4} = 0$ ppm): 31.1 (s). Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₈N₃O₃PS₂: C, 57.34; H, 7.31; N, 8.02. Found: C, 57.30; H, 7.30; N, 8.05. MS (ESI+) *m/z* 523.9 [M+H]⁺.











CDNH₂(n4)–PO₃H₂: pale yellow solid, mp: 160-162 °C, $\delta_{\rm H}$ (300.1 MHz, D₂O, Me₄Si): 9.21 (1 H, s), 8.67 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 9.0 Hz), 8.07-8.28 (4 H, m), 5.53 (1 H, d, ${}^{3}J$ = 9.0 Hz), 4.36 (1 H, s), 3.80-3.93 (2 H, m), 3.46 (1 H, s), 3.22 (1 H, s), 2.40-2.62 (8 H, m), 2.29 (1 H, s), 1.99 (3 H, m), 1.14-1.82 (14 H, m). $\delta_{\rm C}$ (75.0 MHz, CDCl₃): 152.5, 146.6, 140.9, 136.0, 132.1, 128.2, 125.1, 124.2, 121.4, 60.9, 56.4, 42.9, 33.5, 32.9, 32.3, 32.3, 32.2, 30.7, 30.5, 29.7, 29.6, 29.0, 28.6, 27.2, 24.8, 24.6, 23.6. Anal. Calcd for

C₂₇H₄₂N₃O₃PS₂: C, 58.78; H, 7.67; N, 7.62. Found: C, 58.85; H, 7.70; N, 7.60. MS (ESI+) *m/z* 552.0 [M+H]⁺.







5. IR spectra



IR spectra of $\text{CDNH}_2(n4)$ – $\text{PO}_3\text{H}_2(a)$, $\text{CDNH}_2(n4)$ –HPW/0.5 (b), $\text{CDNH}_2(n4)$ –HPW/1 (c), $\text{CDNH}_2(n4)$ –HPW/2 and $\text{CDNH}_2(n4)$ –HPW/4.

6. HPLC and ¹H NMR spectra for enantioselectivity and diastereoselectivity of aldol adducts









(4)







(7)





(9)

ÇH₃

QН



(11)









(14)



(15)



(16)



(17)





7. Reusability of CDNH₂(*n*4)–HPW/0.5

| Run | Yield (%) ^b | syn/anti ^c | % ee (<i>Syn</i>) ^d |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 96 | 93/7 | 96 |
| 2 | 96 | 93/7 | 95 |
| 3 | 97 | 92/8 | 96 |
| 4 | 96 | 93/7 | 96 |
| 5 | 96 | 93/7 | 96 |
| 6 | 95 | 92/8 | 95 |
| 7 | 94 | 90/10 | 95 |
| 8 | 94 | 89/11 | 94 |

Table s3. Recycling experiments of CDNH₂(n4)–HPW/0.5 in aldol addition reaction ^a

^a Reaction conditions: 40 mg CDNH₂(*n*4)–HPW/0.5 (0.012 mmol, 6 mol%), cyclohexanone (0.5 mL), *p*-nitrobenzaldehyde (30.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), water (0.5 mL), 15 °C, 72 h. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} Determined by ¹H NMR. ^{*d*} Determined by chiral HPLC.