

Supplementary Information

ProxyPhos sensors for the detection of negatively charged membranes.

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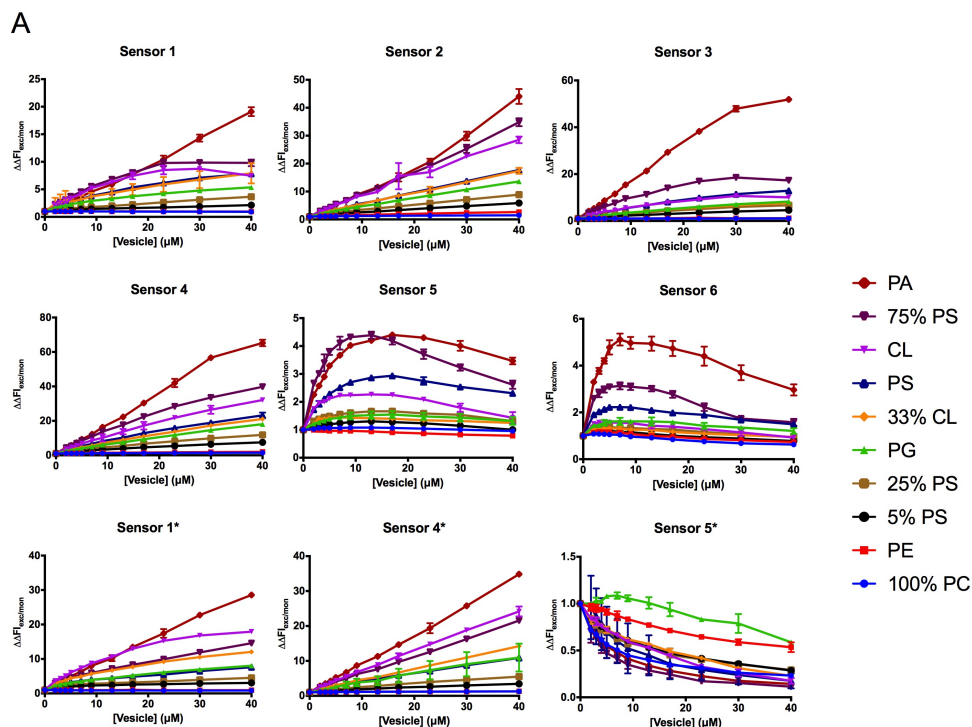
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B

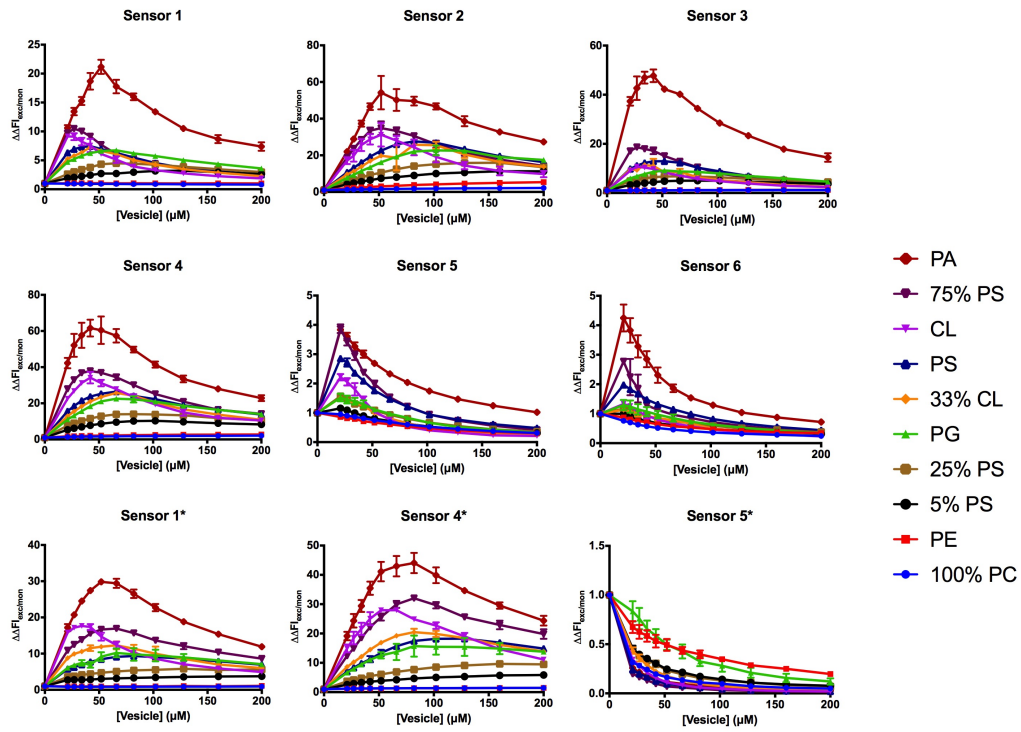
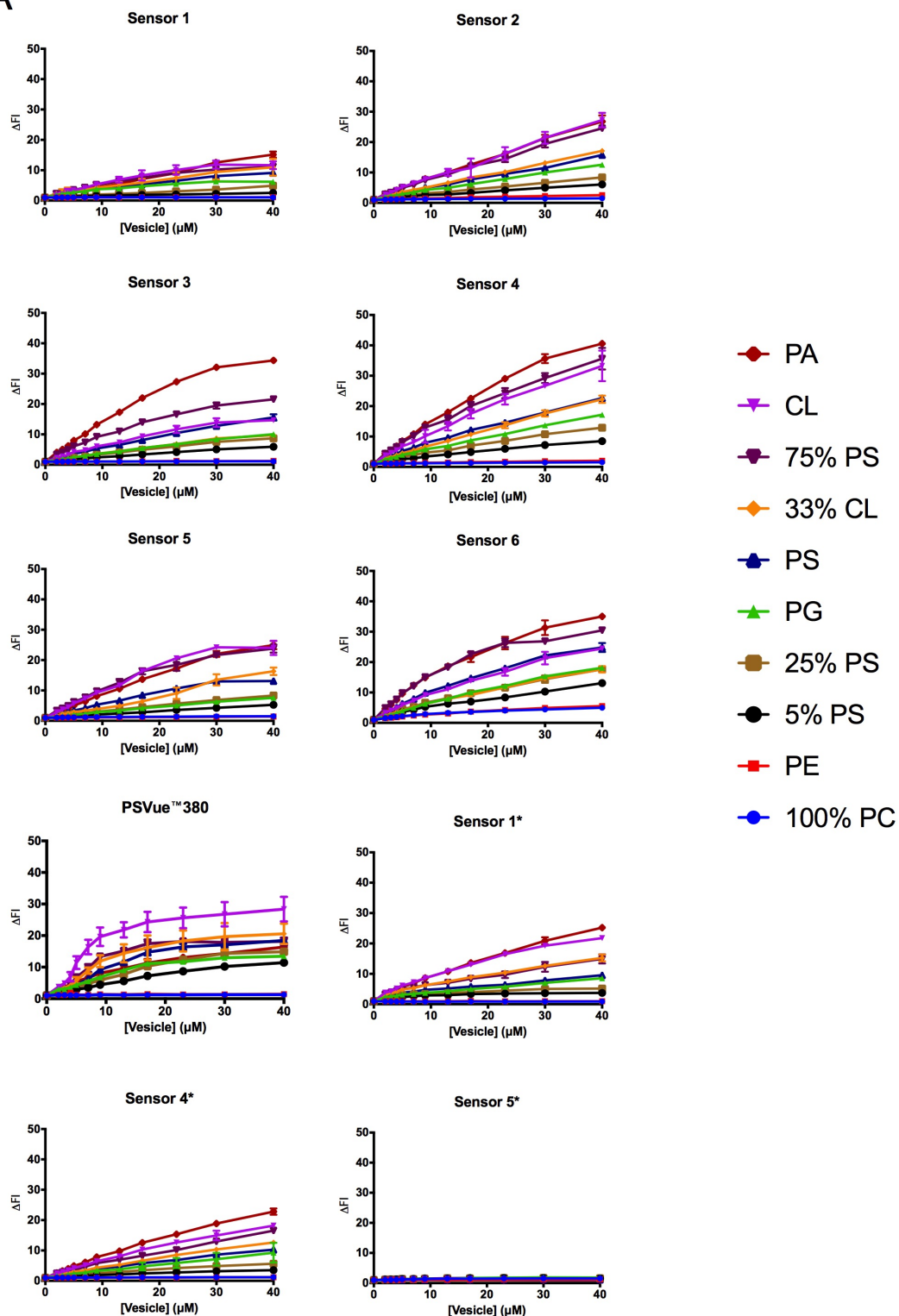


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A



B

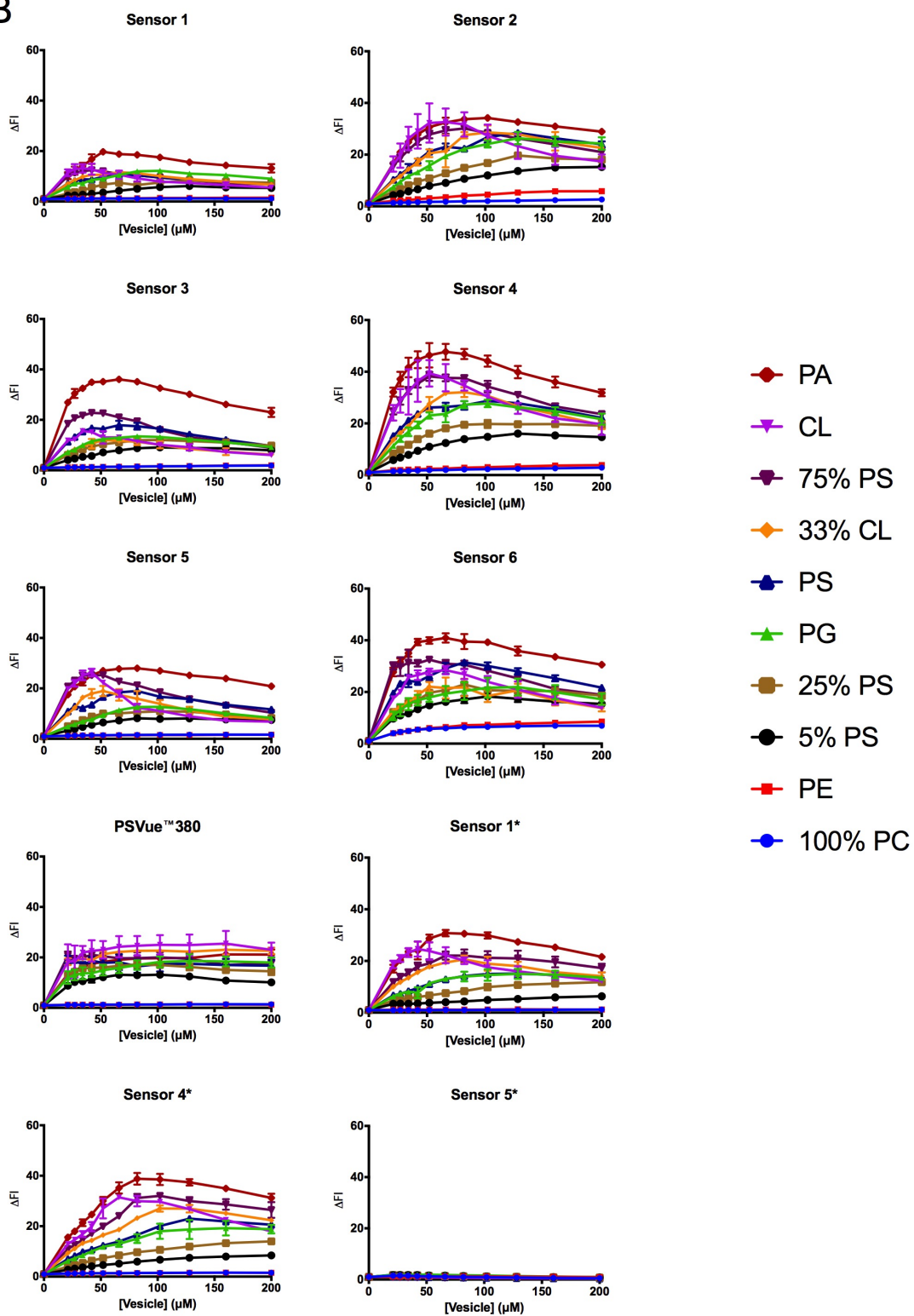
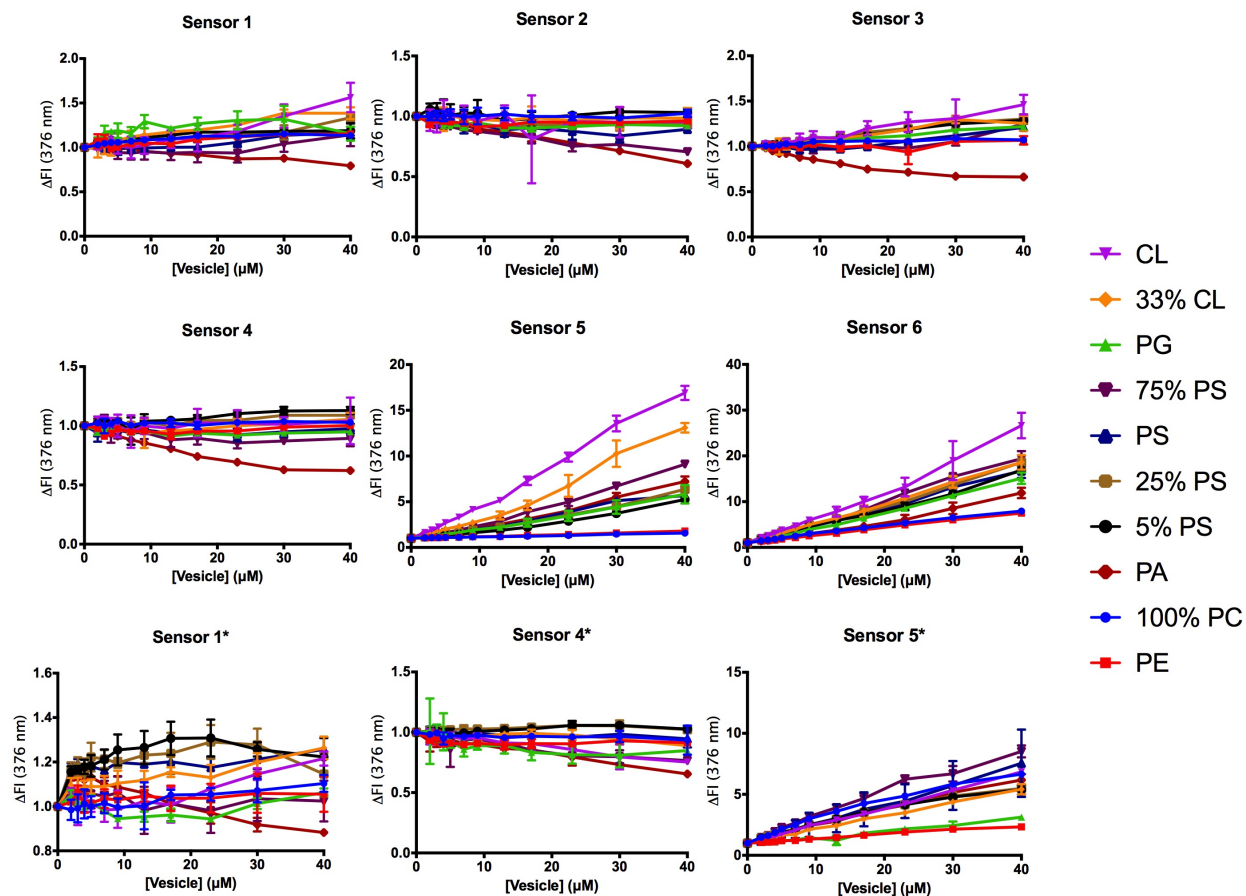


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A



B

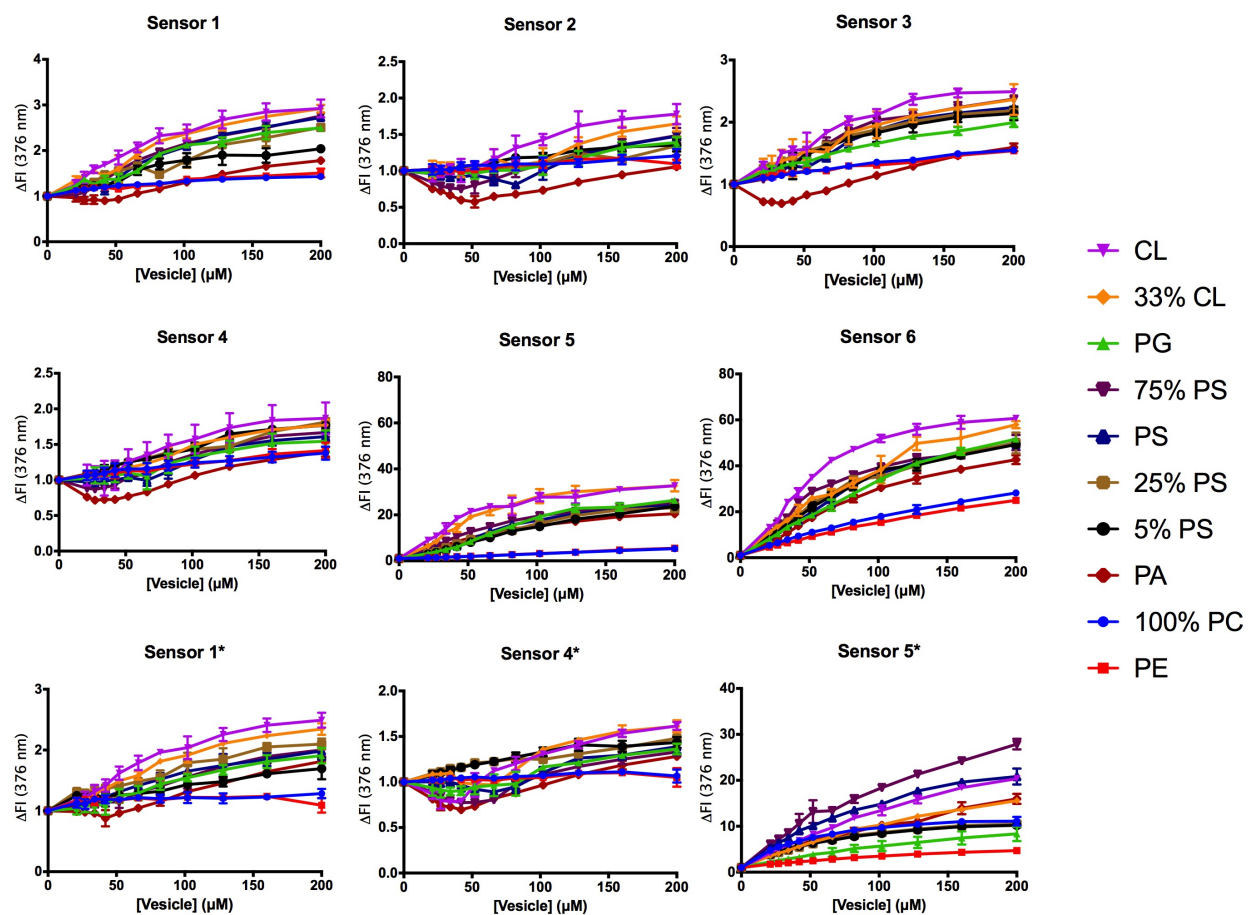
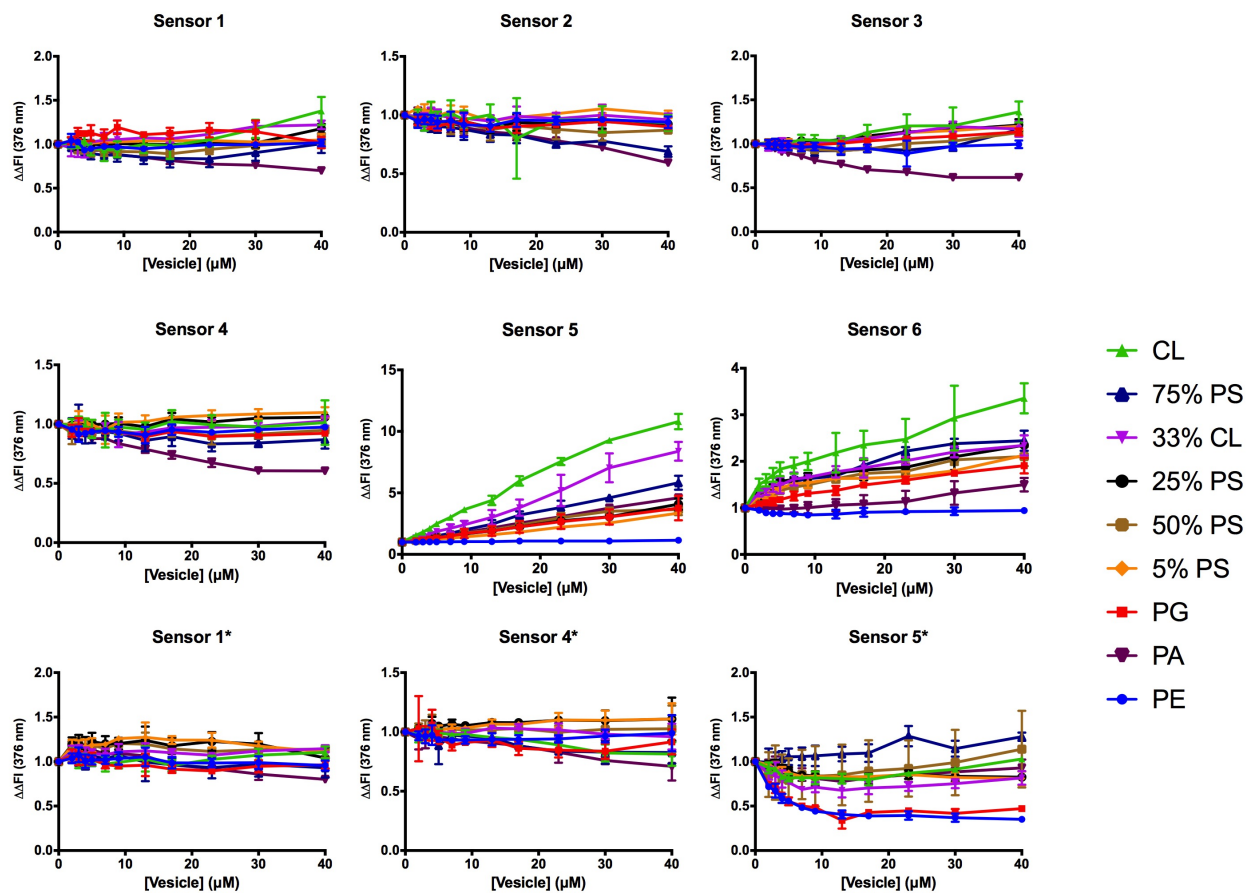


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A



B

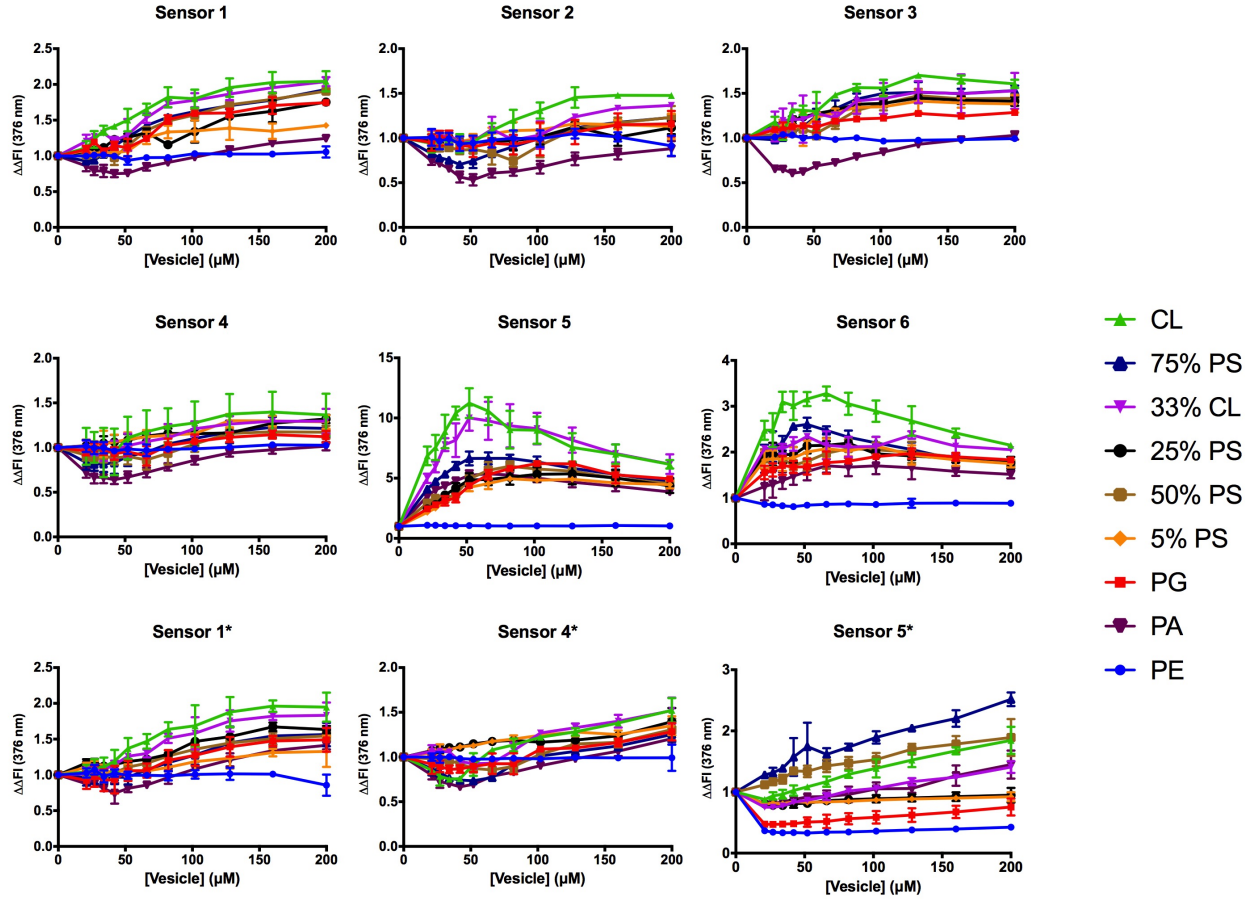
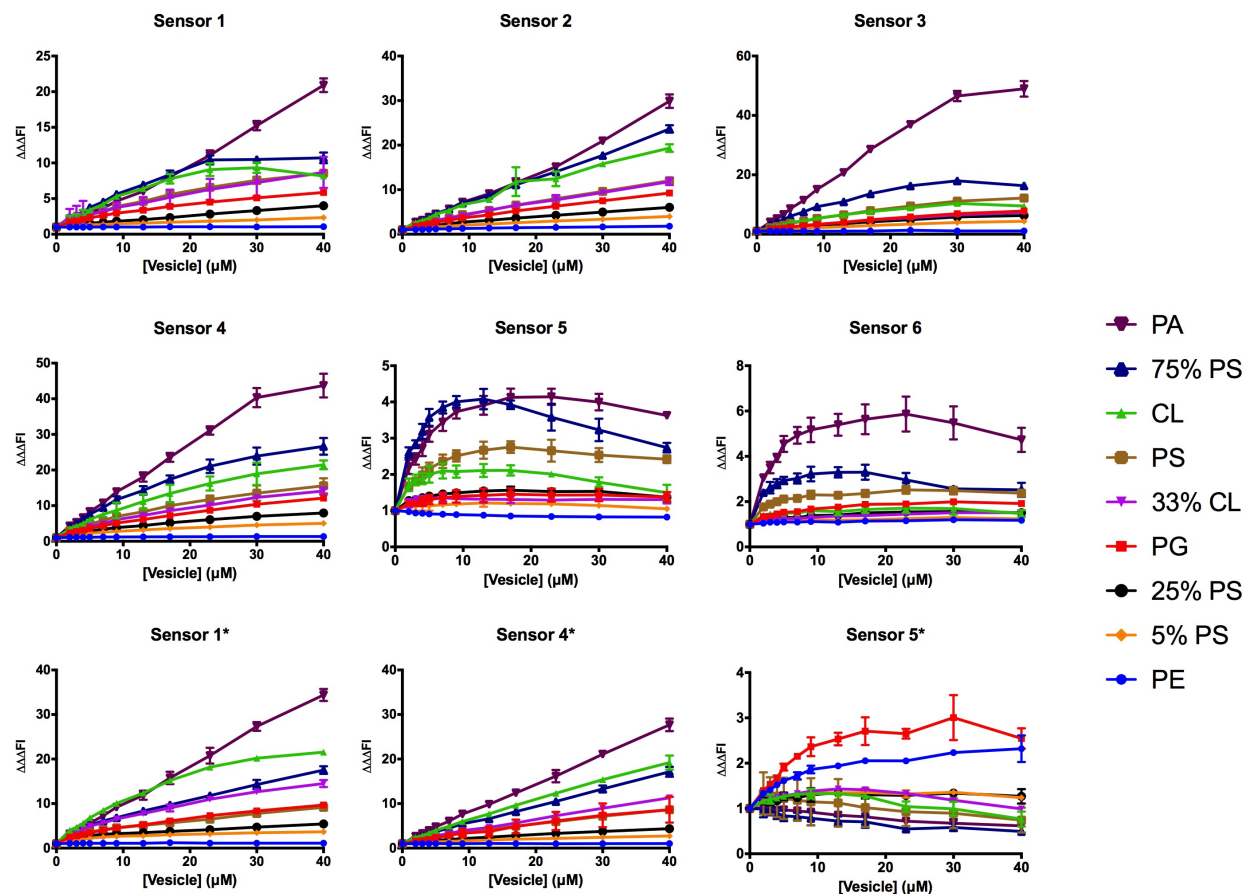


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A



B

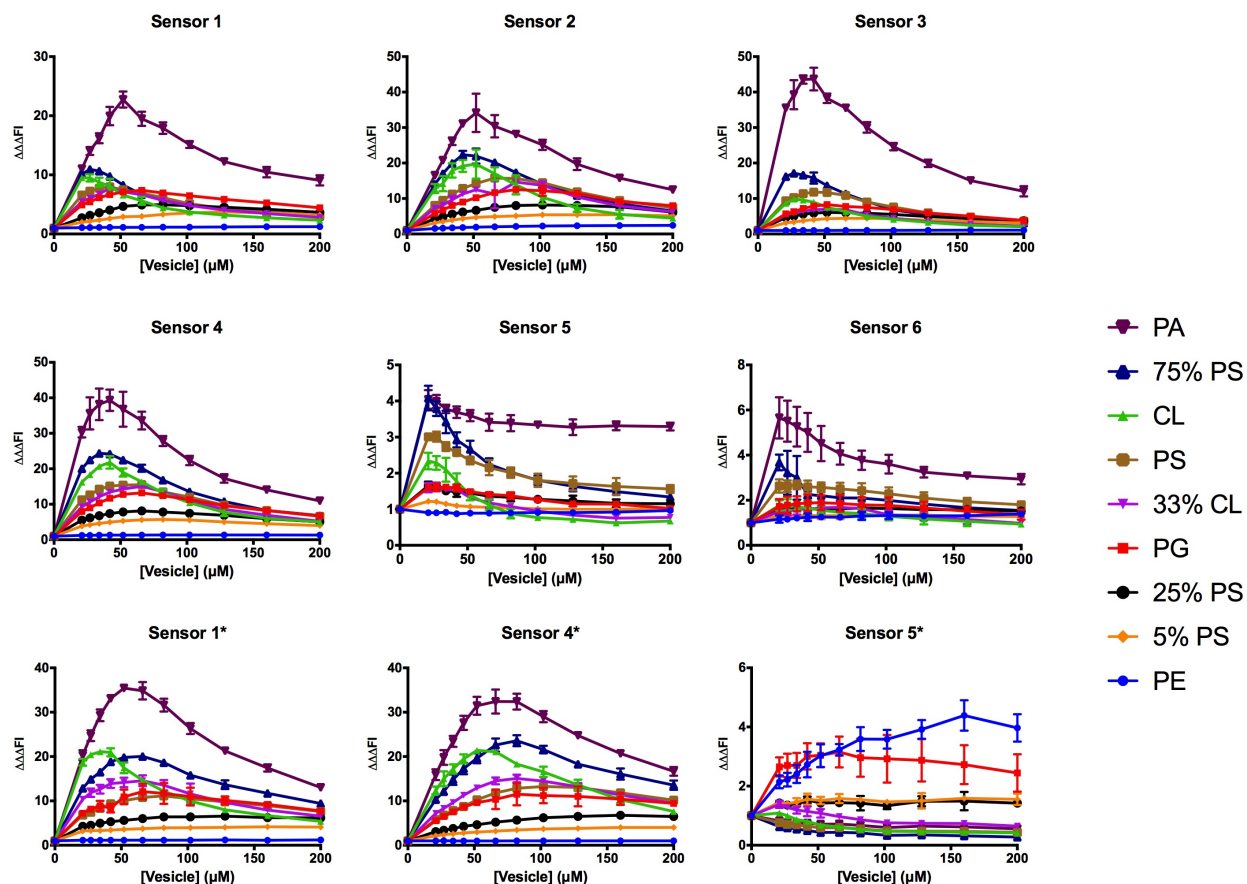


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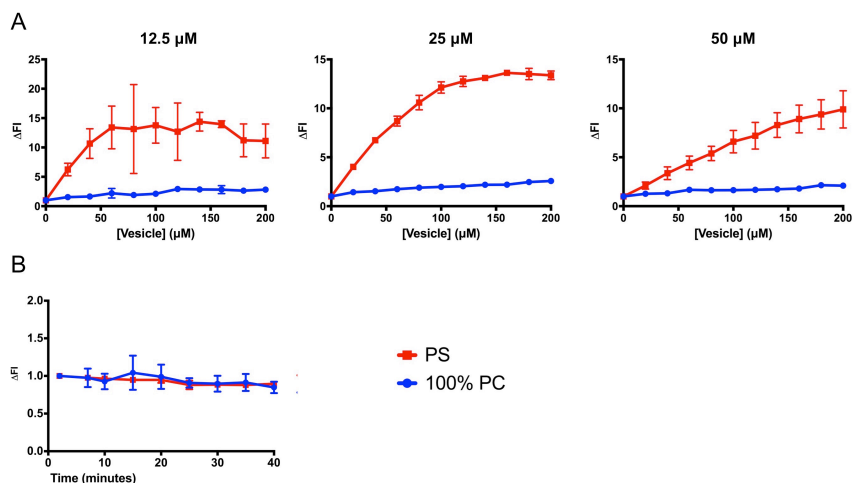


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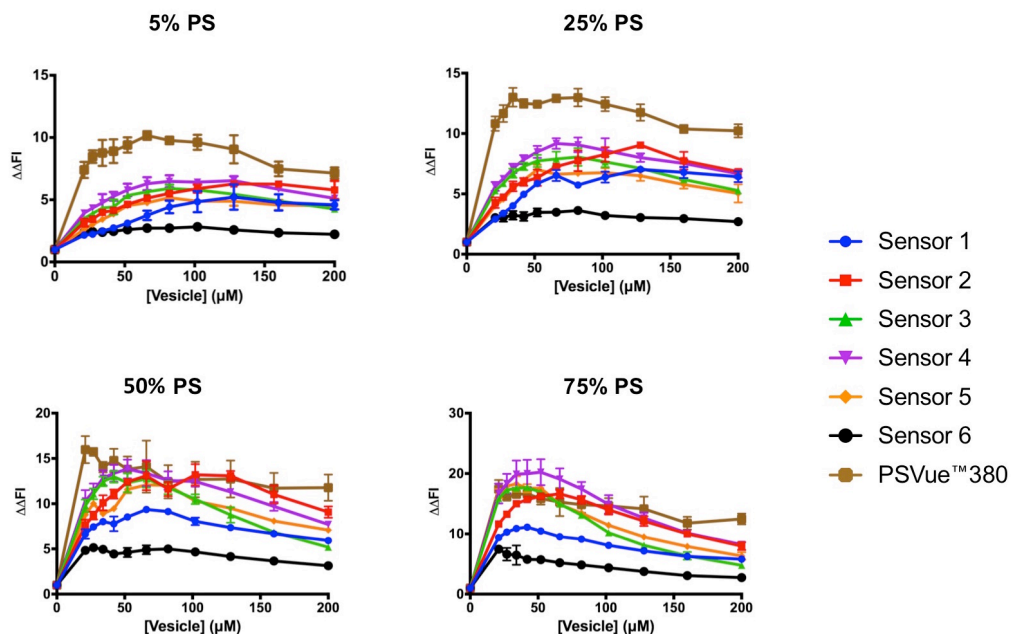


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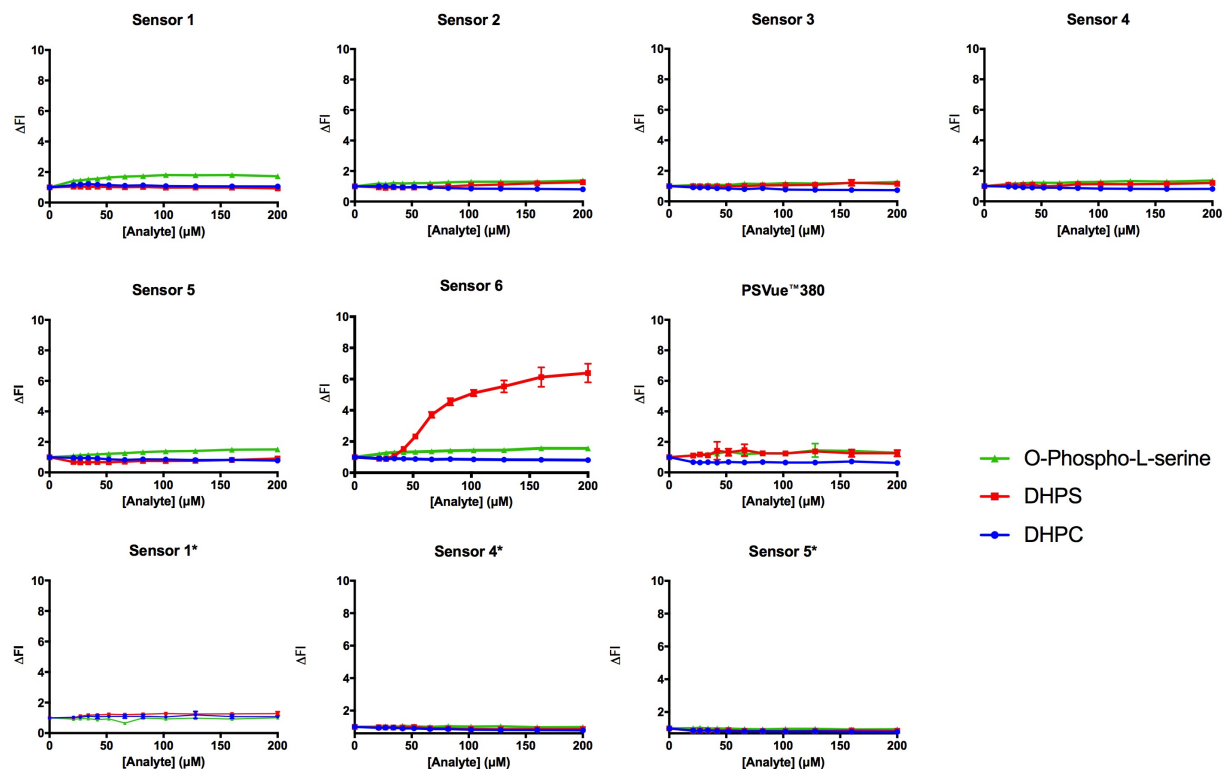


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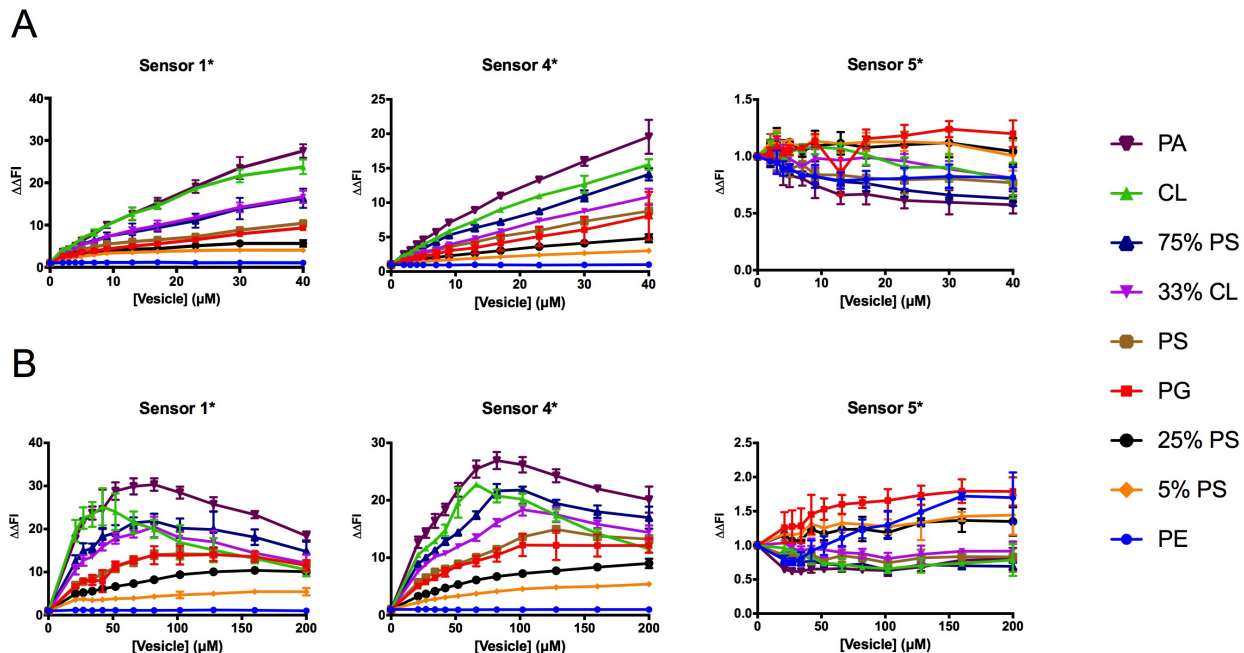


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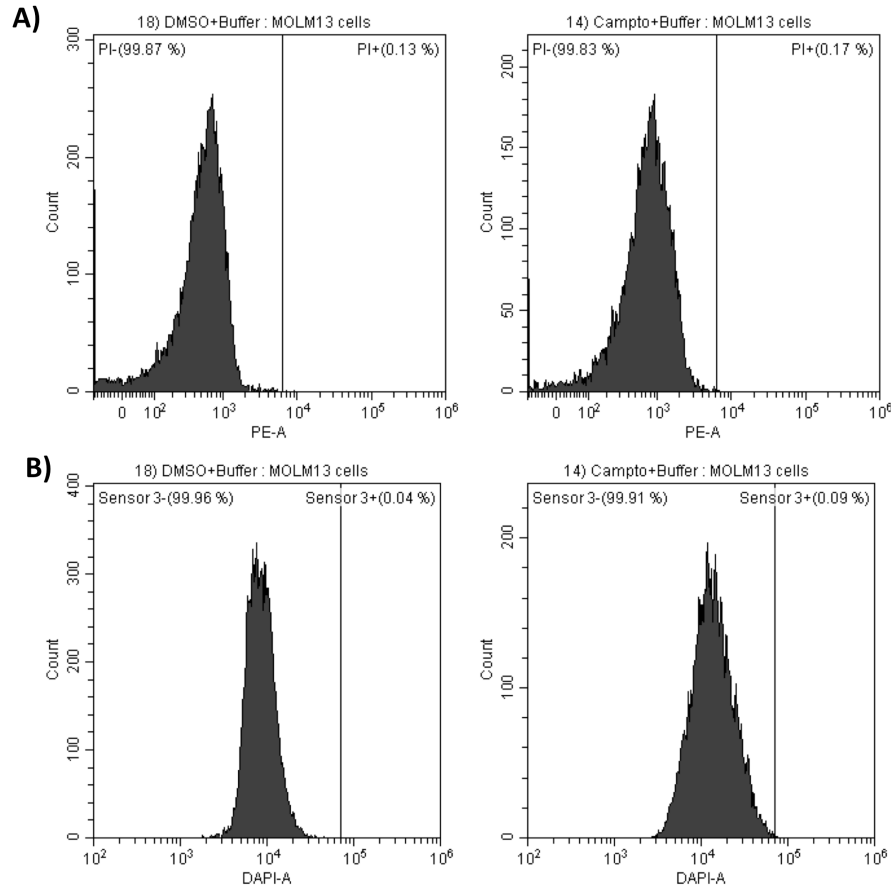


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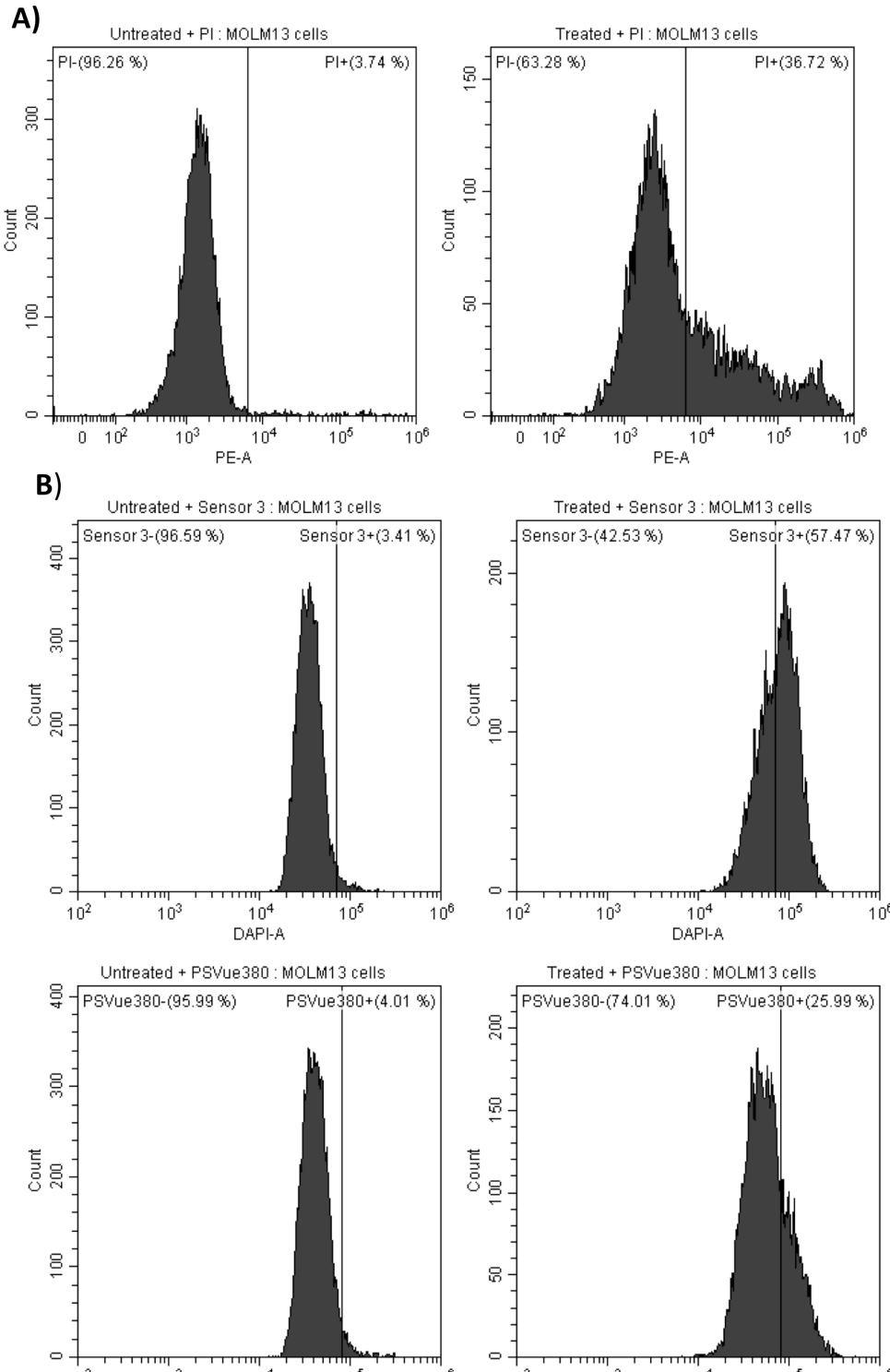
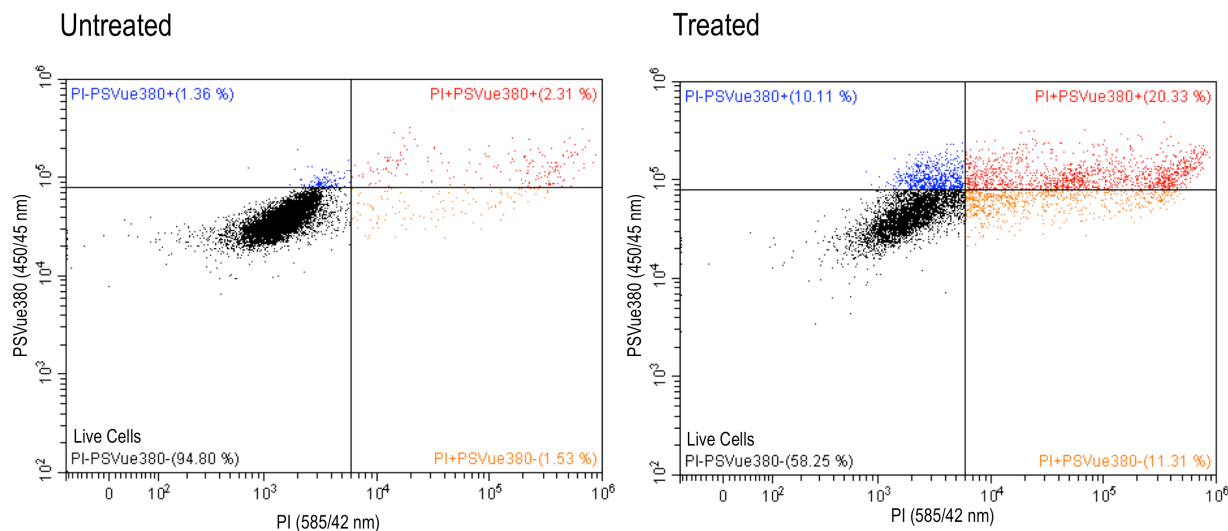


Figure S13. Proof of Concept Apoptosis Experiment with PSVue™380. Flow cytometry results of untreated (left panel) and camptothecin (10 μ M) treated (right panel) MOLM-13 cells stained with PSVue™380 and prodium iodide (PI). Buffer: 50 mM HEPES, 75 mM NaCl, 1% BSA, 0.4% DMSO, pH 7.5. [PSVue™380] = 90.9 μ M final. [PI] = 0.02 μ g/ μ L final. Samples analyzed using Near UV (exc: 375 nm, emi: 450/45 nm) and blue (exc: 488 nm, emi: 585/42 nm) lasers.



Supplementary Notes

Supplementary Note 1 *List of synthetic phospholipid SUVs used*

100% PC = 100% POPC

PE = POPC:POPC 1:1

PG = POPC:POPG 1:1

5% PS = POPC:DOPS 95:5

25% PS = POPC:DOPS 3:1

PS = POPC:DOPS 1:1

75% PS = POPC:DOPS 1:3

PA = POPC:POPA 1:1

33% CL = POPC:TOCL 2:1

CL = POPC:TOCL 1:1

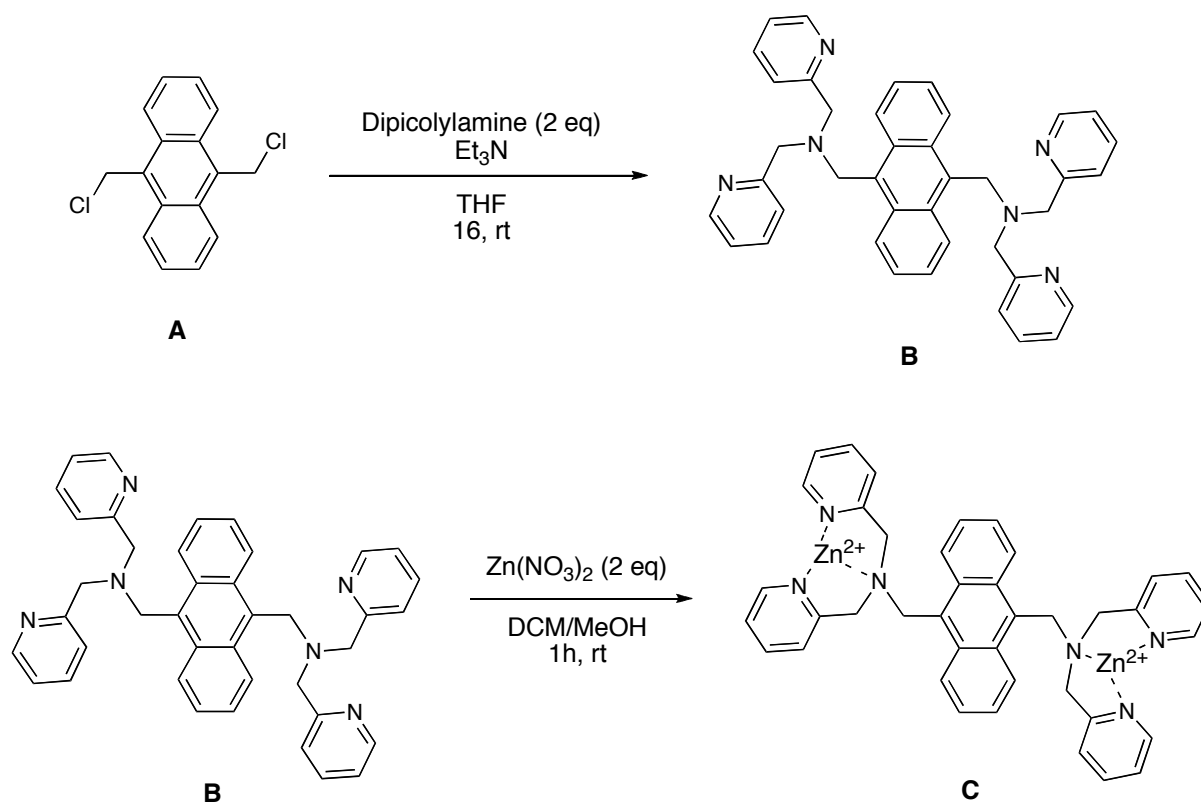
Supplementary Note 2 List of Equations

$$\text{Equation S 1 } \Delta FI_{\text{mon}} = \frac{FI_{\text{mon sensor+vesicle}}}{FI_{\text{mon sensor}}}$$

$$\text{Equation S 2 } \Delta \Delta FI_{\text{mon}} = \frac{\Delta FI_{\text{mon vesicle}}}{\Delta FI_{\text{mon 100\% PC}}}$$

$$\text{Equation S 3 } \Delta \Delta \Delta FI = \frac{\Delta \Delta FI_{\text{exc}}}{\Delta \Delta FI_{\text{mon}}}$$

Supplementary Note 3 Synthesis and Characterization of PSVue™380



Synthesis of 1,8-bis[(2,2'-dipicolylamino)methyl]anthracene (B) (Unmetallated PSVue™380):

9,10-bis(chloromethyl)anthracene **A** (100 mg, 0.363 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. 2,2'-dipicolylamine (0.131 mL, 0.726 mmol, 2 eq) and triethylamine (0.101 mL, 0.726 mmol, 2 eq) were dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added dropwise. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 16 h then filtered. The solvents were removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in DCM, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent in vacuo, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc) followed by recrystallization from EtOAc to give the desired product (98 mg, 45%) as a pale yellow powder.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.42 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 2H), 8.39 (dd, $J = 7$ Hz, 4 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (td, $J = 8$ Hz, 2 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 5$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 4H). Data in accordance with the literature.¹

PSVueTM380 (C):

To a solution of 1,8-bis[(2,2-dipicolylamino)methyl]anthracene **B** (35 mg, 0.0583 mmol) in DCM (2.1 mL) was added dropwise 116 mM $\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ in MeOH (1 mL, 0.1166 mmol). After stirring for 1h at room temperature, the precipitate was filtered and washed with DCM to give 1 (42 mg, quantitative) as a pale yellow powder.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6+\text{D}_2\text{O}$) δ 8.66 (bs, 2H), 8.09 (bs, 2H), 8.00 (bs, 2H), 7.68 (bs, 2H), 7.57 (bs, 2H), 7.28 (bs, 2H), 4.94 (s, 4H), 4.10 (d, 8 Hz, 4H), 3.67 (d, 8 Hz, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6+\text{D}_2\text{O}$) δ 154.7, 148.7, 147.3, 141.8, 140.5, 131.9, 127.5, 126.9, 126.2, 125.9, 124.6, 58.0, 56.9, 55.8.

¹ J. AM. CHEM. SOC. 2002, 124, 6256-6258