

Supporting Information

Synthesis of Nickel Chalcogenide Hollow Spheres Using L-Cysteine-assisted Hydrothermal for efficient supercapacitor electrode

Min-Lu^a, Xue-Ping Yuan^a, Xiao-Hui Guan^a, Guang-Sheng Wang^{b*}

^a*School of Chemical Engineering, Northeast Electric Power University, Jilin 132000,*

PR China

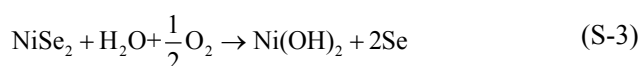
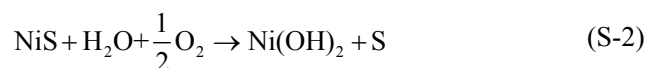
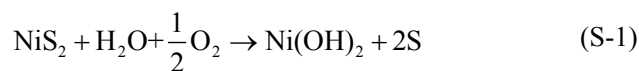
^b*Key Laboratory of Bio-Inspired Smart Interfacial Science and Technology of*

Ministry of Education, School of Chemistry and Environment, Beihang

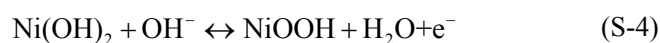
University, Beijing 100191, PR China

**Email - wanggsh@buaa.edu.cn*

Supplementary Equations



The reversible redox reactions were as follows:



Supplementary Figures

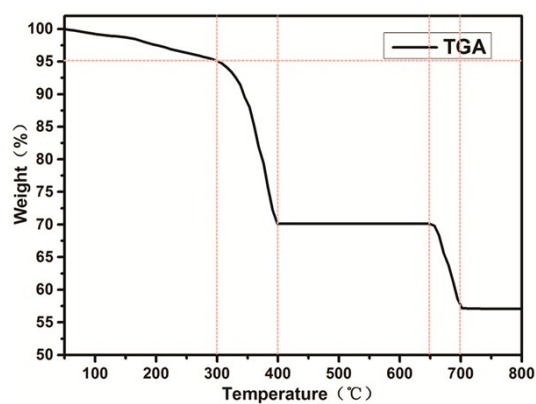


Fig. S1 TG cure of NiS₂ in air from 50 °C to 800 °C with a heating rate of 10 °C min⁻¹.

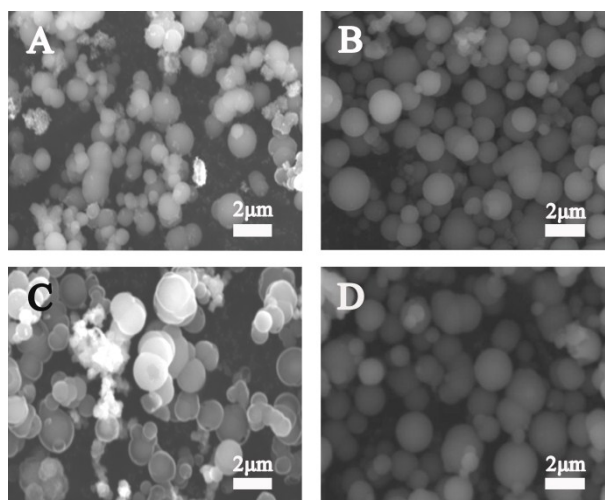


Fig. S2 SEM images of the product during prepare NiS₂ at different time: (A)8h; (B)12h; (C)16h; (D)20h.

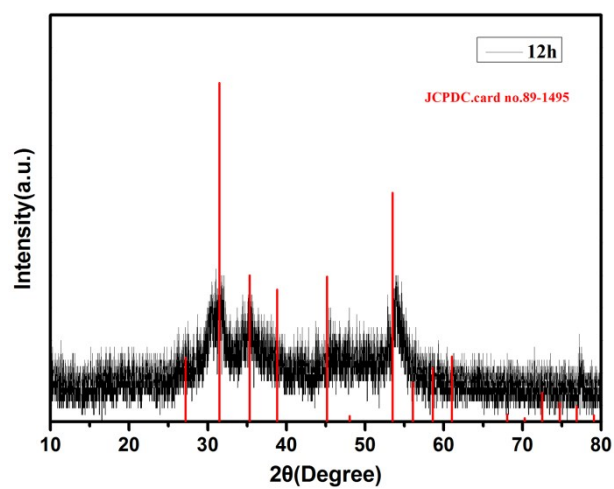


Fig. S3 XRD pattern of the product NiS₂ (12h).

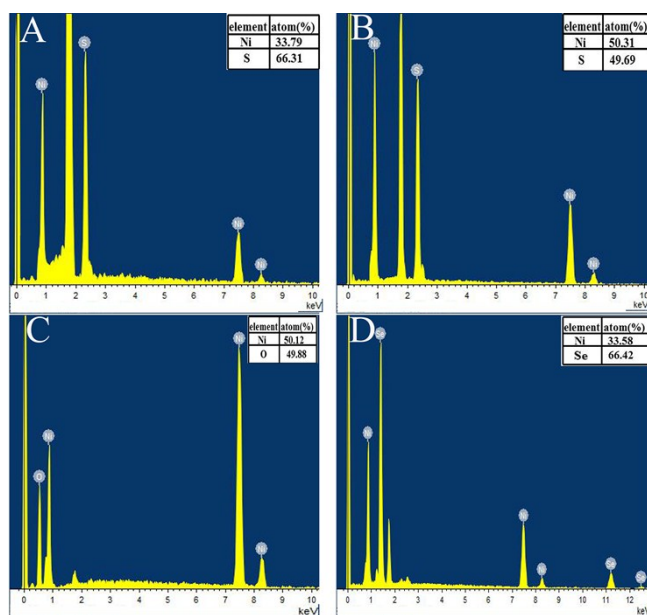


Fig. S4 EDS spectra of the products: (A) NiS₂; (B) NiS; (C) NiO; (D) NiSe₂.

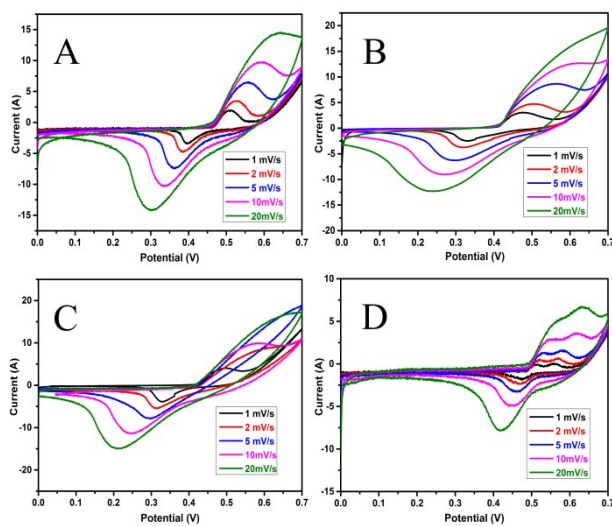


Fig. S5 CV curves of the electrodes at different scan rates: (A) NiS₂; (B) NiS; (C) NiO; (D) NiSe₂.

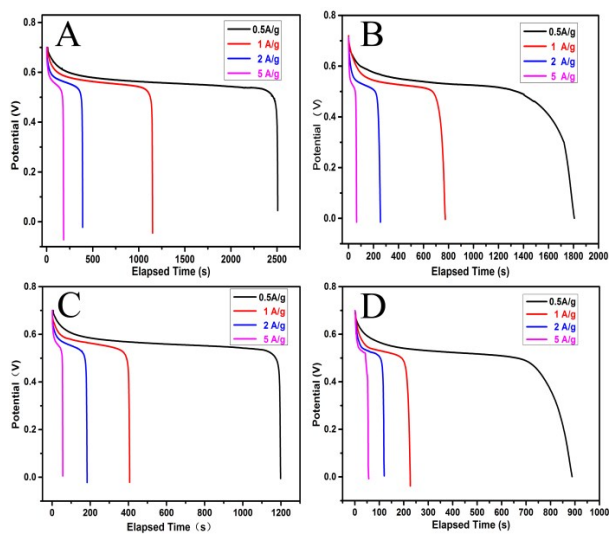


Fig. S6 discharge curves of the electrodes at various current densities: (A) NiS₂; (B) NiS; (C) NiO; (D) NiSe₂.

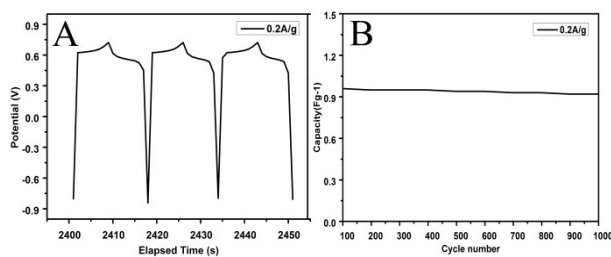


Fig. S7 (A) Charge-discharge curves of the bare Ni foam electrode; (B) specific capacitances of the bare Ni foam electrode at different cycles.

Table 1 Calculated electrochemical parameters for various working electrodes based on the proposed circuit.

Working electrode	R_e ($\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$)	R_{ct} ($\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$)	Z_w ($\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$)	CPE (F)
NiS ₂	1.107	0.573	5.042	9.964
NiS	0.912	0.628	7.681	10.702
NiO	0.725	1.033	3.302	14.790
NiSe ₂	0.639	1.257	8.045	9.492