## Fluoride-specific fluorescence/MRI bimodal probe based on a Gadolinium(III)-flavone complex: Synthesis, mechanism and bioimaging application *in vivo*

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Fig. S1. ESI-MS spectrum of [EDTA-Gd]-



**Fig. S2.** Fluorescence spectra of EDTA-Gd-**HF** (10  $\mu$ M) in the presence of increasing amount of fluoride ions (0–10  $\mu$ M) in aqueous (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH: H<sub>2</sub>O = 3:7). Insert: plot of the fluorescence intensity changes of EDTA-Gd-**HF** (10  $\mu$ M) observed at 476 nm versus fluoride ions concentration. Excitation was performed at 400 nm.



**Fig. S3.** Fluorescence spectra of **HF** (10  $\mu$ M) in the presence of increasing amount of fluoride ions in aqueous (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH: H<sub>2</sub>O = 3:7). Excitation was performed at 400 nm.



Fig. S4. ESI-MS spectrum of EDTA-Gd-HF in presence of fluoride ions in aqueous



**Fig. S5.** Linear relationship between fluorescence intensity of EDTA-Gd-**HF** (3  $\mu$ M) at 476 nm versus the concentration of fluoride ion (10–30  $\mu$ M) in aqueous (CH<sub>3</sub>OH: H<sub>2</sub>O = 3:7). Excitation was performed at 400 nm.



**Fig. S6**. Fluorescence responses of EDTA-Gd-**HF** (10  $\mu$ M) in the presence of various biological cations (0.5 mM) in aqueous (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH: H<sub>2</sub>O = 3:7). The intensities were recorded at 476 nm. Excitation was performed at 400 nm.



**Fig. S7.** Influence of pH on the fluorescence intensities of **HF**, EDTA-Gd-**HF** and EDTA-Gd-**HF** in the presence of fluoride ion. The intensities were recorded at 476 nm. Excitation was performed at 400 nm.



**Fig. S8**.  $T_1$ -weighted MR transection images of living white mice after injection of: (a) EDTA-Gd-**HF** (0.2 mL, 0.2 mM), (b) 3.5 mM fluoride ions only, (c) 3.5 mM fluoride ions followed by injection of 0.2 mL EDTA-Gd-**3HF** (0.2 mM), and (d) further injection of 3.5 mM mixed anions into (c).