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SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

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3 MOLECULARLY IMPRINTED POLYMER – COATED PAPER AS 4 SUBSTRATE FOR HIGH SENSITIBILITY ANALYSIS USING PAPER SPRAY 5 MASS SPECTROMETRY: QUANTIFICATION OF METABOLITES IN URINE.

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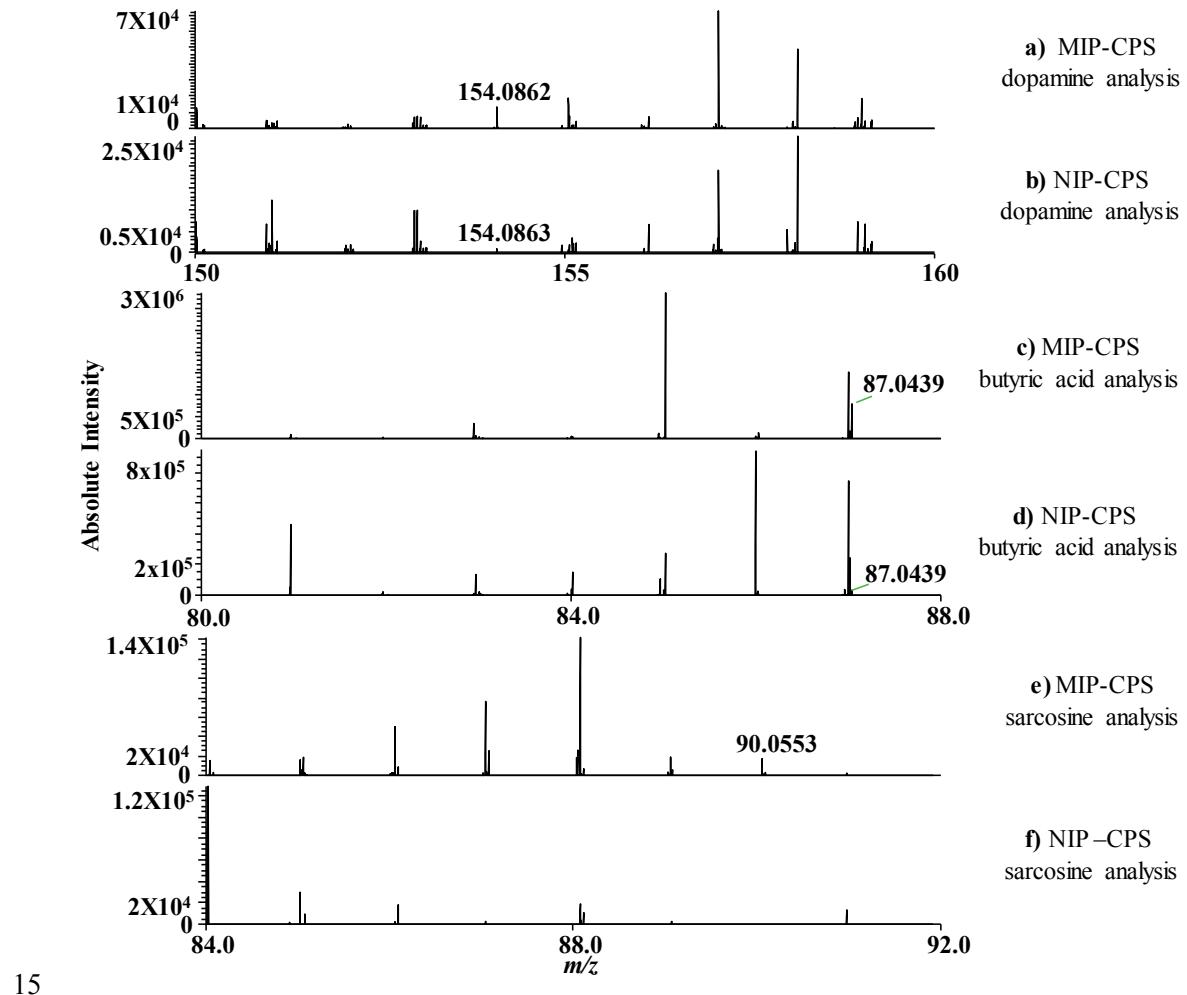
10 *email: boniek@ufg.br

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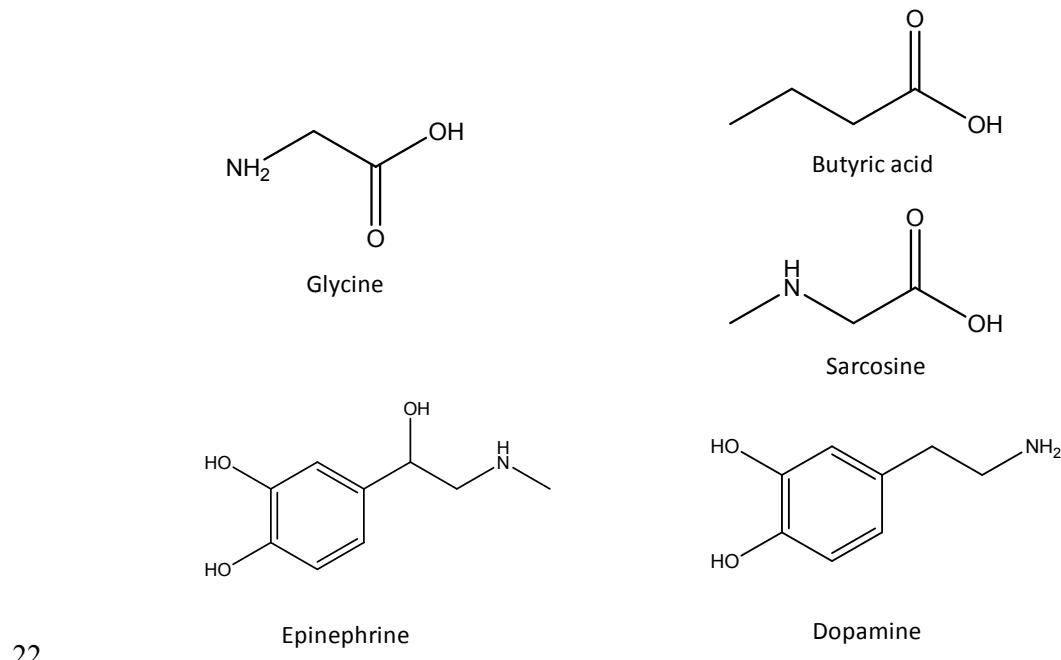
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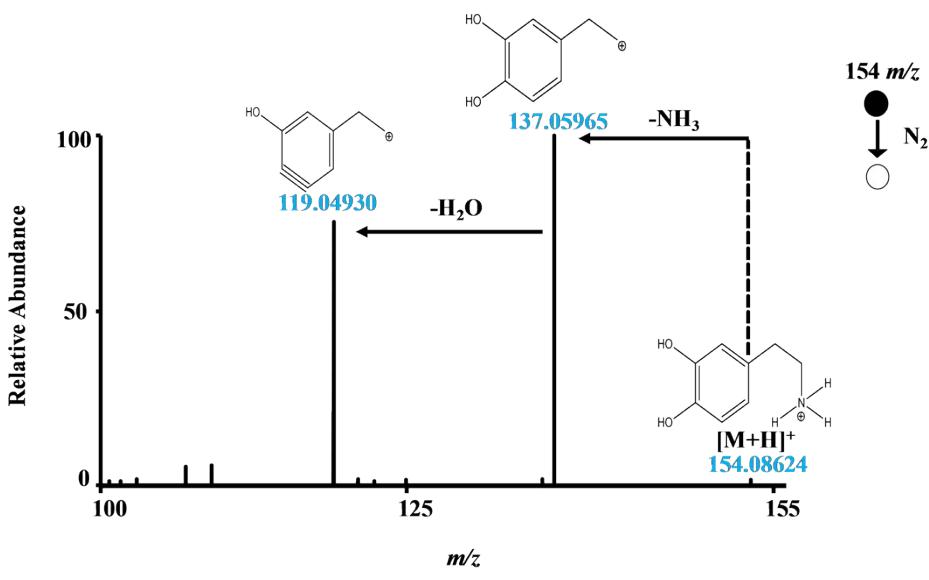


16 **Fig. S-1.** PSI(+) mass spectra for dopamine ($1000 \mu\text{g L}^{-1}$) from artificial urine using **(a)**
 17 MIP-CPS and **(b)** NIP-CPS. PSI(-) mass spectra for butyric acid ($100 \mu\text{g L}^{-1}$) from
 18 artificial urine using **(c)** MIP-CPS and **(d)** NIP-CPS. PSI(+) mass spectra for sarcosine
 19 ($100 \mu\text{g L}^{-1}$) from artificial urine using **(e)** MIP-CPS and **(f)** NIP-CPS. Dopamine was
 20 detected as $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ of m/z 154 butyric acid as $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ of m/z 87 and sarcosine as $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$
 21 of m/z 90.



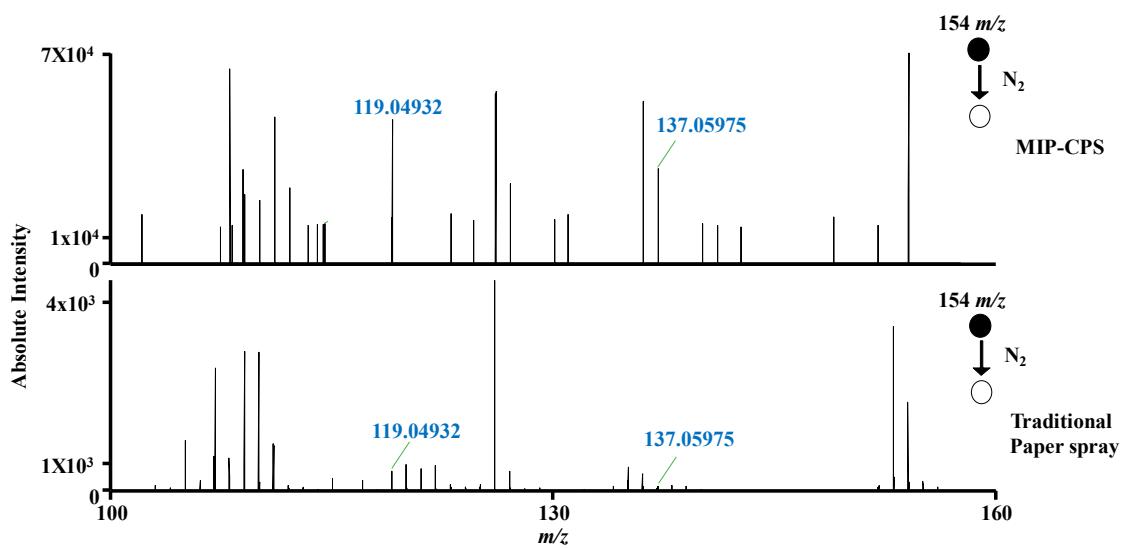
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23 **Fig. S-2.** Molecular structure of templates (Glycine and Epinephrine) and target analytes
24 (Butyric acid, sarcosine and dopamine).



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26 **Fig. S-3.** PS (+) MS/MS for DA at $1000 \mu\text{g L}^{-1}$ from artificial urine using MIP-CPS.



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28 **Fig. S-4.** PS (+) MS/MS for DA from artificial urine using MIP-CPS and traditional paper
29 spray.
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