

Synthesis and electrical properties of hybrid gel Electrolytes derived from Keggin-type heteropoly acids and 3-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl) propane-1-sulfonate (PyPs)

Sumaletha Narayanan, Xia Tong and Venkataraman Thangadurai*

Department of Chemistry, University of Calgary, 2500 University Dr NW, Calgary, Alberta, T2N 1N4

*For correspondence (vthangad@ucalgary.ca) Phone: 1 403 210 8649

Supporting Information

Table S1. CHN elemental analysis PyPs and its hybrid compounds, PyPs-H₃PWMo, PyPs-H₄PMoV, and PyPs-H₅PMoV.

		Theoretical	Experimental
PyPs	% C	47.75	47.09
	% H	5.51	5.65
	% N	6.96	6.67
PyPs-H₃PWMo	% C	8.23	8.31
	% H	1.3	1.32
	% N	1.2	1.14
PyPs-H₄PMoV	% C	14.38	14.45
	% H	2.04	1.82
	% N	2.10	2.01
PyPs -H₅PMoV	% C	17.54	18.17
	% H	2.02	2.64
	% N	2.56	2.64

Table S2. The impedance fitting results of PyPs-H4PMoV and PyPs-H5PMoV hybrids at different temperatures.

Sample	T (°C)	R_1 (M Ω)	R_b (M Ω)	CPE _b (F)	C_b (F)	CPE _{el} (F)	χ^2 (10 ⁻⁴)
PyPs-H4PMoV	32	12.6	93.9	6.68 x 10 ⁻¹¹	5.12 x 10 ⁻¹²	6.69 x 10 ⁻⁵	3
	67	4.45	0.96	4.63 x 10 ⁻⁹	1.70 x 10 ⁻¹⁰	4.32 x 10 ⁻⁴	2
PyPs-H5PMoV	60	10.1	518	7.19 x 10 ⁻¹¹	3.36 x 10 ⁻¹²	1.56 x 10 ⁻⁵	8

Supporting Figures



Fig. S1. Photographs of heteropoly acid (a) $H_4PMo_{11}VO_{40}$ and (b) its hybrid form, $PyPs-H_4PMoV$ derived from HPA and $PyPs$ ionic liquid.

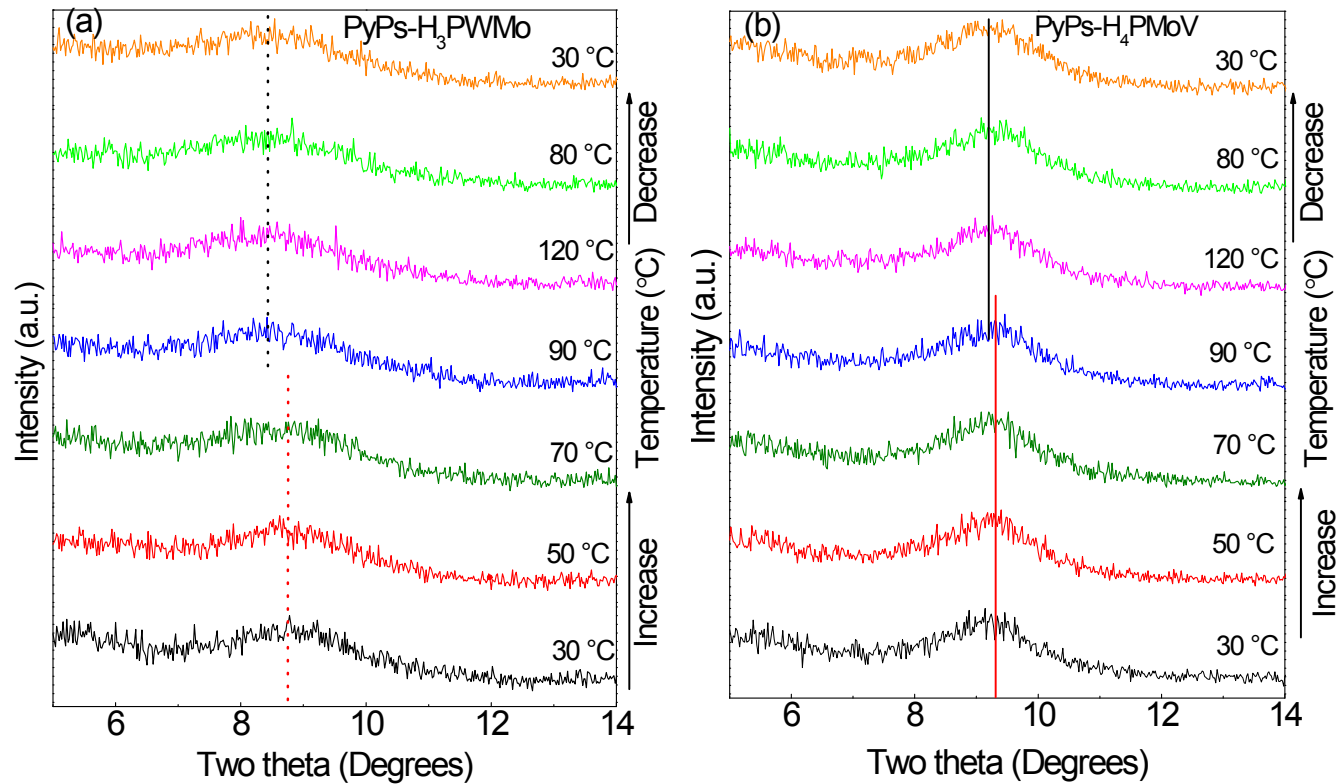
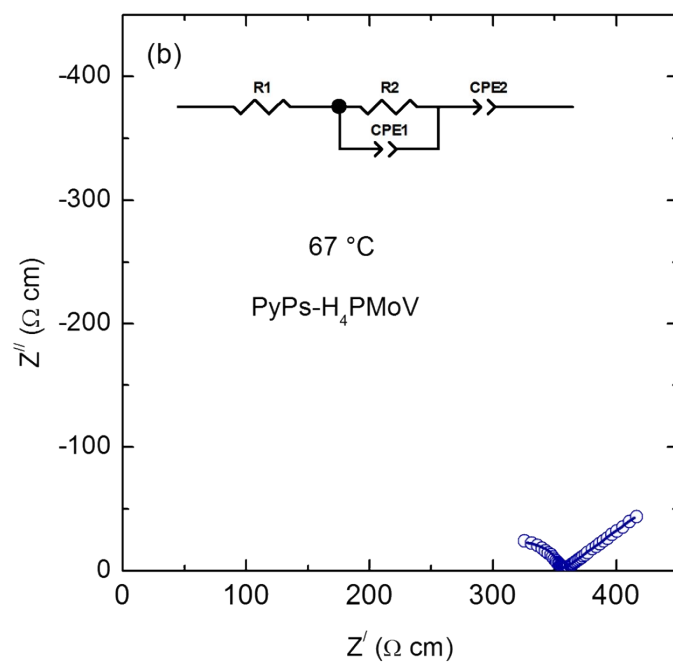
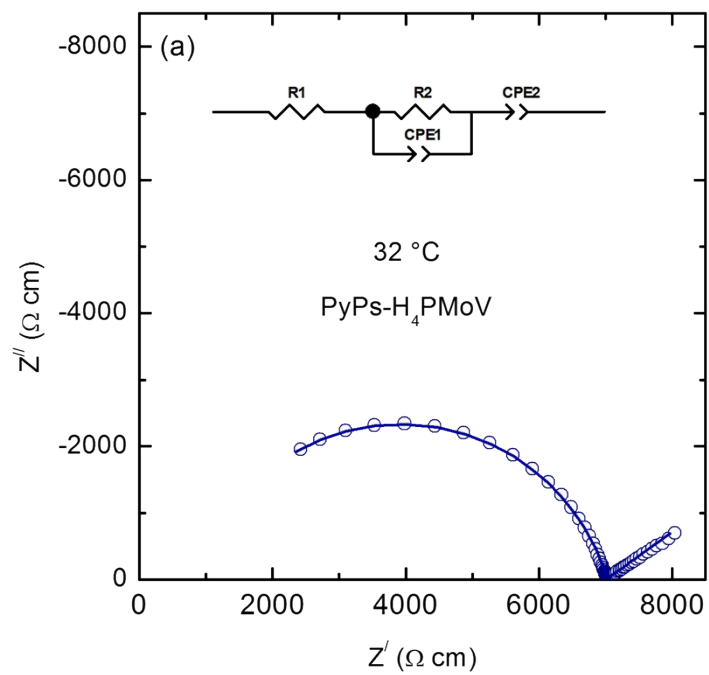


Fig. S2. HTXRD patterns of (a) $PyPs-H_3PVMo$ and (b) $PyPs-H_4PMoV$ under different temperature.



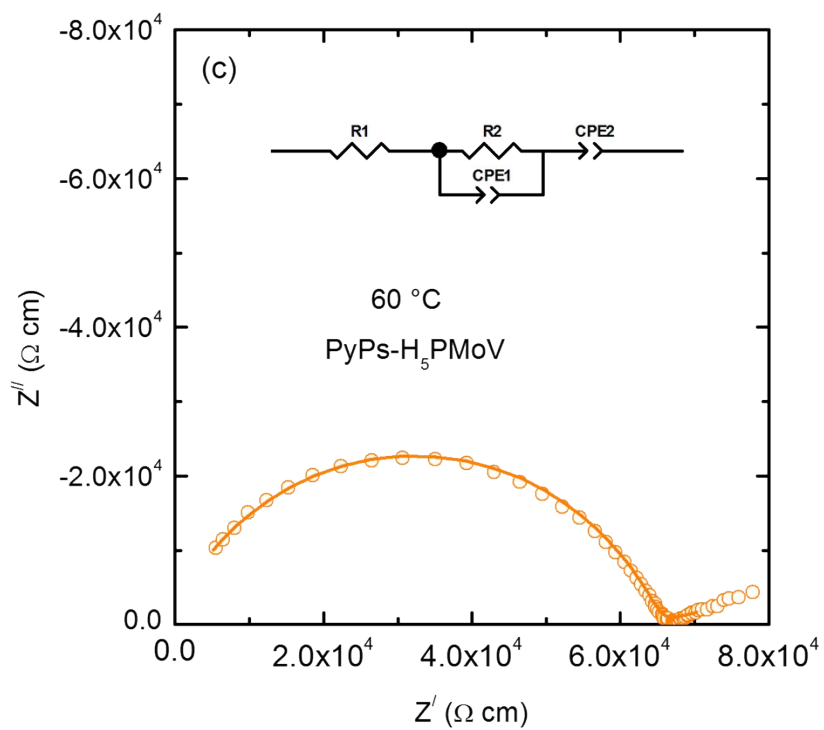


Fig. S3. Typical ac impedance spectra of PyPs-POM hybrids, (a) PyPs-H₄PMoV at 32 °C, (b) PyPs-H₄PMoV at 67 °C, and (c) PyPs-H₅PMoV at 60 °C measured in air atmosphere.