

# An arch-bridge-type Fluorophore for Bridging the Gap Between Aggregation-caused Quenching and Aggregation-induced Emission

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## 1. General methods

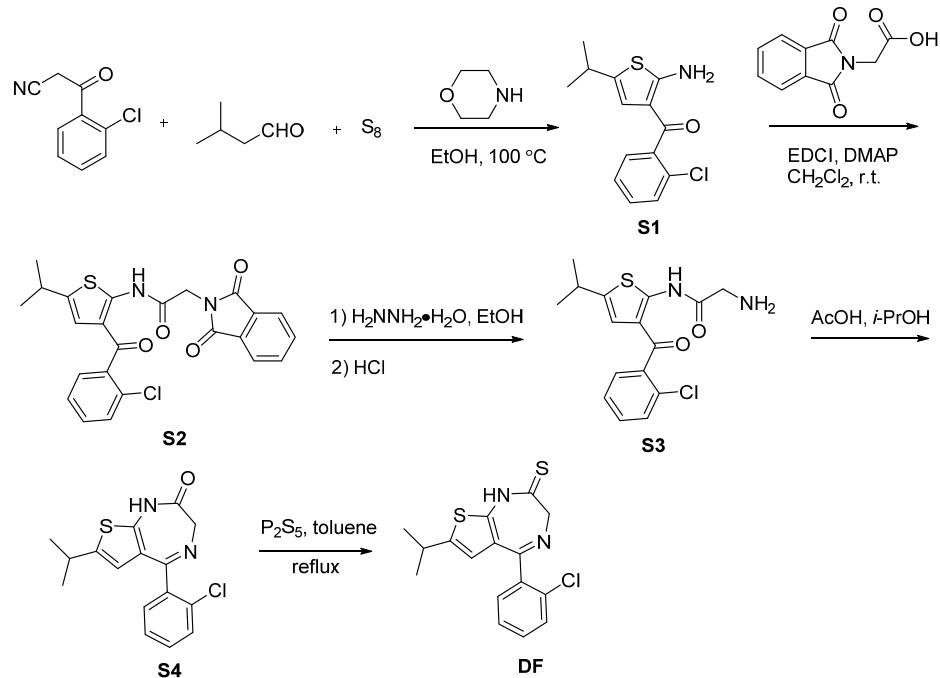
All starting materials and reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used directly without further purification. All solvents for UV and FL analyses were spectroscopic grade. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh). Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on precoated silica gel F-254 plates (0.25 mm, E. Merck). <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded at r.t. on a Bruker AVANCE III 400 instrument with TMS as an internal reference. EI mass spectra were recorded on the Thermo DSQ mass spectrometer. LC/MS was run on a LCMS-2010A. HRMS were performed on a Thermo MAT95XP mass spectrometer. IR spectra were recorded on an Nicolet Avatar 330 FT-IR. The m.p. values were determined on a WRS-1B digital m.p. apparatus and were not calibrated.

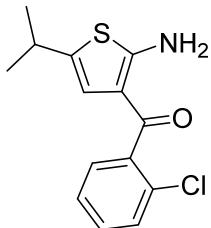
The single crystals were grown from tetrahydrofuran and ethanol (**DF0**, **DF2**, **DF4** and **DF5**), or chloroform and hexane (**DF1**), or chloroform and ethanol (**DF6**). Single-crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected at 293(2) K on an Agilent Technologies Gemini a Ultra system, with Cu-K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda=1.54178\text{ \AA}$ , **DF0**, **DF2**, **DF4**, **DF5** and **DF6**) or Mo-K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda=0.7103\text{ \AA}$ , **DF1**).

The UV spectra were obtained using a spectrometer (UV-3600 or UV-2700) from Shimadzu. The FL spectra were obtained using a spectrometer (FLS980) from Edinburgh Instruments. The photoluminescence quantum yields were obtained on FLS980 with an integrating sphere ( $\phi$  150 mm).

Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) curves were determined on a NETZSCH DSC 204 F1 instrument under nitrogen at a heating rate of 10 °C/min. Thermogravimetric analyses (TGA) were performed on a NETZSCH TG 209 F3 Tarsus under nitrogen at a heating rate of 10 °C/min.

## 2. Synthesis of the compound **DF**

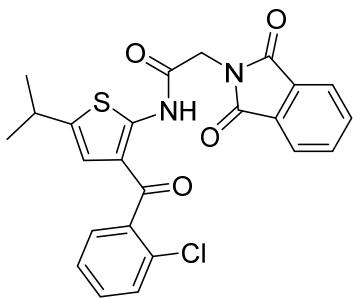




(2-amino-5-isopropylthiophen-3-yl)(2-chlorophenyl)methanone (**S1**)<sup>[1]</sup>

A 30 mL of vial was added with 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-3-oxopropanenitrile (1.8 g, 10 mmol), S (336 mg, 10.5 mmol), isovaleraldehyde (903 mg, 10.5 mmol), morpholine (870 mg, 10 mmol), EtOH (10 mL) and sealed. The reaction was stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 8h. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was diluted by 250 mL EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water (40 mL × 3), brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash c.c. on silica gel to afford **S1**, yellow oil (2.38 g, 85%).

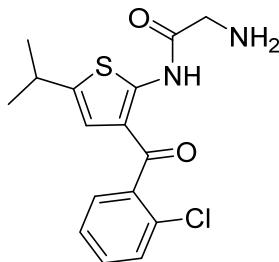
MS (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z: 302 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 334 (M+MeOH+Na<sup>+</sup>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.49 – 7.33 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.10 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.93 – 2.80 (m, 1H, CH), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 188.7, 165.5, 140.4, 133.6, 130.5, 130.2, 129.9, 128.4, 126.6, 120.1, 114.9, 29.6, 24.0.



*N*-(3-(2-chlorobenzoyl)-5-isopropylthiophen-2-yl)-2-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)acetamide (**S2**)<sup>[1]</sup>

To a 100 mL round flask was added **S1** (1.68 g, 6 mmol), *N*-phthaloylglycine (2.05 g, 10 mmol), dimethylaminopropylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.3 g, 12 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (1.46 g, 12 mmol), dichloromethane and a magnetic stir bar. The reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. over night. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered and the residue was washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL × 3). The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent, then the residue was crystallized from MeOH to afford **S2**, white solids (2.52 g, 90%).

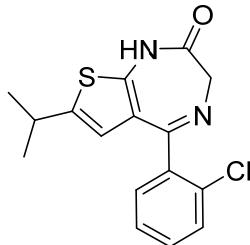
MS (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z: 489 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 521 (M+MeOH+Na<sup>+</sup>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 12.25 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.99 – 7.90 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.82 – 7.75 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51 – 7.34 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.38 (s, 1H, ArH), 4.73 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.06 – 2.94 (m, 1H, CH), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 191.4, 167.5, 164.2, 149.0, 143.2, 139.1, 134.3, 132.0, 131.0, 130.6, 130.2, 128.4, 126.7, 123.8, 120.9, 119.6, 40.8, 29.5, 24.3.



**2-amino-N-(3-(2-chlorobenzoyl)-5-isopropylthiophen-2-yl)acetamide (**S3**)<sup>[1]</sup>**

In a 250 mL round bottom flask, **S2** (2.33 g, 5 mmol) was dispersed in 150 mL MeOH and cooled by an ice-bath. Hydrazine hydrate (80%, 10 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred for 8 h then allowed to warm to r.t.. Hydrochloric acid (36%, 20 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture stirred at r.t. over night. The insoluble solids were filtered off and the filtrate was neutralized with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. After removal of solvent, 200 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added to the residue and the organic phase was washed with water (40 mL × 3), brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from hexane to afford **S3**, pale yellow solids (1.48 g, 88%).

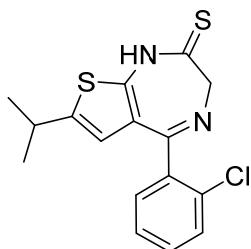
MS (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z: 337 (M+H<sup>+</sup>), 359 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 391 (M+MeOH+Na<sup>+</sup>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 12.88 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.50 – 7.36 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.39 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.71 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.06 – 2.97 (m, 1H, CH), 2.07 (brs, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 190.7, 171.7, 148.9, 142.4, 139.6, 130.8, 130.5, 130.0, 128.4, 126.7, 120.7, 119.7, 44.8, 29.5, 24.3.



**5-(2-chlorophenyl)-7-isopropyl-1,3-dihydro-2*H*-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-2-one (**S4**)<sup>[1]</sup>**

A 30 mL of vial was added with **S3** (1.35 g, 4 mmol), AcOH (800 mg), isopropyl alcohol (6 mL) and sealed. The reaction was stirred in an oil bath at 70 °C for 8 h. After cooled to room temperature, 150 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added and the organic solvent was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (40 mL × 3), water, brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from EtOAc to afford **S4**, pale yellow solid (765 mg, 60%).

MS (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z: 319 (M+H<sup>+</sup>), 341 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 373 (M+MeOH+Na<sup>+</sup>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 10.25 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.47 – 7.32 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.21 (s, 1H, ArH), 4.51 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.07 – 2.93 (m, 1H, CH), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 168.3, 166.7, 145.2, 142.7, 138.3, 133.0, 130.7, 130.5, 129.9, 126.8, 126.3, 120.2, 57.4, 29.9, 24.3.

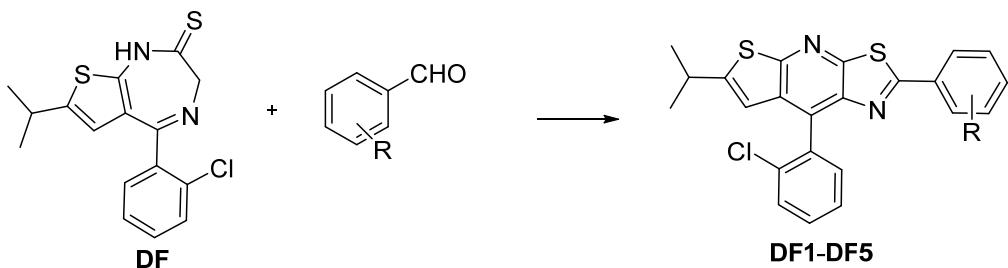


5-(2-chlorophenyl)-7-isopropyl-1,3-dihydro-2H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepine-2-thione (**DF**) <sup>[1]</sup>

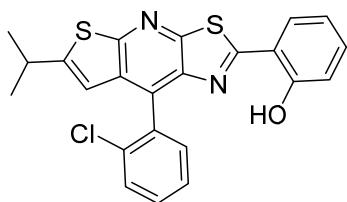
**S4** (638 mg, 2 mmol), phosphorus pent sulfide (3 g) and toluene (50 mL) were added to a three necks round bottom flask under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred under reflux for 12 h. After removal of solvent, 100 mL saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> was added to the residue and the mixture was stirred over night. **DF** was obtained after filtrate and washed with water, yellow solid (600 mg, 90%);

MS (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z: 335 (M+H<sup>+</sup>), 357 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 389 (M+MeOH+Na<sup>+</sup>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.55 – 7.32 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.25 (s, 1H, ArH), 4.93 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.07 – 2.95 (m, 1H, CH), 1.26 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> and DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 199.2, 170.8, 150.5, 149.9, 142.5, 137.5, 135.6, 135.4, 134.6, 132.5, 131.6, 125.1, 69.9, 34.5, 29.0.

### 3. General Procedure for syntheses of target compounds



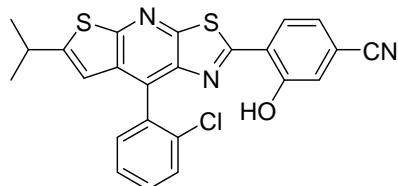
A 10 mL of vial was added with compound 5-(2-chlorophenyl)-7-isopropyl-1,3-dihydro-2H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepine-2-thione (**DF**, 100 mg, 0.3 mmol), Sc(OTf)<sub>3</sub> (1.5 mg, 0.003 mmol), corresponding aldehyde (0.6 mmol), NMP (2.0 mL) and sealed. The reaction was stirred in an oil bath preheated to 150 °C for 12 h. After cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was dilute with 120 mL EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (30 mL × 3), water and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash c.c. on silica gel to afford desired compound. <sup>[1]</sup>



5-(2-chlorophenyl)-7-isopropyl-1,3-dihydro-2H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepine-2-thione (**DF1**)

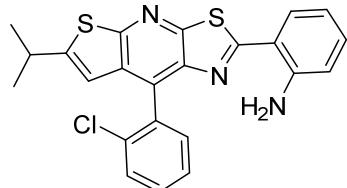
Yellow solids (63 mg, 51%); m.p.: 192-193 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 436 (95) [M<sup>+</sup>], 438 (40), 421 (100), 401 (50). HRMS-EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>1</sub>N<sub>2</sub>ClS<sub>2</sub>: 436.0465; found: 436.0464. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 12.09

(brs, 1H, OH), 7.71-7.67 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.55-7.48 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.40-7.36 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.04-6.95 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.81 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.34 – 3.18 (m, 1H, CH, CH), 1.42 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 168.6, 159.7, 158.2, 155.4, 153.0, 140.9, 133.9, 133.3, 133.2, 133.1, 131.5, 130.4, 130.2, 128.6, 126.9, 119.7, 117.9, 116.8, 115.2, 31.4, 24.1, 24.0. IR (KBr): 3058, 2961, 2927, 2868, 1620, 1581, 1548, 1481, 1439, 1426, 1309, 1283, 1250, 1216, 1153, 1050, 1033, 966, 830, 758, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



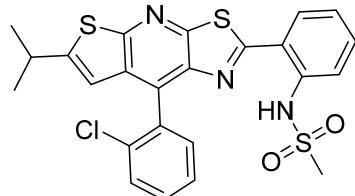
**4-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl)-3-hydroxybenzonitrile (DF2)**

Yellow solids (60 mg, 43%); m.p.: 227-229 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 461 (68) [M<sup>+</sup>], 463 (28), 446 (100), 426 (40), 206 (60). HRMS–EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ON<sub>3</sub>ClS<sub>2</sub>: 461.0418; found: 461.0416. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.38 (s, 1H, OH), 7.83 – 7.65 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.61 – 7.45 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.34 – 7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.82 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.47 – 3.08 (m, 1H, CH), 1.43 (d,  $J = 5.6$  Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.5, 160.8, 158.0, 156.2, 152.7, 140.5, 133.8, 133.5, 133.2, 131.9, 131.3, 130.7, 130.3, 129.1, 127.0, 122.6, 121.8, 120.4, 118.0, 115.6, 115.1, 31.4, 24.0, 24.0. IR (KBr): 3432, 3046, 2963, 2924, 2867, 1611, 1568, 1546, 1467, 1366, 1313, 1279, 1244, 1208, 1109, 1087, 1051, 971, 825, 772, 752, 720 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



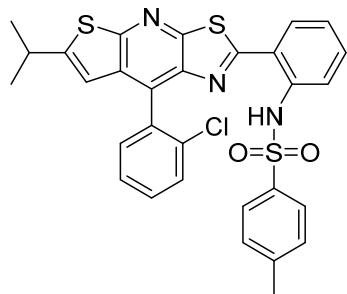
**2-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl)aniline (DF3)**

Yellow solids (33 mg, 25%); m.p.: 115-116 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 435 (100) [M<sup>+</sup>], 437 (40), 420 (95), 400 (40). HRMS–EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>3</sub>ClS<sub>2</sub>: 435.0625; found: 435.0623. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.72-7.70 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.65-7.62 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.51-7.44 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.77-6.71 (m, 3H, ArH), 3.24 (m, 1H, CH), 1.42 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 168.2, 158.9, 154.5, 154.1, 146.9, 142.6, 134.7, 133.4, 133.0, 131.9, 131.7, 131.1, 130.4, 129.9, 126.7, 117.0, 116.9, 115.2, 115.1, 31.3, 24.1, 24.0. IR (KBr): 3471, 3443, 3315, 2963, 2924, 2868, 1615, 1588, 1494, 1470, 1442, 1320, 1312, 1278, 1211, 1159, 1048, 1033, 956, 826, 750, 734, 704 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



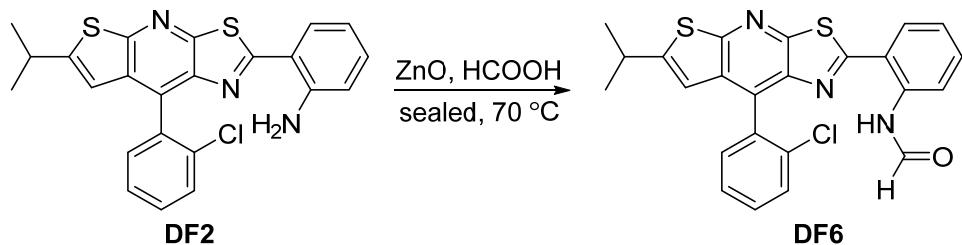
**N-(2-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)methanesulfonamide (DF4)**

Yellow solids (60 mg, 39%); m.p.: 189-190 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 513 (100) [M<sup>+</sup>], 515 (45), 498(50), 434 (95), 418 (80), 382(50). HRMS-EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>3</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>: 513.0401; found: 513.0394. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 11.45 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.88-7.83 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.71-7.70 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.56-7.47 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.22-7.21 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.81 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.25 (m, 1H, CH), 2.91 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.42 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 167.2, 160.3, 155.5, 153.2, 141.7, 137.7, 134.2, 133.6, 133.0, 132.5, 131.7, 131.0, 130.8, 130.6, 130.3, 127.3, 123.5, 119.4, 119.0, 115.2, 39.8, 31.4, 24.1, 24.0. IR (KBr): 3055, 3010, 2963, 2924, 2868, 2851, 1578, 1549, 1484, 1471, 1430, 1342, 1312, 1280, 1240, 1204, 1155, 1088, 1052, 961, 901, 793, 754, 733, 703, 533, 511 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



*N*-(2-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (**DF5**)

Pale yellow solids (80 mg, 45%); m.p.: 194-196 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 589 (62) [M<sup>+</sup>], 591 (38), 434 (100), 418 (80), 382 (35), 91 (95). HRMS-EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>3</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>: 589.0714; found: 589.0719. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 11.63 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.89 – 7.68 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.61 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.47 – 7.32 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.16 – 7.02 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.35 – 3.19 (m, 1H, CH), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.43 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 167.2, 160.1, 155.4, 153.3, 143.5, 141.7, 137.4, 136.7, 134.2, 133.8, 133.0, 132.1, 131.7, 131.1, 130.7, 130.5, 130.3, 129.4, 127.5, 127.0, 123.4, 119.8, 119.6, 115.3, 31.4, 24.1, 24.0, 21.5. IR (KBr): 3429, 3056, 2962, 2922, 1601, 1578, 1550, 1505, 1484, 1431, 1350, 1313, 1282, 1209, 1165, 1123, 1091, 915, 809, 758, 737, 704, 666, 626, 561 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



*N*-(2-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)formamide (**DF6**)

A 10 mL of vial was added with compound 2-(8-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-isopropylthiazolo[5,4-b]thieno[3,2-e]pyridin-2-yl)aniline (**DF2**, 88 mg, 0.2 mmol), ZnO (8 mg, 0.1 mmol), HCOOH (1.0 mL) and sealed. The reaction was stirred in an oil bath preheated to 70 °C for 6 h. After cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was dilute with 120 mL EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (30 mL × 3), water and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash c.c. on silica gel to afford

**DF6**, pale yellow solids (46 mg, 50%); m.p.: 234–236 °C; MS (EI): m/z (%) = 463 (20) [M<sup>+</sup>], 465 (7) [M<sup>+</sup>], 435 (100), 437 (42), 420 (70), 422 (30). HRMS–EI: m/z M<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>ON<sub>3</sub>ClS<sub>2</sub>: 463.0574; found: 463.0578.  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 12.14 (s, 0.9H, CHO), 11.35 (s, 0.1H, CHO), 8.96 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 0.1H, ArH), 8.75 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 0.9H, ArH), 8.20 (s, 0.9H, NH), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.76 – 7.65 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.60 – 7.41 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.27 – 7.17 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.85 (s, 1H, ArH), 3.35 – 3.20 (m, 1H, CH), 1.43 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>).  
<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 167.5, 160.2, 159.4, 155.6, 153.3, 141.7, 137.4, 134.3, 133.5, 133.4, 132.4, 131.6, 131.4, 130.4, 130.0, 130.0, 126.9, 123.8, 121.6, 119.0, 115.0, 31.4, 24.1, 24.0. IR (KBr): 3450, 3187, 3110, 2963, 2859, 2775, 1702, 1587, 1532, 1491, 1438, 1293, 1254, 1212, 1152, 1106, 1049, 1029, 957, 847, 803, 752, 702, 626, 517 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

#### 4. Preparation of room temperature glasses

Dispersions of **DF5** in room-temperature glasses of sucrose octaacetate (SOA) were prepared by melting approximately 5 g of purified SOA powder over gentle heat in a glass beaker, adding a measured solution of **DF5** solution (50 μL of a 1 mM stock solution in THF), and stirring gently to disperse **DF5**. The melt was transferred to a quartz slide, where it quickly hardened into a transparent, glassy solid.<sup>[2]</sup>

## 5. Properties of the single crystal structures

**Table S1:** Crystal data and structure refinement for the single crystals.

compounds	<b>DF0</b>	<b>DF1</b>	<b>DF2</b>	<b>DF4</b>	<b>DF5</b>	<b>DF6</b>
formula	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OClS <sub>2</sub> ·EtOH·H <sub>2</sub> O	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OClS <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>16</sub> CIN <sub>3</sub> OS <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ClS <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ClS <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OClS <sub>2</sub>
fw	501.04	436.97	461.98	514.07	590.17	463.98
crystal system	triclinic	orthorhombic	monoclinic	triclinic	triclinic	Monoclinic
T (K)	293 (2)	293 (2)	293 (2)	293 (2)	293(2)	293(2)
space group	P1	Pbca	P2(1)/c	P1	P1	P2(1)/c
a / Å	8.3113(5)	9.1702(4)	14.1636(4)	9.5948(6)	10.6742(5)	13.6964(2)
b / Å	12.1970(6)	18.4101(9)	7.6109(2)	10.3128(7)	10.9730(6)	8.14000(10)
c / Å	12.7574(7)	24.3386(11)	20.6614(5)	12.0188(8)	13.2942(7)	20.1669(2)
α / °	101.086(4)	90.00	90	87.285(5)	112.061(5)	90
β / °	105.393(5)	90.00	103.485(3)	86.081(5)	95.450(4)	106.8190(10)
γ / °	93.456(5)	90.00	90	83.966(5)	93.025(4)	90
V/Å <sup>3</sup> , Z	1215.10(12), 2	4108.9(3), 8	2165.85(10), 4	1178.93(13), 2	1429.98(13), 2	2152.20(5), 4
F (000)	524	1808	952	532	612	960
crystal size / mm <sup>3</sup>	0.42×0.37×0.32	0.1×0.1×0.1	0.18×0.16×0.13	0.15×0.12×0.1	0.18×0.15×0.12	0.35×0.27×0.12
reflections collected / unique (R <sub>int</sub> )	8606 / 4235 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0343)	17973 / 5086 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0342)	7154 / 3271 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0276)	6797 / 3550 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0307)	8252 / 4301 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0242)	7876 / 4022 (R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0586)
data / restraints /parameter	4235/0/303	5086/6/274	3271/24/294	3550/1/266	4301/0/356	4022/0/286
D <sub>c</sub> / mg·m <sup>-3</sup>	1.369	1.413	1.417	1.448	1.371	1.432
μ / mm <sup>-1</sup>	3.243	0.407	3.541	4.147	3.495	3.563
goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.028	1.029	1.029	1.046	1.030	1.060
R <sub>1</sub> , <sup>[a]</sup> wR <sub>2</sub> <sup>[b]</sup> [I≥2σ(I)]	0.0507, 0.1294	0.0627, 0.1646	0.0444, 0.1225	0.0651, 0.1708	0.0574, 0.1593	0.0607, 0.1655
R <sub>1</sub> , <sup>a</sup> wR <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup> (all data)	0.0609, 0.1393	0.0833, 0.1821	0.0536, 0.1325	0.0756, 0.1820	0.0680, 0.1711	0.0642, 0.1727

<sup>[a]</sup> R<sub>I</sub> = Σ || F<sub>o</sub> || - | F<sub>c</sub> | / Σ | F<sub>o</sub> |, <sup>[b]</sup> wR<sub>2</sub> = [Σ[w(F<sub>o</sub><sup>2</sup> - F<sub>c</sub><sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>] / Σ w(F<sub>o</sub><sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>]<sup>1/2</sup>, where w = 1/[σ<sup>2</sup>(F<sub>o</sub>)<sup>2</sup> + (aP)<sup>2</sup> + bP] and P = (F<sub>o</sub><sup>2</sup> + 2F<sub>c</sub><sup>2</sup>)/3.

CCDC 1435784 (**DF0**), CCDC 1435785 (**DF1**), CCDC 1435786 (**DF2**), CCDC 1435787 (**DF4**), CCDC 1435788 (**DF5**) and CCDC 1457981 (**DF6**) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center via [www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data\\_request/cif](http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif).

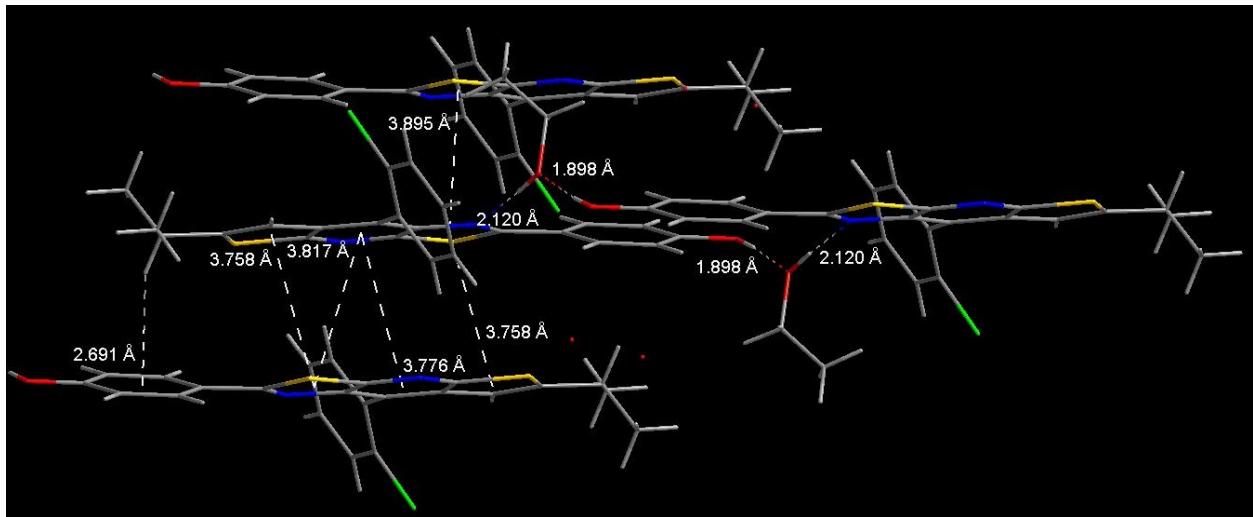


Figure S1: intermolecular interactions of DF0 in single crystals

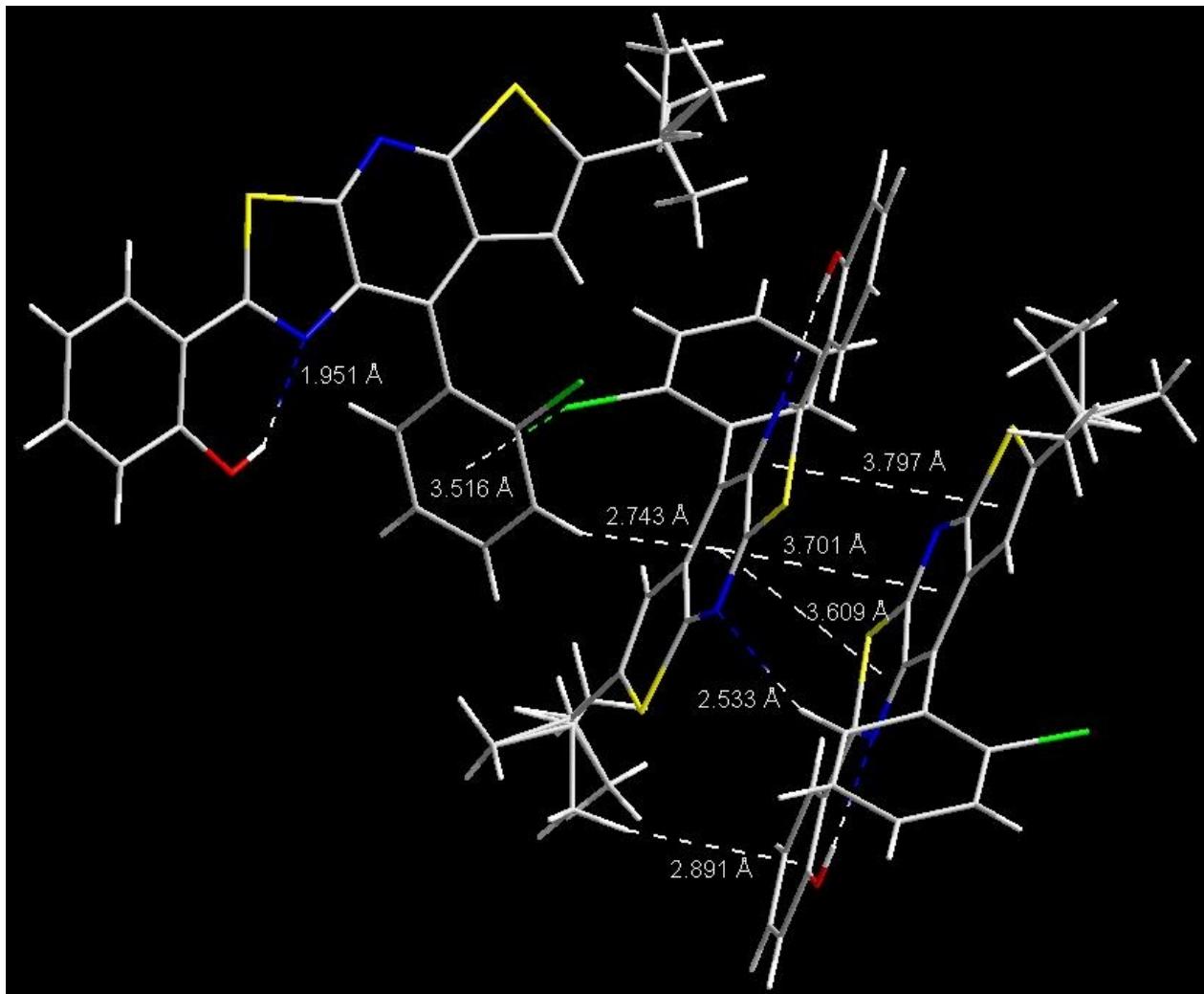


Figure S2: intermolecular and intramolecular interactions of DF1 in single crystals

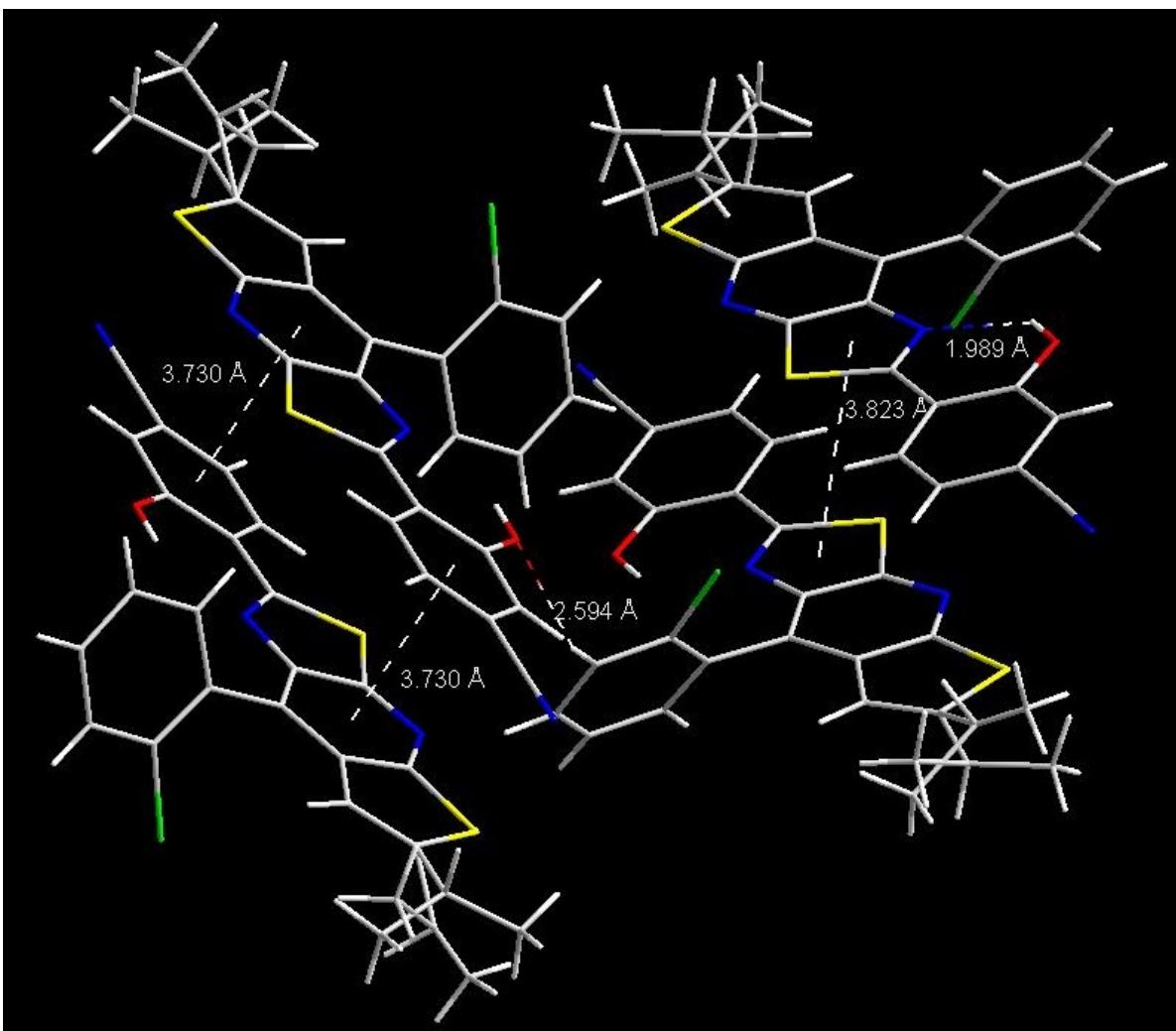


Figure S3: intermolecular and intramolecular interactions of DF2 in single crystals

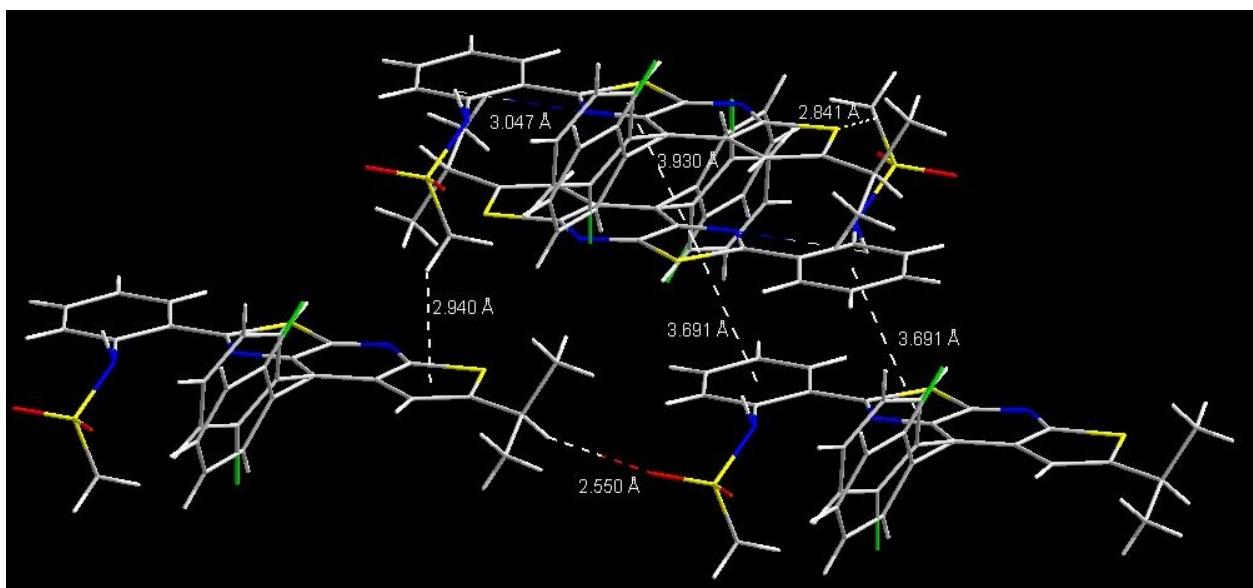


Figure S4: intermolecular and intramolecular interactions of DF4 in single crystals

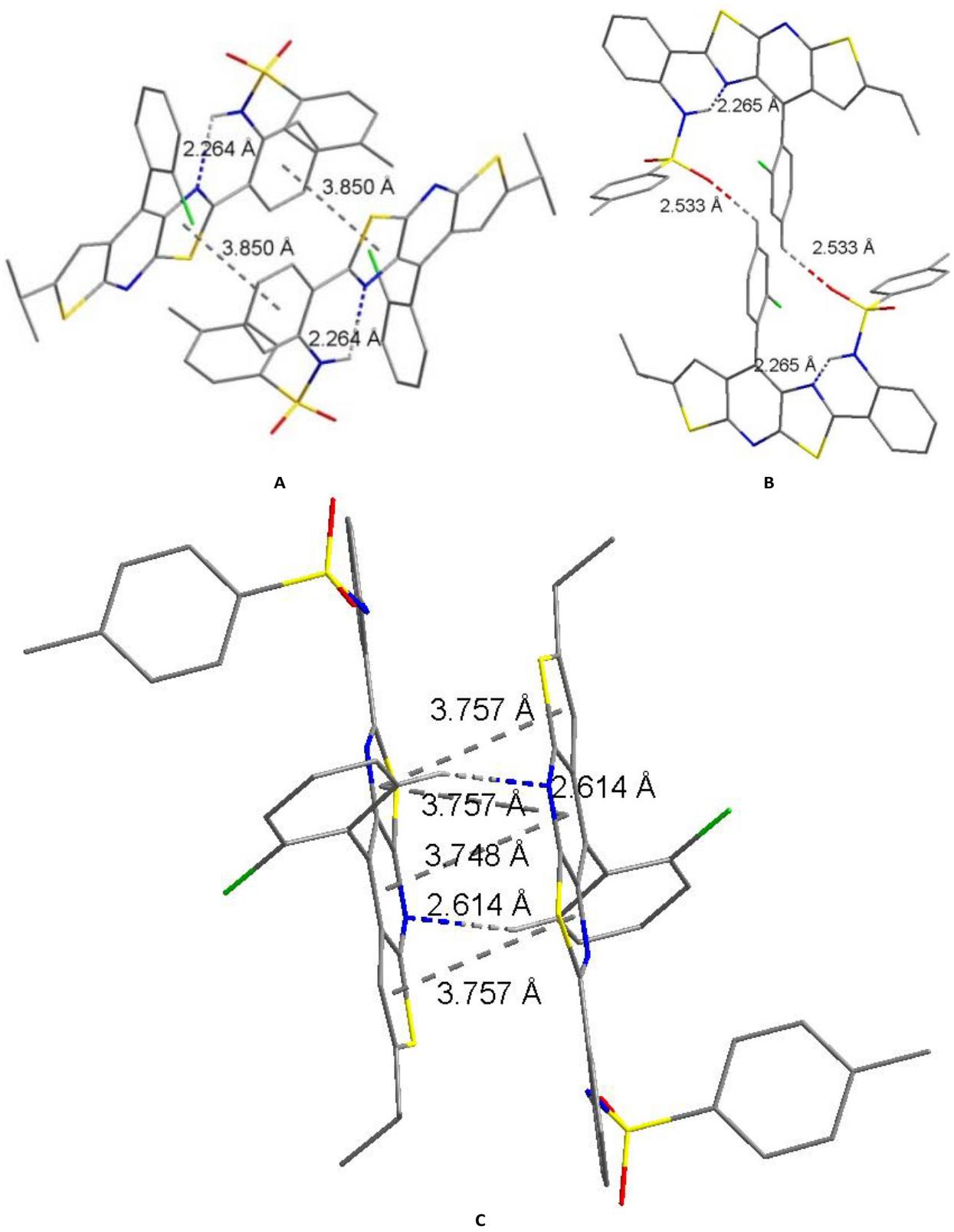


Figure S5: intermolecular and intramolecular interactions of DF5 in single crystals

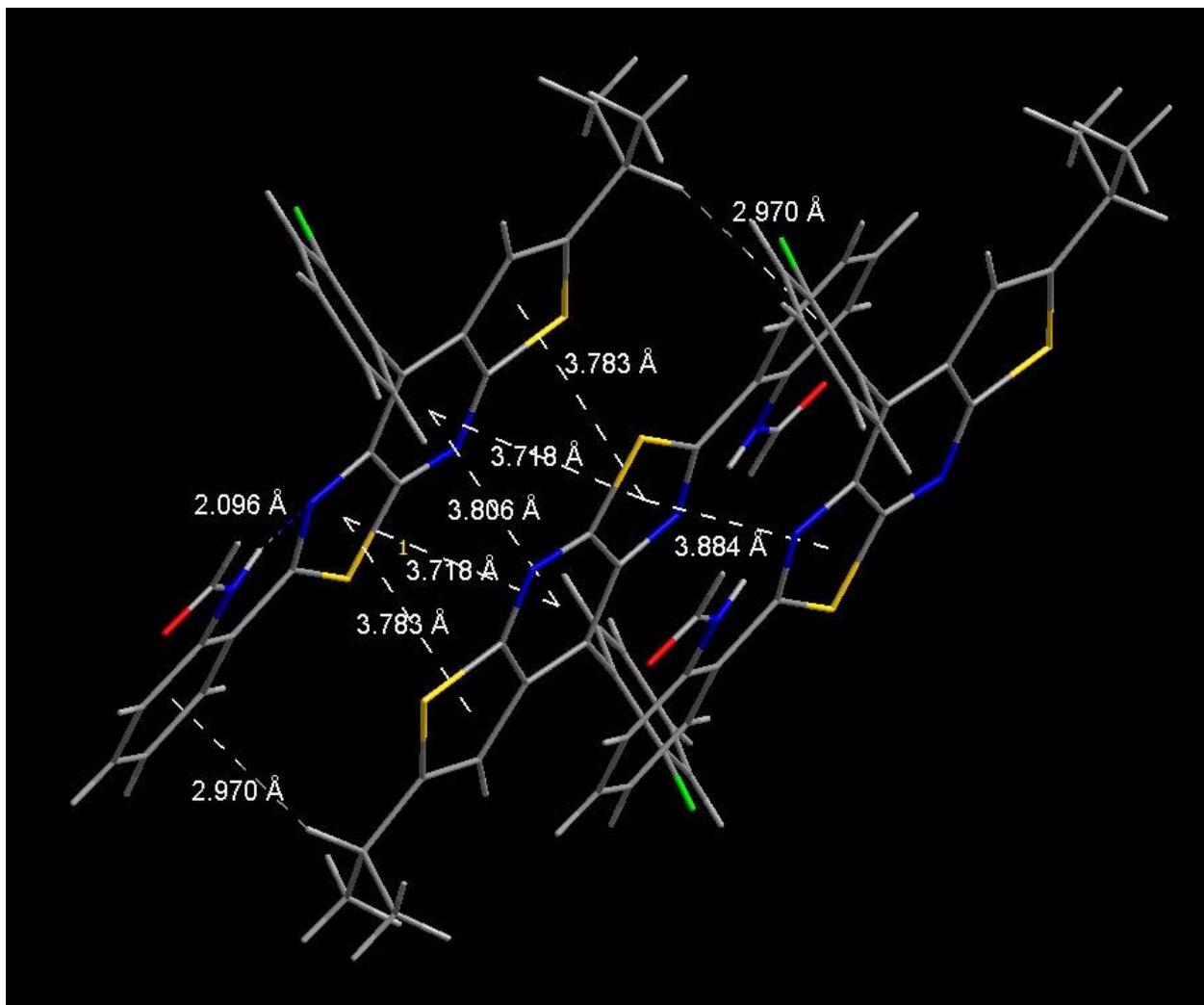
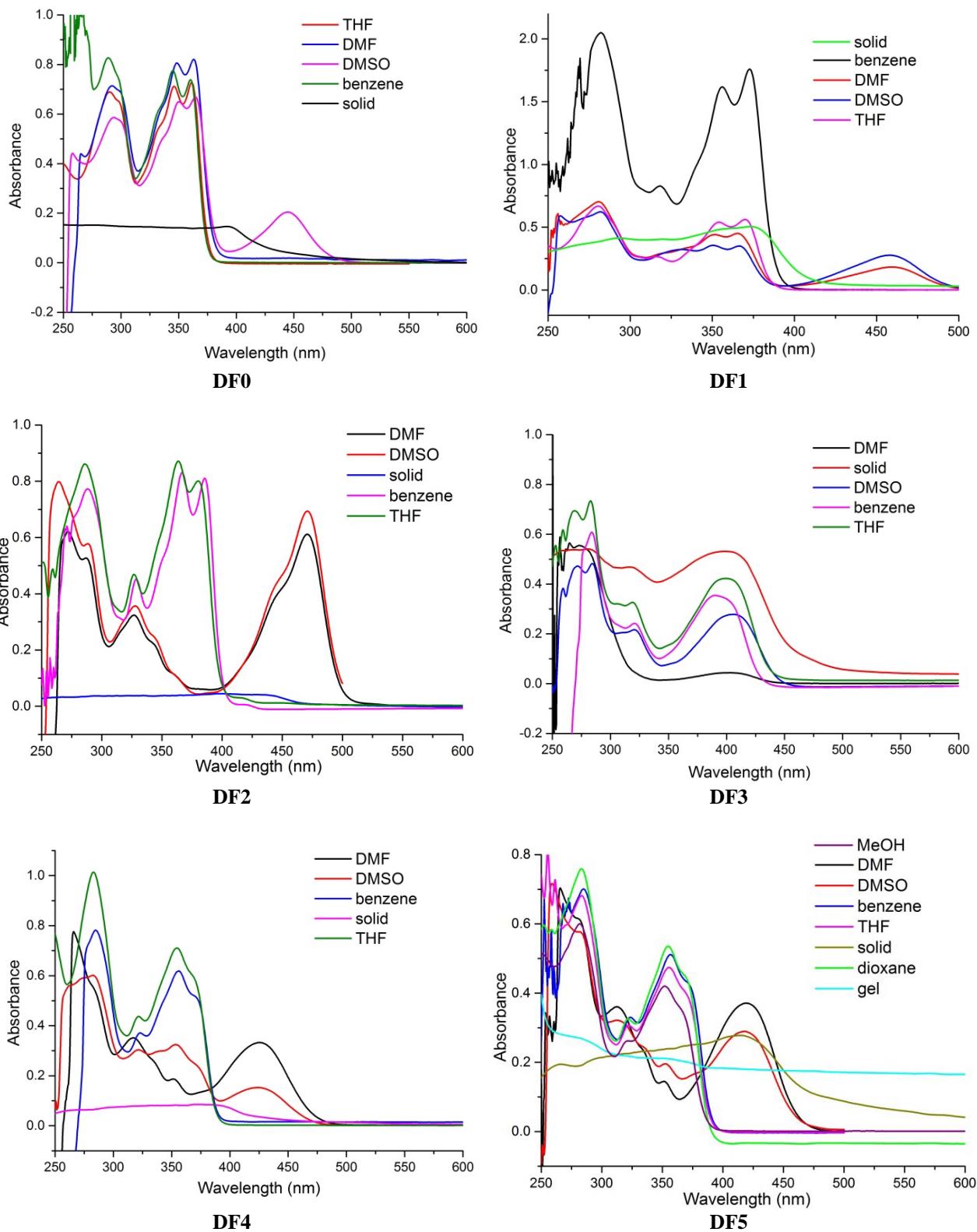
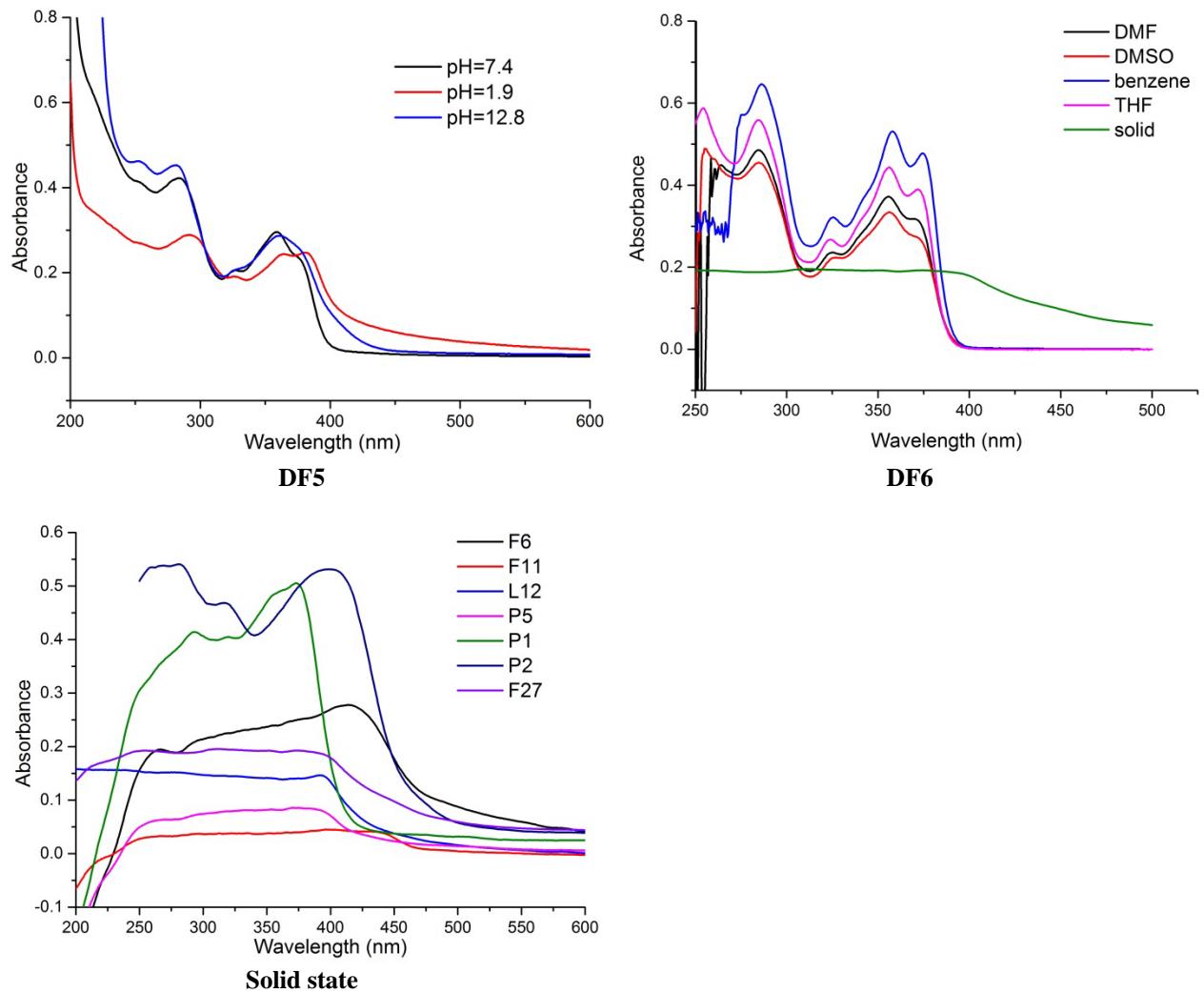


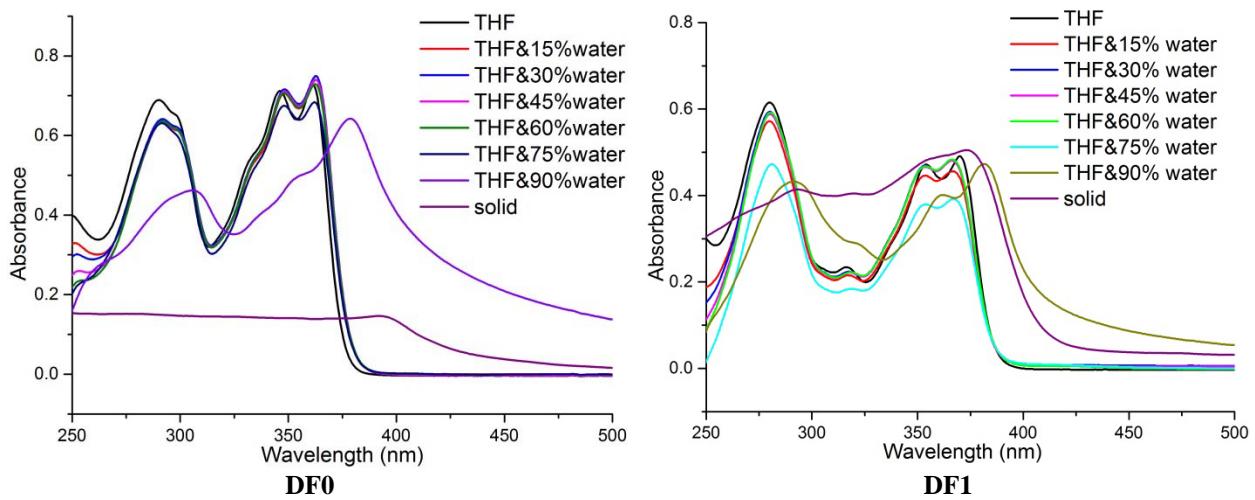
Figure S6: intermolecular and intramolecular interactions of DF6 in single crystals

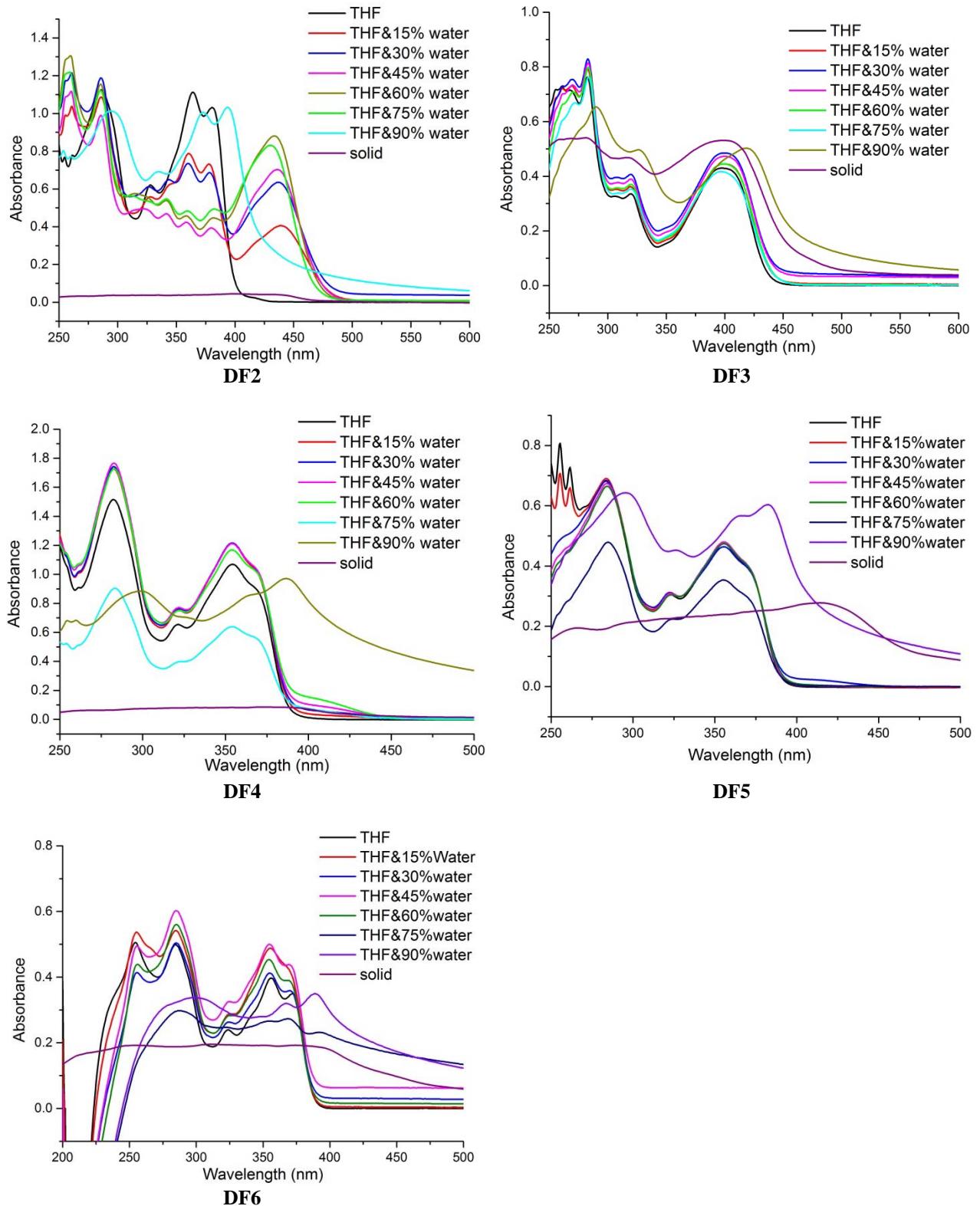
## 6. UV absorption spectra of the target compounds





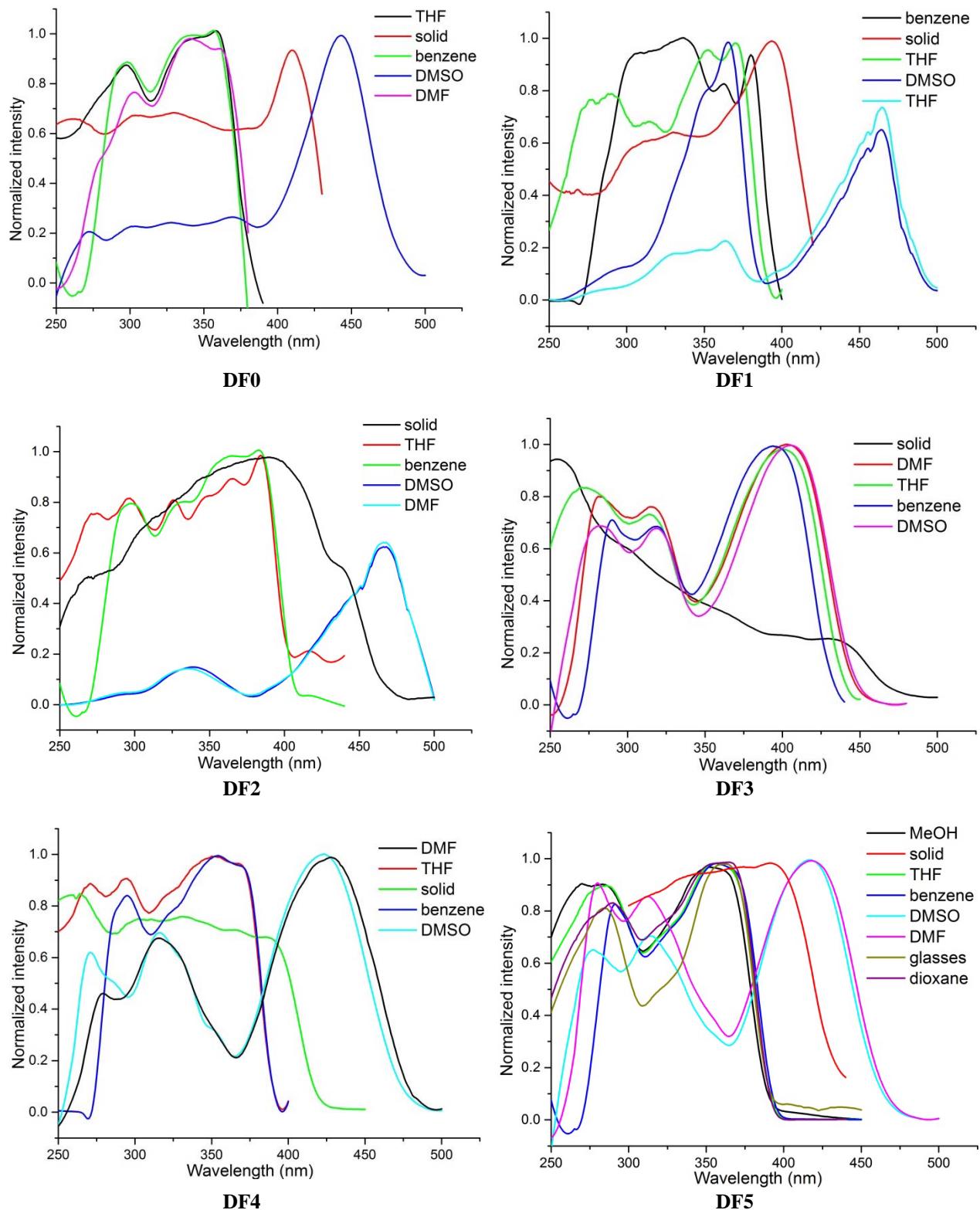
**Figure S7:** UV absorption spectra of compounds in different solvents ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M) and solid state.

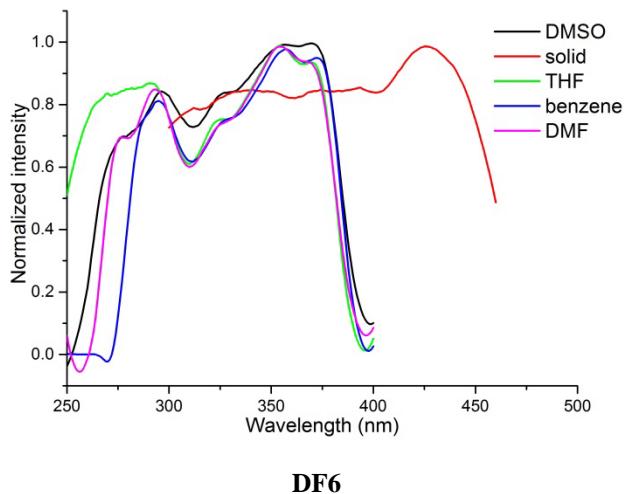
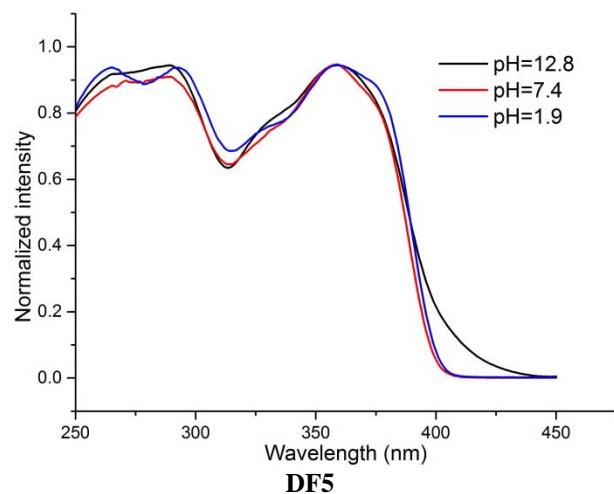




**Figure S8: UV absorption spectra of compounds in THF/water mixtures with different amounts of water ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M) and solid state.**

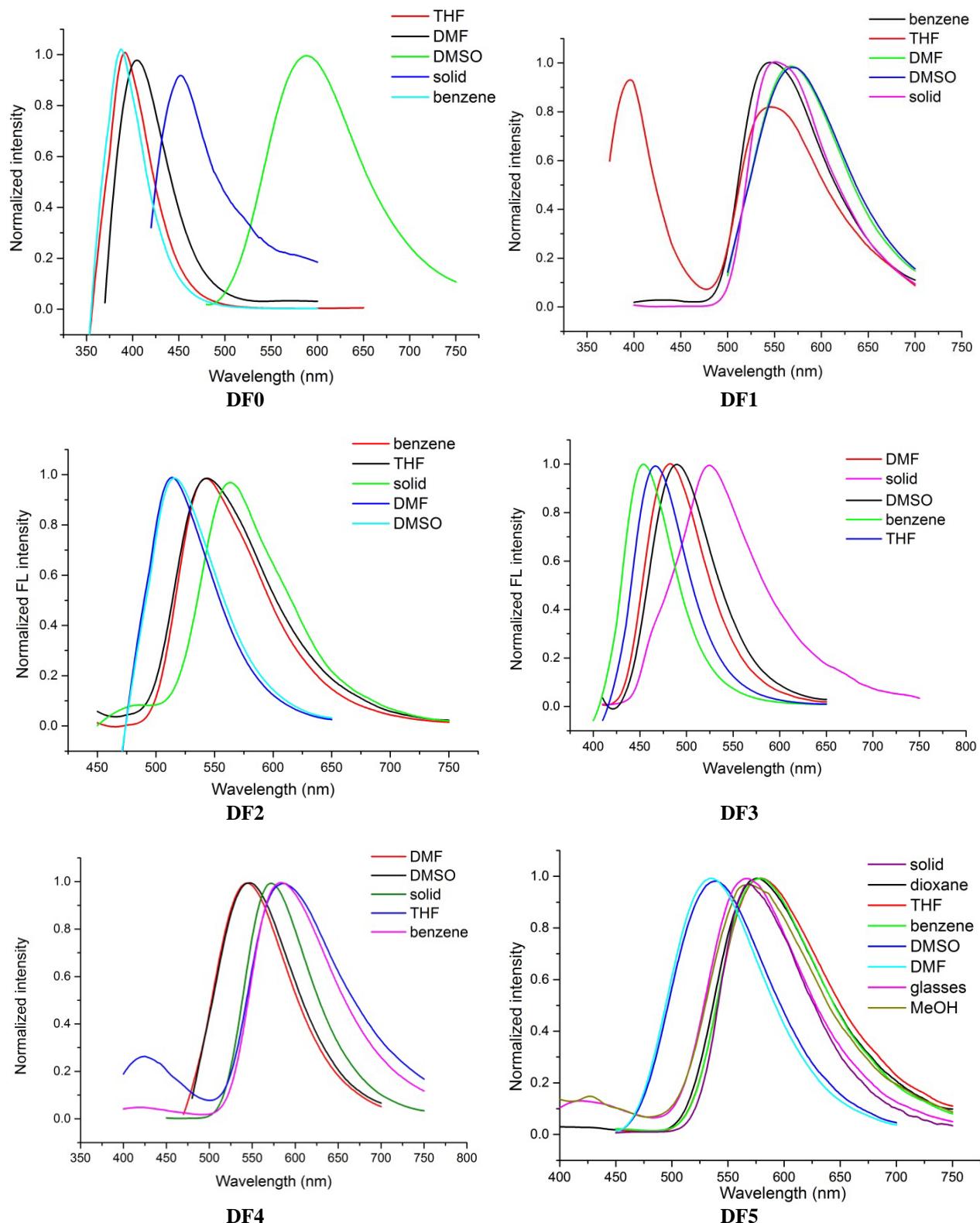
## 7. Excitation spectra of the target compounds

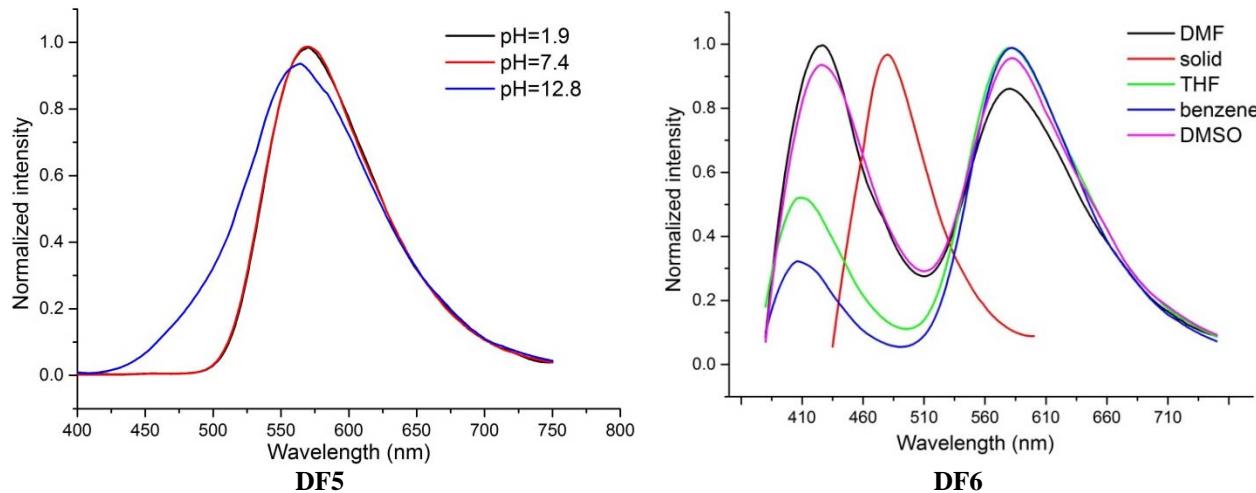




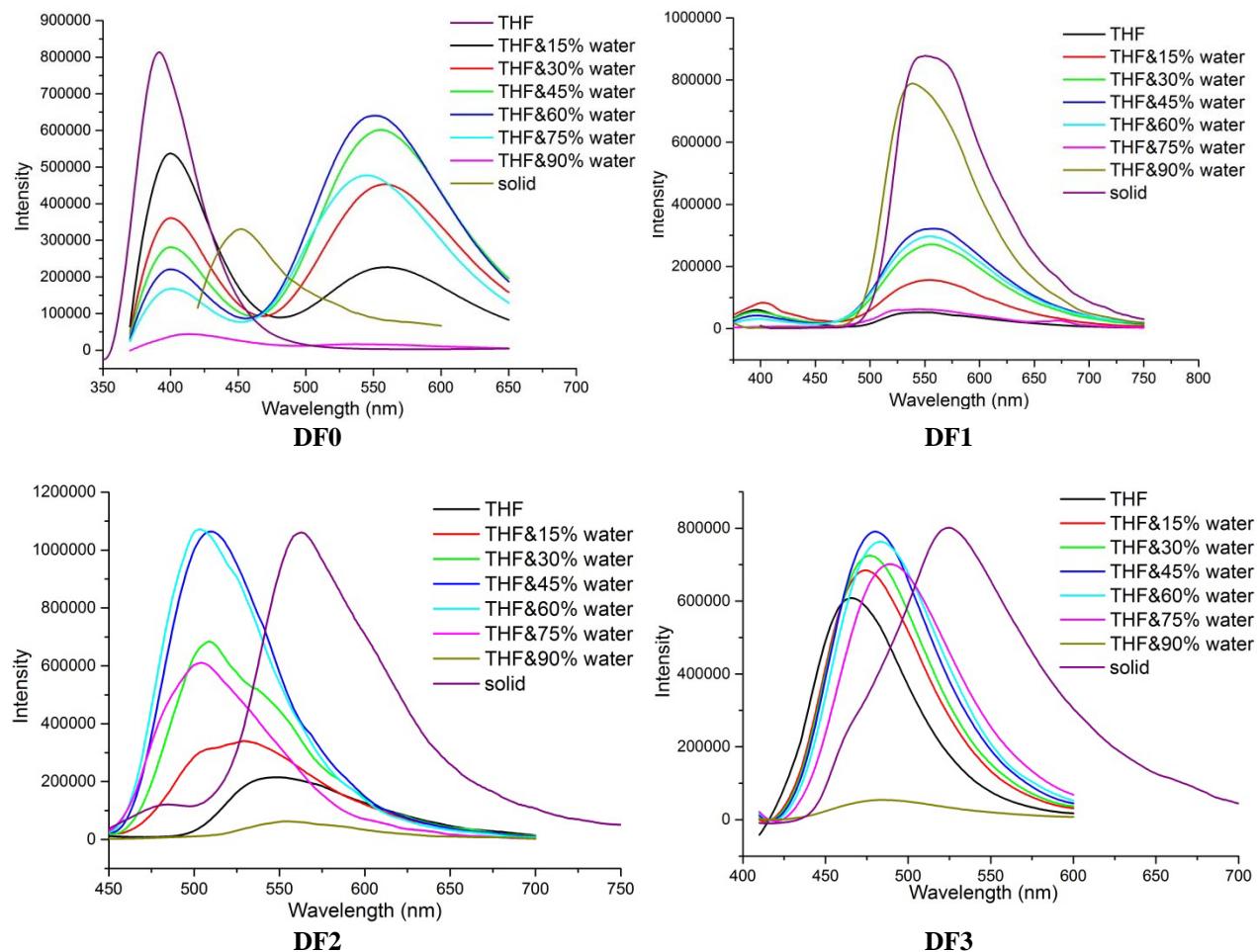
**Figure S9:** Normalized excitation spectra of compounds in different solvents ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M).

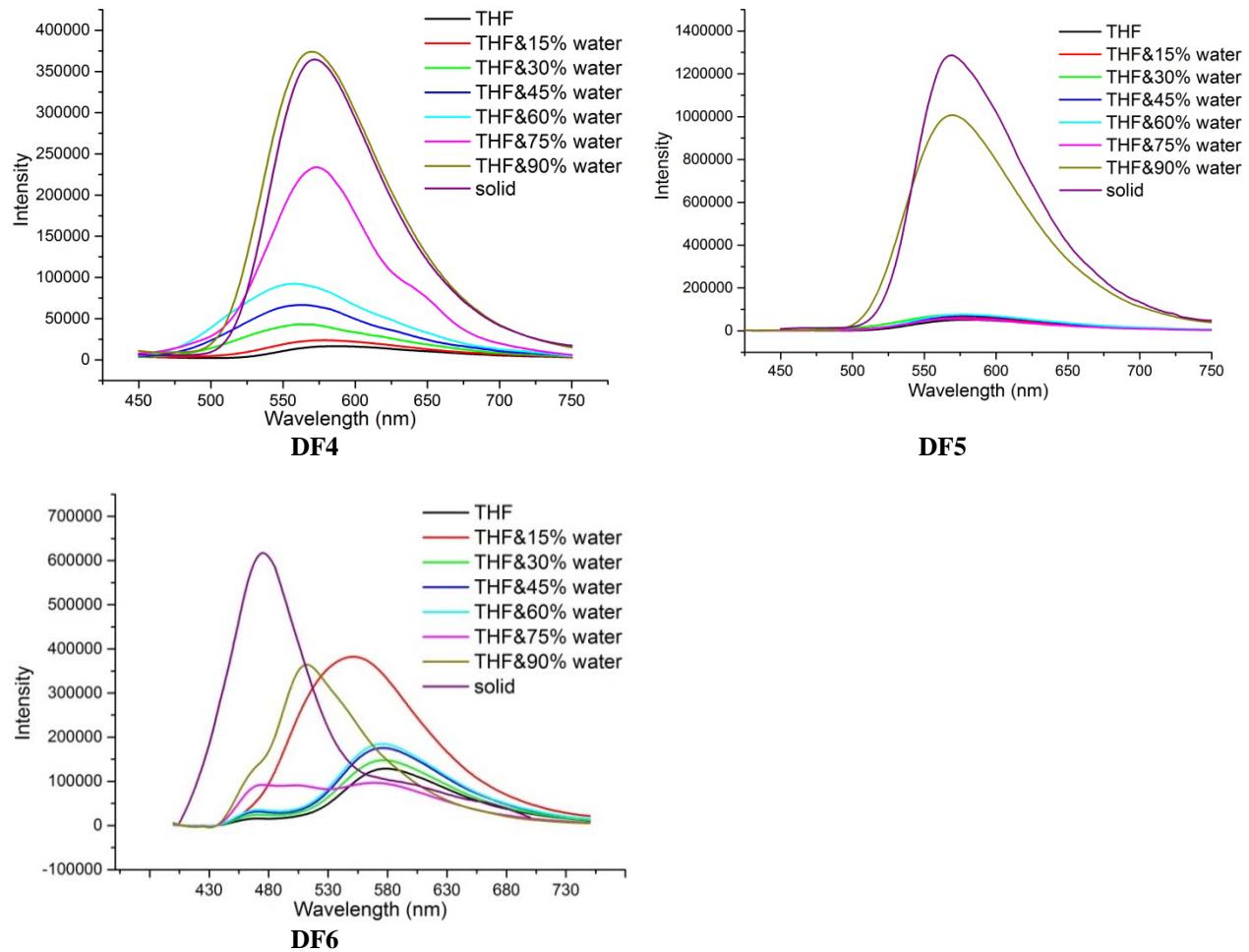
## 8. Emission spectra of the target compounds





**Figure S10: Normalized emission spectra of compounds in different solvents ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M).**





**Figure S11:** emission spectra of compounds in THF/water mixtures with different amounts of water ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M) and solid state.

## 9. Thermal properties

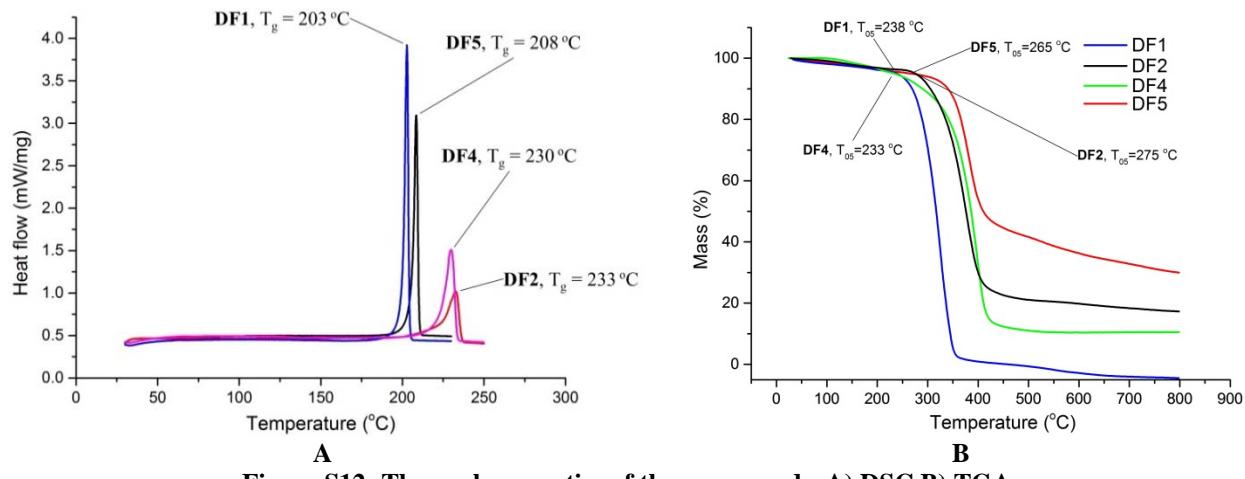


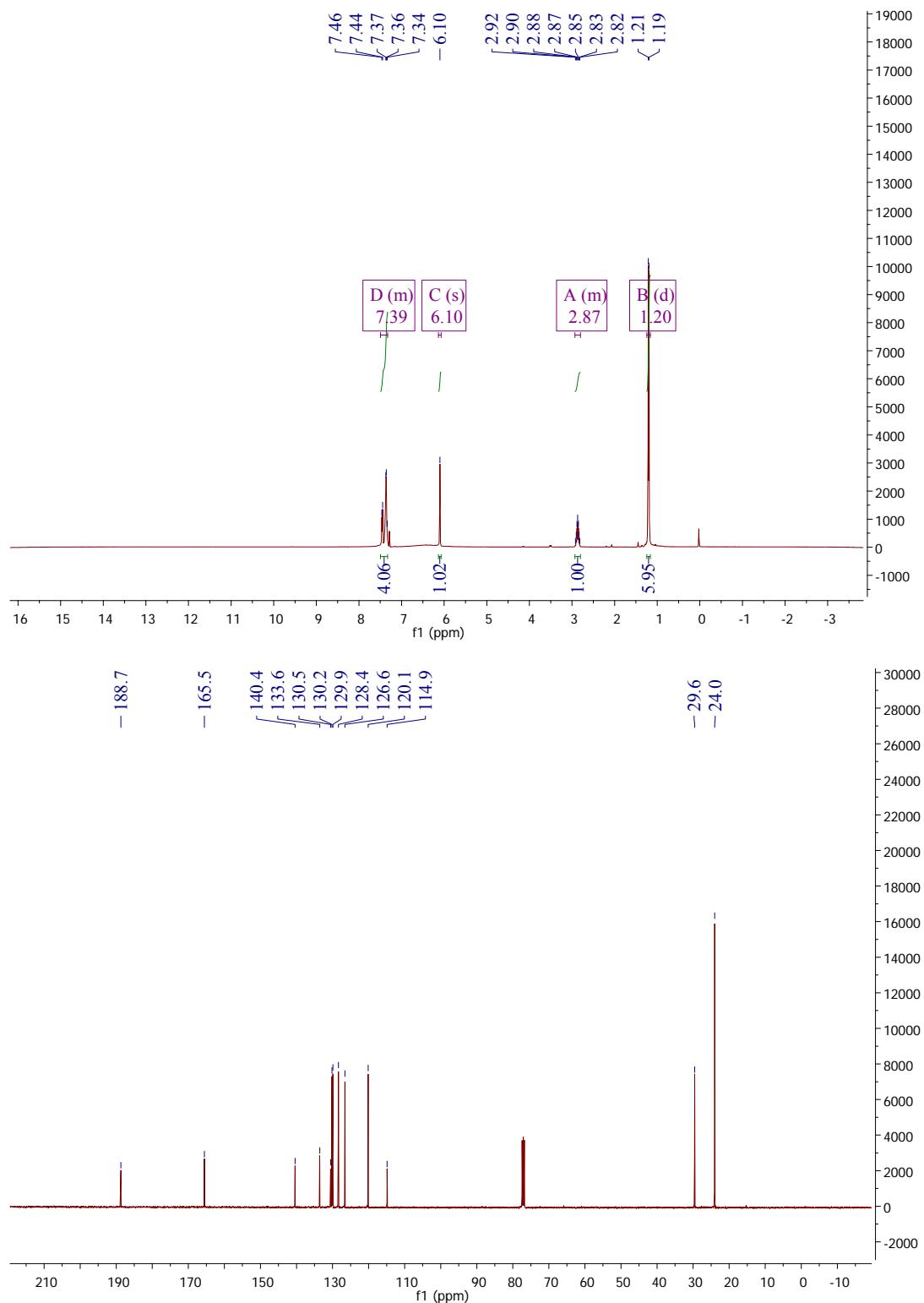
Figure S12: Thermal properties of the compounds. A) DSC B) TGA

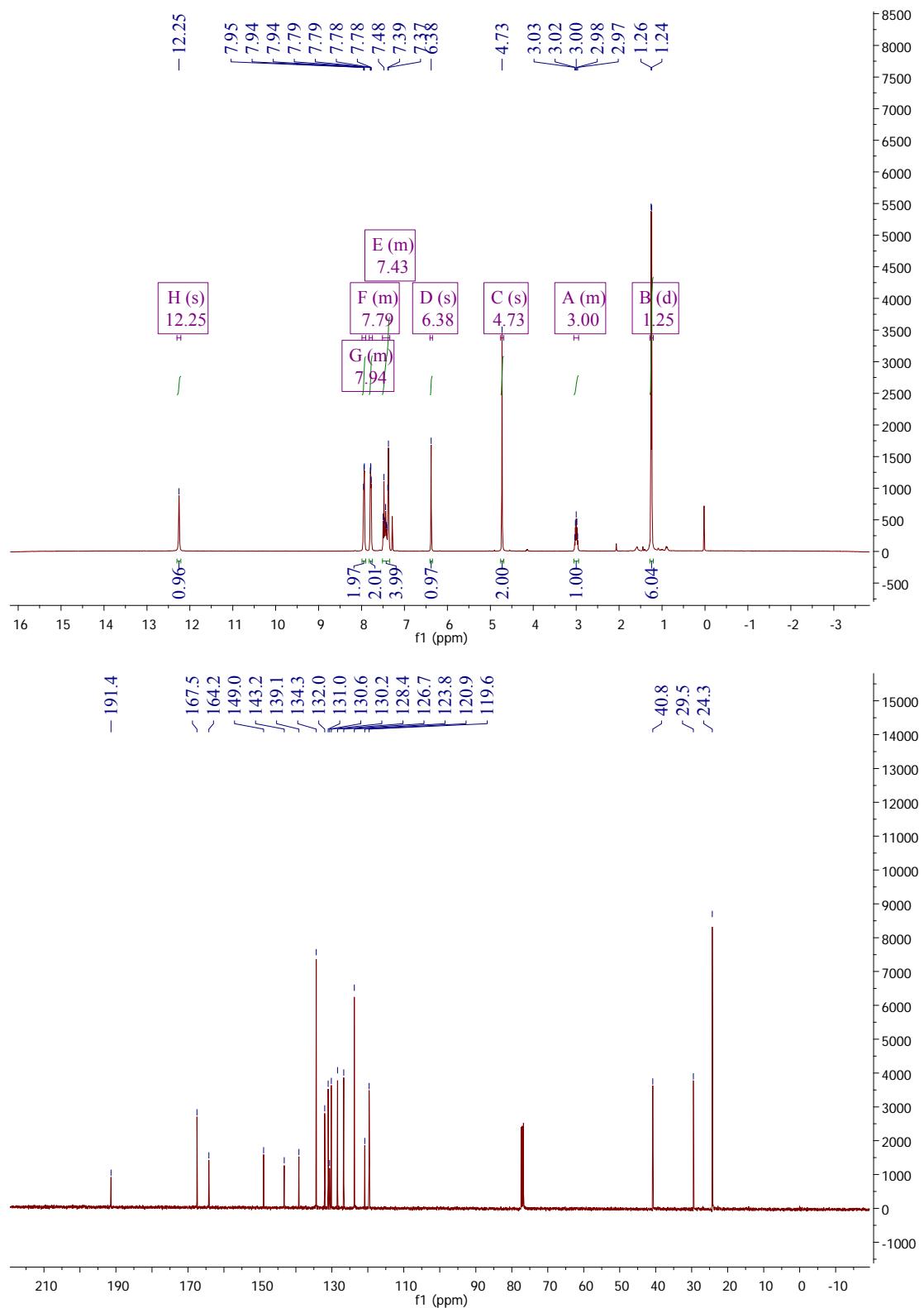
Table S2: Thermal properties of the compounds.

Compound	$T_{05}/\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$T_m/\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
<b>DF1</b>	238	203
<b>DF2</b>	275	233
<b>DF4</b>	234	230
<b>DF5</b>	265	208

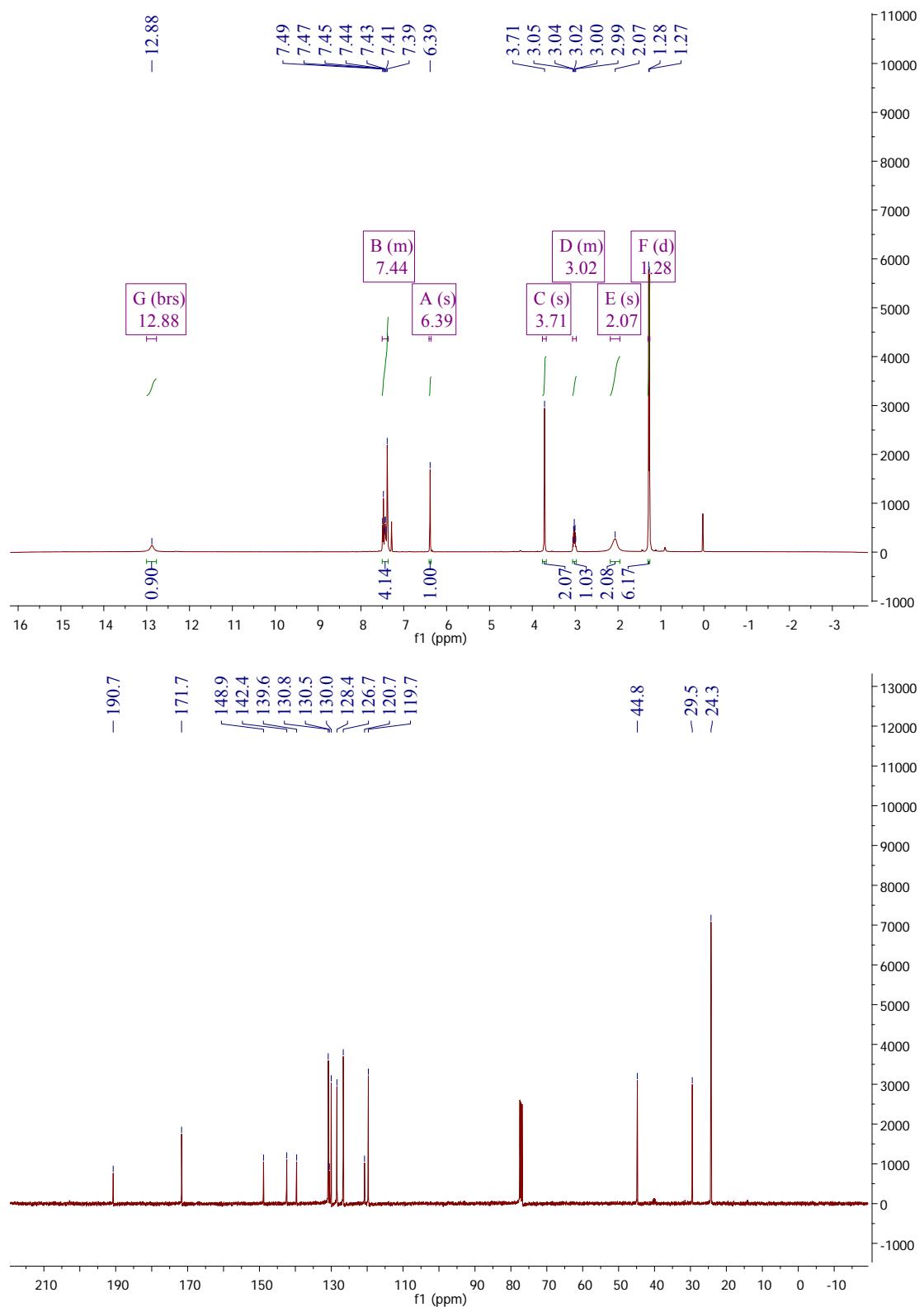
## 10.NMR spectra of the target compounds

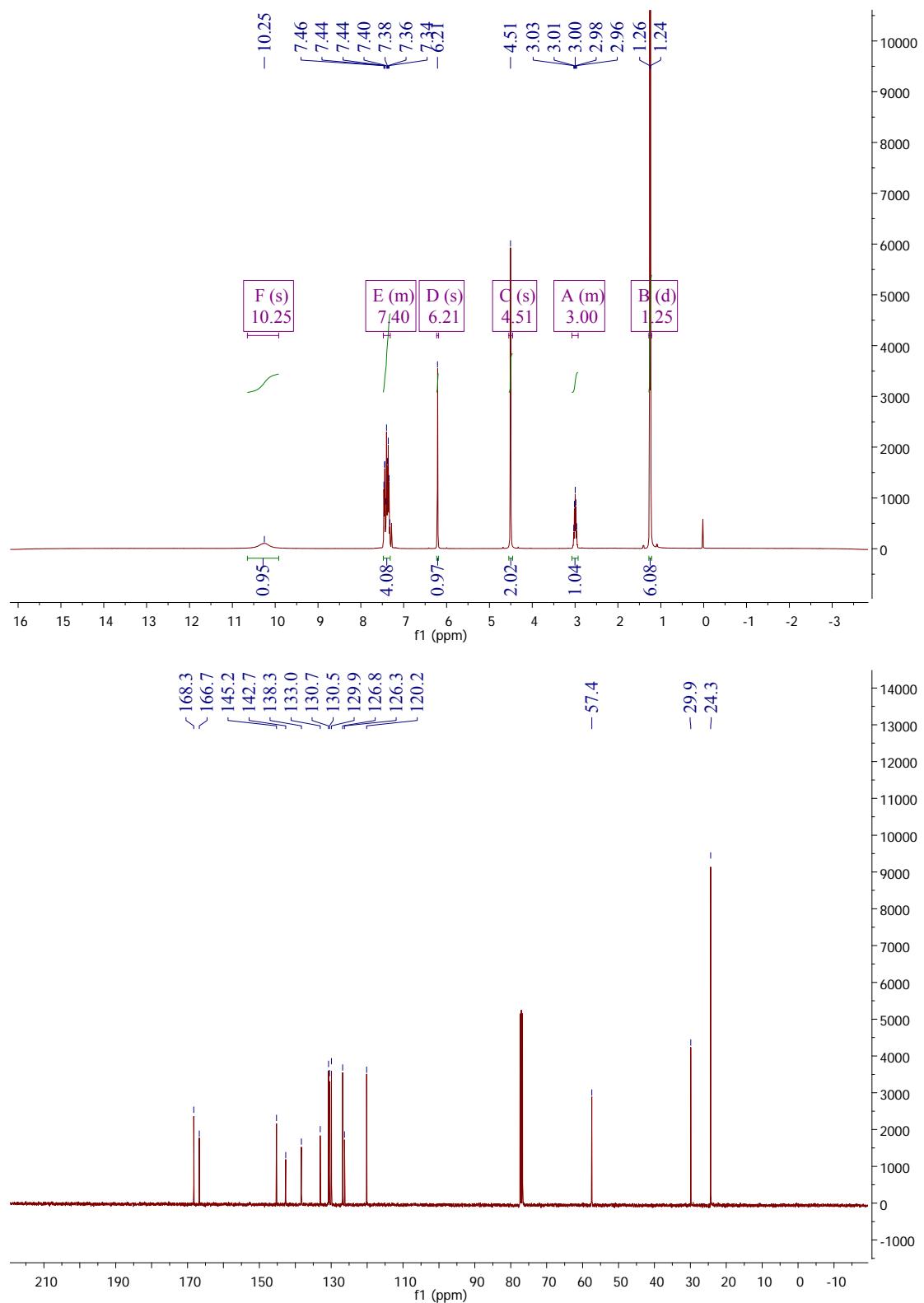
S1

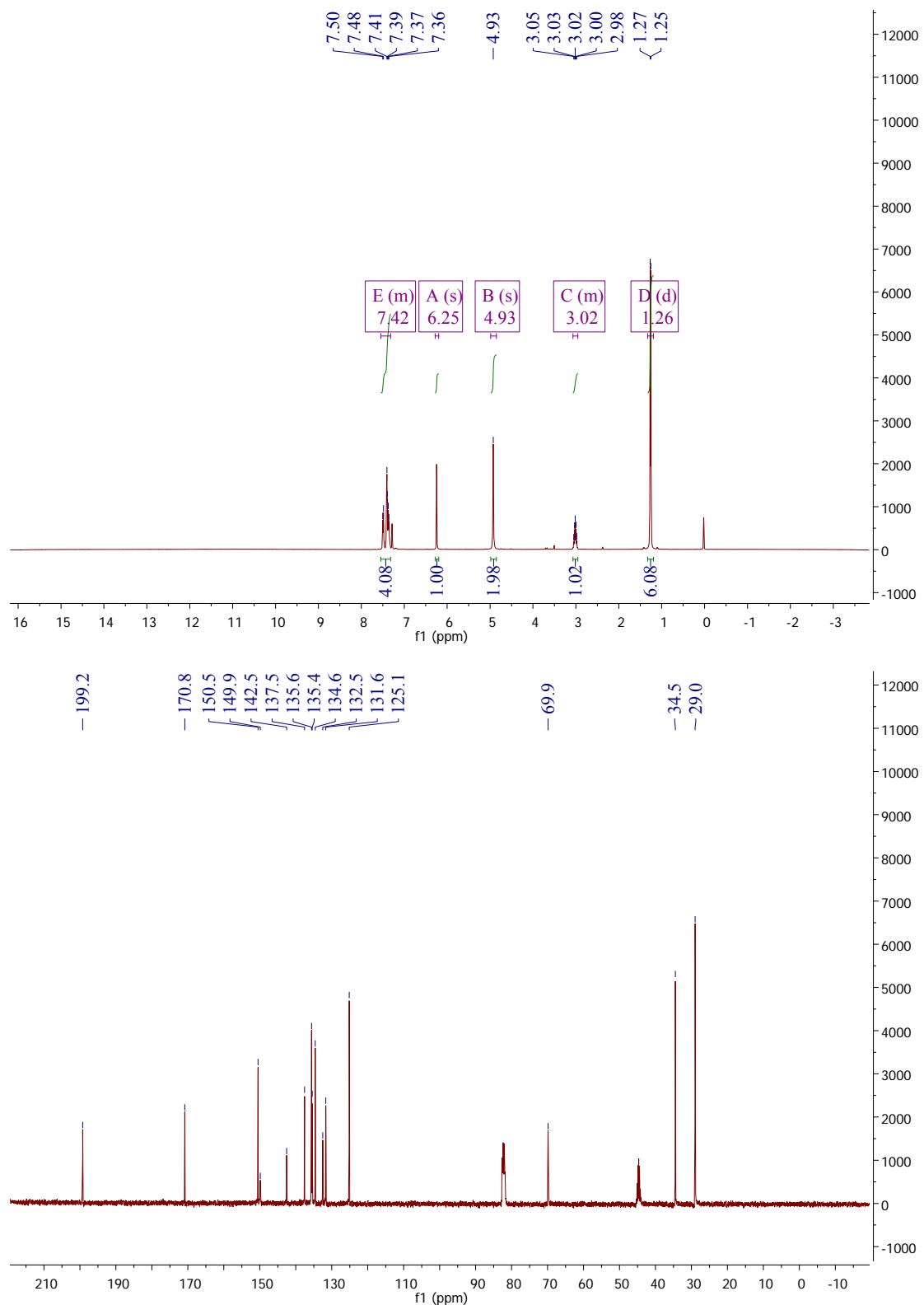




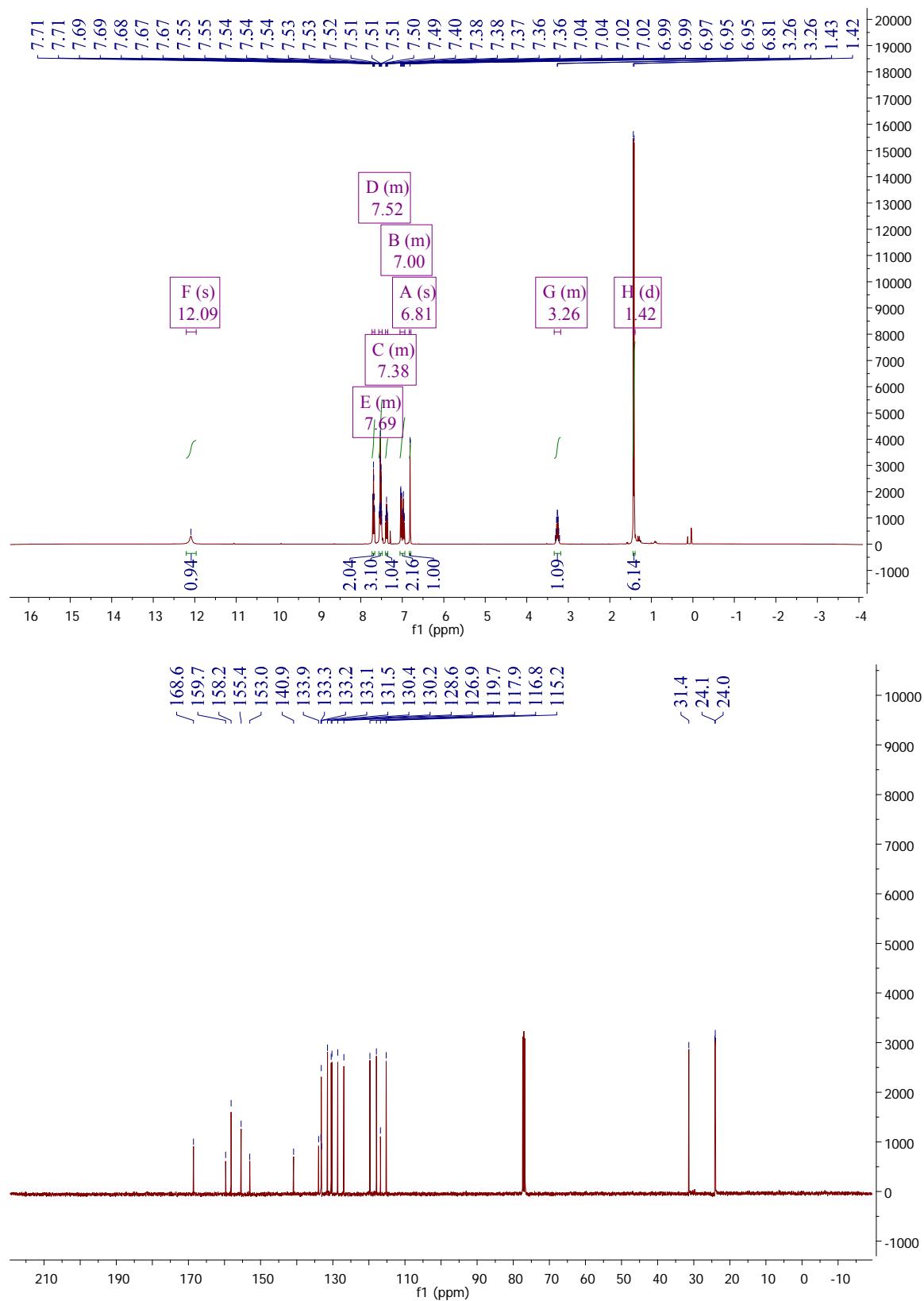
S3

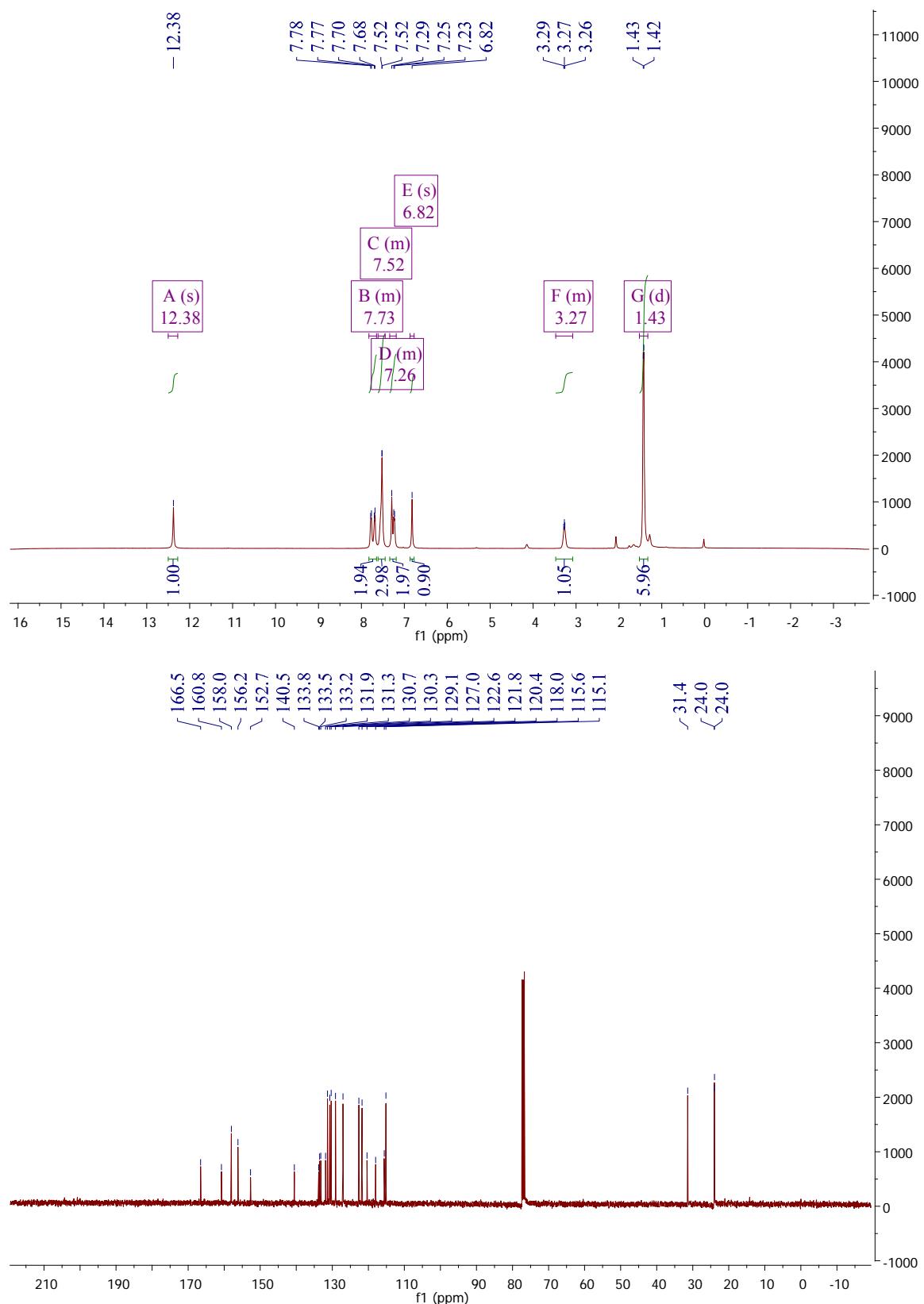




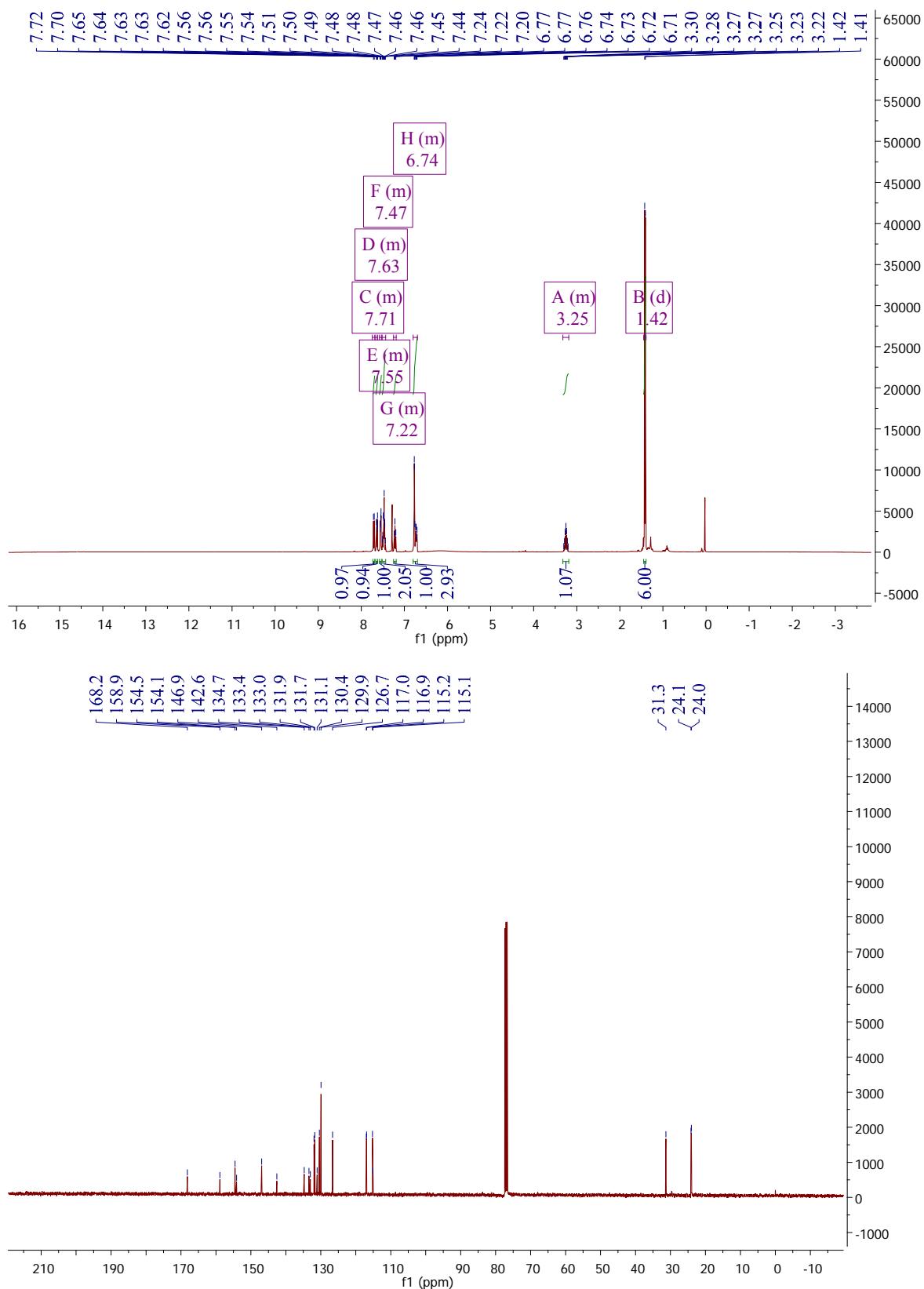
**DF**

**DF1**

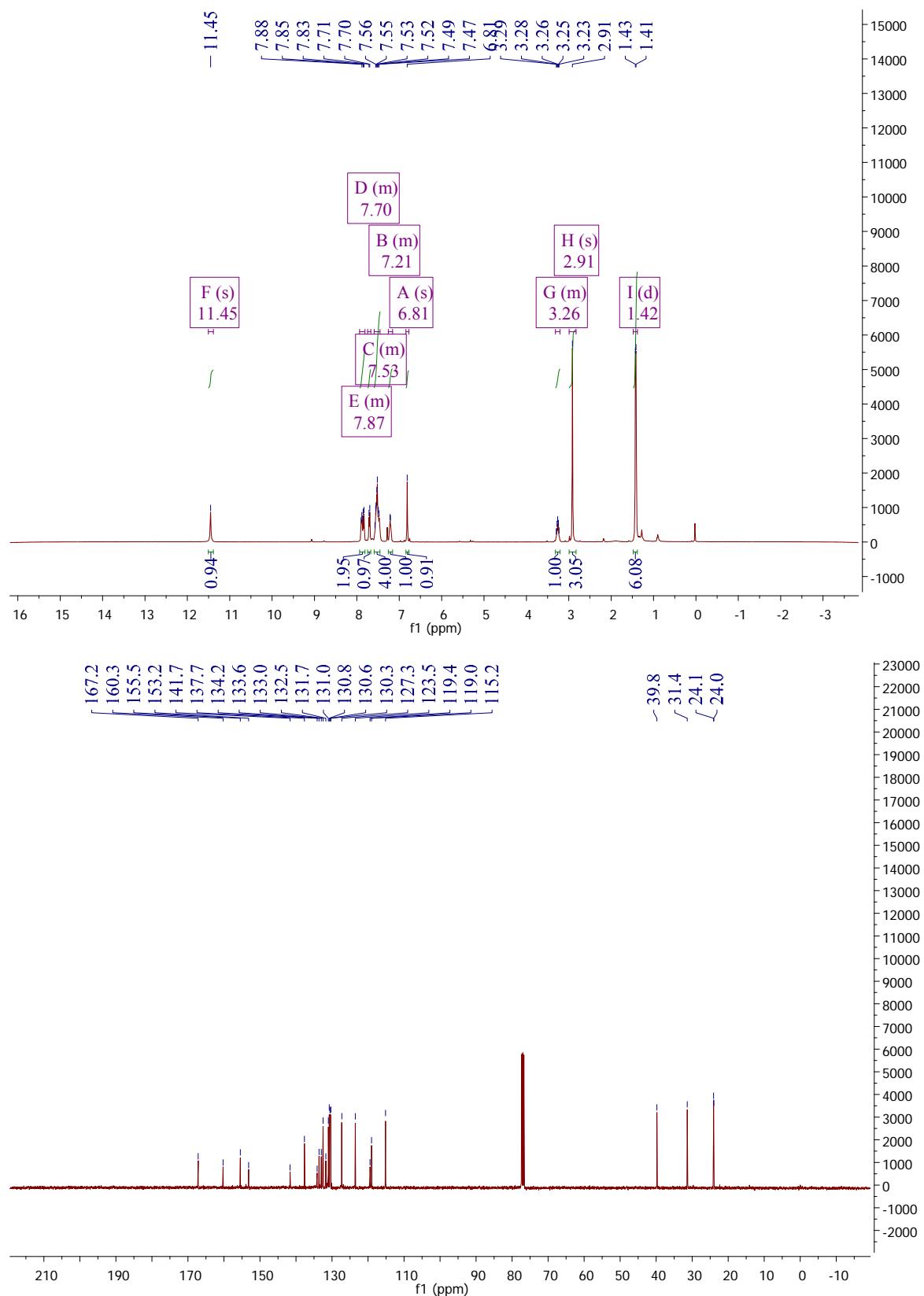


**DF2**

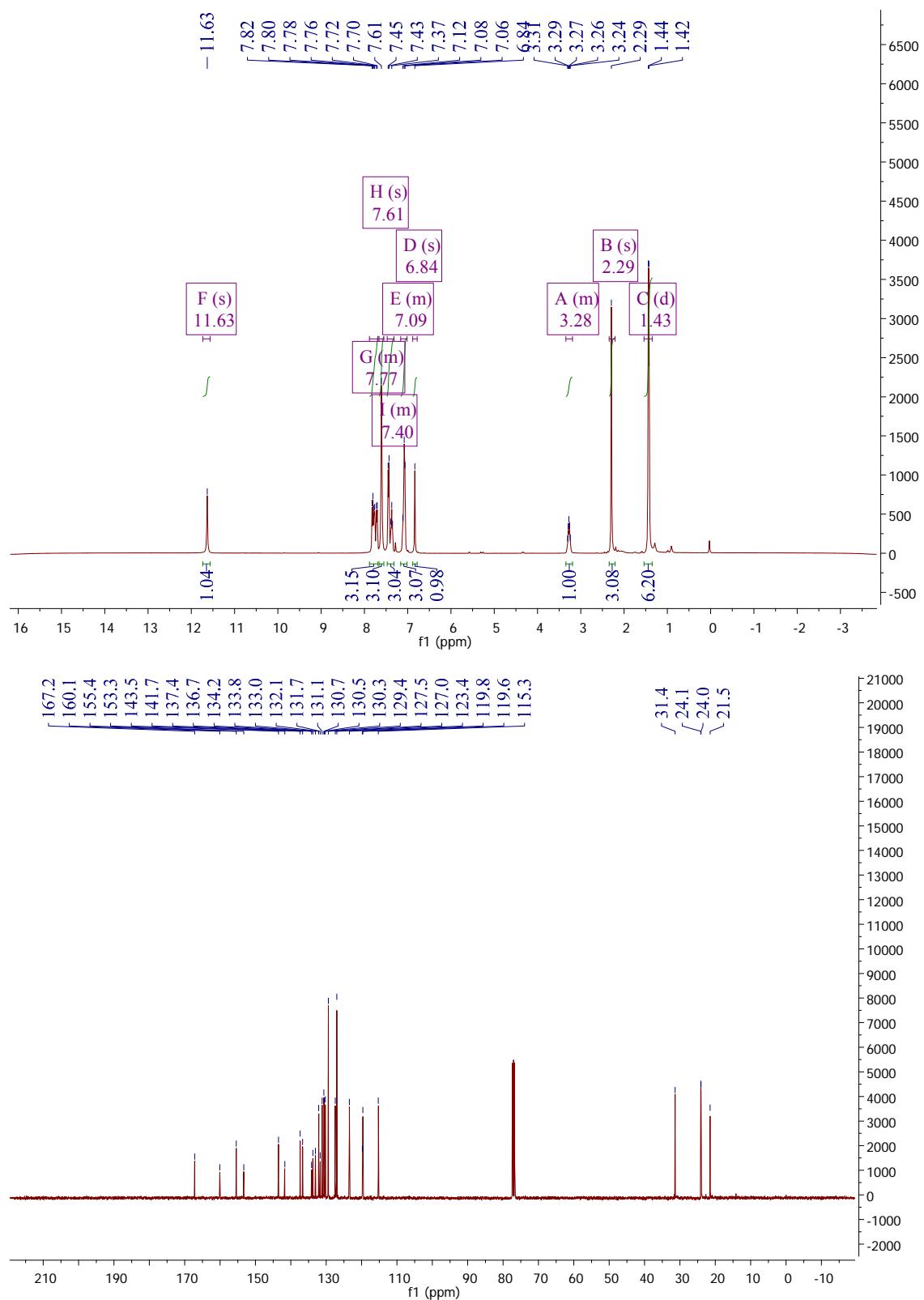
### DF3



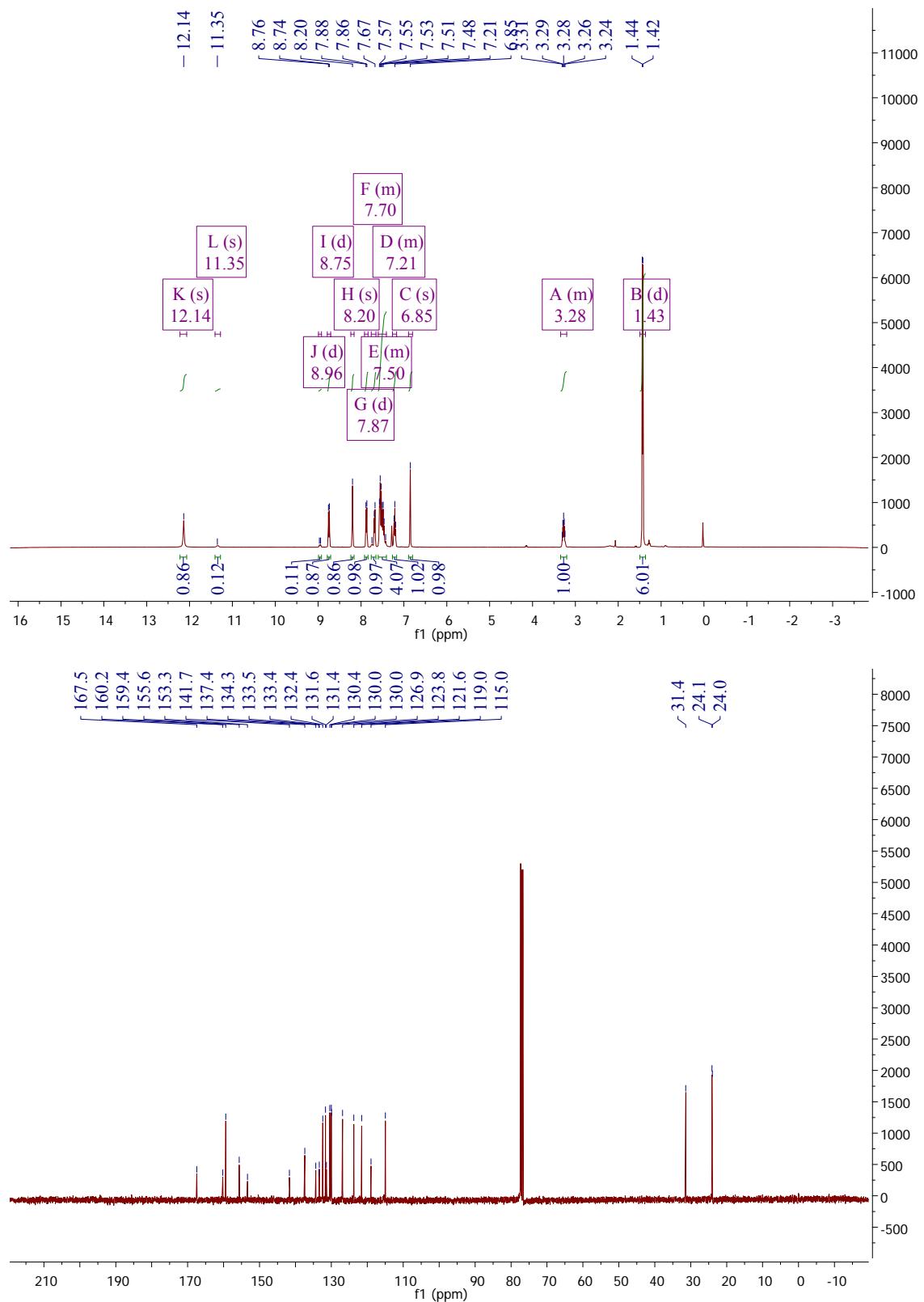
**DF4**



**DF5**



**DF6**



## 11. References

- [1] L. Huang, R. Yu, L. Leng, F. Gong, X. Zhu, Y. Wan, *Synthesis* **2014**, *46*, 2317-2326.
- [2] H. J. Tracy, J. L. Mullin, W. T. Klooster, J. A. Martin, J. Haug, S. Wallace, I. Rudloe, K. Watts, *Inorg. Chem.* **2005**, *44*, 2003-2011.