Constructing Small Molecular AIE Luminophores through 2,2-(2,2-diphenylethene-1,1-diyl)dithiophene Core and Peripheral Triphenylamine with Applications in Piezofluorochromism, Optical Waveguide, and Explosive Detection

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Figure S1. Comparison of the fluorescence-decay profiles for DT2A, DT3A and DT4A in thin films



Figure S2. The excited fluorescence spectra of A) DT2A B) DT3A in different solvents.



Figure S3.XRD as-synthesized, ground, and fumed DT2A.



Figure S4. Emission spectra of (A) **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** in THF/water mixtures with f_w at 99 vol% containing different amounts of NTO. (C) Quenching efficiency of TNT to FL intensities of **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** containing different amounts of NTO.



Figure S5. Emission spectra of (A) **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** in THF/water mixtures with f_w at 99 vol% containing different amounts of HMX. (C) Quenching efficiency of TNT to FL intensities of **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** containing different amounts of HMX.



Figure S6. Emission spectra of (A) **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** in THF/water mixtures with f_w at 99 vol% containing different amounts of CL-20. (C) Quenching efficiency of TNT to FL intensities of **DT2A** and (B) **DT4A** containing different amounts of CL-20.

Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra



 ^{1}H NMR spectrum of 2



¹³C NMR spectrum of 2



¹H NMR spectrum of **DT2A**



¹³C NMR spectrum of **DT2A**



¹H NMR spectrum of **DT3A**



¹³C NMR spectrum of **DT3A**



¹H NMR spectrum of **DT4A**



¹³C NMR spectrum of **DT4A**