Supporting Information

Arene Ruthenium (II) Complexes with Chalcone, Aminoantipyrine and

Aminopyrimidine Based Ligands: Synthesis, Structure and Preliminary

Evaluation of Anti-leukemia Activity

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Synthesis of Ligands and Complexes

Synthesis of 4-(2-hydroxybenzylideneamino)-2,3-dimethyl-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydropyrazol-5-one (AAPS):

4-aminoantipyrine (200 mg, 0.98 mmol) and salicylaldehyde (120 mg, 0.98 mmol) were refluxed in ethanol (15 mL) for 2h. Then, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature; the resulting precipitate was filtered off and dried under vacuum. The product was obtained as a yellow powder. Yield 0.240 g (79%). NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 7.57 – 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.41 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.06 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.93 – 6.85 (m, 1H), 3.28 – 3.04 (m, 3H), 2.53 – 2.25 (m, 3H). IR (KBr): v = 2910(m), 1653(s), 1593(m), 1491(s), 1413(m), 1267(s), 1138(s), 752(s), 594(m), 549(m).

Scheme S1



Synthesis of ADAB: 1-(4-aminophenyl)-3-(4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (ADAB):

4-aminoacetophenone(1 g, 6.7 mmol) was suspended in ethanol (20 mL), to the suspension 40% of NaOH and 4-dimethylaminobenzaldeyde(0.904 g, 6.7 mmol) were added and stir this reaction mixture at RT for 16h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into the 100 mL of ice water and P^H is adjusted to 1 by drop wise adding of dil. HCl. The reaction mixture was filtered; the filtrate was neutralized with 5% NaHCO₃ and subsequently extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic fraction was concentrated in vacuum under reduced pressure. Yield 1.569 g (86%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ , 8.10 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.98 – 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (ddd, *J* = 15.4, 14.6, 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 6.89 (m, 2H), 6.75 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.26 – 2.91 (m, 6H), 1.64 (s, 2H), ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.34 – 161.14 (m), 130.85 (s), 129.58 (s), 121.45 – 121.25 (m), 111.86 (s), 77.35 (s), 77.03 (s), 76.71 (s), 40.17 (s).

Scheme S2



3-(Dimethylamino)-1-(pyridine-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one. This compound was synthesised based on the literature. The reaction of (2g, 16.5mmol) of 2-acetylpyridine and DMF dimethyl acetal(7.84g) were suspended in 11ml of xylene and stir this reaction mixture for 16h at 110°C. Into the resulting mixture 10 ml of hexane added yellow colour precipitate was formed and allows stirring for 20min at 3°C. Resulting mixture was filtered and dried in vacuum to get a yellow colour powder.

Scheme S3



Synthesis of 4-(pyridine-2-yl) pyrimidin-2-amine (P2P). (0.5 g, 2.84 mmol) of (Z)-3dimethylamino-1-(pyridine-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one was suspended was suspended in 15ml of nbutanol. To the solution (0.346 g, 2.84 mmol) of guanidine nitrate added and followed by the addition of NaOH(0.114 g, 2.84 mmol) and reflux this mixture at 110°C for 12h. After completion of the reaction the mixture was filtered, the clear yellow solution of filtrate kept for room temperature. After 20 min yellow crystal formed and dried in a vacuum under reduced pressure. Yield (0.296 g, 60%) IR (KBr): 3471, 3142, 1622, 1568, 1463, 1340, 1215, 1095, 993, 783, 650, 524.¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (dd, *J* = 11.9, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.40 – 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.85 (ddd, *J* = 17.9, 9.4, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.49 (s), 163.75 (s), 159.65 (s), 154.75 (s), 149.79 (s), 137.29 (s), 125.41 (s), 121.87 (s), 108.26 (s).

Scheme S4



Synthesis of 2,3-dimethyl-1-phenyl-4-(pyridine-2-ylmethyleneamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-5one (AAPPA) Scheme S5



Synthesis of 1-(4-((Z)-2-hydroxybenzylideneamino)phenyl)-3-(4-(dimethylamino) phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (ADABS) Scheme S6



Synthesis of Ru(n⁶-*p*-cymene)Cl₂(4-aminoantipyrine) (AAP-Ru) Scheme S7



Synthesis of (n⁶-*p*-cymene)(2,3-dimethyl-1-phenyl-4-(pyridine-2-ylmethyleneamino)-1,2dihydropyrazol-5-one)chlororuthenium(II) chloride (AAPPA-Ru) Scheme S8



Synthesis of (n⁶-*p*-cymene)(4-(2-hydroxybenzylideneamino)-2,3-dimethyl-1-phenyl-1,2dihydropyrazol-5-one)chlororuthenium(II) (AAPS-Ru) Scheme S9



Synthesis of (η⁶-*p*-cymene)(1-(4-((Z)-2-hydroxybenzylideneamino)phenyl)-3-(4-(dimethylamino) phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one)chlororuthenium(II) (ADABS-Ru) Scheme S10



Synthesis of (n⁶-*p*-cymene)(4-(pyridine-2-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine)chlororuthenium(II) tetrafluoroborate (P2P-Ru) c Scheme S11



NMR Spectra



Fig. S1 ¹H NMR spectra for AAP-Ru.



Fig. S3 ¹H NMR spectra for AAPPA



Fig. S4 ¹H NMR spectra for AAPPA-Ru.







Fig. S7 ¹H NMR spectra for ADABS-Ru.



Fig. S8 ¹H NMR spectra for P2P







Fig. S11 ¹³C NMR spectra for AAPS-Ru.







Fig. S14 ¹³C NMR spectra for P2P-Ru.

IR Spectra



Fig. S15 FT-IR Spectrum for AAP-Ru.



Fig. S16 FT-IR Spectrum for AAPPA



Fig. S17 FT-IR Spectrum for AAPPA-Ru.



Fig. S18 FT-IR Spectrum for AAPS



Fig. S19 FT-IR Spectrum for AAPS-Ru.



Fig. S20 FT-IR Spectrum for ADABS



Fig. S21 FT-IR Spectrum for ADABS-Ru.



Fig. S22 FT-IR Spectrum for P2P



Fig. S23 FT-IR Spectrum for P2P-Ru.

Mass Spectra



Fig. S24 ESI-MS spectrum for AAP-Ru.



Fig. 25 ESI-MS spectrum of AAPPA-Ru.



Fig. S26 ESI-MS spectrum for AAPS-Ru.



Fig. S27 ESI-MS spectrum for ADABS

Single Crystal X-ray Data

Single Crystal X-ray Structure Determination

A single crystal of AAP-Ru, ADABS-Ru and P2P-Ru was coated with paratone-N oil and the diffraction data were measured at 100 K with synchrotron radiation (l = 0.60999 Å) on an ADSC Quantum-210 detector at 2D SMC with a silicon (111) double crystal monochromator (DCM) at the Pohang Accelerator Laboratory, Korea. The ADSC Q210 ADX program⁴ was used for data collection (the detector distance is 63 mm, omega scan; Do = 31, the exposure time is 2 s per frame) and HKL3000sm (Ver. 703r)⁵ was used for cell refinement, reduction and absorption correction. The crystal structure of AAP-Ru, ADABS-Ru(II) and P2P-Ru(II) was solved by the direct method using the SHELX-XT (2014/4) program and refined by full-matrix least square calculations using the SHELX-XL (2014/7) program package.⁶ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The hydrogen atoms were assigned an isotropic displacement coefficient of Uiso(H) = 1.2 or 1.5Ueq, and their coordinates were allowed to ride on their respective atoms. Selected bond distances and angles are tabulated in Table S1, S2 and S3.

Ru(1)-C(18)	2.161(2)	Ru(1)-C(17) 2.162(2)
Ru(1)-N(1)	2.1723(18)	Ru(1)-C(14) 2.182(2)
Ru(1)-C(16)	2.199(2)	Ru(1)-Cl(2) 2.4047(7)
Ru(1)- $Cl(1)$	2.4143(7)	O(1)-C(1) 1.227(3)
C(16)-C(17)	1.410(3)	C(16)-C(19) 1.513(3)
C(18)-Ru(1)-C(17)	38.68(8)	C(18)-Ru(1)-N(1) 96.64(8)
C(17)- $Ru(1)$ - $N(1)$	93.87(7)	C(18)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(14)$ 68.40(9)
C(17)-Ru(1)-C(14)	81.39(8)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(14) 161.31(8)
N(1)-Ru(1)-C(15)	154.97(7)	C(14)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(15)$ 37.32(8)
C(13)-Ru(1)-C(16)	81.67(8)	C(18)-Ru(1)-Cl(2) 159.01(6)
C(17)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(2)$	120.35(6)	N(1)-Ru(1)-Cl(2) = 81.77(5)
C(14)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(2)$	116.27(6)	C(15)-Ru(1)-Cl(2) 91.97(6)
C(18)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	113.36(6)	C(17)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$ 151.53(6)
C(15)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	121.13(6)	C(13)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$ 88.81(6)
C(16)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	159.37(6)	Cl(2)-Ru(1)-Cl(1) = 87.32(3)
C(14)-C(13)-C(12)	120.1(2)	C(18)-C(13)-Ru(1) 69.80(12)
C(14)-C(13)-Ru(1)	70.40(12)	C(12)-C(13)-Ru(1) 129.19(15)
C(14)-C(15)-Ru(1)	71.18(12)	C(16)-C(15)-Ru(1) 71.38(11)
C(15)-C(16)-Ru(1)	70.37(11)	C(19)-C(16)-Ru(1) 132.73(15)

Table S1. Selected Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for Complex AAP-Ru

 Table S2.
 Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for complex ADABS-Ru

Ru(1)-O(1)	2.0668(12)	Ru(1)-N(1)	2.0801(14)
Ru(1)-C(4)	2.1767(15)	Ru(1)-C(5)	2.1773(16)
Ru(1)-C(7)	2.1777(16)	Ru(1)-C(3)	2.1847(16)
Ru(1)-C(2)	2.1998(17)	Ru(1)-C(6)	2.2006(16)
Ru(1)-Cl(1)	2.4409(6)	O(1)-C(11)	1.3017(18)
O(2)-C(24)	1.228(2)	N(1)-C(17)	1.291(2)
N(1)-C(18)	1.436(2)	C(1)-C(2)	1.503(2)
O(1)-Ru(1)-N(1)	88.37(6)	O(1)-Ru(1)-C(4)	116.20(6)
N(1)-Ru(1)-C(4)	93.78(6)	O(1)-Ru(1)-C(5)	88.73(6)
N(1)-Ru(1)-C(5)	120.38(6)	C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(5)$	37.88(6)
O(1)-Ru(1)-C(7)	116.26(6)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(7)	154.66(6)
C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(7)$	81.03(7)	C(5)-Ru(1)-C(7)	69.02(7)
O(1)-Ru(1)-C(3)	154.50(6)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(3)	92.87(6)
C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(3)$	38.30(6)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(2)	116.63(6)
N(1)-Ru(1)-C(6)	158.79(6)	C(3)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(6)$	79.92(7)
O(1)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	84.86(4)	N(1)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	86.91(5)
C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	158.93(5)	C(5)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	151.80(4)
C(7)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	89.35(5)	C(3)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	120.64(5)
C(6)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	113.97(5)	C(11)-O(1)-Ru(1)	128.72(10)

Ru(1)-N(1)	2.082(2)	Ru(1)-N(2)	2.112(2)
Ru(1)-C(4)	2.185(2)	Ru(1)-C(3)	2.199(2)
Ru(1)-C(7)	2.204(2)	Ru(1)-C(5)	2.208(2)
Ru(1)-C(2)	2.211(2)	Ru(1)-C(6)	2.213(2)
Ru(1)- $Cl(1)$	2.4040(8)	C(2)-C(3)	1.401(3)
C(2)-C(7)	1.437(3)	N(1)-Ru(1)-N(2)	76.33(8)
N(1)-Ru(1)-C(4)	92.43(9)	N(2)-Ru(1)-C(4)	115.75(8)
N(2)-Ru(1)-C(3)	152.80(8)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(7)	158.03(8)
N(2)-Ru(1)-C(7)	125.54(8)	C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(7)$	80.13(9)
C(3)- $Ru(1)$ - $C(5)$	67.93(9)	N(1)-Ru(1)-C(6)	154.62(8)
N(2)-Ru(1)-C(6)	98.46(8)	N(1)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	87.60(6)
C(4)- $Ru(1)$ - $Cl(1)$	156.41(7)	C(7)-Ru(1)-Cl(1)	91.13(7)
C(3)-C(2)-C(7)	118.1(2)	C(3)-C(2)-Ru(1)	71.00(13)

Table S3. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for Compound P2P-Ru

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