

Supporting Information

Overcoming multidrug resistance through co-delivery of ROS-generating Nano-machinery in cancer therapeutics†

Ranjith Kumar Kankala,^{a,b,§} Pei-Yu Tsai,^{a,§} Yaswanth Kuthati,^a Pei-Ru Wei,^a Chen-Lun Liu^a and Chia-Hung Lee^{a*}

^a*Department of Life Science and Institute of Biotechnology, National Dong Hwa University, Hualien, 974, Taiwan.*

^b*College of Chemical Engineering, Huaqiao University, Xiamen, China.*

*E-mail address: chlee016@mail.ndhu.edu.tw

§These authors contributed equally.

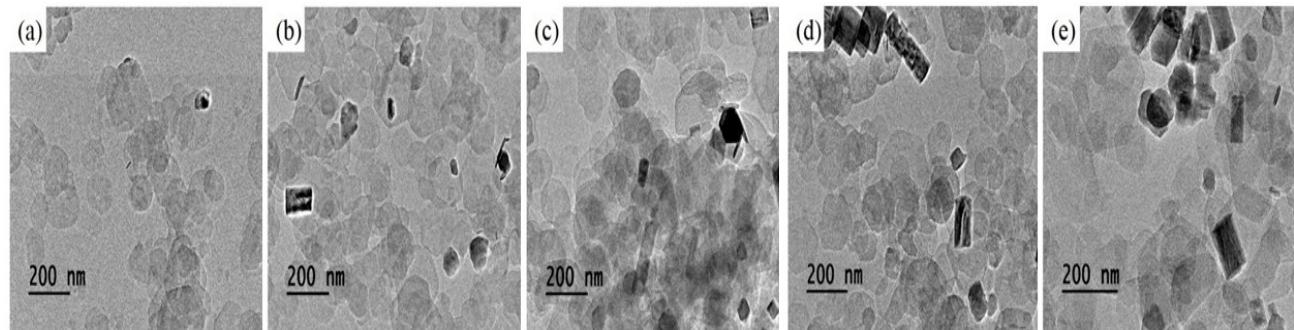


Fig. S1 Transmission electron microscopic images of various LDH and its successive nanoconjugates, (a) LDH, (b) LDH-NH₂, (c) AA-LDH, (d) Cu-LDH, and (e) Dox-LDH.

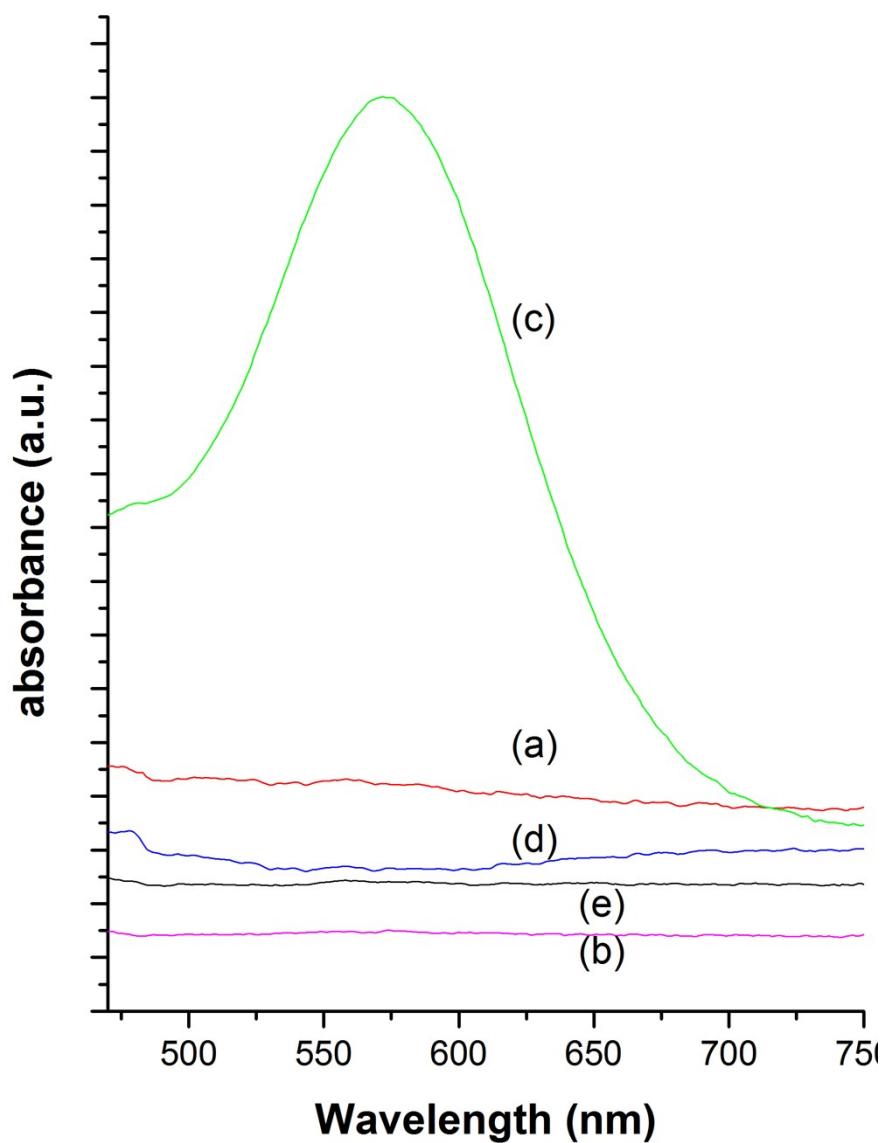


Fig. S2 Ninhydrin assay (a) Ninhydrin, (b) LDH, (c) LDH-NH₂, (d) Cu-LDH and (e) Dox-LDH.

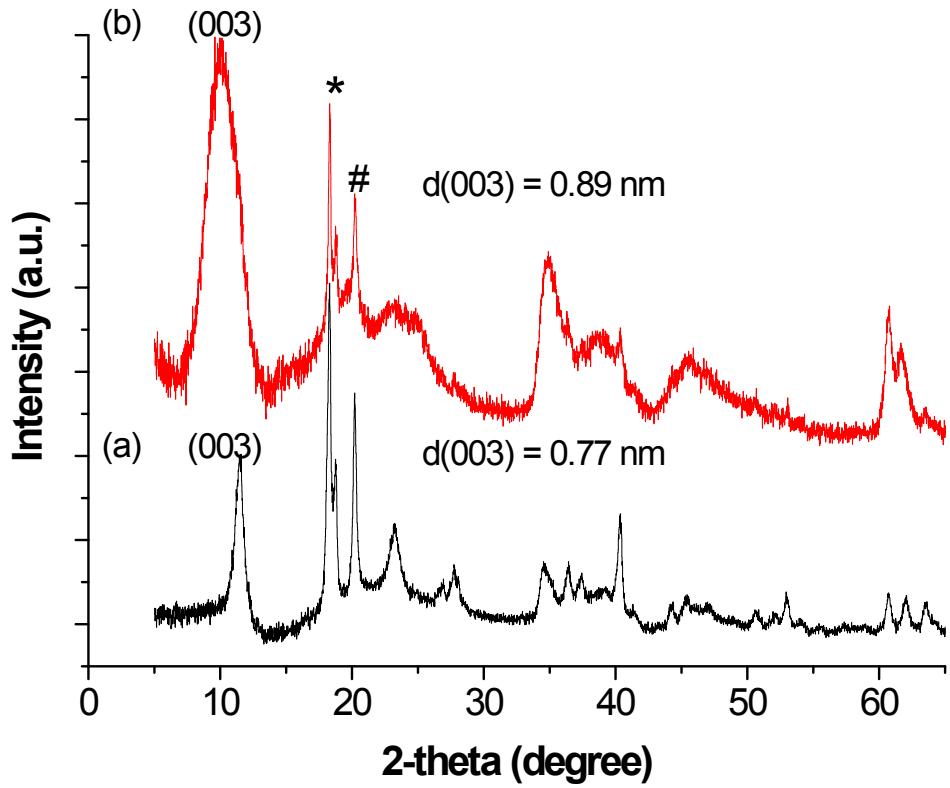


Fig. S3 PXRD patterns of (a) LDH and (b) AA-LDH. * and # represents brucite and gibbsite formation, respectively.

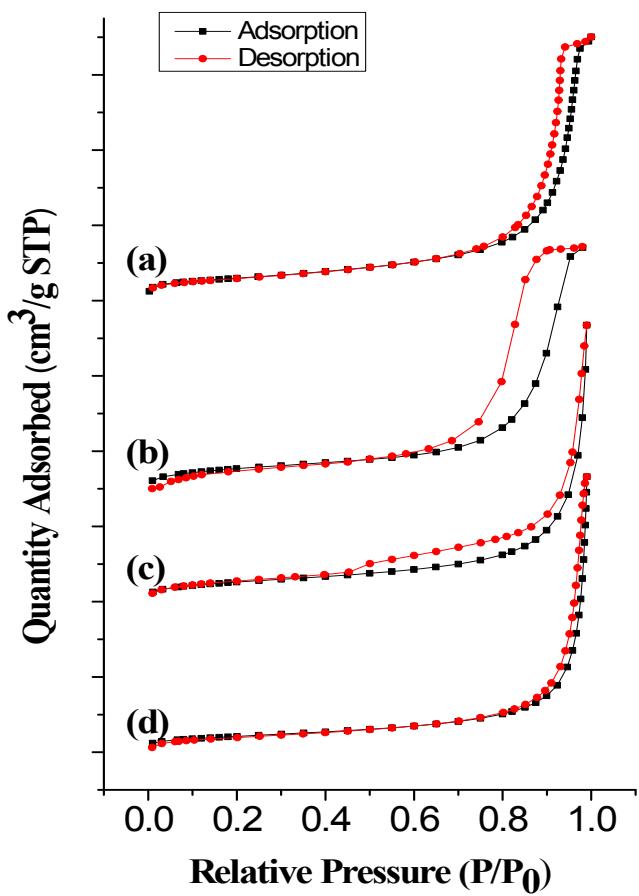


Fig. S4 Nitrogen adsorption–desorption isotherm patterns of various LDH samples, (a) LDH, (b) LDH-NH₂, (c) AA-LDH and (d) Cu-LDH.

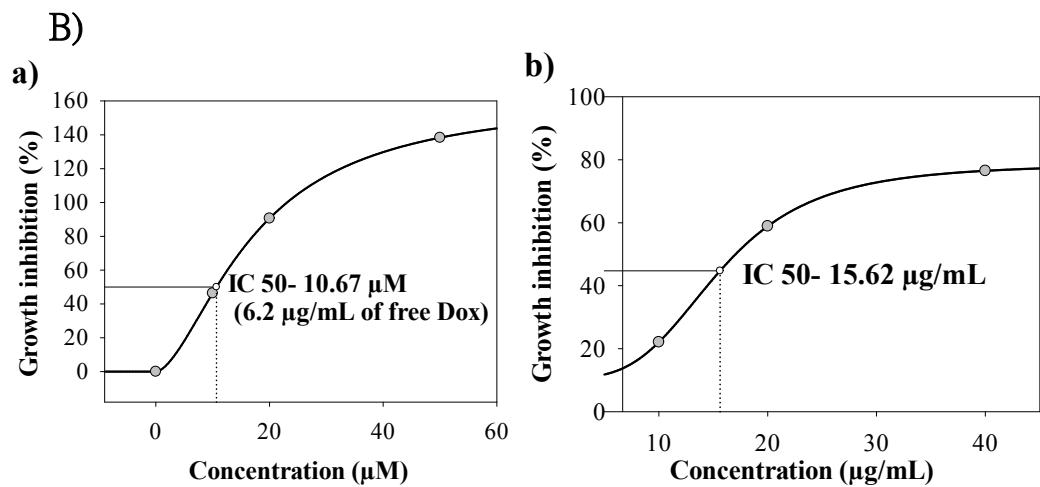
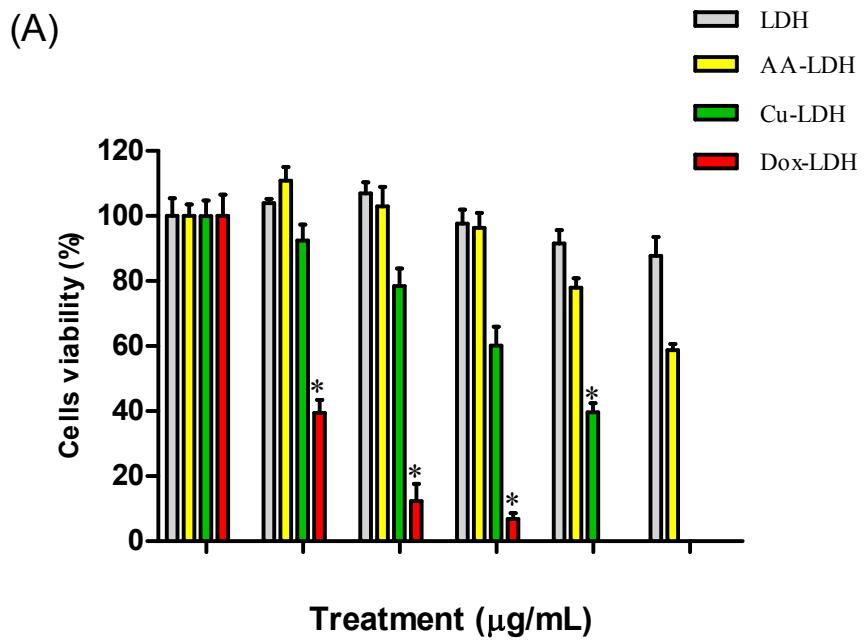


Fig. S5 (A) SRB assay of LDH, AA-LDH, Cu-LDH and Dox-LDH in HT-29 cells (* $p < 0.001$, as compared with control), (B) IC₅₀ plots of (a) free doxorubicin and (b) Dox-LDH treated in HT-29 cells.

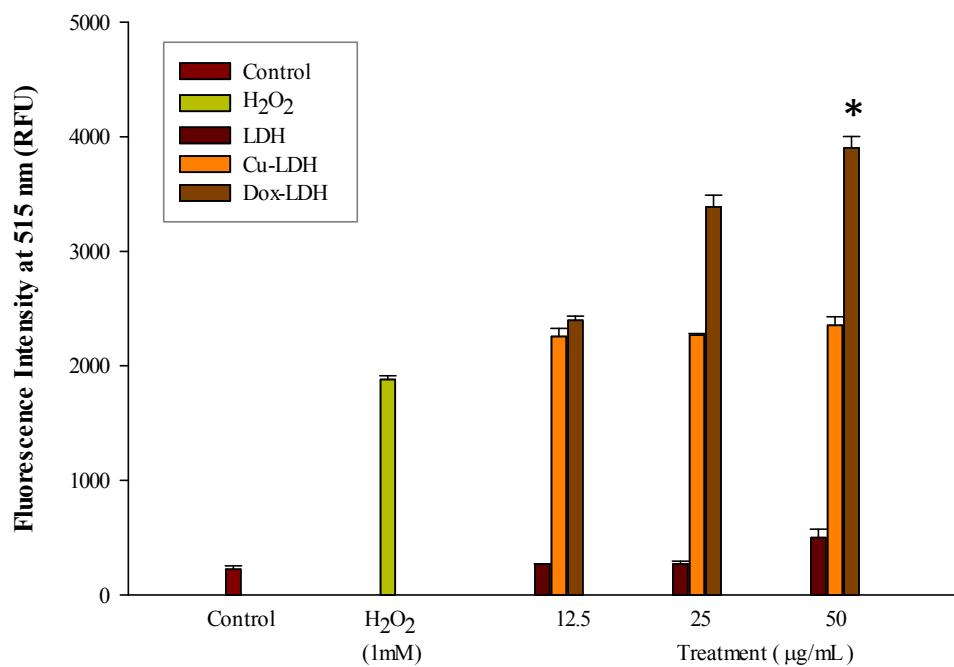


Fig. S6 Determination of ROS generation using DCFH-DA in control, hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) (1 mM), Pristine LDH, Cu-LDH and Dox-LDH in HT-29 cell line (* $p < 0.001$, as compared with control).