

## Supporting Information

# **Solvent-Mediated Preparation of a Heterometallic [2×2] Grid via a 1D Metal–Organic Template with Extraordinary Acid/Base-Resistance**

Yi Han,<sup>a</sup> Hao Zheng,<sup>a</sup> Huijun Li,<sup>\*,b</sup> Hongli Wang,<sup>a</sup> Shi-Min Wang,<sup>\*,c</sup> Yanling Geng,<sup>a</sup>  
Lei Wang,<sup>\*,a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Key Laboratory of Eco-chemical Engineering, Ministry of Education, Inorganic Synthesis and Applied Chemistry, College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Qingdao University of Science and Technology, Qingdao 266042, P. R. China. E-mail: inorchemwl@126.com;

<sup>b</sup> College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Henan Polytechnic University, Jiaozuo, Henan 454000, P. R. China. E-mail: lihuijunxgy@hpu.edu.cn;

<sup>c</sup> Department of Material and Chemistry Engineering, Henan Institute of Engineering, Henan 450007, P. R. China. E-mail: wsmhaue@163.com;

**Table S1.** Crystal data and structure refinement details of **1** and **2**.

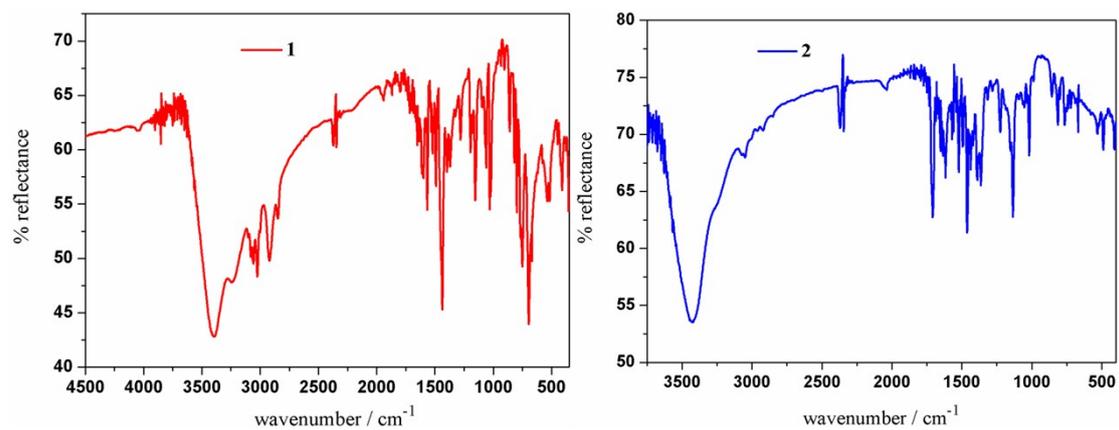
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
Formula	[Fe <sup>II</sup> L(H <sub>2</sub> O)]·2H <sub>2</sub> O C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>14</sub> FeN <sub>11</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	[Fe <sup>III</sup> <sub>2</sub> Na <sub>2</sub> L <sub>4</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>4</sub> ]·8H <sub>2</sub> O C <sub>68</sub> H <sub>60</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> N <sub>44</sub> Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>12</sub>
Fw	476.24	1858.68
temp/K	298 (2)	100(2)
cryst syst	monoclinic	triclinic
space group	<i>C</i> 2	<i>P</i> -1
<i>a</i> (Å)	22.027(4)	12.0542(4)
<i>b</i> (Å)	7.4504(15)	12.5534(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	11.654(2)	15.4060(4)
<i>α</i> (°)	90	112.178(3)
<i>β</i> (°)	90.19(3)	102.023(3)
<i>γ</i> (°)	90	99.933(3)
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1912.5(7)	2028.63(11)
<i>Z</i>	4	1
<i>D<sub>c</sub></i> (mg·m <sup>-3</sup> )	1.654	1.521
<i>μ</i> /(mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.838	3.730
<i>F</i> (000)	972	952
rflns collected	3282	8090
unique rflns	3238	6962
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.0201	0.0436
GOF on <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup>	1.052	1.068
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub> <sup>a</sup> (I>2σI)	0.0554	0.0940
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub> <sup>a</sup>	0.1595	0.2748

$${}^aR_1 = \frac{\sum ||F_o| - |F_c||}{\sum |F_o|}, \quad {}^aR_2 = [\sum (|F_o|^2 - |F_c|^2)^2 / \sum |F_o|^2]^{1/2}.$$

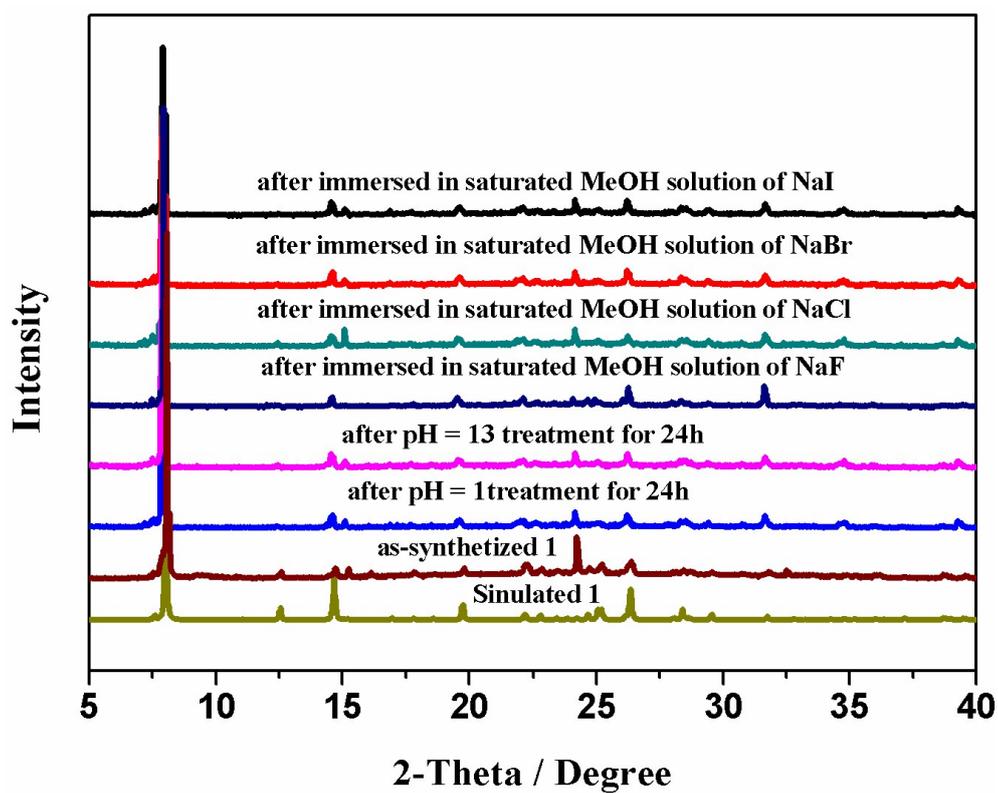
**Table S2.** Selected bonds distances (Å) and angles (°) in **1** and **2**.

<b>1</b>			
Fe(1)-N(1)	2.145(4)	Fe(1)-N(2)	2.170(4)
Fe(1)-N(7)	2.240(4)	Fe(2)-O(1)	2.011(6)
Fe(2)-N(9)	2.185(4)	Fe(2)-N(10)	2.274(5)
N(1)-Fe(1)-N(2)	74.72(16)	N(1)#1-Fe(1)-N(2)	104.85(16)
N(1)-Fe(1)-N(7)#1	106.41(16)	N(2)#1-Fe(1)-N(7)#1	148.68(16)
N(2)-Fe(1)-N(7)#1	84.29(17)		
<b>2</b>			
Fe(1)-N(1)	1.926(4)	Fe(1)-N(2)	1.942(4)
Fe(1)-N(7)	1.937(4)	Fe(1)-N(12)	1.924(4)
Fe(1)-N(13)	1.941(4)	Fe(1)-N(18)	1.925(4)
N(12)-Fe(1)-N(18)	80.61(16)	N(12)-Fe(1)-N(1)	177.89(18)
N(18)-Fe(1)-N(1)	98.83(17)	N(12)-Fe(1)-N(7)	101.50(17)
N(18)-Fe(1)-N(7)	91.49(18)	N(1)-Fe(1)-N(7)	80.54(17)
N(12)-Fe(1)-N(13)	80.76(16)	N(18)-Fe(1)-N(13)	161.24(17)
N(1)-Fe(1)-N(13)	99.87(16)	N(7)-Fe(1)-N(13)	90.12(18)
N(12)-Fe(1)-N(2)	97.33(17)	N(18)-Fe(1)-N(2)	91.28(17)
N(1)-Fe(1)-N(2)	80.64(18)	N(7)-Fe(1)-N(2)	161.17(17)
N(13)-Fe(1)-N(2)	93.20(18)		

Symmetry codes #1: -x+1,y,-z    #2 -x+1,y,-z+1



**Figure S1.** FT-IR of **1** and **2**.



**Figure S2.** PXRD patterns of **1** after immersion in aqueous solutions with different pH values and NaX (X = F, Cl, Br and I).

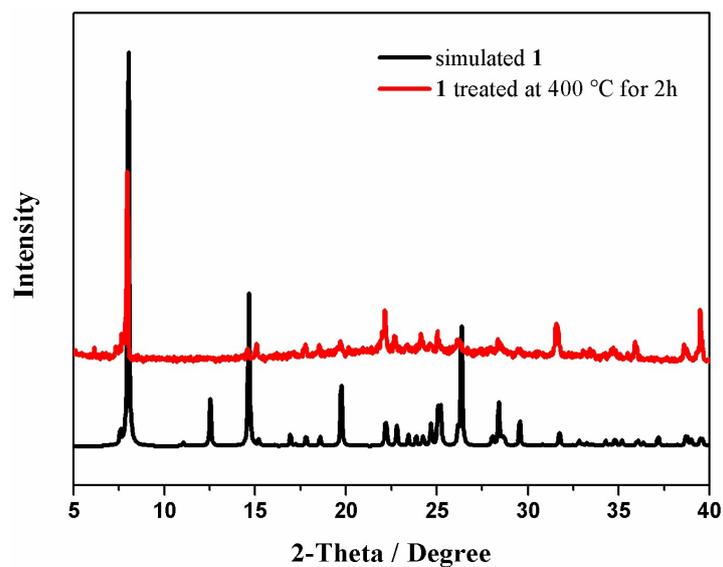


Figure S3. PXRD of 1 treated at 400 °C for 2h.

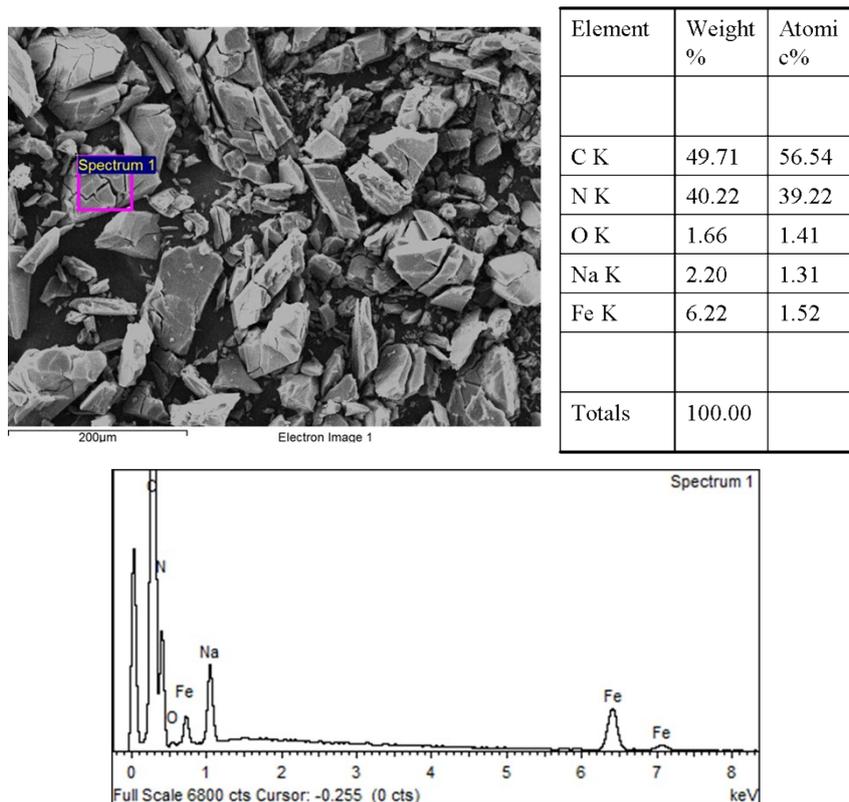
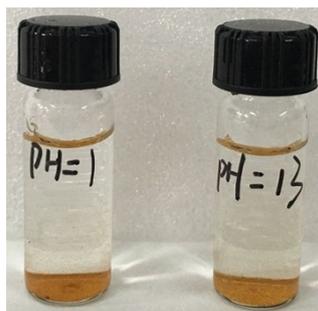
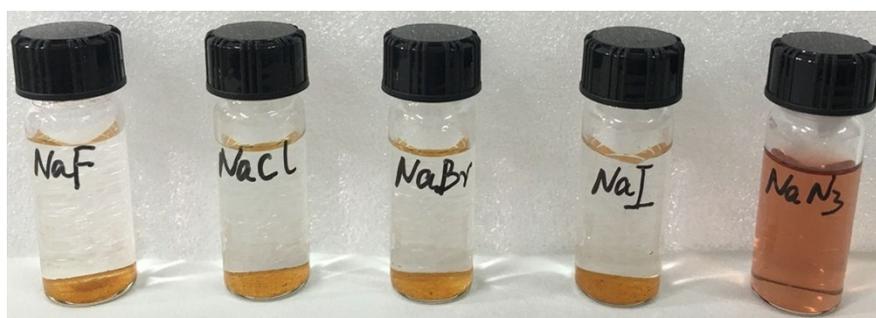


Figure S4. Typical SEM image of products from 2 (EDS was listed on the bottom of SEM images).



**Figure S5.** Freshly as-prepared crystals of **1** were respectively soaked in aqueous solutions with pH = 1 and 13 at room temperature.



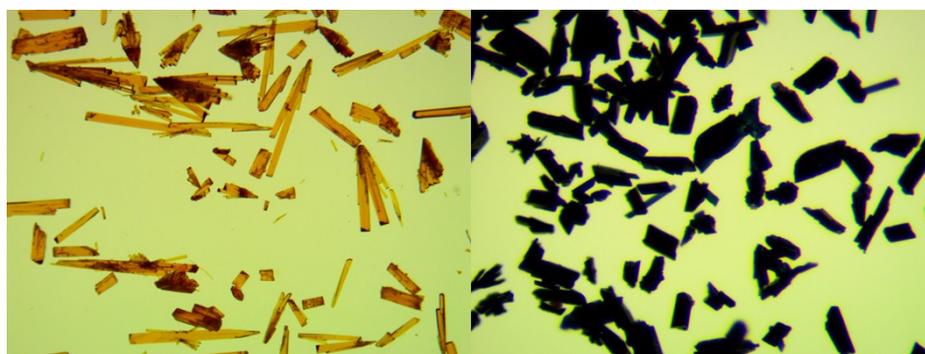
**Figure S6.** Freshly as-prepared crystals of **1** were respectively immersed in saturated MeOH solutions of NaF, NaCl, NaBr, NaI, and NaN<sub>3</sub> at room temperature.



**Figure S7.** Freshly as-prepared crystals of **2** can be insoluble in MeOH, EtOH, MeCN, but readily dissolve in DMF, DMA and DMSO.



**Figure S8.** Freshly as-prepared crystals of **1** were respectively immersed in saturated H<sub>2</sub>O, MeOH, EtOH and DMF solutions of NaN<sub>3</sub> at room temperature.



**Figure S9.** Optical microscopic photographs of **1** (left) and **2** (right).