

Supporting Information

Scalable and Bendable Organized Mesoporous TiN Films Templated by a Dual-function Amphiphilic Graft Copolymer for Solid Supercapacitors

Dong Jun Kim^a, Jin Kyu Kim^a, Jae Hun Lee^a, Hyung Hee Cho^b, Youn-Sang Bae^{*a}, and
Jong Hak Kim^{*a}

^a Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, Yonsei University, 50 Yonsei-ro, Seodaemun-gu, Seoul 120-749, South Korea

^b Department of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 50 Yonsei-ro, Seodaemun-gu, Seoul 03722, South Korea

* To whom correspondence should be addressed:

E-mail: mowbae@yonsei.ac.kr or jonghak@yonsei.ac.kr

Figure S1. Cross-sectional FE-SEM image of om-TiO₂.

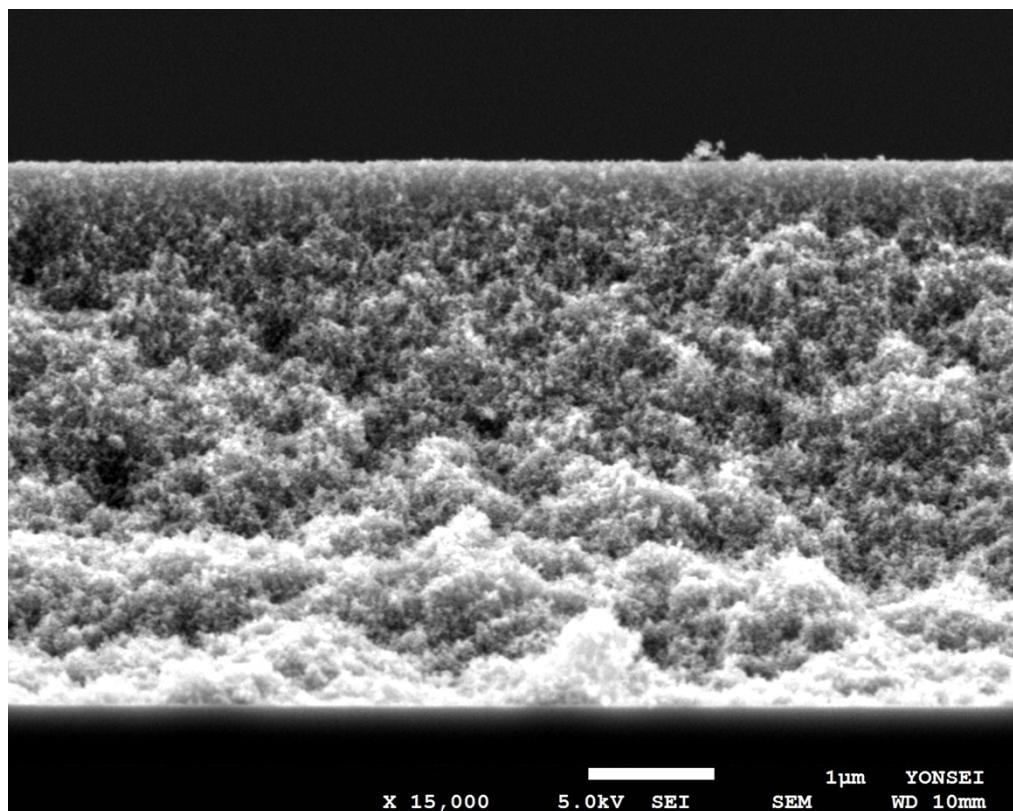


Figure S2. EDS mapping images of (a) om-TiO₂, (b) om-TiN, and (c) om-TiN/C and (d) atomic concentrations of samples.

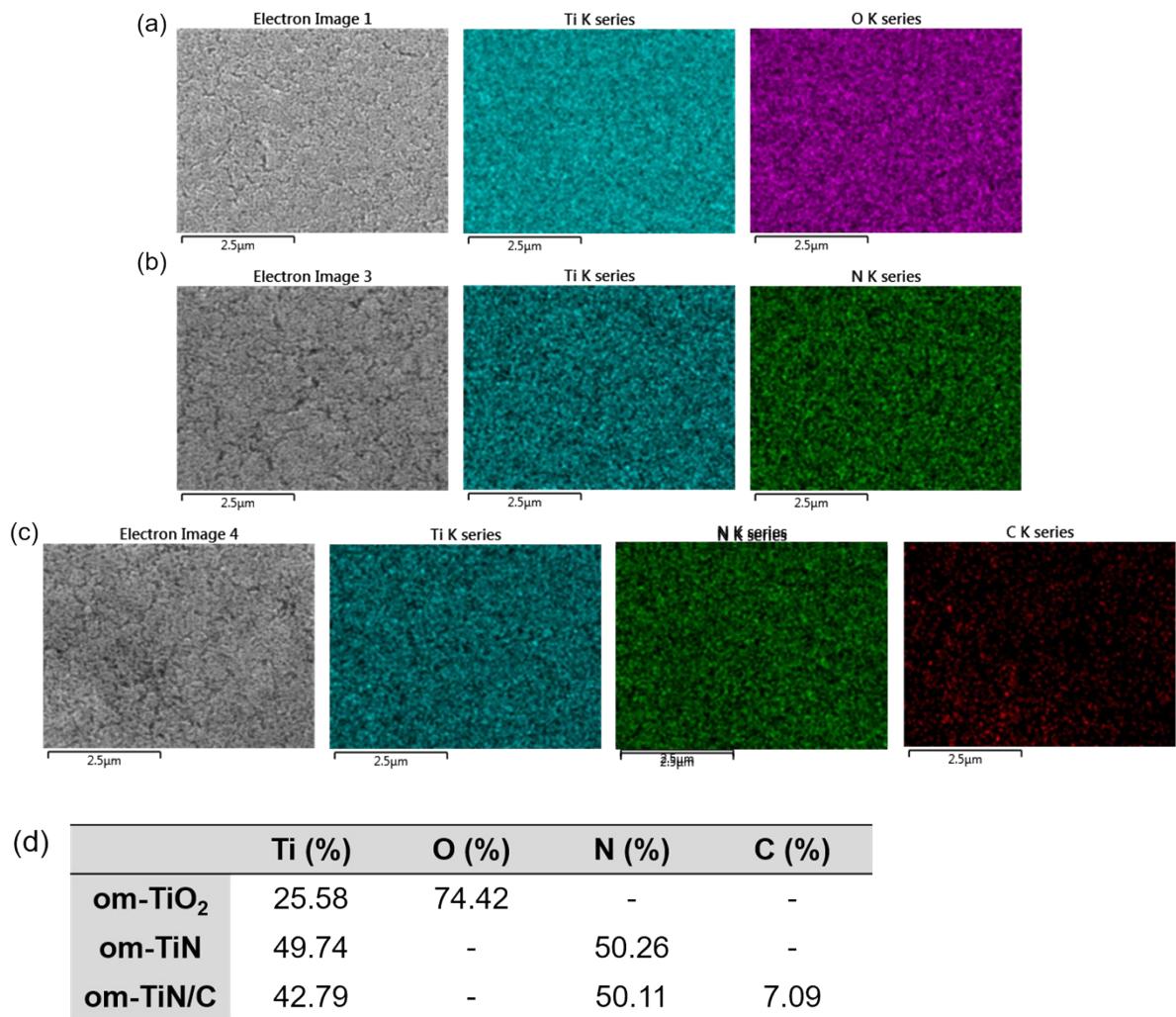
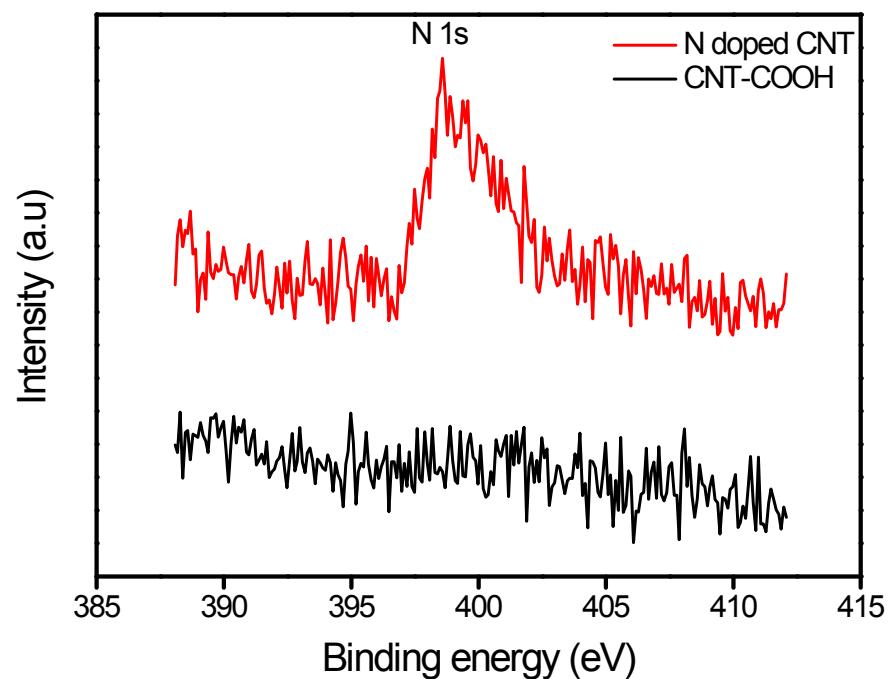


Table S1. Atomic concentrations of each sample derived from XPS data.

Atom (%)	om-TiO ₂	om-TiN	om-TiN/C
Ti2p	22.6	24.6	24.3
O1s	55.7	28.3	28.8
N1s	-	25.9	24.4
C1s	21.7	21.2	22.5

Figure S3. XPS spectra and atomic concentrations of COOH-CNT and N-CNT.



Atom	Atomic Conc. (%)	
	CNT-COOH	N-CNT
C 1s	92.56	96.85
O 1s	7.3	2.12
N 1s	0.14	1.03

Figure S4. Change in capacitance retention of an om-TiN/C solid supercapacitor with a PVA/H₃PO₄ electrolyte as a function of the CV scan rate.

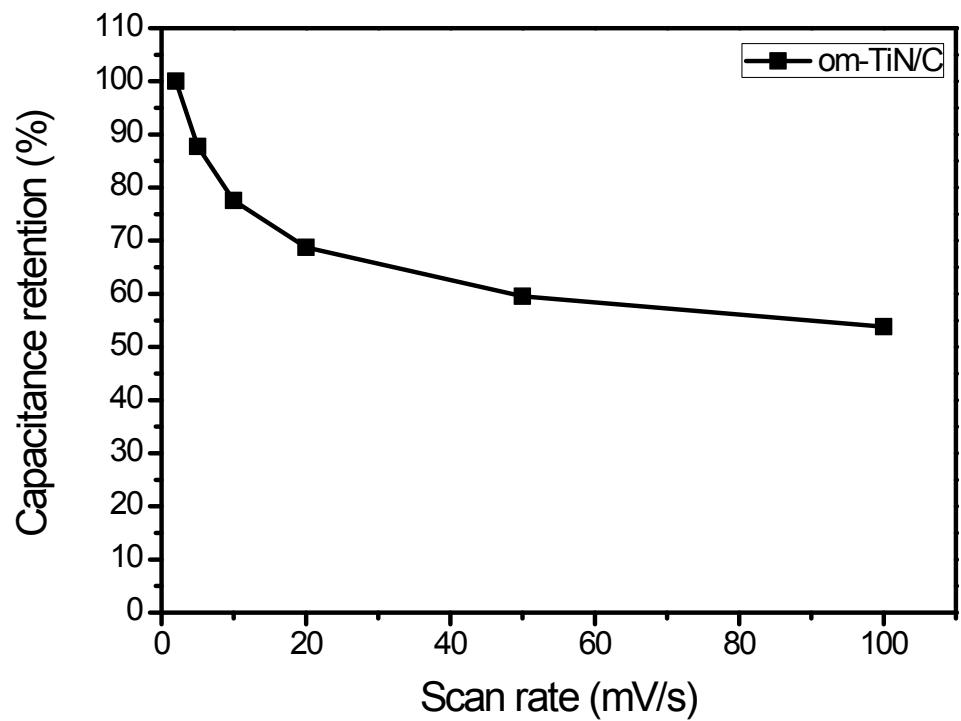


Figure S5. Change in capacitance retention of an om-TiN/C solid supercapacitor with a PVA/H₃PO₄ electrolyte as a function of charge–discharge cycle number.

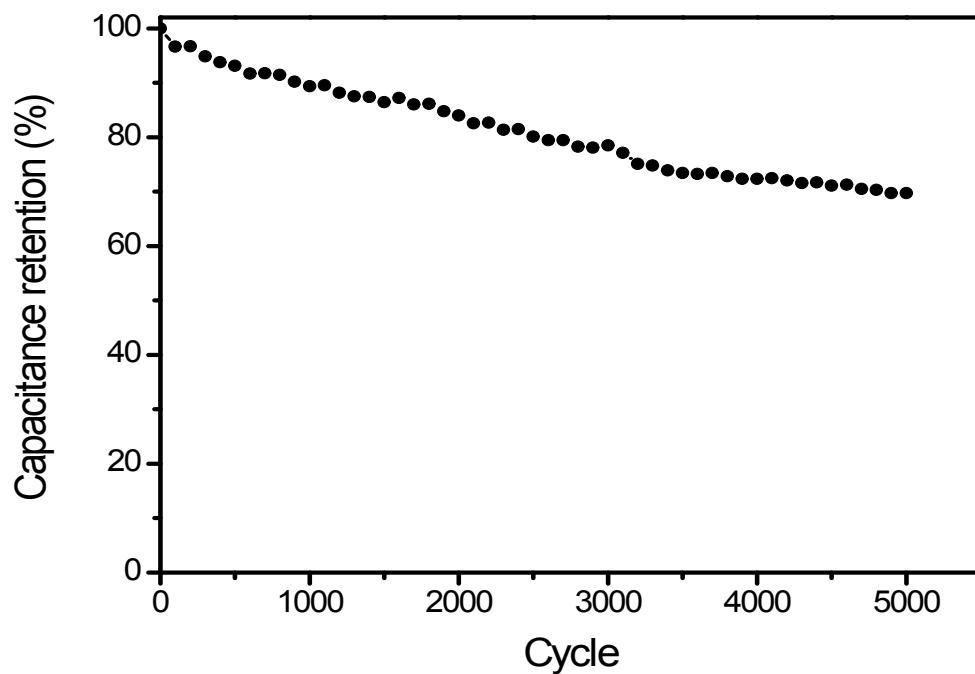


Figure S6. Galvanostatic charge–discharge measurements of an om-TiN/C supercapacitor at high specific currents.

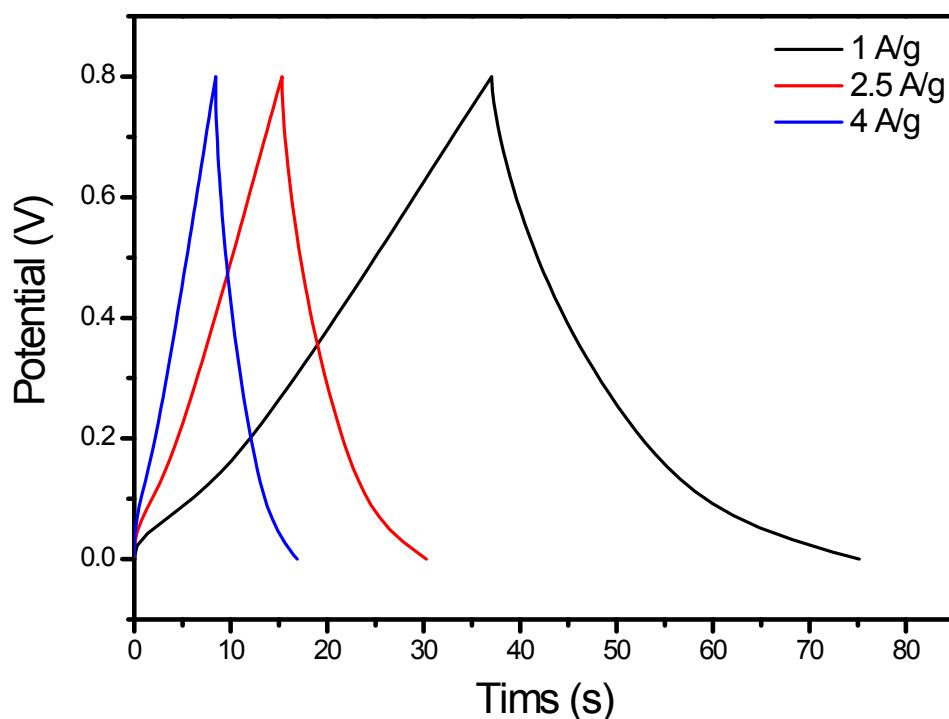


Figure S7. Open circuit voltage of each supercapacitor after charging to 0.8V.

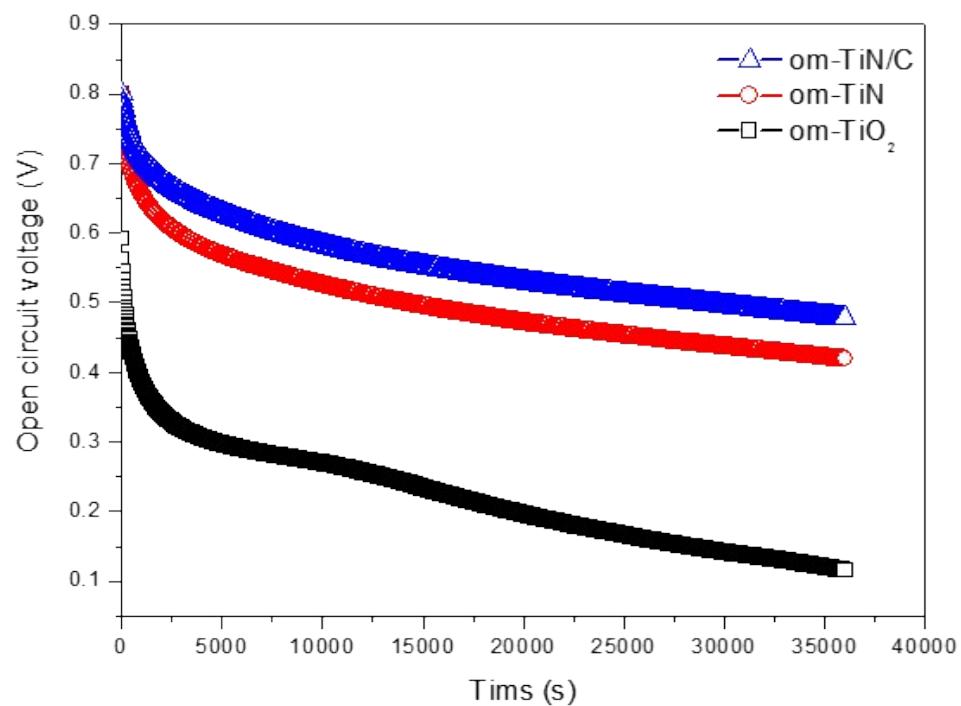


Figure S8. (a-c) N₂ adsorption-desorption curves of om-TiO₂, om-TiN and om-TiN/C films and (d) pore size distributions of the films determined using the BJH method.

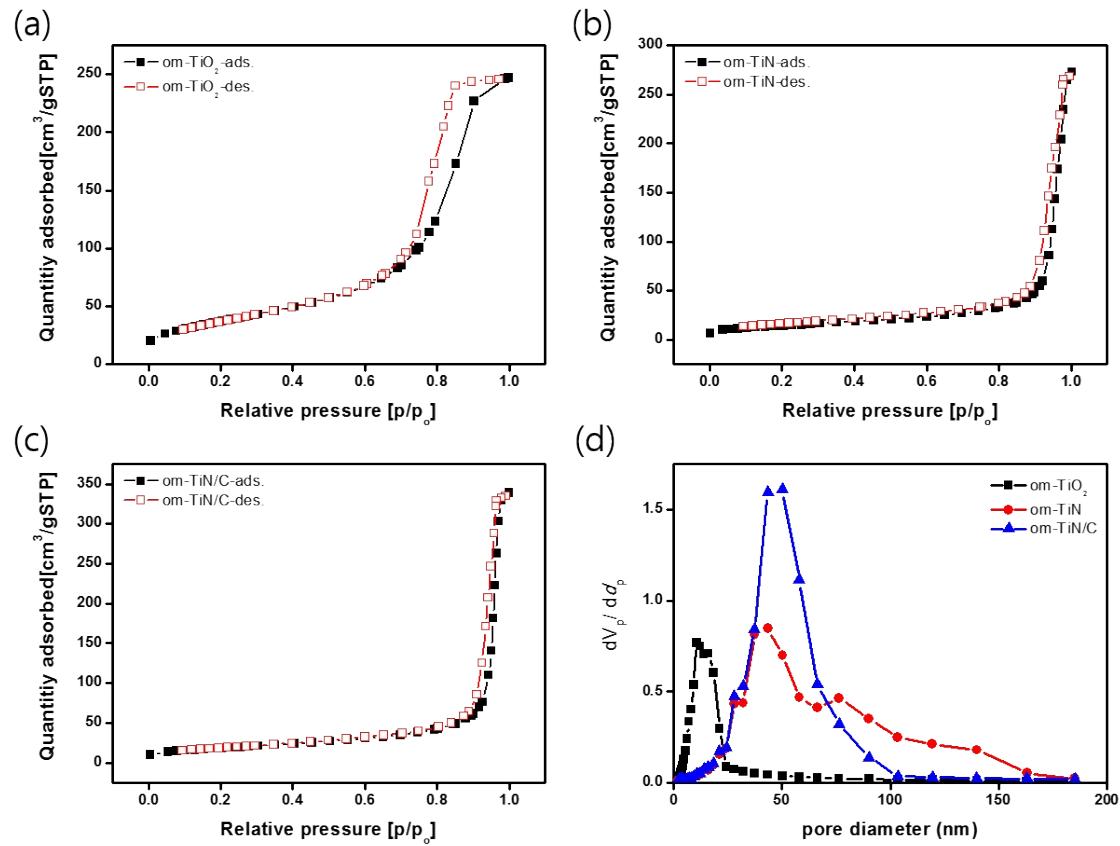


Figure S9. CV curves of a solid supercapacitor with a PVC-g-POEM/EMIM_TFSI solid electrolyte at different scan rates.

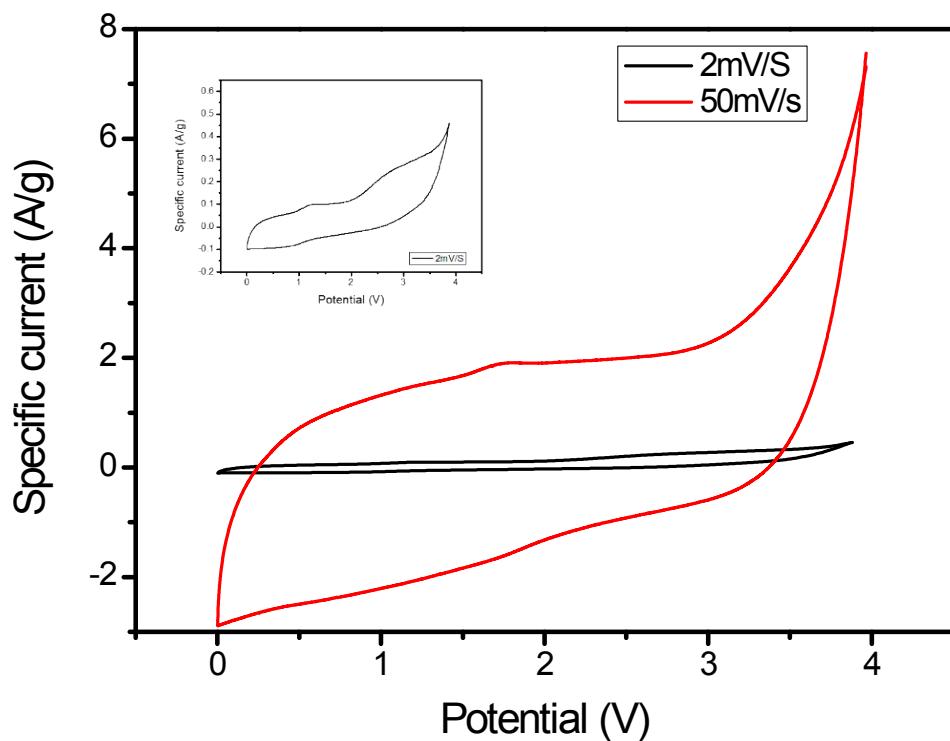


Table S2. Reported capacitance values of supercapacitors based on TiN as the active material.

Materials	Electrolyte	State	Capacitance	Reference
om-TiN	PVA/H ₃ PO ₄	Solid	128.5 F/g	Our work
om-TiN/CNT	PVA/H ₃ PO ₄	Solid	213.6 F/g	Our work
om-TiN/CNT	PVC-g- POEM/EMI M_TFSI	Solid	266.8 F/g	Our work
TiN/carbon	2M KOH	Liquid	38.5 F/g	<i>J. Solid State Chem.</i> 2011 , 184, 1333
TiN/VN/carbon	1M KOH	Liquid	170 F/g	<i>Mater. Res. Bull.</i> 2011 , 46, 835
TiN/CNT	0.5M K ₂ SO ₄	Liquid	116 F/cm ³	<i>J. Power Sources</i> 2015 , 300, 525
TiN/carbon	1M LiPF ₆	Liquid	135 F/g	<i>ACS Appl. Mater.</i> <i>Interfaces</i> 2011 , 3, 93
TiN/CNT	0.5M K ₂ SO ₄	Liquid	25.5 mF/cm ²	<i>Nano Energy</i> 2014 , 7, 104
TiN/carbon	1M KOH	Liquid	238 F/g	<i>J. Electrochem. Soc.</i> 2006 , 153, A2298
TiN/CNT	1M KOH	Liquid	17.85	<i>J. Am. Ceram. Soc.</i> 2006 , 89, 156
TiN/carbon	1M KOH	Liquid	~160 F/g	<i>Adv. Energy Mater.</i> 2014 , 4, 1300994
TiN	PVA/KOH	Solid	123 F/g	<i>Nano Lett.</i> 2012 , 12, 5376
TiN/graphene	1M LiCl	Liquid	~170 F/g	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> 2015 , 27,
TiN/Fe ₂ N/graphene	PVA/LiCl	Solid	~60 F/g	4566