

Supporting Information

Preparation of the Antimicrobial Surface by Direct Assembly of Antimicrobial

Peptide with Its Surface Binding Activity

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Table S1 The density of live bacteria on the indicated titanium substrates. (n=3)

Substrates	<i>S. aureus</i> ($\times 10^3$ CFU/cm ²)	<i>E. coli</i> ($\times 10^3$ CFU/cm ²)
Ti	122.67 $\pm$ 12.34	150.67 $\pm$ 7.23
Ti-OP	119.33 $\pm$ 8.33	149.33 $\pm$ 3.21
Ti-AMP	121.67 $\pm$ 4.51	149.00 $\pm$ 8.72
Ti-Anchor-AMP	4.33 $\pm$ 1.53	7.33 $\pm$ 0.58

Fig. S1 The Zeta Potential results of the plasma-treated titanium with different PH values.

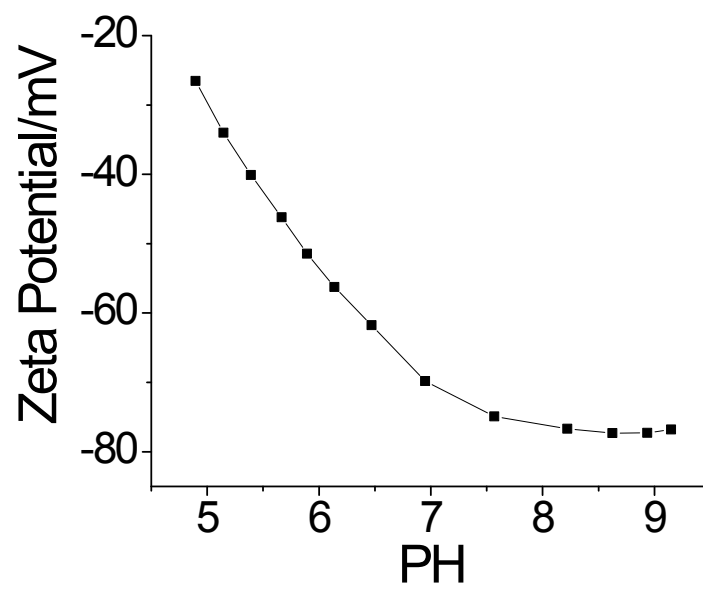


Fig. S2 The Ti2p XPS spectrum of the indicated substrates.

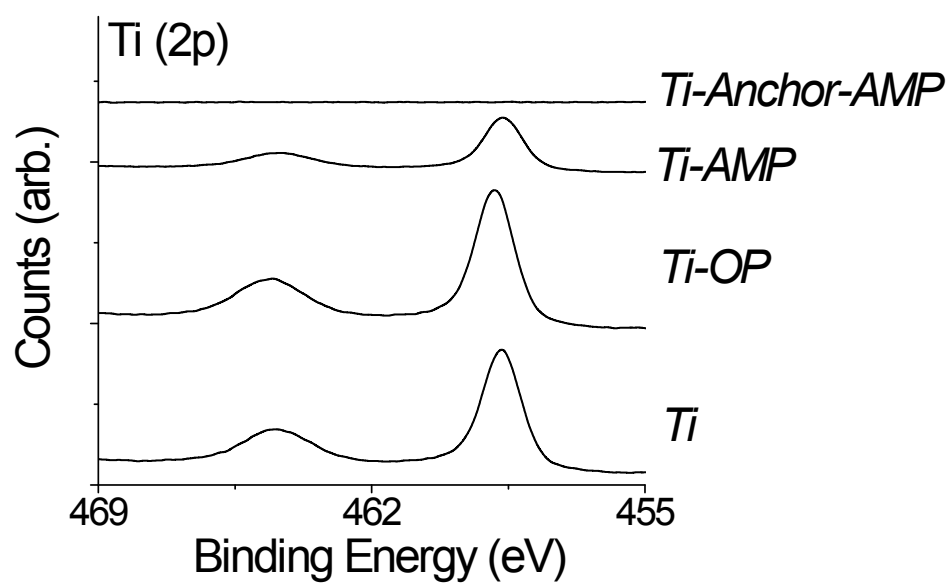


Fig. S3 (a) The antimicrobial assay of against *E. coli* and *S. aureus* with different Anchor-AMP concentration onto Ti surface. n=4, & denotes significant differences ($p < 0.01$), and * denotes significant differences ($p < 0.001$). (b)-(f) The agar plate photos of the indicated surfaces.

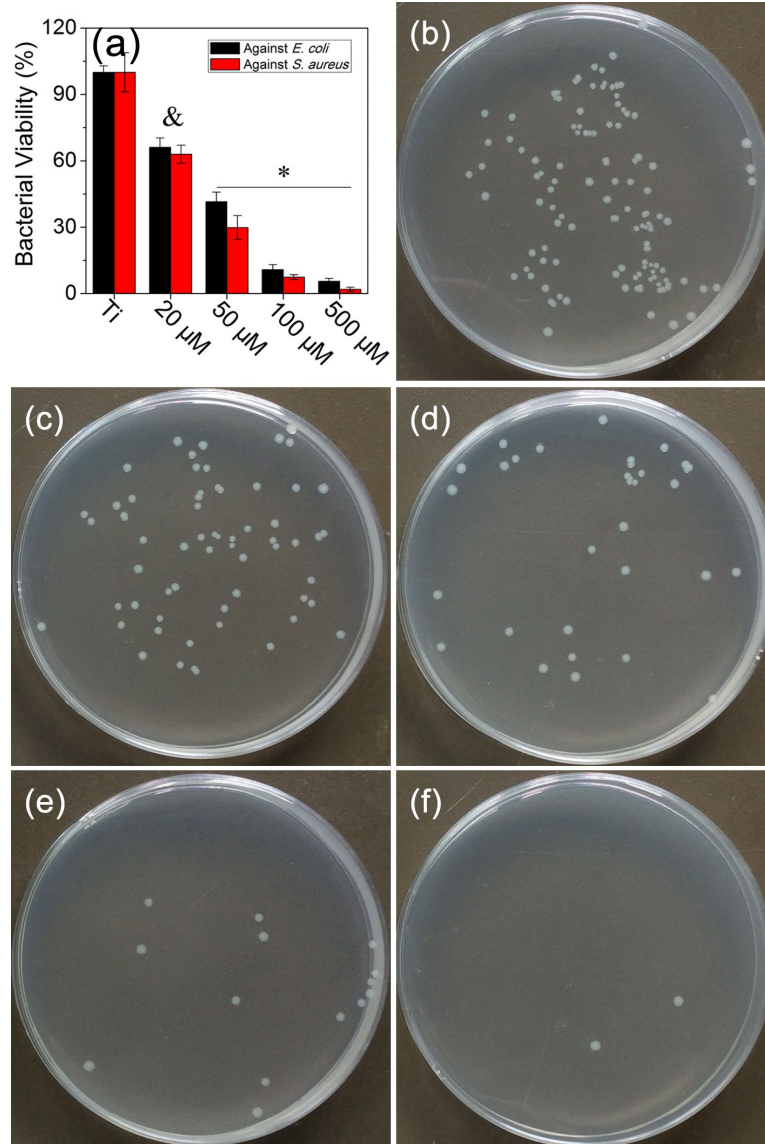


Fig. S4 The antimicrobial assay of against *E. coli* and *S. aureus* with different Anchor-AMP concentration onto different surface, (a) Au, (b) PMMA, (c) HA. n=4, & denotes significant differences ($p < 0.01$), and * denotes significant differences ($p < 0.001$).

