Supporting Information

Single step synthesis of hierarchical B_xCN: A metal free catalyst for Low Temperature Oxidative dehydrogenation of Propane

Reena Goyal,^a Bipul Sarkar,^a Arijit Bag,^b Frederic Lefebvre,^c Siddharth Sameer,^a Chandrashekar Pendem,^a and Ankur Bordoloi*^a

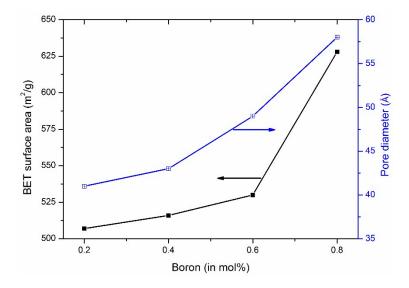


Figure S1. Boron content with BET surface area (m²/g) and average pore diameter (nm).

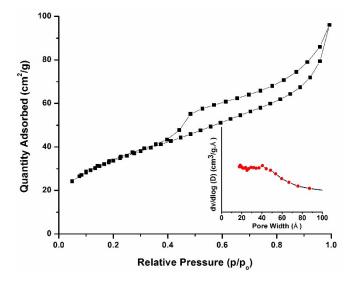


Figure S2. N₂ adsorption desorption isotherm and BJH plot of pore size distribution (inset).

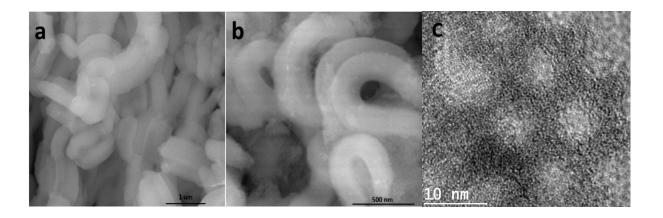


Figure S3. SEM and HRTEM images of SBA-15.

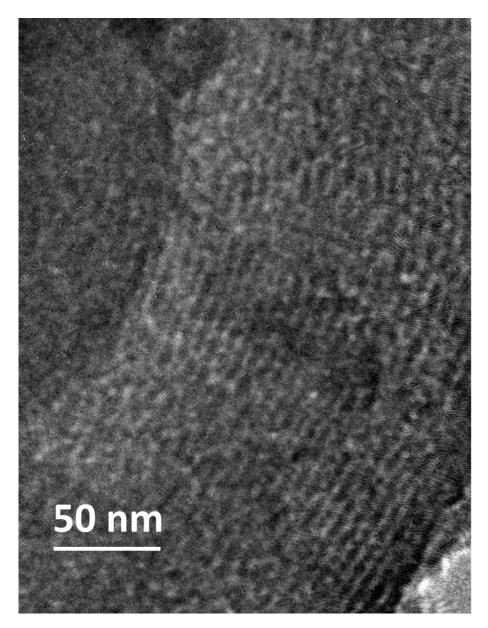


Figure S4. High resolution TEM image of BxCN material showing graphitic tubular network.

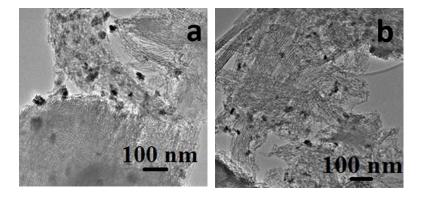


Figure S5. HRTEM images of TBCN papered using tri-ethyl borane.

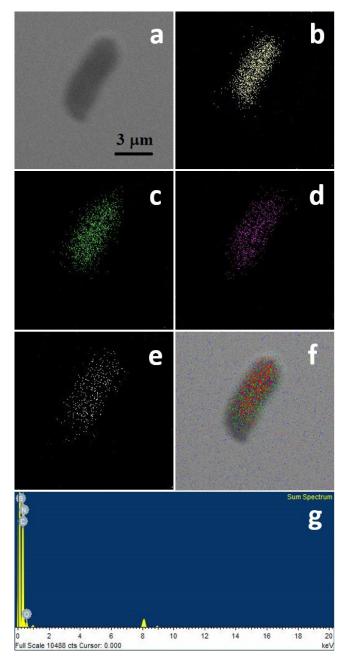


Figure S6. E-mapping (a-f) and EDAX (g) pattern of BxCN; (b) Carbon, (c) Nitrogen, (d) Oxygen, (e) Boron and (f) combined.

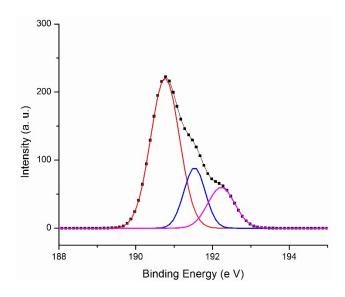


Figure S7. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy of BxCN papered using tri-ethylborane.

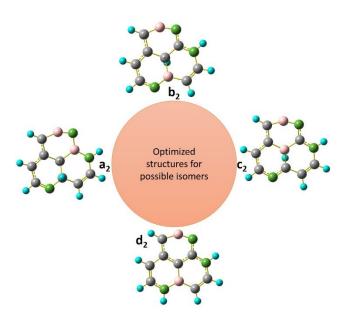


Figure S8. DFT-optimized di- substituted BxNyCz structures four possible isomers.

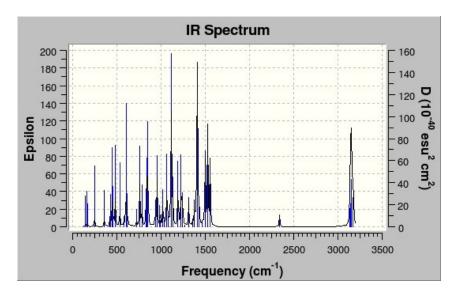
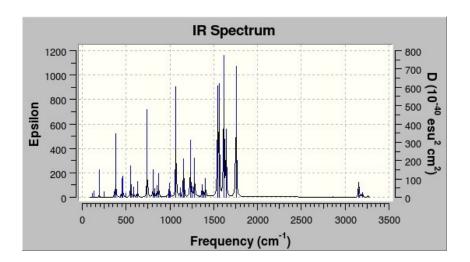
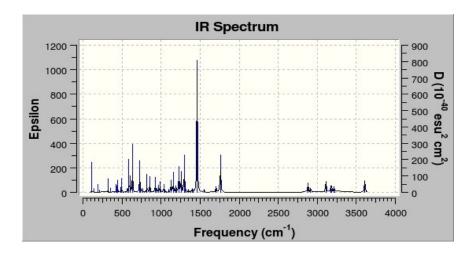


Figure S9. Computed IR spectra for the e_1 isomer.

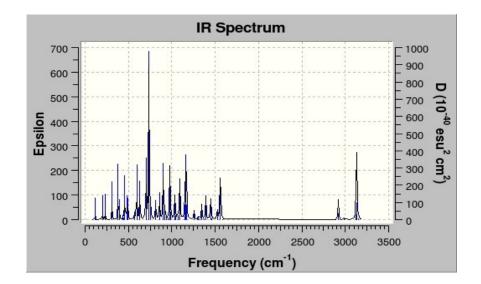
 a_1



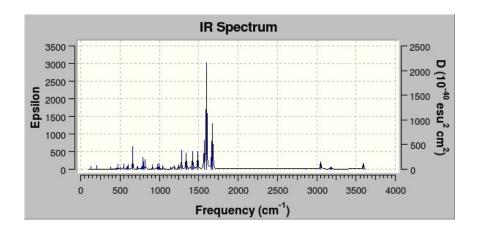
 a_2



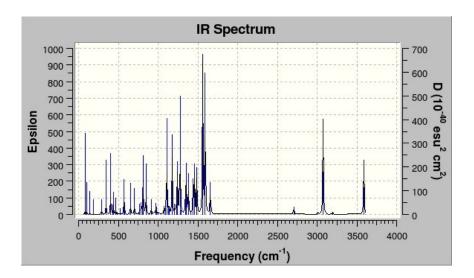
 $\boldsymbol{b_1}$



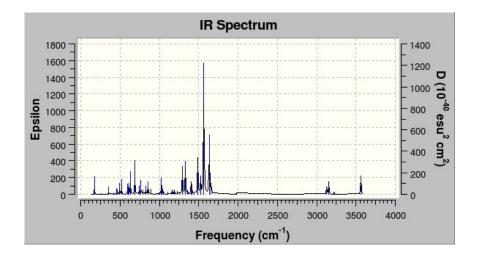
 b_2



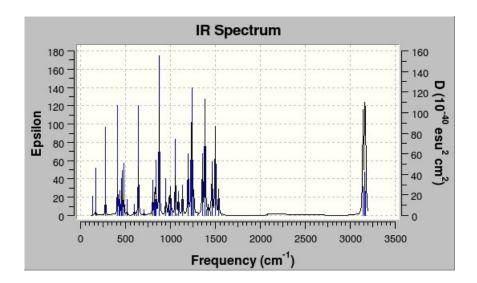
 $\mathbf{c_1}$



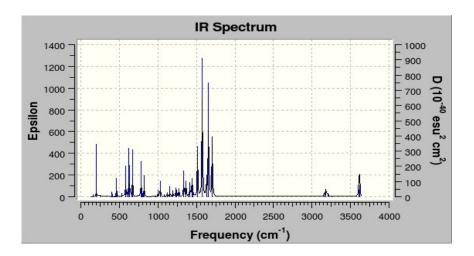
 $\boldsymbol{c_2}$



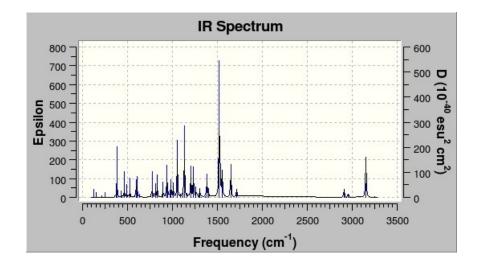
 d_1



 d_2



 $\mathbf{f_1}$



 g_1

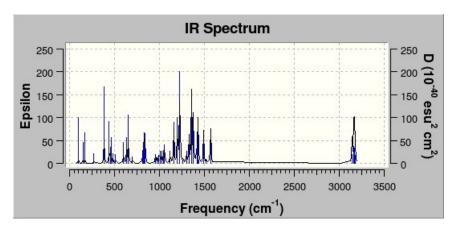
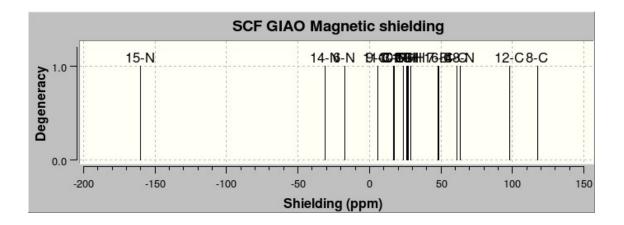
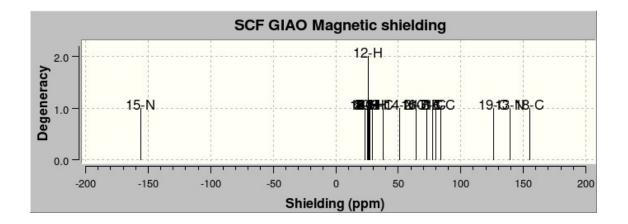


Figure 10. Computed spectra of IR of different possible structures (excluding e₁, which is listed in Figure xx).

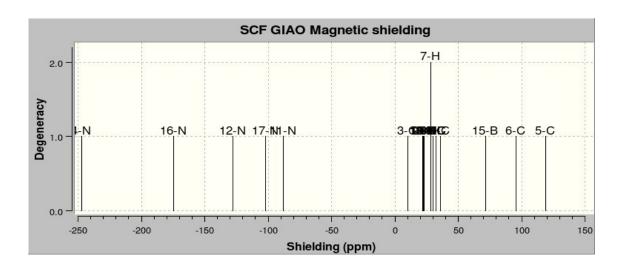
 a_1



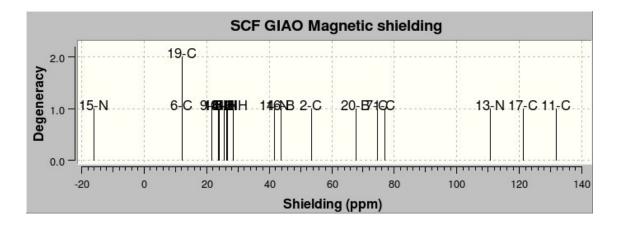
 a_2



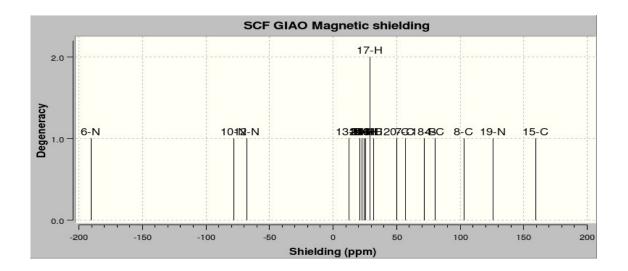
 b_1



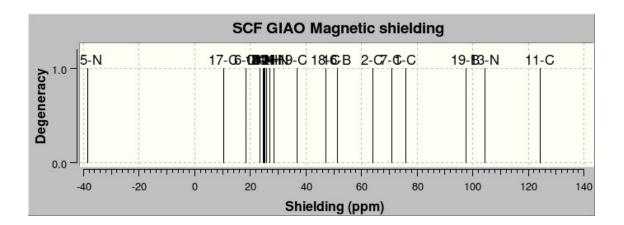
 $\boldsymbol{b_2}$



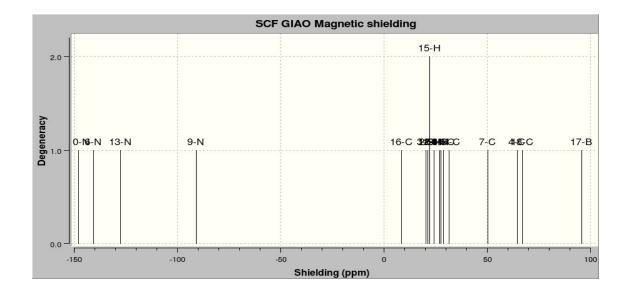
 $\mathbf{c_1}$



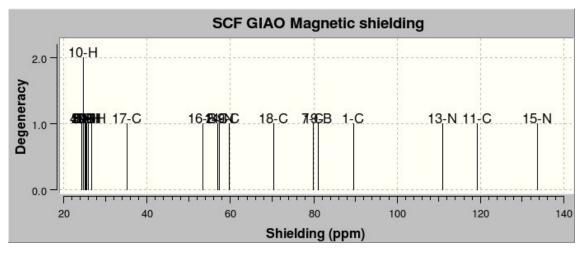
 C_2

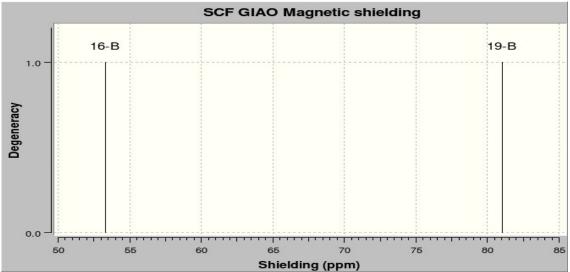


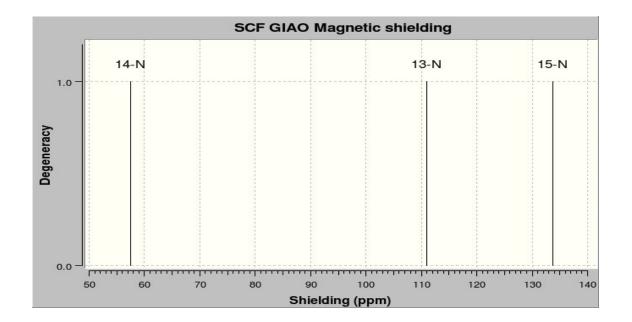
 $\mathsf{d_1}$



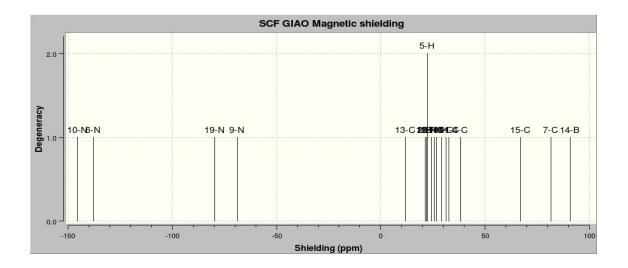
 d_2



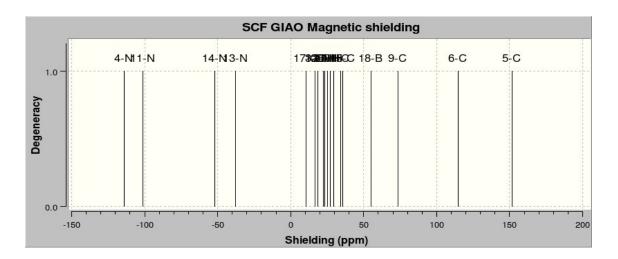




 $e_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$



 $\mathbf{f_1}$





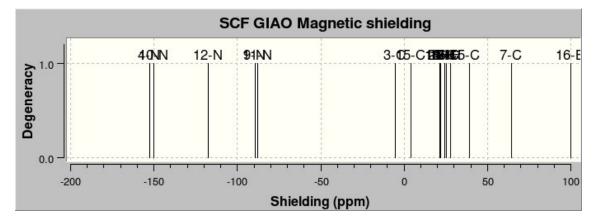
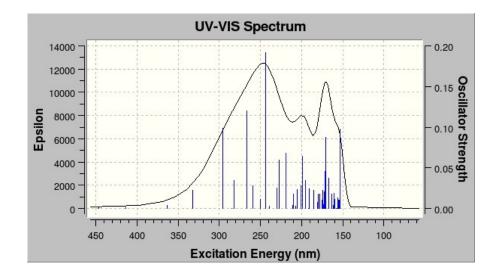
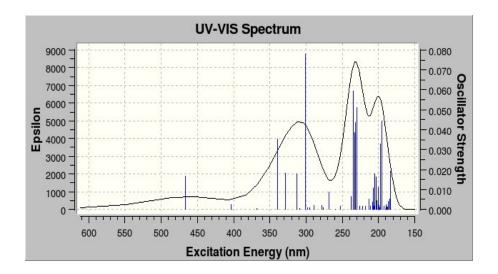


Figure S11. Computed spectra of NMR of different possible structures.

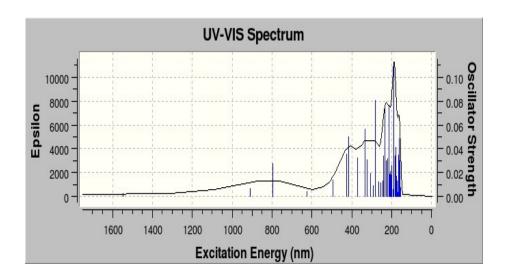
a_1



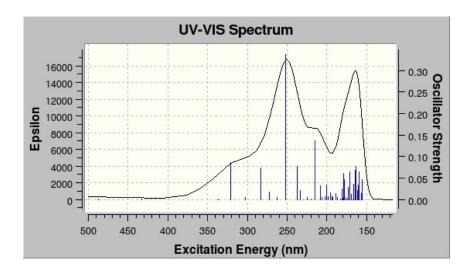
 a_2



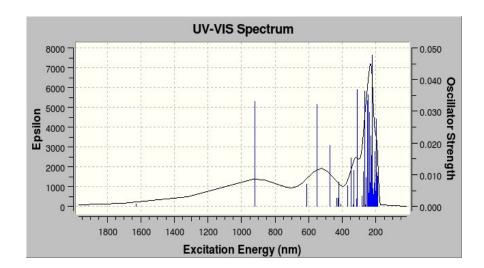
 b_1



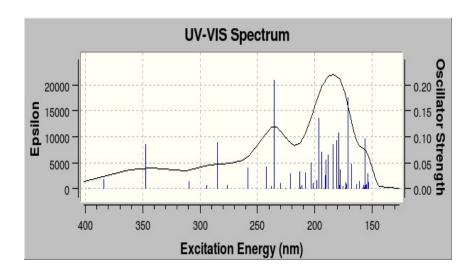
 b_2



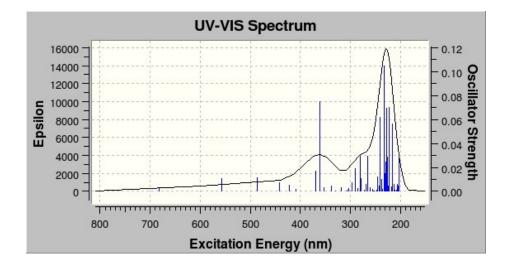
 $\mathbf{c_1}$



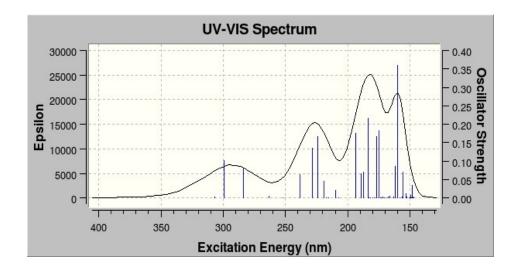
 c_2



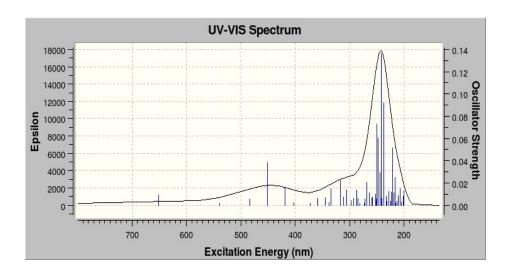
 d_{1}



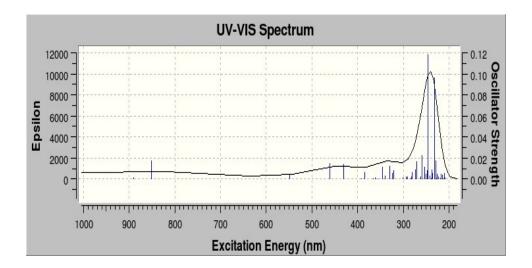
 d_2



 $e_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$



 $\mathbf{f_1}$



 g_1

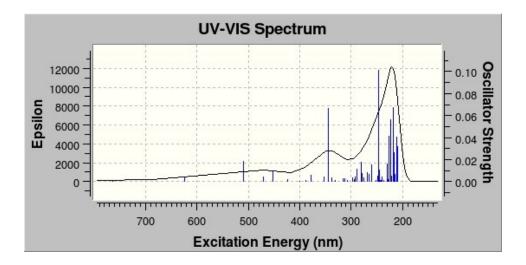


Figure S12. Computed spectra of UV of different possible structures.

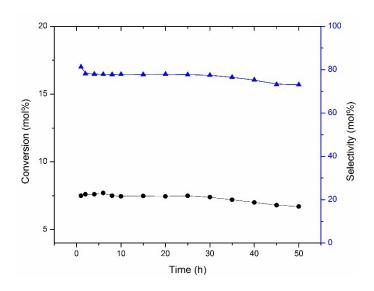


Figure S13. Catalytic activity during time on steam over 0.4BxCN catalyst. [Reaction condition: 0.1 g catalyst, $C_3H_8:O_2:$ He of 2:2:9, temp. =350°C, GHSV=2000 ml g⁻¹ h⁻¹]

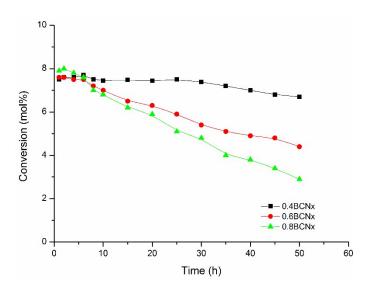


Figure S14. Catalytic activity during time on steam with different boron content. [Reaction condition: 0.1 g catalyst, $C_3H_8:O_2$: He of 2:2:9, temp. =350°C, GHSV=2000 ml g⁻¹ h⁻¹]

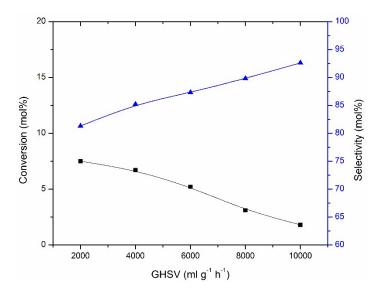


Figure S15. Catalytic activity during oxidative dehydrogenation of propane as a function of GHSV. [Reaction condition: 0.1 g catalyst, C₃H₈:O₂: He of 2:2:9, TOS=1h, temp. =350°C]

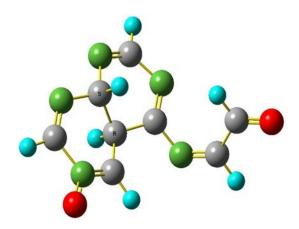


Figure S16. Oxidized product of boron free catalyst