Supporting information

Vinyltriethoxysilane as an electrolyte additive to improve the safety of lithium-ion batteries

Renjie Chen[ab], Yuanyuan Zhao[a], Yuejiao Li[*ab], Yusheng Ye[a], Yajing Li[a], Feng Wu[ab] and Shi Chen[ab]

a. Beijing Key Laboratory of Environmental Science and Engineering, School of Materials Science & Engineering, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing, 100081, China

b. Collaborative Innovation Center of Electric Vehicles in Beijing, Beijing 100081, China

*Corresponding author at: Beijing Key Laboratory of Environmental Science and Engineering, School of Materials Science & Engineering, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing 100081, China. Tel.: +86-010-68912528; Fax: +86-010-68451429

E-mail addresses: lyj@bit.edu.cn (Y. Li)

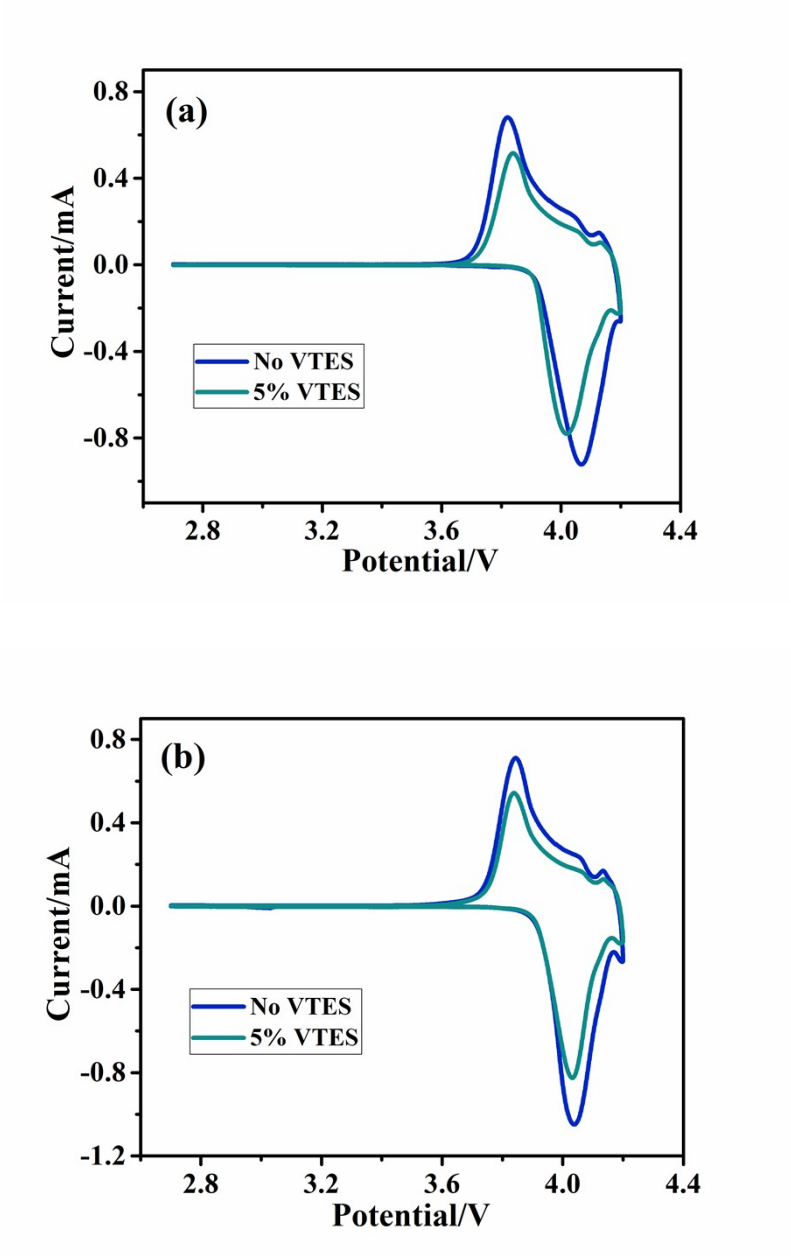

Fig. S1 Cyclic voltammetry curves of $LiCoO_2$ in electrolytes with and without VTES additive at a scan rate of 0.1 $mV \cdot s^{-1}$: (a) 1st cycle; (b) 2nd cycle.

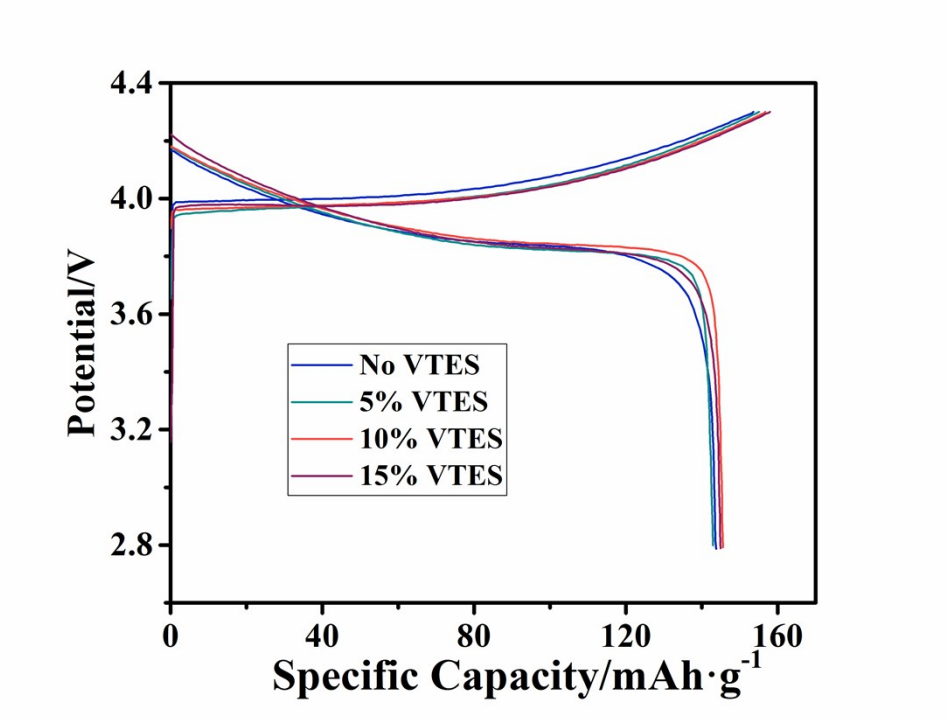

Fig. S2 Charge–discharge curve performance of $LiCoO_2$/Li cell using 1 M $LiPF_6$/EC:EMC:DMC (1:1:1, v/v/v) as electrolytes with and without VTES.