Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for RSC Advances.

Supplementary Information

High-Rate-Capability Asymmetric Supercapacitor Device Based on Lily-like Co_3O_4 Nanostructures Assembled by Nanowires

Yanjie Wang[a], Shaobo Huang[a], Yin Lu[a], Shizhong Cui[a], Weihua Chen*[, b] and Liwei Mi*[,a]

[a]*Center for Advanced Materials Research, Zhongyuan University of Technology, Zhengzhou, Henan 450007, China. Email: mlwzzu@163.com*

[b]*College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, Henan, 450001, China. E-mail: chenweih@zzu.edu.cn*

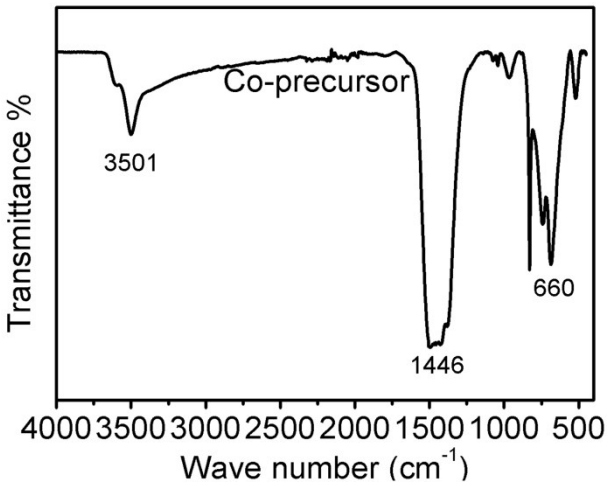

Fig. S1. The FT-IR spectrum of Co-precursor. The IR peaks around 3501 cm^{-1} is proposed to be attributed to stretching vibration of OH group. The peaks at 1446 cm^{-1} are ascribed to C-O group. In addition, the peak at 660 cm^{-1} can be assigned to the vibration of Co-O group. Therefore, the Co-precursor is proposed as the complex including cobalt and organic compounds.

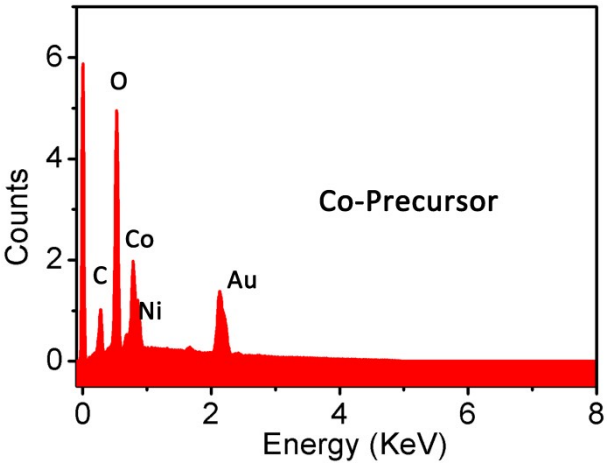

Fig. S2. The energy dispersive spectrum (EDS) analysis of Co-precursor. Known from EDS result, the elements of C, O, Co were observed. Note: Ni signal peak was from Ni foam, Au signal peak was from metal spraying process.

Fig. S3. The LED lighted by two supercapacitors in series at different time.