Supporting information

Microbial transformation of methyl cyperenoate by *Cunninghamella elegans* AS 3.2028 and the antithrombotic activities of its metabolites

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Figure S63. Enlarge figure of time courses of biotransformation.

Figure S64. Comp. 1-3 and ligand bound to endothelial nitric oxide synthase.

Table S1 Antiplatelet aggregation activity of **MC** and biotransformation derivatives $1-8 (x \pm s, n = 3)$.

Table S2 Moldock Scores of the active compounds 1-3 and the ligand of eNOS.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 1



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD_3OD-d_4) of compound 1



Figure S3. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 1



Figure S4. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 1



Figure S5. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 1



Figure S6. IR spectrum of compound 1



Figure S7. UV spectrum of compound 1



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 2



Figure S9. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 2



Figure S10. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 2



Figure S11. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 2



Figure S12. NOESY spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-d) of compound 2



Figure S13. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 2



Figure S14. IR spectrum of compound 2



Figure S15. UV spectrum of compound 2



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD_3OD-d_4) of compound 3



Figure S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 3



Figure S18. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 3



Figure S19. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CD_3OD-d_4) of compound 3











Figure S21. IR spectrum of compound 3



Figure S22. UV spectrum of compound 3



Figure S23. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD_3OD-d_4) of compound 4



Figure S24. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 4



Figure S25. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 4



Figure S26. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 4



Figure S27. NOESY spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 4









Figure S29. IR spectrum of compound 4

Spectrum Peak Pick Report



Figure S30. UV spectrum of compound 4



Figure S31. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 5



Figure S32. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 5



Figure S33. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 5



Figure S34. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 5



Figure S35. NOESY spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 5





Figure S36. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 5



Figure S37. IR spectrum of compound 5



Figure S38. UV spectrum of compound 5



Figure S39. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD_3OD-d_4) of compound 6



Figure S40. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 6



Figure S41. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 6



Figure S42. HSQC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 6

Mass Spectrum Molecular Formula Report							
Analysis Info Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment	D:\Data\20160617CEYANG\CAJ-6_1-F,5_01_7442.d 20131026_ceyang.m CAJ-6		Acquisition Date Operator Instrument / Ser#	6/17/2016 6:15:28 PM Bruker Customer micrOTOF-Q 125			
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Figure S43. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 6



Figure S44. IR spectrum of compound 6



Figure S45. UV spectrum of compound 6



Figure S46. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 7



Figure S47. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 7



Figure S48. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CD₃OD-*d*₄) of compound 7



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Figure S50. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 7



Figure S51. IR spectrum of compound 7



Figure S52. UV spectrum of compound 7



Figure S53. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 8



Figure S54. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃-d) of compound 8



Figure S55. HMBC spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of compound 8



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Figure S57. NOESY spectrum (600 MHz, CDCl₃-d) of compound 8



Figure S58. HRESIMS spectrum of compound 8







Figure S60. UV spectrum of compound 8



Figure S61. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of MC



Figure S62. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) of MC



Figure S63. Enlarge figure of time courses of biotransformation.

The possible action mechanism of the active compounds was explored by using molecular docking studies. Through the virtual screening of a large number of anti-thrombotic targets, we found that compound **1** had better ligand-receptor interaction with eNOS.

Endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS) generates NO, which plays a crucial role in maintaining vascular function and exerting an antithrombotic action [1]. Nitric oxide (NO) is a chief signaling molecule in cardiovascular regulation. In addition to relaxing vascular tone, NO regulates cardiac contractility, platelet aggregation, angiogenesis, and vascular smooth muscle proliferation. Thus, understanding the mechanisms of eNOS activation and regulation has been the focus of cardiovascular NO research [2-4]. And the literature indicates that eNOS and PT, TT, APTT are related [5]. The crystal structure of endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS) was obtained from RCSB Protein Data Bank with PDB Code: 4D1P. The protein was also optimized using the Discovery Studio 3.0 program (Accelrys Inc., San Diego, USA) to remove water molecules and add all hydrogen atoms, and the structures were saved in PDB format for further docking studies. The Molegro Virtual Docker 4.0 (Molegro ApS, Aarhus, Denmark) program was carried out for the docking calculations.

In order to clarify the mode of action of the compounds **1-3** on eNOS, the molecular docking studies were carried out to measure the relative binding energies and localize binding sites. As shown in **Table S2**, compounds **1-3** (Moldock Score: - 103.066, -105.809 -102.958 and -103.483) had similar bond in eNOS with the Ligand (Moldock Score: -103.483). Moreover, the hydrogen bonds with amino acids residues could also be observed in **Figure S64**. Compounds **1-3** showed the same hydrogen bonds with ligand at residues. Based on the above conclusions, we can speculate that the compound **1** may be an activator of eNOS.





Comp. 2

H-Bonds Donor

Acceptor





Figure S64. Comp. **1-3** and ligand bound to endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS) (PDB code: 4D1P).

Samples	Dosage (g mL ⁻¹)	Inhibition rate (%)
МС	400	$43.01\% \pm 1.98$
1	400	$93.01\% \pm 2.38$
2	400	$96.37\% \pm 3.76$
3	400	$82.68\% \pm 2.21$
4	400	$35.75\% \pm 0.65$
5	400	$36.59\% \pm 0.75$
6	400	$25.42\% \pm 0.66$
7	400	$74.87\% \pm 1.32$
8	400	$65.37\% \pm 1.13$
Aspirin	400	$86.32\% \pm 1.96$

Table S1 Antiplatelet aggregation activity of **MC** and biotransformation derivatives 1-8 (x ± s, n = 3).

 Table S2 Moldock Scores of the active compounds 1-3 and the ligand of eNOS.

Name	Score		
Ligand	-103.483		
Comp. 1	-103.066		
Comp. 2	-105.809		
Comp. 3	-102.956		

Notes and references

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