Electronic Supporting Information for

Solvent Dependent Isomerization of Photochromic Dithienylethenes: Synthesis, Photochromism, and Self-assembly

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Content

- 1. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of intermediate and DTEs
- 2. High resolution mass spectra of intermediates and DTEs
- 3. ¹H NMR of DTEs before and after photoirradiation.
- 4. Absorption spectra of intermediate and DTEs.
- 5. SEM image of deprotonated $DTE2_{closed}$ film cast from MeOH.

1. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of intermediate and DTEs.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound DTE in CDCl₃.



Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum of **1** in CDCl₃.



Figure S3. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 1 in CDCl₃.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl₃.



Figure S5. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl₃.



Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl₃.



Figure S7. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **3** in CDCl₃.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl₃.



Figure S9. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl₃.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of 5 in CDCl₃.



Figure S11. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **5** in CDCl₃.



Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6 in CDCl₃.



Figure S13. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6 in CDCl₃.



Figure S14. ¹H NMR spectrum of **7** in CDCl₃.



Figure S15. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **7** in CDCl₃.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of **10** in CDCl₃.



Figure S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **10** in CDCl₃.



Figure S18. ¹H NMR spectrum of **DTE1** in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S19. ¹³C NMR spectrum of DTE1 in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S20. ¹H NMR spectrum of DTE2 in CDCl₃.



Figure S21. ¹³C NMR spectrum of DTE2 in MeOD.



Figure S22. ¹H NMR spectrum of DTE3 in CDCl₃.



Figure S23. ¹³C NMR spectrum of DTE3 in CDCl₃.

2. High resolution mass spectra of intermediates and DTEs.



Figure S24. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 1.



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Figure S25. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 2.



Figure S26. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 3.



Figure S27. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 4.



Figure S28. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 5.



Figure S29. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 6.



Figure S30. High resolution EI mass spectrum of 7.



Meas.m/z # Formula m/z err[ppm] rdb e⁻Conf N-Rule 753.1345 1 C 43 H 27 F 6 O 2 S 2 753.1351 0.8 27.5 even ox







Figure S32. High resolution APCI mass spectrum of DTE2.

Source Type	APCI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebullzer	3.0 Bar
Focus	Not active	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Heater	200 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Dry Gas	6.0 l/min
Scan End	2500 m/z	Set Collision Cell RF	300.0 Vpp	Set Divert Valve	Waste

 Meas.m/z
 # Formula
 m/z
 err [ppm]
 rdb
 e⁻ Conf
 N-Rule

 808.1397
 1
 C43 H 26 F 6 N 4 O 2 S 2
 808.1396
 -0.1
 30.0
 odd
 okt



Figure S33. High resolution APCI mass spectrum of DTE3.

3. ¹H NMR of DTEs before and after photoirradiation.



Figure S34. ¹H NMR of **DTE1**_{open} and **DTE1**_{closed} ($\lambda = 365$ nm, photostationary state) in MeOD.



Figure S35. ¹H NMR of **DTE2**_{open} and **DTE2**_{closed} ($\lambda = 365$ nm, photostationary state) in MeOD.



Figure S36. ¹H NMR of **DTE3**_{open} and **DTE3**_{closed} ($\lambda = 365$ nm, photostationary state) in CDCl₃.



Figure S37. ¹H NMR of **DTE3**_{open} and **DTE3**_{closed} ($\lambda = 365$ nm, photostationary state) in THF-d8.

4. Absorption spectra of intermediate and DTEs.



Figure S38. Solid state absorption spectra of DTE1-3; open-ring (---) and closed-ring (PSS, ---) isomer upon irradiation at 365 nm for 5 minutes.



Figure S39. Absorbance changes of **DTEs** (**a** - **c**) at 620 nm (**DTE1** and **DTE2**) and at 630 nm (**DTE3**) by alternate irradiation with UV and visible light over 15 cycles in chloroform at 25 °C; and a plot of $\ln(A/A_0)$ versus time for the absorption changes of **DTEs** (**d** - **f**) at 620 nm (**DTE1** and **DTE2**) and at 630 nm (**DTE3**) at 25 °C (-**n**-) and 100 °C (-**o**-) in chlorobenzene solution. A is the absorbance at time t, A_0 is the initial absorbance, and solid lines denote the theoretical linear fits.



Figure S40. Time-dependent absorption studies on **DTE3**_{closed} solution in THF at 50 °C; 0 minute (- \blacksquare -), 2 minutes (- \blacklozenge -), 5 minutes (- \blacktriangle -), 15 minutes (- \blacktriangledown -), 30 minutes (- \blacklozenge -).



Figure S41. Absorption spectra of compound 10 in THF, trans- (- \blacksquare -), and cis-isomer (- \bullet -) at the photostationary state upon irradiation at 365 nm, and the reversible formation of transisomer (- \blacktriangle -) upon irradiation with visible light.



Figure S42. Optical images to show photochromic changes of DTEs in different pH.

5. SEM image of deprotonated $DTE2_{closed}$ film cast from MeOH.



Figure S43. SEM image of **DTE2**_{closed} film dropcasted from MeOH (6.0 x 10^{-4} M) upon deprotonation using aqueous NaOH solution (4 eq).



Figure S44. FESEM images of **DTE3** films drop-casted from MeOH or THF solutions (6.0 x 10^{-4} M) on a precleaned glass substrate. The solvent was allowed to evaporate slowly inside a

desiccator at room temperature under darkness. $DTE3_{closed}$ films were prepared by first irradiating the solution with UV light (365 nm, 10 minutes) prior to drop casting.