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ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

for

Anthracene-based molecular emitters for non-doped deep-blue organic

light emitting transistors

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1. Differential Scanning Calorimetry



Figure S1. First heating scan from 23 to 400°C at 10°C/min under N_2 atmosphere (50ml/min). No transitions were found in the cooling step.





Figure S2. Absorption (dotted lines) and emission (solid lines) spectra of BDNA a) in CH_2Cl_2 solution (10⁻⁵M) (black lines) and b) in neat films (thickness 50 nm, red lines).



Figure S3. Absorption (dotted lines) and emission (solid lines) spectra of BD3 a) in CH_2Cl_2 solution (10⁻⁵M) (black lines) and b) in neat films (thickness 50 nm, red lines).

3. Morphological characterization



Figure S4. AFM morphology of a) BD3, b) DiPAXA and c) BDNA thin films.

The morphological characterization of thin films were performed by atomic force microscopy (AFM). AFM imaging was performed on a Multimode 8 microscope equipped with a Nanoscope V controller and type J piezoelectric scanner (Bruker, USA). Samples were scanned at 0.5 Hz/line in PeakForce mode using Scanasyst-Air probes (Bruker, USA) in air, imposing an applied force of 2.5 nN. Background interpolation and quantitative surface characterization were performed with Gwyddion 2.37 (http://gwyddion.net/). SAM thicknesses and root mean squared area roughness (Sq) values were determined by averaging at least 25 μ m² areas.

4. Device characteristics for BD3 and BDNA



Figure S5. (Top to bottom) Saturation transfer curves with corresponding optical power (left side) and external quantum efficiency (right side) of DB3, BDNA and DiPAXA in the same bi-layer configuration. Scales are kept the same in order to easily show the differences between the three different anthracene-based OLETs.