Supporting Information

Triple-responsive inorganic-organic hybrid microcapsules as a biocompatible smart platform for delivery of small molecules

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Fig. S1 Zeta potential measurements of SiO_2/TiO_2 -coated (a) and (PARG/DEXS)₃ (b) capsules after each deposition step. The first measurement (layer 0) is the surface of the starting CaCO₃ microporous templates. PAGR: poly-arginine with positive charge; DEXS: dextran sulfate with negative charge; sol-gel coating: TiO₂/SiO₂ nanostructures with negative charge.



Fig. S2 SEM images of $(PARG/DEXS)_3$ (a) and SiO_2/TiO_2 -coated (b) capsules; TEM images of $CaCO_3@SiO_2/TiO_2$ -coated particle (c) and hollow SiO_2/TiO_2 -coated capsule after $CaCO_3$ removal (d).



Fig. S3 Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) profiles of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated and (PARG/DEXS)₃ capsules.



Fig. S4 FTIR spectra of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated capsules, DEXS and PARG.



Fig. S5 CLSM images of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated capsules loading with FITC.



Fig. S6 UV-vis spectra of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated and (PARG/DEXS)₃ capsules.



Fig. S7 CLSM images of SiO_2/TiO_2 -coated capsules with Rh-B (red capsules) showing the enzymatic, ultrasound and UV-light influence on decomposition of capsules at different period of the time.



Fig. S8 CLSM images demonstrating degradation of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated capsules and Rh-B release when they incubated with HeLa cells for 24 h.



Fig. S9 CLSM images demonstrating degradation of SiO₂/TiO₂-coated capsules and Rh-B release when they incubated with MSCs for 24 h.