

A Highly Selective and Sensitive Fluorescence Sensor for the Detection of Apigenin based on Nitrogen Doped Carbon Dots and its application in cell imaging

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Table S1. Comparison of different methods for Api detection.

Method	Line range	Detection limit	Ref
Column-switching HPLC assay	6.667 ~ 133.333 ng/mL	10 ng/mL	11
HPLC	0.1744 ~ 13.95 µg/mL	31.45 ng/mL	12
LC-MS	2.5 ~ 5000 ng/mL	2.5 ng/mL	13
Hollow fiber liquid phase microextraction	0.10 ~ 300 ng/mL	0.1 ng/mL	14
RP-HPLC	16.5 ~ 1860 ng/mL	1.94 ng/mL	15
Ionic liquid coupled with HPLC quantification	0.2 ~ 400.0 µg/mL	0.11 µg/mL	16
HPLC	0.5 ~ 200 µmol/L	0.1 µmol/L	17
LC with Electrochemical Detection	0.14~177.27 µg/mL	3.5×10 ⁻² µg/mL	18
Capillary zone electrophoresis/UV detection	8.8 ~ 133.3 µg/mL	0.2538 µg/mL	29
Capillary Electrophoresis Method	5.0 ~ 300 µg/mL	3.80 µg/mL	30
Capillary Electrophoresis with diode array	3~800 µg/mL	0.53 µg/mL	31
Micellar Electrokinetic Chromatography- UV	1.0~100 µmol/L	0.48µmol/L	32
Fluorescence sensor (N-CDs)	0.1~60 µmol/L	80 nmol/L	this work

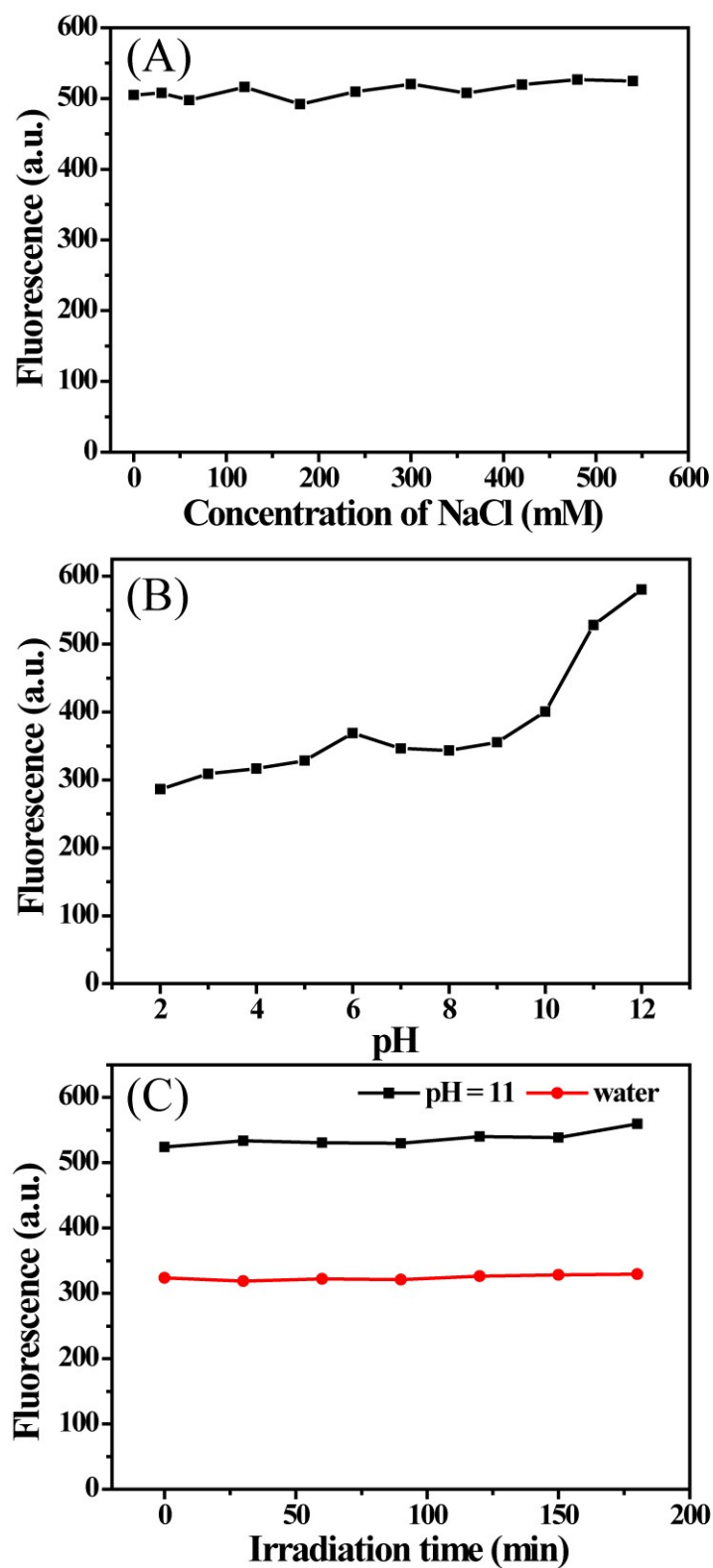


Figure S1 Stability performance of N-CDs. Effect of ionic strength (A), pH (B), UV lamp irradiation (in water and in pH 11 Britton-Robinson solution) (C) on the fluorescence intensity of N-CDs.

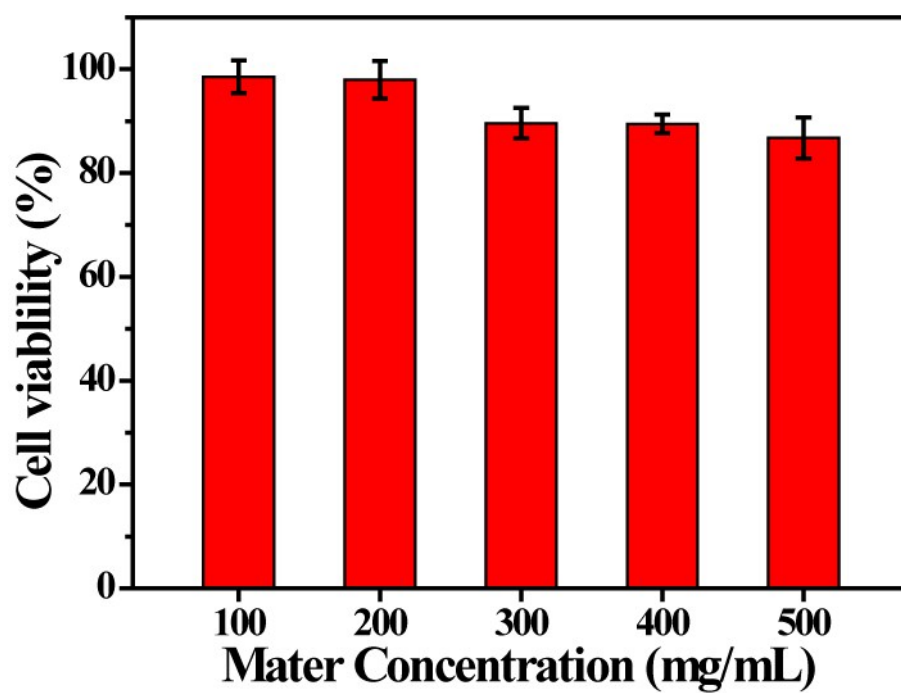


Figure S2 Cell viability of the HeLa cells after incubation with N-CDs for 24 h.