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Neutral Chiral Cyclopentadienyl Ru(II)Cl Catalysts Enable Enantioselective [2+2]-Cycloadditions

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Supplementary Information

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General Methods

All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen in oven-dried glassware with magnetic stirring, unless otherwise indicated. THF and dichloromethane were purified by a Innovative Technology Solvent Delivery System. Chemicals were used as obtained from the suppliers. Flash chromatography was performed with Silicycle silica gel 60 (0.040-0.063 µm grade) or neutral alumina (Fluka, Brockmann activity 1). Analytical thin-layer chromatography was performed with commercial glass plates coated with 0.25 mm silica gel (E. Merck, Kieselgel 60 F254). Compounds were either visualised under UV-light at 254 nm or by dipping the plates in an aqueous potassium permanganate solution followed by heating. Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (1H-NMR) data were acquired at 400 MHz on a Bruker AV400 and Bruker DRX600 (600 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to residual chloroform (s, 7.26 ppm), CD₂Cl₂ (t, 5.32 ppm) and CD₃CN (quint, 1.94 ppm). Splitting patterns are designated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; sept, septet; m, multiplet, br, broad. Proton decoupled Carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance (13C-NMR) data were acquired at 100 MHz on a Bruker AV400 spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to CDCl₃ (77.16 ppm), CD₂Cl₂ (54.0 ppm) and CD₃CN (1.32 ppm). Proton decoupled Phosphorus-31 nuclear magnetic resonance (31P-NMR) were acquired at 160 MHz on a Bruker AV400 spectrometer. Infrared (IR) data were recorded on an Alpha-P Bruker FT-IR Spectrometer. Absorbance frequencies are reported in reciprocal centimeters (cm⁻¹). HRMS measurements were performed by an Agilent LC-MS TOF. High resolution mass are given in m/z. Optical rotations were measured on a Polartronic M polarimeter using a 0.5 cm cell with a Na 589 nm filter. X-ray analysis was performed by Dr. R. Scopelliti at the EPF Lausanne.

Experimental procedures and characterization data

Phenyl-Ligand synthesis:

3,3'-diphenyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-dicarboxylic acid (7):

In an oven dried vial were weighted **6** (50 mg, 146 μmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(OAc)₂ (3.28 mg, 15.0 μmol, 10 mol%), Ac-Gly-OH (3.42 mg, 29.0 μmol, 20 mol%), Ag₂CO₃ (44.3 mg, 161 μmol, 1.1 equiv.) and K₂CO₃ (20.2 mg, 146 μmol, 1.0 equiv.). The vial was stoppered, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. lodobenzene (98.0 μL, 876 μmol, 6.0 equiv.) and acetic acid (50.2 μL, 876 μmol, 6.0 equiv.) were added *via* syringe and the resulting mixture degassed by three pump-freeze-thaw cycles. The mixture was heated to 90 °C for 30 h protected from light, and monitored by negative mass spec analysis of an aliquot. After cooling down to 23 °C, 1 M HCl was added and the mixture filtered over a pad of silica eluting with ethyl acetate to remove metal particles. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), the combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (pentane/EtOAc 3:1 to pentane/EtOAc 1:2 with 1% AcOH) delivered **7** (49.8 mg, 69% yield) as brown solid.

^{Ph} ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.00 (s, 2H), 7.92 (d,
$$J$$
 = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.48 (m, 6H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 172.1, 140.0, 136.4, 133.8, 133.0, 132.2, 131.3, 130.5, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 126.8; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 3025, 2924, 1655, 1370, 1267, 1231, 751, 699 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [C₃₄H₂₂O₄-H]⁻ : 493.1445, found: 493.1443; R_f: 0.10 (pentane/EtOAc 1:1 + 1% AcOH); m.p.: 193 °C; [α]_D²⁰: + 23.3° (c = 0.3, CHCl₃).

(3,3'-diphenyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl)dimethanol (**7-OH**):

7 (400 mg, 806 μmol, 1.0 equiv.) was weighted in an oven dried vial. The vial was stoppered, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. THF (5 mL) was added followed by slow addition of BH₃-THF (1 M in THF, 4.0 mL, 4.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at 65 °C for 18 h. After cooling down to 0 °C, water was added carefully, followed by 1 M HCl. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), the combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (pentane/EtOAc 4:1) delivered **7-OH** (339 mg, 90% yield) as white solid.

^{Ph} ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.95 (s, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 – 7.66 (m, 4H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 8.1, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 – 7.36 (m, 6H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 4.39 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 141.6, 141.2, 136.7, 135.9, 133.1, 132.6, 130.0, 129.9, 128.3, 128.2, 127.5, 126.8, 126.7, 126.4, 60.1; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 3211, 3057, 1493, 1026, 1018, 892, 766, 750, 702 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M-OH]⁺ equals to [C₃₄H₂₅O]⁺ : 449.1900, found: 449.1866; R_f: 0.50 (pentane/EtOAc 4:1); m.p.: 181-182°C; [α]_p²⁰: + 76.8° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

2,2'-bis(bromomethyl)-3,3'-diphenyl-1,1'-binaphthalene (8):

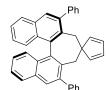
7-OH (284 mg, 609 μ mol, 1.0 equiv.) was weighted in an oven dried flask. The vial was stoppered, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. THF (6 mL) was added followed by slow addition of PBr₃ (57.4 μ L, 609 μ mol, 1.0 equiv) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 5 h. Aq. sat. NaHCO₃ solution was added and diluted with ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), the combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to yield pure **8** (358 mg, 99% yield) as white solid. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (dry load, pentane/EtOAc 15:1) was performed for characterisation.

^{Ph} ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.97 – 7.89 (m, 4H), 7.68 – 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.56 – 7.42 (m, 8H), 7.30 (ddd, J = 8.2, 6.8, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 4.34 – 4.25 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 141.1, 140.6, 136.5, 133.3, 132.5, 132.0, 130.5, 129.7, 128.3, 128.0, 127.7, 127.5, 127.4, 126.7, 32.2; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 3056, 1494, 1217, 752, 702, 491 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M-Br]⁺ equals to [C₃₄H₂₄Br]⁺ : 511.1056, found: 511.1032; R_f: 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); m.p.: 173-175°C; [α]_D²⁰: + 64.2° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

In a flame dried schlenk flask were weighted **8** (358 mg, 604 μmol, 1.0 equiv.), NaH (60 % in mineral oil, 26.6 mg, 665 μmol, 1.1 equiv.) and 15-Crown-5 (266 μL, 1.33 mmol, 2.2 equiv). The vial was stoppered, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. THF (6 mL) was added followed by slow addition of NaCp (2 M in THF 332 μL, 665 μmol, 1.1 equiv) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at for 30 min, then aq. sat. NH₄Cl solution was added carefully. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), the combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (dry load, pentane/EtOAc 30:1) delivered a 1.2:1 mixture of literature known compounds **9**':**9** (210 mg, 70% yield) as white solid (*JACS* 2013, **135**, 636, SI pages 7-8, 11). This mixture can be used for the ruthenium complexation described previously (*JACS*

2015, **137**, 12478, SI pages 14, 20-21) and the spiro compound **9**' re-isolated from the first DCM fractions of acidic alumina column after complexation.

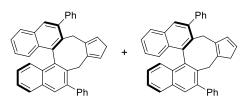
2,6-Diphenyl-3,5-dihydrospiro[cyclohepta[1,2-a:7,6-a']dinaphthalene-4,1'-cyclopenta-[2,4]diene] (9'):



¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ (ppm) = 7.87 (s, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.33 - 7.25 (m, 6H), 7.15 - 7.04 (m, 5H), 5.98 - 5.95 (m, 2H), 5.72 - 5.67 (m, 2H), 2.82 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, C₆D₆) δ (ppm) = 142.9, 142.0, 140.9, 136.2, 135.7,

133.0, 132.2, 130.4, 129.7, 128.7, 128.4, 128.4, 127.6, 127.2, 126.3, 125.9, 68., 33.02; **IR** (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 3051, 2923, 2856, 1600, 1588, 1493, 1445, 1422, 1403, 1369, 1329, 1244, 1214, 1140, 1075, 1052, 1023, 965, 955, 924, 893, 867, 854, 840, 817, 785, 763, 750, 743, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for $[C_{39}H_{29}]^+$: 497.2264, found: 497.2266; **R**_f: 0.13 (pentane/EtOAc 40:1); $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$: - 30.0° (c = 0.3, CH₂Cl₂).

5,16-Diphenyl-4,17-dihydro-1H-cyclopenta[6,7]cycloocta[2,1-a:3,4-a']dinaphthalene (9):



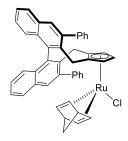
Double-bond isomers, ratio = 1.3:1.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, C_6D_6) δ (ppm) = 7.89 – 7.77 (m, 3H), 7.75 – 7.69 (m, 3H), 7.64 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.48 – 7.19 (m, 8H), 7.08 – 6.87 (m, 4H), 6.08 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 0.6H), 6.04

(d, J = 5.3 Hz, 0.6H), 5.60 - 5.57 (m, 0.8H), 3.90 - 3.83 (m, 1.6H), 3.52 - 3.45 (m, 1H), 3.35 - 3.22 (m, 1.4H), 2.60 - 2.54 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, C_6D_6) δ (ppm) = 148.50, 145.28, 143.80, 142.64, 142.47, 142.15, 141.96, 141.75, 141.03, 140.87, 140.79, 140.45, 139.81, 137.94, 137.34, 136.87, 136.79, 136.28, 135.75, 135.43, 134.85, 134.47, 134.18, 133.55, 133.24, 132.89, 132.81, 132.66, 132.45, 132.38, 132.08, 132.03, 130.62, 130.51, 130.45, 130.24, 130.20, 130.03, 129.88, 129.25, 129.10, 127.54, 127.35, 127.29, 127.19, 126.61, 126.58, 126.53, 126.32, 126.09, 125.92, 125.71, 118.71, 46.19, 38.85, 33.42, 32.79, 31.55, 31.40; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 3054, 2970, 2923, 2900, 2205, 2161, 1493, 1446, 1407, 1393, 1379, 1258, 1221, 1074, 1066, 1055, 1027, 892, 868, 854, 803, 791, 763, 749, 701 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[C_{39}H_{29}]^+$: 495.2118, found: 495.2109; R_f : 0.10 (hexane:EtOAc, 40:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = + 220$ (c = 0.3, CH_2CI_2).

Complexes:

Complex Cp^X(Ph)Ru(nbd)Cl (11):

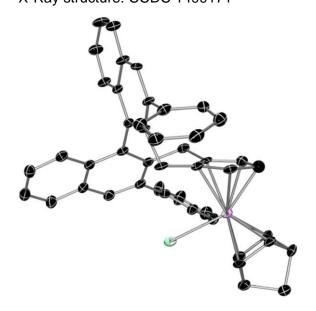


¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ (ppm) = 8.01 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 – 7.47 (m, 5H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.38 (td, J = 7.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.53 – 4.50 (m, 1H), 4.29 – 4.26 (m, 1H), 4.24 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 – 4.15 (m, 2H), 3.93 – 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 15.7 Hz,

1H), 3.53 (t, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (s, 1H), 3.41 – 3.31 (m, 2H), 3.19 (s, 1H), 3.15 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.10 (dt, J = 8.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 1.03 (dt, J = 8.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ (ppm) = 141.7, 141.4, 141.3, 140.6, 137.9, 136.6, 134.5, 134.4, 132.9, 132.8, 132.6, 132.3, 131.4, 130.5, 130.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.7, 128.5, 128.0, 127.7, 127.1, 126.8, 126.6, 126.4, 104.7, 92.8, 92.4, 90.1, 78.4, 75.3, 71.1, 62.4, 50.1, 48.3, 47.0, 30.6, 29.7; **IR (ATR)**: $\tilde{\nu}$ 3058, 2924, 2852, 1493, 1446, 1026, 891, 762, 703, 429, 396 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for [M-Cl]⁺ equals to [C₄₆H₃₅Ru]⁺ 689.1777, found: 689.1756; **R**_f: 0.30 (pentane/EtOAc 1:1) [α] ρ ²⁰: + 152.6 (c = 0.1, CH₂Cl₂).

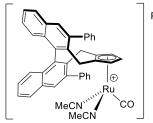
Crystals suitable for X-Ray analysis were grown by slow evaporation from THF under inert atmosphere.

X-Ray structure: CCDC 1499171



Complex $[Cp^{X}(Ph)Ru(CO)(MeCN)_{2}]PF_{6}$ (1a-CO):

1a (4.0 mg, 4.63 µmol, 1.0 equiv.) was weighted in an oven dried vial. The vial was stoppered, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. Degassed acetonitrile (200 µL) was added and carbon monoxide bubbled through the mixture for 1 min. The mixture was stirred at 23 °C for 60 min. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure yielding 1a-CO in quantitative yield as bright yellow solid.



¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CD₃CN) δ (ppm) = 8.02 - 8.01 (m, 1H), 8.01 - 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.96 - 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.62 - 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.56 - 7.44 (m, 8H), 7.42 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.35 - 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.05 - 7.00 (m, 2H), 4.73 - 4.69 (m, 1H), 4.38 - 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 3.15 - 12 (d)

= 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (d, J= 14.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CD₃CN) δ (ppm) = 199.2, 142.1, 141.8, 141.6, 138.5, 137.1, 133.3, 132.5, 132.2, 131.1, 130.6, 130.4, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 127.7, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 127.1, 100.9, 90.8, 90.3, 89.9, 64.9, 29.4, 28.6; ³¹**P NMR** (162 MHz, CD₃CN) δ (ppm) = -144.65 (hept, J= 706.2 Hz); **IR (ATR)**: $\tilde{\nu}$ 1992, 1674, 1494, 1448, 838, 763, 705, 558 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for [M-MeCN-PF₆]⁺ equals to [C₄₂H₃₀NORu]⁺ 666.1365, found: 666.1358; **[** α **]** ρ ²⁰: + 5.6 (c = 0.3, CH₃CN).

Substrates: Alkynes

Alkynes **4a-4k** and **4m-4n** are either commercially available or literature know compounds and were prepared according to the procedures in the given references. All spectra were in good agreement with the reported data.

Number	Number Structure Reference			
4a	CO ₂ Me	Supplier: TCI		
	Ph	CAS number: 4891-38-7		
4b	CO ₂ iPr	Nature Chemistry, 2015, 7 , 171-177;		
	Ph	(SI page 34, 191-192)		
4c	CO ₂ tBu	Chem. Commun., 2015, 51 , 13004-13007;		
	Ph	(SI page 6-7; 29-30)		
4d	CO₂Ph	Chem. Eur. J., 2015, 21 , 1468-1473;		
	Ph	(SI page 4, 15)		
4e	CO ₂ H	Supplier: Fluorochem		
	Ph	CAS number: 637-44-5		
4f	C(O)Ph	J. Org. Chem., 2004, 69 , 1615-1619;		
	Ph	(SI page 3; 11-14)		
4g	CO ₂ Me	Org. Lett., 2001, 3 , 3111-3113;		
	Br	(SI page 1; 11-14)		
4h	CO ₂ Me	Org. Lett., 2015, 17 , 520-523;		
	O_2N	(SI page 13; 82-83)		
4i	CO ₂ Me	Org. Lett., 2015, 15 , 4742–4745;		
	MeO	(SI page 2; 33)		
4 j	CO ₂ Me	J. Org. Chem., 1958, 23, 885–890;		
4k	CO ₂ Me	J. Org. Chem., 1987, 52 , 3662-3668;		

4m	CO ₂ tBu Chem. Commun., 2015, 51 , 13004-1300			
		(SI page 9; 49-50)		
4n	CO ₂ Me	ChemEur. J., 2014, 20 , 1834-1838;		
	Су	(SI page 7; 22)		

Methyl (E)-non-4-en-2-ynoate (4I):

In a flame dried schlenk flask was diisopropylamine (285 μL, 2.00 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) in dry THF (4.1 mL). *n*BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 800 μL, 2.00 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. After 30 min the solution was cooled down to -78 °C and methyl propiolate (179 μL, 2.00 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in THF (0.8 mL) was added slowly. After 30 min at this temperature zinc bromide (450 mg, 2.00 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in THF (1.7 mL) was added and the mixture gradually warmed to 0 °C over a period of 30 min. (*E*)-1-iodohex-1-ene (350 mg, 1.67 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (1.7 mL) was added followed by Pd(PPh₃)₄ (96.0 mg, 83 μmol, 5 mol%) under counter flow of nitrogen. The mixture was allowed to warm to 23 °C and stirred at this temperature for 4 h. Aq. Sat. NH₄Cl solution was added and diluted with diethyl ether. The organic layer was washed with aq. sat. NaHCO₃ solution, dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (pentane/EtOAc 15:1) yielded **4l** (70.0 mg, 25% yield) as colorless oil.

^{CO₂Me ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 6.52 (dt, J = 15.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (dt, J = 16.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.23 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.22 (m, 4H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 154.7, 152.9, 107.1, 86.2, 79.2, 52.8, 33.3, 30.4, 22.3, 13.9; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2957, 2931, 2216, 1713, 1434, 1254, 1101, 962, 749 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [C₁₀H₁₄O₂+H]⁺ : 167.1067, found: 167.1072; R_f: 0.32 (pentane/Et₂O 15:1).}

Substrates: Alkynes

All alkenes are either commercially available or literature know compounds and were prepared according to the procedures in the given references. All spectra were in good agreement with the reported data

Number	Struture	Reference
5a		Supplier: Fluka
		CAS number: 498-66-8
5b		Supplier: Alfa Aesar
		CAS number: 121-46-0
5c		Organometallics, 2008, 27 , 3622-3625;
		(SI page 9-10)
5d	MeO	Organometallics, 2008, 27 , 3622-3625;
		(SI page 10-11)
	MeO	
5e	MeO	Organometallics, 2008, 27 , 3622-3625;
	MeO	(SI page 6-7)
5f		Organometallics, 2008, 27 , 3622-3625;
		(SI page 5-6)
	MeO MeO	
5g	O ₁	Supplier: TCI
		CAS number: 573-57-9

Additional Optimization table:

entry	deviation from standard conditions	conv. (%) ^b	5aa (%) ^b	er ^c
1	none	100	98	96.5:3.5
2	no (Bu ₄ N)Cl, 23 °C	100	80	47.5:52.5
3	6 mol % (Bu ₄ N)Cl, 23 °C	100	100	94.5:5.5
4	20 mol % (Bu₄N)Cl	100	100	96.5:3.5
5	Acetone instead of THF	100	87	95.5:4.5
6	THF + 1.0 equiv. H ₂ O	100	100	96:4
7	SbF ₆ - instead of PF ₆ -	100	92	96:4
8	-25 °C	9	3	94:6
9	1 mol% 1a , 2 mol % (Bu ₄ N)Cl, 23°C, 24h	86	79	94.5:5.5

^a Conditions: 37.5 μmol **3a**, 25 μmol **4a**, 2.0 μmol additive, 1.25 μmol **1a**, 0.3 M in THF, 0 °C, 60 min. ^b Determined by ¹H-NMR with an internal standard. ^c Determined by HPLC with a chiral stationary phase.

Products:

General procedure for the Ru-catalyzed synthesis of cyclobutenes:

$$R^{3}$$
 + R^{1} R^{2} E^{2} E^{3} E^{3} E^{3} E^{3} E^{4} E^{2} E^{3} E^{3} E^{3} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} E^{4} E^{3} E^{4} $E^$

1a (4.33 mg, 5.00 μ mol, 5 mol%), Bu₄NCI (2.22 mg, 8.00 μ mol, 8 mol%) and alkene 3 (150 μ mol, 1.5 equiv.) were weighed in an oven dried tube containing a magnetic stirring bar. The tube was sealed with a rubber septum, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. At 23 °C dry THF (133 μ L) was added and the mixture was stirred for two minutes. The color changed from brown to deep red. After cooling down to 0 °C alkyne 4 (100 μ mol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (200 μ L, reaching 0.3 M) was added *via* syringe. After completion of the reaction the mixture was purified directly by silica gel chromatography eluting with pentane/Et₂O 20:1 to afford the cyclobutene product 5.

Optional, to recover the catalyst, after full conversion norbornadiene ($20.3 \,\mu\text{L}$, $200 \,\mu\text{mol}$, $2.0 \,\text{equiv.}$) was added and the solution stirred for 20 min at 23 °C. To prevent precipitation of the catalyst, some DCM is added to the reaction mixture when loading onto the column. Eluting with pentane/EtOAc 1:1 delivered complex **12**. This compound can be further purified by eluting through a pad of neutral alox with DCM.

Procedure for the big scale synthesis of cyclobutene 5dc:

1a (21.7 mg, 25.00 μmol, 1 mol%), Bu₄NCI (13.9 mg, 50.0 μmol, 2 mol%) and alkene **3d** (107 mg, 0.5 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) were weighed in an oven dried tube containing a magnetic stirring bar. The tube was sealed with a rubber septum, evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. At 23 °C dry THF (0.5 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for two minutes. The color changed from brown to deep red. After cooling down to 0° a solution of alkene **3d** (500 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyne **4c** (506 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (2.0 mL) were added. After completion of the reaction the mixture was purified directly by silica gel chromatography eluting with pentane/Et₂O 20:1 to afford the cyclobutene product **5dc**.

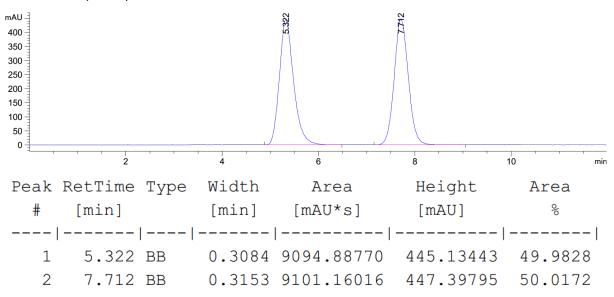
(-)-Methyl (1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5aa**):

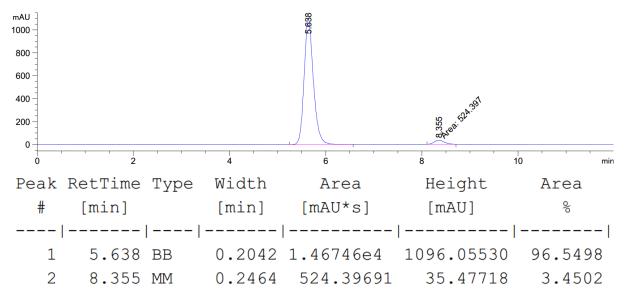
Ph Ph

Obtained as colorless oil in 97% yield (25.3 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.08 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.81 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.34 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.71 – 1.59 (m, 2H),

1.44 – 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.26 – 1.15 (m, 2H), 1.09 – 0.99 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.6, 156.2, 132.8, 130.0, 129.0, 128.5, 128.4, 51.3, 46.8, 46.1, 34.9, 34.4, 30.7, 28.5, 28.5; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2950, 2870, 1707, 1220, 1204, 1132, 770 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for [C₁₇H₁₈O₂+H]⁺ : 255.1380, found: 255.1385; **R**_f: 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 24.2° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); **m.p.**: 64 °C.

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 234 nm; t_R (major) = 5.6 min, t_R (minor) = 8.4 min, 96.5:3.5 er.





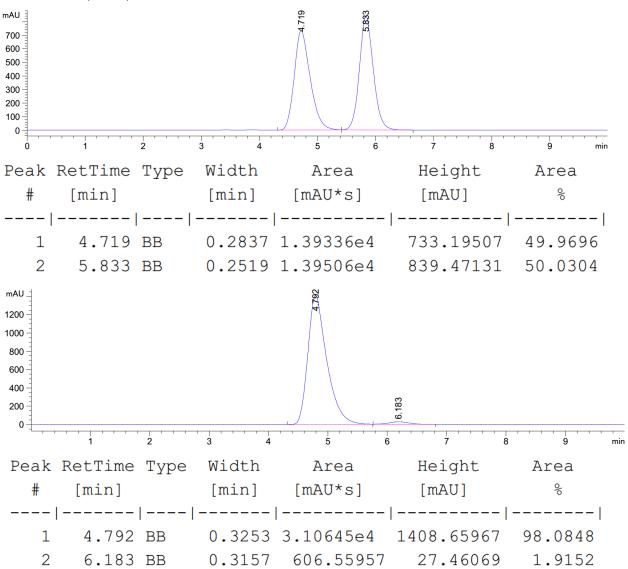
(-)-Isopropyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ab**):

Ph Ph

Obtained as colorless oil in 86% yield (24.2 mg). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.10 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 5.11 (hept, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.30 – 2.25 (m, 1H),

2.25 - 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.70 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.43 - 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.25 - 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.07 - 1.00 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.8, 155.3, 132.9, 129.8, 129.4, 129.0, 128.4, 67.4, 46.6, 46.2, 34.9, 34.4, 30.7, 28.5, 28.5, 22.1; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 2870, 1698, 1614, 1219, 1203, 1103, 770, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[C_{19}H_{22}O_2+H]^+$: 283.1693, found: 283.1691; R_f : 0.90 (pentane/EtOAc 5:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: - 19.8° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 290 nm; t_R (major) = 4.8 min, t_R (minor) = 6.2 min, 98:2 er.



(-)-tert-butyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ac**):

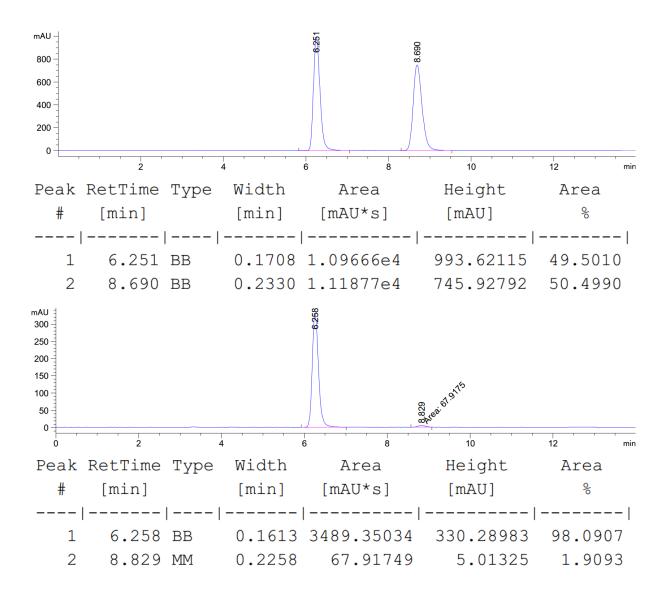
Obtained as colorless oil in 80% yield (23.6 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.05 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 2.75 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (dt, J = 2.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (dt, J = 2.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.71 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.54 (s, 9H), 1.43 – 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.25 – 1.15 (m, 2H), 1.06 – 0.99 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.8, 154.3, 133.0, 130.7, 129.7, 128.9, 128.3, 80.4, 46.5, 46.4, 34.9, 34.4, 30.7, 28.6, 28.5, 28.5; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2953, 2870, 1697, 1367, 1227, 1172, 1161, 1134, 770, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₂₀H₂₄O₂]⁺ : 296.1771, found: 296.1776; **R**_f: 0.90 (pentane/EtOAc 5:1); **m.p.**: 40-41 °C; [α]_D²⁰: -17.7° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃, 98:2 er).

The enantiomeric excess was determined after reduction to the corresponding alcohol:

(-)-((1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-en-3-yl)methanol (**5ac-OH**):

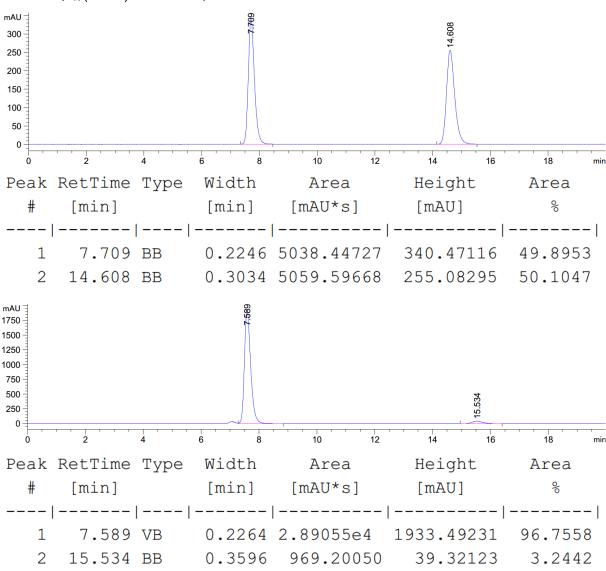
To a solution of **5ac** (10.5 mg, 35 μ mol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene was added DIBAL-H (1.2 M in toluene, 62 μ L, 74 μ mol, 2.1 equiv.) at -78 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 min and then gradually warmed to 0°C. Water, aq. sat. rochelle salt solution and ethyl acetate were added. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel delivered allylic alcohol **5ac-OH** (6.8 mg, 30 μ mol, 85% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.59 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (dt, J = 3.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dt, J = 3.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (dt, J = 6.4, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (dt, J = 10.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 1H), 1.23 – 1.08 (m, 2H), 1.02 (dt, J = 10.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 140.8, 140.3, 134.6, 128.6, 127.4, 126.7, 59.2, 46.7, 46.5, 34.7, 34.4, 30.8, 28.7, 28.4; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2948, 2921, 2868, 1492, 1446, 1297, 1034, 990, 769, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₁₆H₁₈O]⁺: 226.1352, found: 226.1345; $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}$: 0.30 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 23.3° (c = 0.35, CHCl₃). Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak OJH, 4.6 x 250 mm; 10% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 264 nm; t_R (major) = 6.3 min, t_R (minor) = 8.8 min, 98:2 er.



(-)-Phenyl (1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ad**):

Obtained as colorless oil in 76% yield (24.1 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.12 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.34 (m, 5H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 2.91 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.44 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 1.75 – 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.34 – 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.15 – 1.09 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 161.3, 158.9, 150.8, 132.6, 130.4, 129.5, 129.3, 128.5, 127.6, 125.8, 121.9, 47.1, 46.3, 35.1, 34.5, 30.8, 28.5; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 1720, 1489, 1191, 1163, 1122, 689 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [C₂₂H₂₀O₂+H]⁺: 317.1536, found: 317.1563; R_f: 0.50 (pentane/Et₂O 8:1); m.p.: 44-45 °C; [α]_D²⁰: - 6.0° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 296 nm; t_R (major) = 7.6 min, t_R (minor) = 15.5 min, 97:3 er.

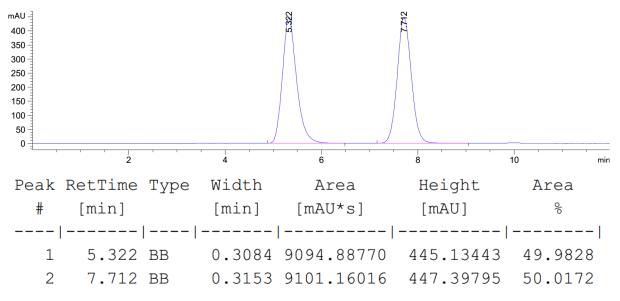


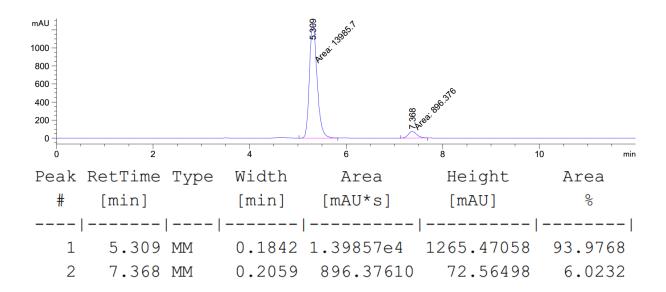
(-)-(1S,5S,6R)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylic acid (**5ae**):

Obtained as white soild in 89% yield (21.5 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 12.17 (bs, 1H), 8.10 – 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.35 (m, 3H), 2.85 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.42 – 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.30 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.47 – 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.31 – 1.16 (m, 2H), 1.13 – 1.04 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 167.6, 158.8, 132.6, 130.4, 129.3, 128.5, 127.7, 47.0, 46.0, 35.0, 34.3, 30.8, 28.5, 28.5; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 953, 2870, 1670, 1609, 1492, 1234, 771, 690 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [C₁₆H₁₆O₂-H]⁻: 239.1078, found: 239.1072; R_f: 0.90 (pentane/EtOAc 1:1 + 1% AcOH); m.p.: 149 °C; [α]_D²⁰: - 40.4° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃, 94:6 er).

The enantiomeric excess was determined after conversion to the corresponding methylester:

To a solution of **5ae** (2.6 mg, 11 μ mol, 1.0 equiv.) in a mixture of toluene (32 μ L) and methanol (22 μ L) was added TMS-diazomethane (2 M in Et₂O, 22.6 μ L, 43 μ mol, 4.0 equiv.) at 23 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 min and then all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel delivered methyl ester **5aa** in quantitative yield. (Characterization see page 14). Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 234 nm; t_R (major) = 5.3 min, t_R (minor) = 7.4 min, 94:6 er.





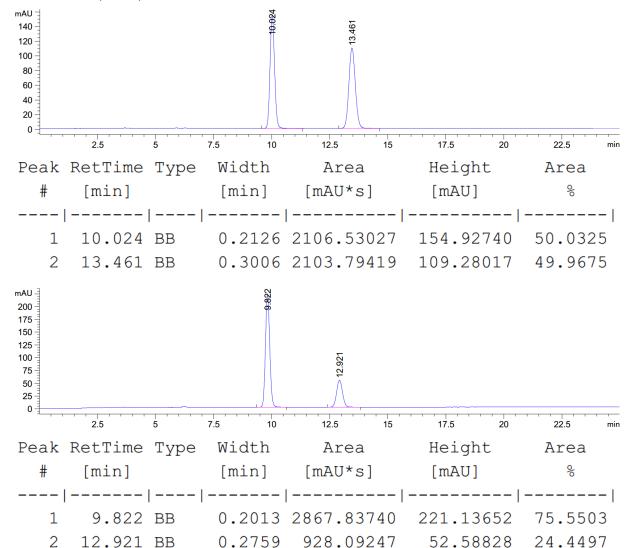
(-)-Phenyl((1S,5S,6R)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-en-3-yl)methanone (**5af**):

Ph Ph

Obtained as colorless oil in 98% yield (30.0 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.91 – 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.64 – 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J= 8.3, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 2.97 – 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.29 – 2.23

(m, 1H), 2.23 – 2.17 (m, 1H), 1.69 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.50 (dt, J = 10.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 1.30 – 1.15 (m, 2H), 1.05 (dt, J = 10.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 191.2, 154.3, 138.3, 136.5, 133.0, 132.5, 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 128.5, 128.3, 48.2, 47.4, 35.4, 35.0, 31.0, 28.6, 28.5; **IR** (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2951, 2869, 1636, 1597, 1579, 1558, 1489, 1447, 1228, 899, 734, 692 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (APCI) calculated for $[C_{22}H_{20}O]^+$: 300.1509, found: 300.1514; **R**_f: 0.50 (pentane/Et₂O 10:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: - 12.0° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IC, 4.6 x 250 mm; 2% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 288 nm; t_R (major) = 9.8 min, t_R (minor) = 12.9 min, 75.5:24.5 er.

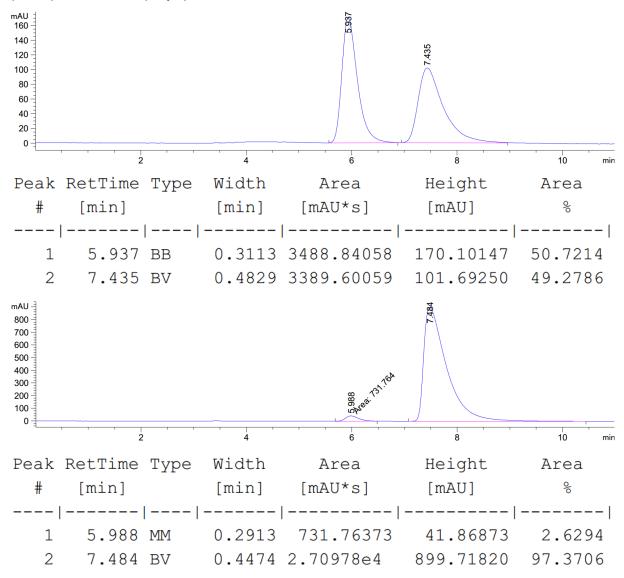


(-)-Methyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-(3-bromophenyl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ag**):

CO₂Me H Br Obtained as colorless oil in 85% yield (28.4 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.16 (t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 8.0, 2.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.79 (d, J = 3.7 Hz,

1H), 2.71 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.26 – 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.70 – 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.36 (dt, J = 10.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.25 – 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.11 – 1.03 (m, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.3, 154.3, 134.6, 132.8, 131.7, 130.0, 127.5, 122.6, 51.5, 46.8, 46.3, 34.8, 34.3, 30.7, 28.4, 28.4; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2948, 2870, 1706, 1616, 1556, 1471, 1217, 1204, 1185, 1132, 1105, 780 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for [C₁₇H₁₇BrO₂+H]⁺: 333.0485, found: 333.0487; **R**_f: 0.65 (pentane/EtOAc 8:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 14.1° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

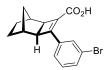
Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak AYH, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 288 nm; t_R (minor) = 6.0 min, t_R (major) = 7.5 min, 97.5:2.5 er.



The absolute configuration of 5ag was determined by single crystal X-Ray analysis after saponification to the corresponding carboxylic acid:

To a solution of 5ag (16.0 mg, 48 µmol, 1.0 equiv.) in a THF (240 µL) was added a 5% aq. LiOH solution (180 µL) at 23 °C. The solution was stirred at 40 °C for 30 h and then diluted with ethyl acetate and acidified with 1 M HCl. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel (pentane/EtOAc 8:1 + 1% AcOH) delivered acid 5ag-CO₂H (14.2 mg, 44 μmol, 93% yield).

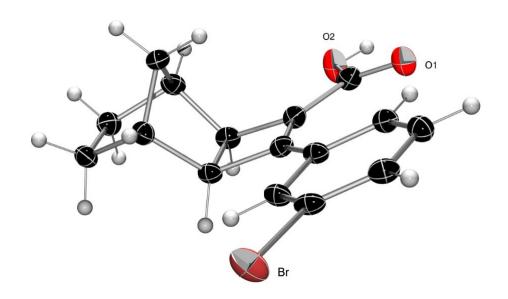
(-)-(1S,5S,6R)-4-(3-bromophenyl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylic (5ag-CO₂H):



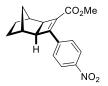
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.09 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (dt, J = 7.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (ddd, J = 8.0, 2.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 2.82 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.37 - 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.28 - 2.312.23 (m, 1H), 1.73 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.42 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.27 – 1.20 (m, 2H), 1.12 – 1.06 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 167.6, 156.9, 134.4, 133.2, 131.9, 130.1, 129.3, 127.9, 122.7, 47.0, 46.2, 34.9, 34.3, 30.7, 28.4, 28.4; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2953, 2870, 1672, 1612, 1556, 1233, 785 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for $[C_{16}H_{15}BrO_2-H]^-$: 317.0183, found: 317.0190; R_f : 0.50 (pentane/EtOAc 4:1 + 1% AcOH); m.p.: 113 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: - 25.3° (c = 1.0,

X-Ray: CCDC 1499170

CHCl₃, 97.5:2.5 er).



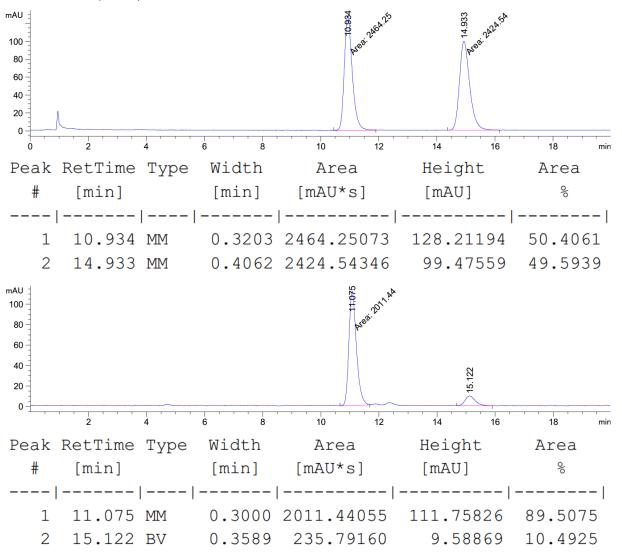
(-)-Methyl (1 S,5 S,6 R)-4-(4-nitrophenyl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ah**):



Obtained as yellow solid in 40% yield (12.1 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.25 – 8.20 (m, 2H), 8.20 – 8.15 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.88 – 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.76 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (dt, J = 3.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (dt, J = 3.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 1.73 – 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.30 (m, 1H), 1.28 – 1.19 (m,

2H), 1.13 – 1.05 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.1, 153.1, 148.1, 138.3, 133.2, 129.7, 123.8, 51.7, 47.0, 46.8, 34.7, 34.3, 30.7, 28.4, 28.3; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 2871, 1708, 1518, 1347, 1223, 1206, 854 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for $[C_{17}H_{17}NO_4]^+$: 299.1152, found: 299.1157; R_f: 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); m.p.: 91 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -53.3° (c = 0.3, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 320 nm; t_R (major) = 11.0 min, t_R (minor) = 15.1 min, 89.5:10.5 er.



(-)-Methyl (1 S,5 S,6 R)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ai**):

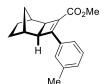
CO₂Me H OMe Obtained as yellow oil in 91% yield (26.0 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.76 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 1H), 2.21 (s, 1H), 1.69 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.38 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 1.23 – 1.15 (m, 2H),

1.02 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H);¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.8, 161.0, 156.2, 130.9, 125.9, 125.6, 113.8, 55.4, 51.2, 46.7, 45.9, 35.0, 34.5, 30.8, 28.5; **IR (ATR)**: $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 1702, 1604, 1508, 1255, 1220, 1204, 1175, 1133 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for $[C_{18}H_{20}O_3]^+$: 284.1407, found: 284.1409; **R**_f: 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: - 40.3° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 5% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 310 nm; t_R (major) = 7.2 min, t_R (minor) = 14.0 min, 98:2 er.



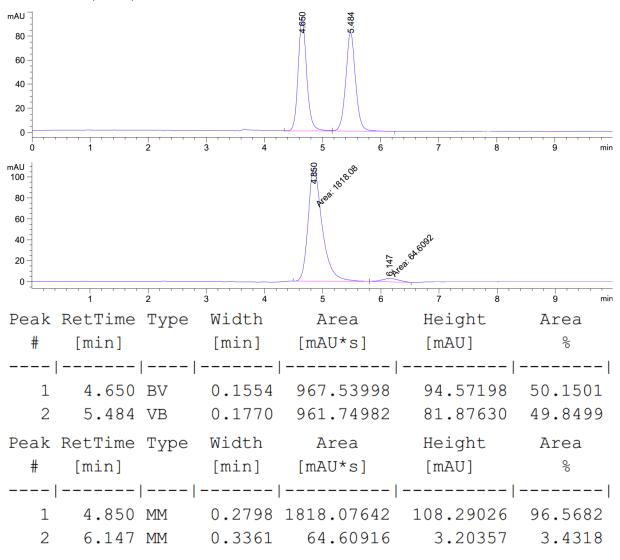
(-)-Methyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-(m-tolyl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5aj**):



Obtained as yellow oil in 93% yield (25.0 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.89 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.79 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.69 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.39 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 1.24

- 1.17 (m, 2H), 1.03 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.6, 156.4, 138.0, 132.7, 130.9, 129.5, 128.4, 128.2, 126.2, 51.3, 46.8, 46.1, 34.9, 34.4, 30.7, 28.5, 28.5, 21.6; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2949, 2869, 1706, 1613, 1233, 1204, 1130, 780 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₁₈H₂₀O₂+H]⁺ : 269.1536, found: 269.1529; R_f: 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 24.0° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 292 nm; t_R (major) = 4.8 min, t_R (minor) = 6.1 min, 96.5:3.5 er.



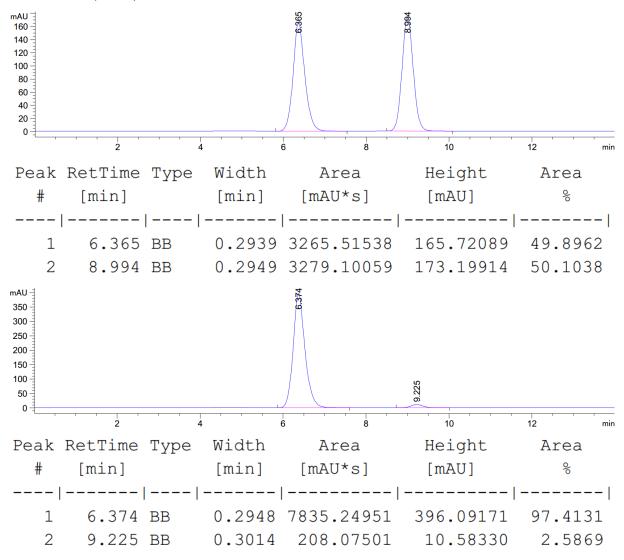
(<u>-</u>)-Methyl (1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ak**):

 CO_2Me Obtained δ (p

Obtained as colorless oil in 96% yield (25.0 mg). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.58 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.79 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (d, J =

3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.35 (m, 1H), 1.22 – 1.13 (m, 2H), 1.09 – 1.02 (m, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.5, 148.8, 136.0, 130.4, 130.1, 127.4, 124.2, 51.2, 47.9, 46.4, 34.9, 34.5, 30.9, 28.4, 28.2; **IR (ATR)**: $\tilde{\nu}$ 2949, 2869, 1701, 1612, 1233, 1223, 1200, 1131, 1044, 708 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for [C₁₅H₁₆O₂S+H]⁺ : 261.0944, found: 261.0949; **R**_f: 0.50 (pentane/Et₂O 8:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 32.0° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

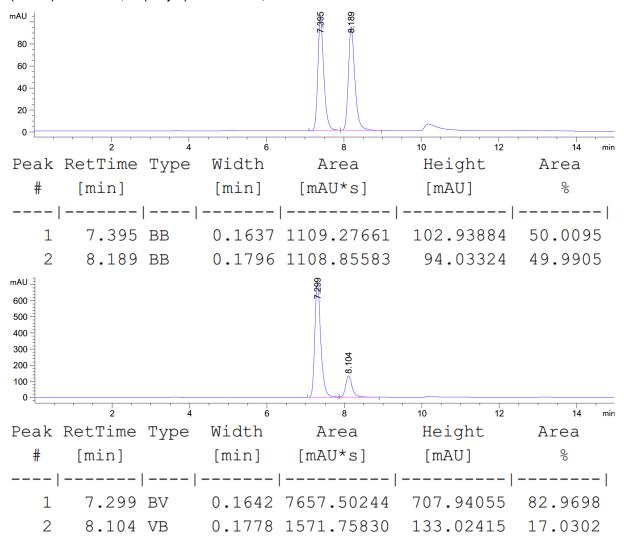
Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 316 nm; t_R (major) = 6.4 min, t_R (minor) = 9.2 min, 97.5:2.5 er.



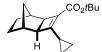
(+)-Methyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-((E)-hex-1-en-1-yl)tricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5al**):

Obtained as colorless oil in 88% yield (23.0 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 6.56 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.18 – 5.97 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.59 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.23 – 2.13 (m, 3H), 2.09 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.64 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.24 (m, 5H), 1.17 – 1.05 (m, 2H), 1.01 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.9, 156.3, 141.1, 126.5, 123.4, 51.0, 46.4, 46.0, 34.7, 34.2, 32.8, 31.1, 30.9, 28.4, 28.3, 22.5, 14.1; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 2871, 1709, 1644, 1434, 1227, 1192, 1117, 973 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₁₇H₂₄O₂]⁺ : 260.1771, found: 260.1764; R_f : 0.20 (pentane/DCM 3:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: + 35.5° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 0.5% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 272 nm; t_R (minor) = 9.6 min, t_R (major) = 12.0 min, 83:17 er.



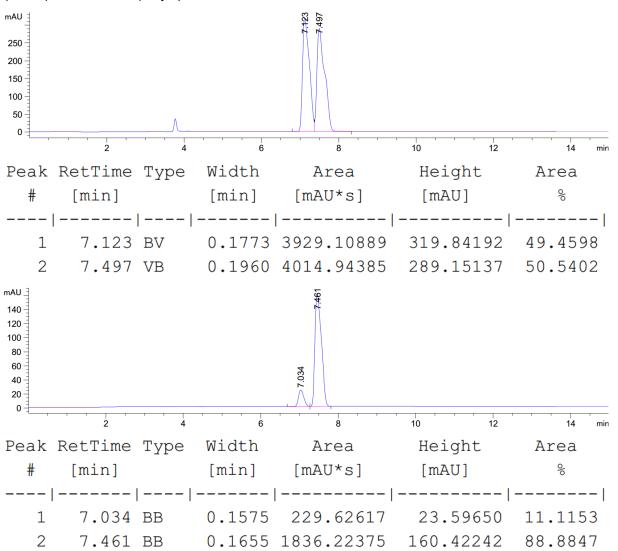
(+)-tert-butyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-cyclopropyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (5am):



Obtained as colorless oil in 91% yield (23.8 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 2.46 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.21 – 2.07 (m, 3H), 1.91 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.39 (dt, J = 10.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.10 – 0.92

(m, 3H), 0.89-0.76 (m, 2H), 0.76-0.61 (m, 2H); 13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 163.4, 163.3, 130.7, 79.7, 45.6, 45.4, 34.7, 34.4, 30.6, 28.5, 28.4, 28.2, 11.5, 7.4, 7.1; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2952, 2870, 1698, 1643, 1365, 1236, 1172, 1137, 1121, 1031 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for $[C_{17}H_{24}O_2+Na]^+$: 283.1669, found: 283.1672; R_f : 0.50 (pentane/Et₂O 8:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: + 39.9° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IC, 4.6 x 250 mm; 0.5% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 244 nm; t_R (minor) = 7.0 min, t_R (major) = 7.5 min, 89:11 er.



(-)-Methyl (1S,5S,6R)-4-cyclohexyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5an**):

Obtained as yellow oil in 70% yield (18.3 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = δ 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.75 (dt, J = 12.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 1H), 2.08 (s, 1H), 1.80 – 1.63 (m, 5H), 1.55 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 1.38 – 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.33 – 1.10 (m, 5H), 1.12 – 1.01 (m, 2H), 0.98 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 168.7, 163.6, 128.0, 50.9, 47.4, 45.7, 39.1, 34.7, 34.1, 31.0, 30.6, 30.6, 28.5, 28.1, 26.1, 26.1, 25.9; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2926, 2869, 2852, 1715, 1641, 1448, 1434, 1339, 1263, 1215, 1191, 1119 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₁₇H₂₄O₂+H]⁺ : 261.1849, found: 261.1837; R_f : 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: - 17.2° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

The enantiomeric excess was determined after reduction to the corresponding alcohol and esterification:

(+)-((1S,5S,6R)-4-cyclohexyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-en-3-yl)methyl 4-nitrobenzoate (5an-benzoate):

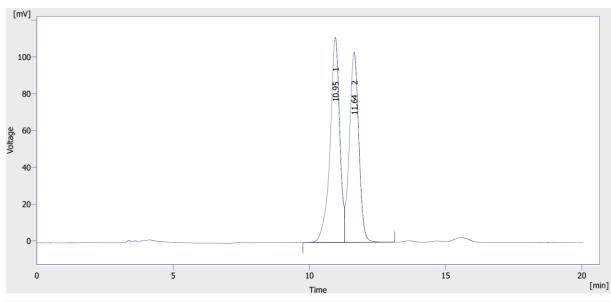
To a solution of **5an** (10.5 mg, 40 μmol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene (202 μL) was added DIBAL-H (1.2 M in toluene, 70.6 μL, 85 μmol, 2.1 equiv.) at -78 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 min and then gradually warmed to 0°C. Water, aq. sat. rochelle salt solution and ethyl acetate were added. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude alcohol was passed through a short silica plug and dissolved in dry DCM (32 μL). Triethylamine (22.5 μL, 161 μmol, 4.0 equiv.) and 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride (22.5 mg, 121 μmol, 3.0 equiv.) were added at 23 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. After 30 min aq. sat. NaHCO₃ solution and DCM were added. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3x), combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel (pentane/Et₂O 40:1) delivered nitrobenzoate **5an-benzoate** as colorless oil (14.2 mg, 37 μmol, 92% yield over both steps).

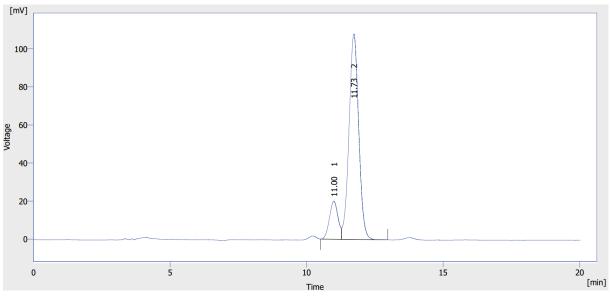
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.30 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.21 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.26 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 1H), 1.98 (s, 1H), 1.78 – 1.69 (m, 4H), 1.65 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.61 – 1.41 (m, 3H), 1.32 – 1.16 (m, 5H), 1.06 – 0.98 (m, 2H), 0.95 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 164.8, 152.7, 150.6, 136.0, 132.0, 130.8, 123.7, 61.0, 47.4, 46.8, 38.3, 34.9,

34.2, 31.8, 31.3, 30.5, 28.5, 28.4, 26.3, 26.2, 26.2; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2924, 2852, 1726, 1530, 1347,

1269, 1101, 719 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated for $[C_{16}H_{23}]^+$: 215.1794, found: 215.1792; R_f : 0.70 (pentane/EtOAc 5:1); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: + 6.5° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak OZH, 4.6 x 250 mm; 0.5% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R (minor) = 11.0 min, t_R (major) = 11.7 min, 86:14 er.





	Reten. Time [min]	Area [mV.s]	Height [mV]	Area [%]	Height [%]	W05 [min]
1	10.952	2740.677	111.553	52.4	51.9	0.36
2	11.643	2489.118	103.382	47.6		0.37
	Total	5229.795	214.936	100.0	100.0	

	Reten. Time [min]	Area [mV.s]	Height [mV]	Area [%]	Height [%]	W05 [min]
1	10.999	437.569	20.082	14.1	15.7	0.35
2	11.731	2668.055	108.040	85.9	84.3	0.38
	Total	3105.624	128.122	100.0	100.0	

(-)-tert-butyl (1R,5S,6S)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]nona-3,7-diene-3-carboxylate (**5bc**):

Obtained as colorless oil in 81% yield (23.7 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.08 – 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.45 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 6.24 (dd, J = 5.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.76 – 2.69 (m, 2H), 2.64 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H), 1.42 – 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.37 – 1.31 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 156.3, 136.8, 135.6, 132.8, 132.8, 129.9, 128.9, 128.4, 80.6, 43.2, 42.9, 40.0, 39.3, 39.1, 28.5; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2974, 1696, 1367, 1230, 1216, 1167, 1130, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₂₀H₂₂O₂]⁺ : 294.1614, found: 294.1620; $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}$: 0.70 (pentane/Et₂O 8:1); $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}^{20}}$: - 32.5° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃, 97:3 er).

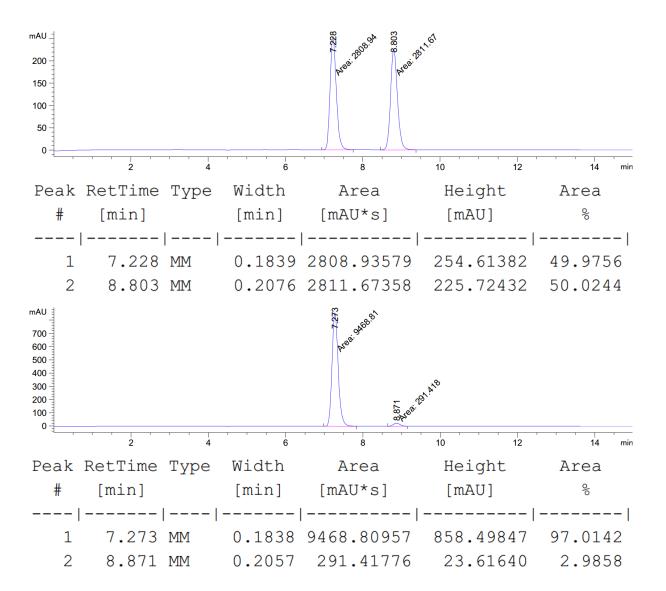
The enantiomeric excess was determined after reduction to the corresponding alcohol:

(-)-((1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]nona-3,7-dien-3-yl)methanol (**5bc-OH**):

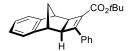
To a solution of **5bc** (17.6 mg, 60 μ mol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene was added DIBAL-H (1.2 M in toluene, 105 μ L, 126 μ mol, 2.1 equiv.) at -78 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 min and then gradually warmed to 0°C. Water, aq. sat. rochelle salt solution and ethyl acetate were added. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x), combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel (pentane/EtOAc 8:1) delivered allylic alcohol **5bc-OH** (9.1 mg, 41 μ mol, 68% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 7.43 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.23 – 6.15 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (s, 1H), 2.66 – 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.47 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.50 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.34 (dt, J = 9.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 142.7, 142.0, 136.1, 135.7, 134.3, 128.7, 127.6, 126.7, 59.4, 43.2, 42.9, 40.1, 39.2, 39.1; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2968, 1654, 1448, 1321, 1036, 1023, 758, 695 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₁₆H₁₆O]⁺ : 224.1196, found: 224.1197; R_f: 0.50 (pentane/EtOAc 3:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 45.0° (c = 0.3, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6×250 mm; 10% *i-*PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 270 nm; t_R (major) = 7.3 min, t_R (minor) = 8.8 min, 97:3 er.



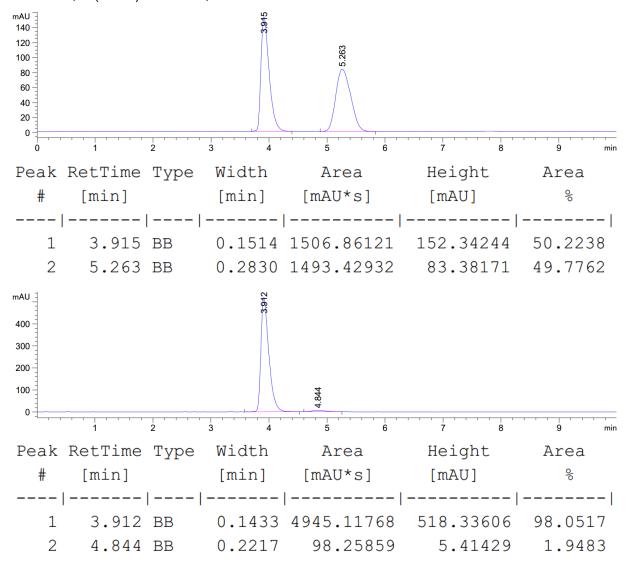
(-)-tert-butyl (2aS,3R,8S)-2-phenyl-2a,3,8,8a-tetrahydro-3,8-methanocyclobuta[b]naphthalene-1-carboxylate (5cc):



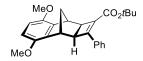
Obtained as white solid in 91% yield (31.5 mg). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.13 - 8.06 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.30 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.14 - 7.07 (m, 2H), 3.26 (s, 1H), 3.24 (s, 1H), 2.81 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H),

2.71 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (dt, J = 9.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (dt, J = 9.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.8, 154.5, 148.0, 147.4, 132.6, 131.2, 130.1, 129.1, 128.5, 125.9, 125.7, 121.7, 121.4, 80.9, 45.2, 44.9, 41.4, 41.3, 41.0, 28.5; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2973, 1696, 1229, 1166, 1145, 1128, 766, 727, 691 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for [C₂₄H₂₄O₂]⁺: 344.1771, found: 344.1776; **R**_f: 0.60 (pentane/EtOAc 8:1); **m.p.:** 92-94 °C; [α]_D²⁰: -128.2° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IB, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 298 nm; t_R (major) = 3.9 min, t_R (minor) = 4.8 min, 98:2 er.



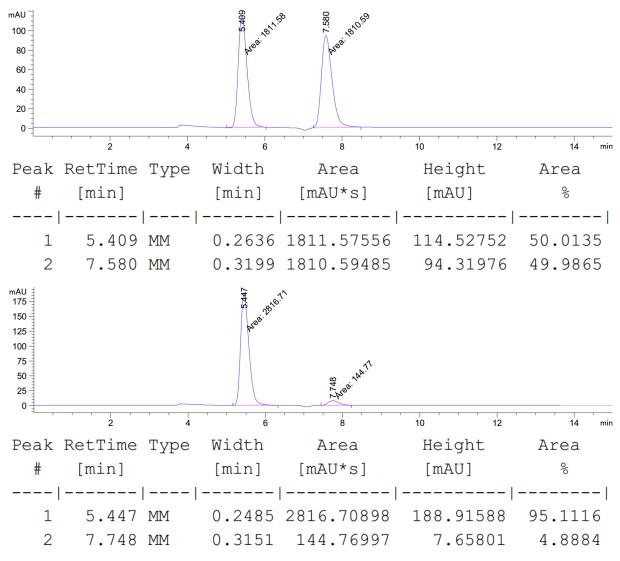
(<u>-</u>)-*tert*-butyl (2*a*S,3*R*,8*S*)-4,7-dimethoxy-2-phenyl-2a,3,8,8a-tetrahydro-3,8-methanocyclo-buta[b]naphthalene-1-carboxylate (**5dc**):



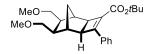
Obtained as colorless oil in 96% yield (38.9 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.15 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.35 (m, 3H), 6.69 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.56 – 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.51 – 3.47 (m,

1H), 2.82 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (dt, J = 10.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.66 (dt, J = 9.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.7, 154.7, 148.7, 148.7, 137.1, 136.2, 132.6, 131.5, 130.1, 129.1, 128.5, 110.6, 109.7, 80.8, 56.6, 56.2, 44.7, 44.3, 40.8, 38.0, 38.0, 28.5; **IR** (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2978, 2944, 2832, 1696, 1496, 1279, 1253, 1229, 1163, 1130, 1082, 764 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (APCI) calculated for [C₂₆H₂₈O₄]⁺ : 404.1982, found: 404.1979; **R**_f: 0.40 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 105.3° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IB, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 294 nm; t_R (major) = 5.4 min, t_R (minor) = 7.7 min, 95:5 er.



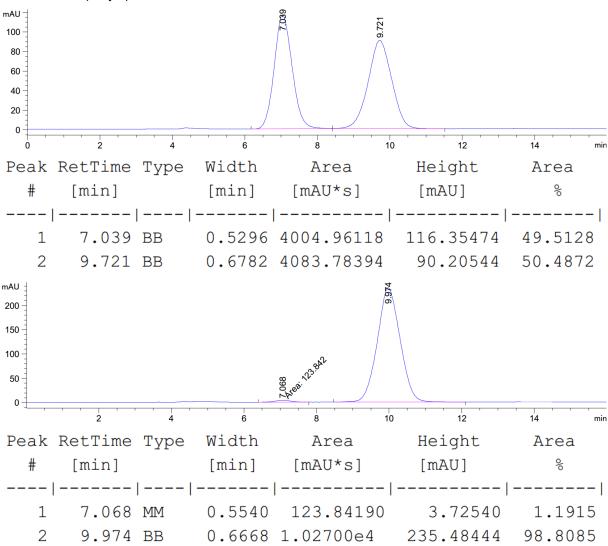
(-)-tert-butyl (1S,5S,6R,7R,8S)-7,8-bis(methoxymethyl)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5ec**):



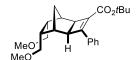
Obtained as white solid in 97% yield (37.3 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 - 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.30 (m, 3H), 3.53 - 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.44 - 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.34 (s,

3H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.32 – 3.23 (m, 2H), 2.82 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 1H), 2.22 – 2.17 (m, 1H), 1.94 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.27 (s, 2H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.7, 154.1, 132.9, 130.4, 129.8, 129.0, 128.3, 80.6, 77.5, 77.2, 76.8, 73.0, 72.7, 58.9, 58.7, 46.3, 46.1, 44.7, 44.4, 38.4, 38.1, 28.5, 26.4; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2974, 2924, 1695, 1226, 1172, 1136, 1104, 693 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for [C₂₄H₃₂O₄]⁺ : 384.2295, found: 384.2295; **R**_f: 0.50 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); **m.p.**: 96 °C; [α]_D²⁰: - 13.7° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IA, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 288 nm; t_R (minor) = 7.0 min, t_R (major) = 9.9 min, 99:1 er.



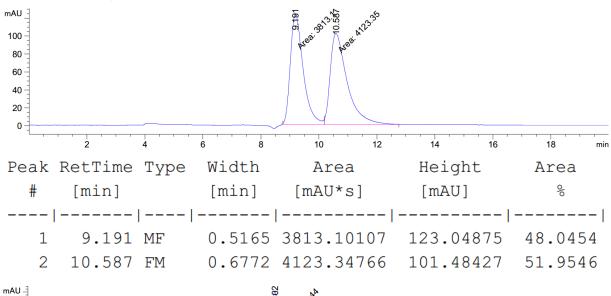
(-)-tert-butyl (1S,5S,6R,7S,8R)-7,8-bis(methoxymethyl)-4-phenyltricyclo[4.2.1.02,5]non-3-ene-3-carboxylate (**5fc**):

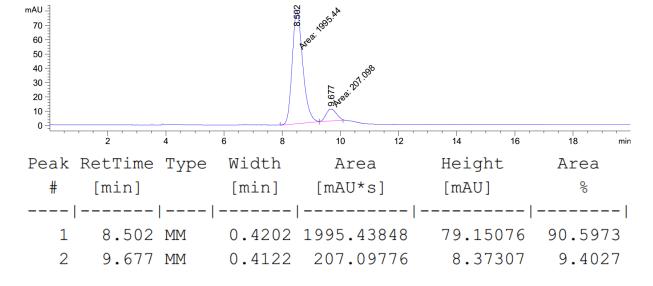


Obtained as colorless oil in 39% yield (14.8 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.02 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.41 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 3.55 – 3.48 (m, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.07 (d, J =

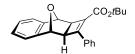
3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 4H), 1.57 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.17 – 1.10 (m, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.4, 153.8, 132.8, 129.8, 129.6, 129.0, 128.4, 80.5, 70.4, 69.9, 59.1, 58.9, 40.8, 40.1, 40.0, 39.9, 37.9, 37.8, 32.0, 28.4; **IR (ATR):** $\tilde{\nu}$ 2972, 2918, 1695, 1228, 1172, 1139, 1101, 771 cm⁻¹; **HRMS (APCI)** calculated for [C₂₄H₃₂O₄]⁺ : 384.2295, found: 384.2293; **R**_f: 0.40 (pentane/EtOAc 6:1); [α]_D²⁰: - 30.1° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃).

Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak ID, 4.6 x 250 mm; 1% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 290 nm; t_R (minor) = 8.5 min, t_R (major) = 9.7 min, 90.5:9.5 er.





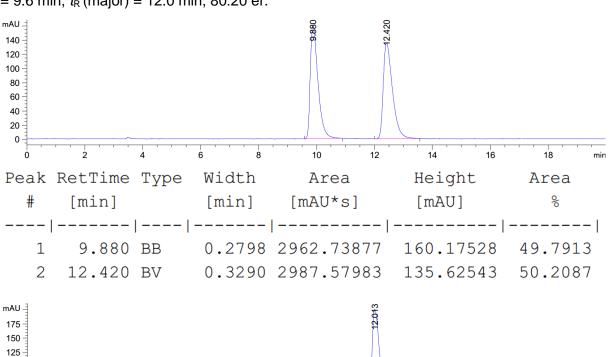
(-)-tert-butyl (2aS,3R,8S)-2-phenyl-2a,3,8,8a-tetrahydro-3,8-epoxycyclobuta[b]naphthalene-1-carboxylate (5gc):



Obtained as colorless oil in 87% yield (30.2 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 8.13 - 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.39 - 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.24 - 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 3.00 (d, J = 3.6

Hz, 1H), 2.89 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) = 162.4, 153.3, 144.9, 144.5, 132.2, 130.3, 130.1, 129.0, 128.5, 127.0, 126.9, 120.1, 119.8, 81.3, 76.4, 76.3, 45.0, 44.6, 28.5; IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ 2974, 1696, 1249, 1219, 1161, 1125, 775, 738 cm⁻¹; HRMS (APCI) calculated for [C₂₃H₂₂O₃]⁺ : 346.1563, found: 346.1568; R_f: 0.50 (pentane/EtOAc 8:1); m.p.: 149-151 °C; [α]_D²⁰: -41.3.1° (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).

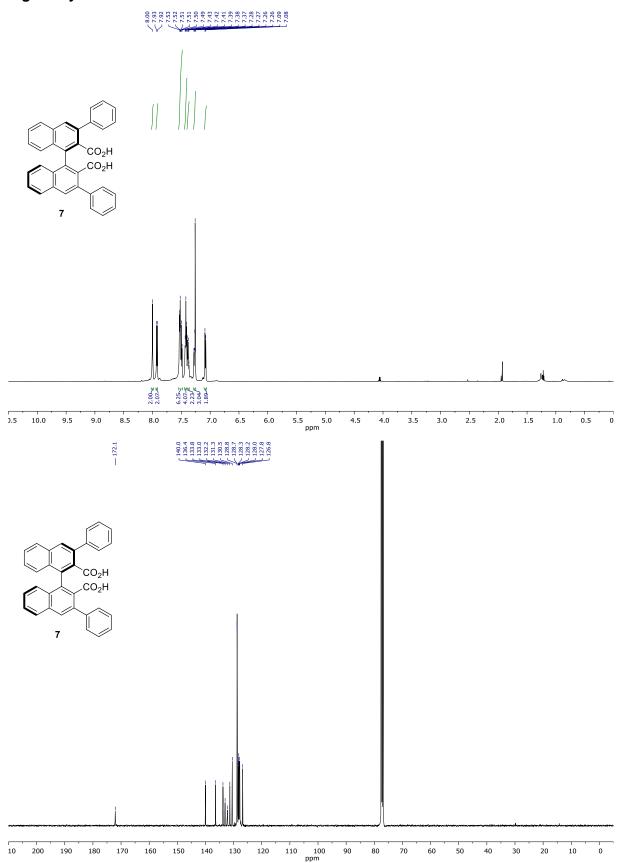
Chiral HPLC: Chiralpak IB, 4.6 x 250 mm; 2% *i*-PrOH / hexane, 1.0 mL/min, 292 nm; t_R (minor) = 9.6 min, t_R (major) = 12.0 min, 80:20 er.

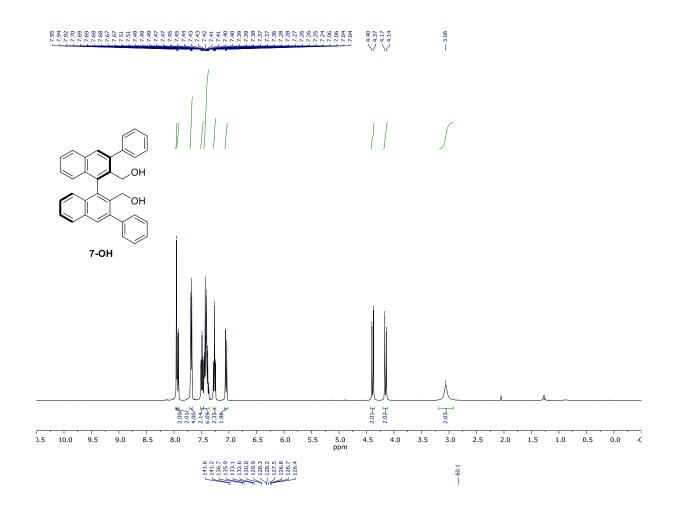


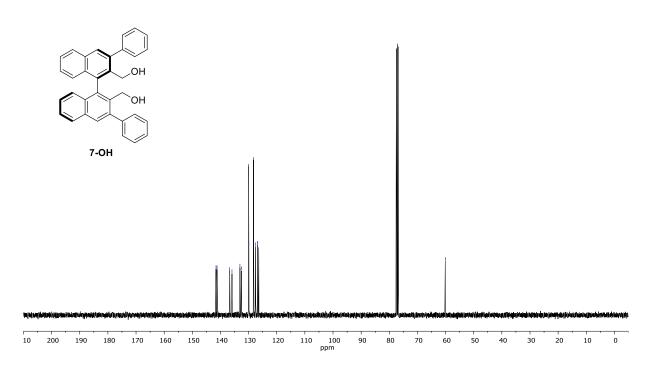
120					11				
100				9.668					
75				9.6					
50 🖥				\wedge					
25									
0						1			
	2	4	6 8	10	12	14	16	18	min
Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area		Heigh	t	Area	
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]		[mAU]		%	
					-				-
1	9.668	BV	0.2619	1063.954	35	60.27	497	20.026	1
2	12.013	BB	0.3124	4248.894	04	199.52	237	79.973	9

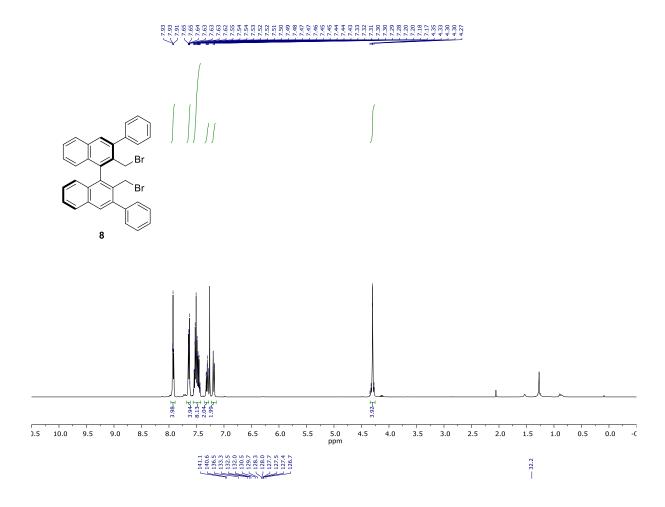
NMR Spectra

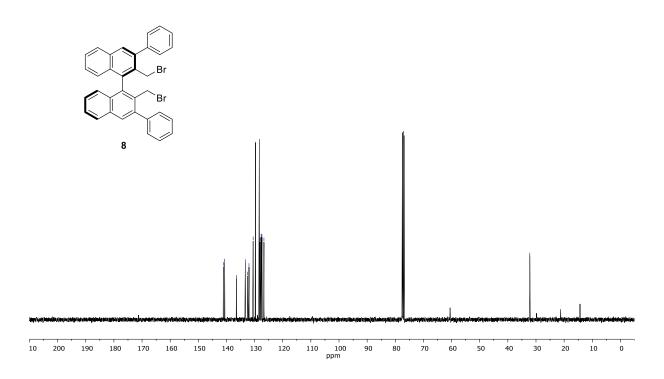
Ligand synthesis

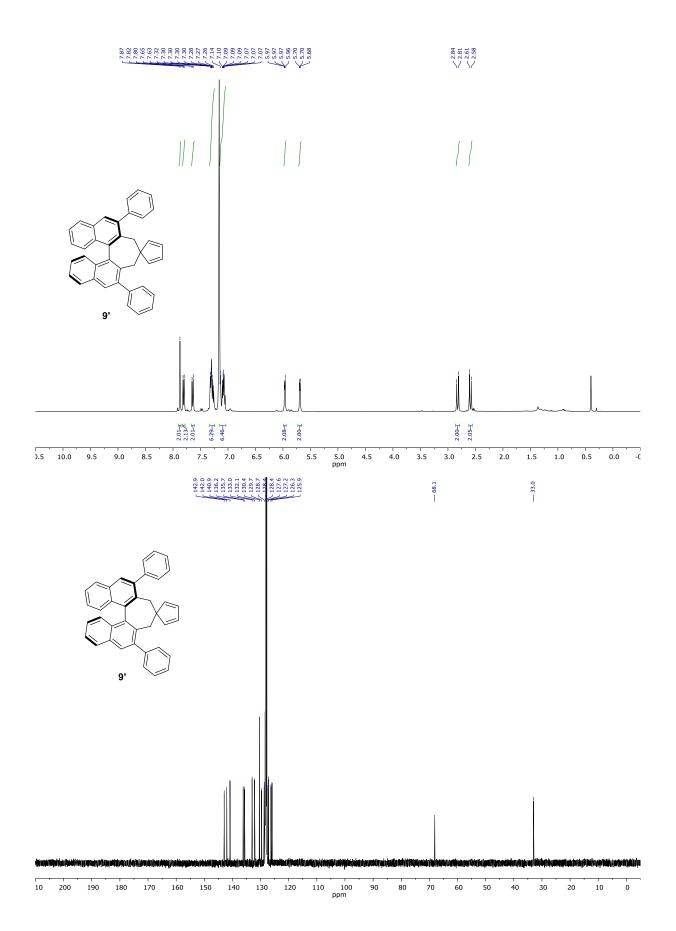


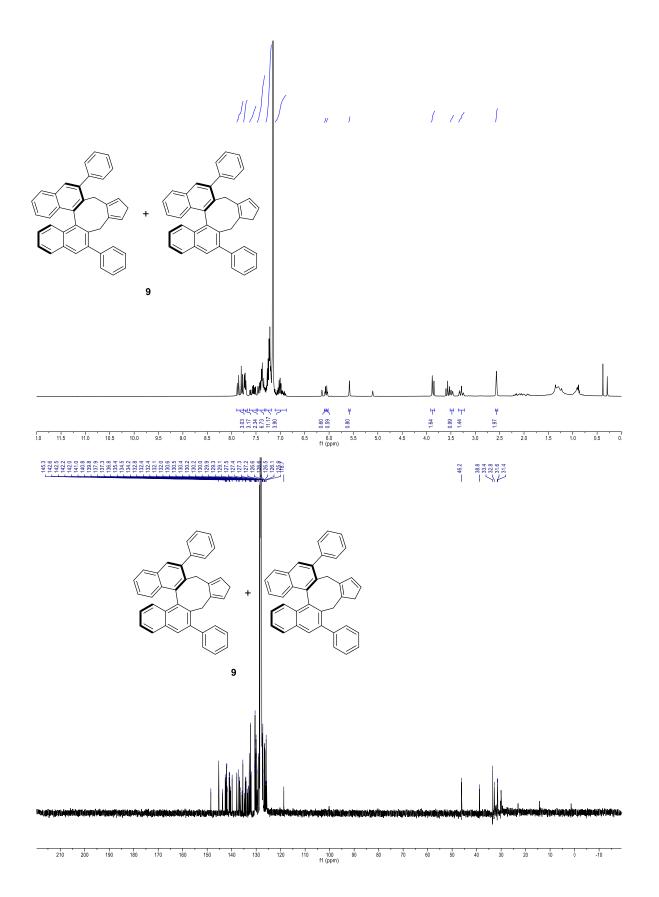












Catalysts:

